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The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, MAY 30.

THE NEWS.

The issue of the momentous struggle at Vicksburg, was still deferred at our last advices; but the news indicated the steady progress of our army in reducing, piece by piece, the vast and elaborate works in which the rebel bird is nested. It seems now evident that our assaults upon the rebel fortifications, though resulting in decided advantages, have cost us an immense loss of life, and that, now, the nut is to be cracked by the slow but sure process of regular approaches.

In the meantime, we confess we look with some apprehension, to the possibility of a formidable rebel attack on Grant's rear, if the capture of Vicksburg is delayed for another week.

If Johnson is collecting a force for this purpose, it cannot be doubted that every less important place will be stripped of troops to reinforce him.

And though Grierson's cavalry cut off all the railroad connections with Jackson, the only point of approach to Vicksburg, destroying bridges and tracks, and all the cars and rolling stock which he came across, and though the country has been swept clean of supplies, it is still not impossible in the time which a week's delay would give, for the rebels to accumulate from Tennessee, Alabama and other localities a force sufficient to give Grant serious trouble.

The probability is, however, that the rebels have abandoned Vicksburg to its fate and are now concentrating their energies for a final and desperate effort to repair in the East the disasters which have overtaken them in the West. The prediction of the New York *Evening Post*, which we quoted the other day, that Lee was strengthening his army from every quarter, with a view to an aggressive movement on Washington, seems to be fulfilled.

And while the rebels are preparing for this grand and perilous movement, they will not be likely to send upon a hopeless errand to Vicksburg, any force which they can draw upon to strengthen their Virginia army.

Let us pray God that the impending struggle in the East, may this time be crowned with victory for our arms.

THE QUOTA OF MINNESOTA.

The New York *Tribune* says that the War Department has finally arrived at a definite decision as to the course to be adopted in ascertaining whether the several States have furnished their quotas of men under the calls for volunteers heretofore made. Three years is adopted as the unit, so to speak, of service. Every State is first credited with all the men it has furnished for three years' service. Then each State is further credited with the number of men furnished for a less term than three years, but is credited, not for the full number so furnished, but in the proportions that their terms of service bear to the three years. Thus 3,000 two years' men, like those who are now being mustered out of service in New York, are counted as equivalent to 2,000 three-years' men, and 4,000 nine-months' men count only as 1,000 three-years' men.

It becomes a very interesting question then to ascertain how stands the account of Minnesota with the Government, under this rule of computation.

We may at once exclude the three months' men raised under the first call of the President for 75,000, as these were merged in our three years' levies, and are not counted by the Government.

The quotas of troops apportioned to this State under succeeding calls have been as follows:

1. Under the Congressional requisition of 1861 for 500,000 men—4,468 three years' men.
2. Under the call of July 2d, 1862—2,681 three years' men.
3. Under the call of Aug. 4th, 1862—2,681 nine months' men.

We learn from the Adjutant General that the State has furnished under these calls respectively:

Under the first call.....4,631 three years' men
Under the second and third calls.....4,647 three years' men and 1,218 one years' men

In the aggregate our State has been called upon for 7,149 three years and and 2,681 nine months' men. Assuming that four three months' men are equivalent to one three years' man, our aggregate quota under all calls would be 7,819 three years' men. To meet these requisitions we have raised 9,278 three years' and 1,218 one year's men, equivalent, according to Stanton's rule, to 9,684 three years' men, *leaving an excess of men furnished over our aggregate quota, under all calls*, of 1,865 *men*, which will be credited to our State on the quota to be apportioned to it under the coming conscription.

If the Government should not call for more than 200,000 men which seems likely, the excess to be credited to us would balance the quota assigned to us, *and we should not have to draft a single man.*

If the Government should call for 300,000 men, we should have to draft 812 men in all throughout the State, and for every additional 100,000 called, we should have to raise about 900 men.

THE FRENCH DEFEAT IN MEXICO.

If the news from Mexico, by the way of Havana and San Francisco, which we published on Thursday, announcing the total defeat of the French at Puebla, and their retreat towards the coast, can be relied on, it undoubtedly indicates the total and final failure of the whole French scheme of subjugation, which Louis Napoleon dreamed of extending, under the guise of a parental protectorate from Mexico, over all the Latin races of South America, and of that policy of foreign interference in the affairs of this continent, of which the conquest of Mexico was intended to be the initial step. It is now nearly two years since Napoleon undertook this little job, in connection with England and Spain, who wisely withdrew from the rascally scheme when they learned its real object, and it is now fourteen months since he began to carry out the enterprise on his own account. Of the 40,000 French soldiers sent from time to time to Gen. Forey, 15,000 have been lost in battle, or permanent disablement. Some months ago, according to the French budget, the expense had reached 104,000,000 francs, and was so rapidly increasing as to be already a cause of alarm to the French Minister.

After all this expense of time, money and life the whole results of the expedition may, with curious literal and arithmetical exactness, be summed up in the words of the old couplet,

The King of France, with *forty thousand men*,
Marched up the hill and then marched down again.

At Puebla, the very first point on their road to Mexico where they encountered any organized opposition, after a siege in which they exhausted every means known to modern warfare—in which they accomplished nothing towards its reduction—they were driven back by its brave defenders and compelled to give up the contest. The sickly season, on the low coast, to which they must retire, will complete the victory won by Mexican valor, and put an end forever to the ambitious designs of the French Emperor to dictate from Mexico the destinies of the American continent. By the time he shall be ready to renew the enterprise, if his pride should seduce him a second time into the path which proved fatal to his ambition, the United States will probably be ready to lend a helping had to her neighbor, and to resume, over the ruins of the rebellion, their national and traditional supremacy in the affairs of this continent.

THE STOUT HEART WINS.

"Let them come on. We will see whose heart is stoutest, let the war last as long as it may."

In these bold words the rebel editor of a Richmond paper in an article which we quote elsewhere concludes his jeremiad on the fall of Vicksburg, which he had prematurely taken for granted.

The terse challenge of the rebel Editor sums up the whole philosophy of military success, and unless the North is prepared, as we believe it is, to take up the gauntlet in the resolute and inflexible spirit in which it is thrown down, it might as well give up the contest to-day.

For it is the stout heart which triumphs in the end, whoever is the victor of the hour. It is the stout heart, which fights on, unappalled by disaster, rendered only more determined by defeat, which fights on to the bitter end, as long as a man is left to fight or an inch of ground is left to stand on; it is the steady, inflexible, eternal resolve to conquer, which conquers at the last.

The question is not one of victory or defeat in one or a dozen campaigns, but one of the relative pluck and endurance of the contending parties. It is not half so important that we should win victories as that we should keep fighting on with undaunted determination, whether we win them or not. It was not by signal victories that we achieved our independence, but by seven years persistent fighting, in which we were pretty badly beaten a good part of the time. The odds of pluck and material resources were in our favor, and we conquered.

Against the rebellion the odds of the material means of prosecuting a long war are vastly in our favor. It remains only to be seen, as the Richmond rebel says, "whose heart is stoutest, let the war last as long as it may."

A LARGE number of names attached to the invitation to General Pope, which we published yesterday, were inadvertently omitted in our printed list. We trust they will accept this notice as an apology for the omission.

—The Beaufort (S. C.) *Free South* reports another Yankee outrage. A certain Captain Greenleaf has been clearing out the wells in Beaufort, from which the Barnwells, Rhetts, Pickenses, Moultons, and others used to draw, or have drawn, the water they mixed with their punches, cocktails and juleps. The *Free South* says:

"Some of our residents were slightly astonished at perceiving that they had been imbibing a decoction of old hats, cups, well worn boots, cats, crockery, tin pans, vegetables, second hand clothing, etc., etc."

—Gen. Burnside denies the statement sent by telegraph that he had asked to be relieved of the command of the Department of the Ohio. When he accepted the command of the Department it was with the understanding that he should take the field with his 9th army corps, and other troops that were to be forwarded to him, and pierce through Kentucky to East Tennessee. He did not intend to remain here, when he came, more than ten days, but has been detained until now. He proposes to leave for the front in a few days, and will take immediate command of the troops.

OUR SIOUX CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

MILITARY AND OTHER NEWS FROM GEN. COOK'S DISTRICT.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA., May 21.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press.

Notwithstanding the well ordered arrangements of Gen. Cook, this quiet town, suddenly, in broad day light, has been *surprised!* About ten o'clock A. M. a tremendous southerly wind having filled the air with dust, and nearly obscured vision for three days, our ears were startled by the sound of—rain! No harm done, but I am thankful to add, some little good. The dust has surrendered, and lies quiet, but the clouds, from want of ammunition, have skedaddled. The sun shines clear, and men and maidens are picking the gravel from their eyes. The shower has purified the air. All look brighter and more genial. Nature, with a clear face, smiles again; but the Missouri rolls on, as turbid and muddy as before.

The stage of water in the river is the leading topic here, as it will seriously interfere with Gen. Cook's campaign, should it remain low. His transports, with mules, provisions, &c., left St. Louis about three weeks since, but nothing definite is known of their whereabouts at this vicinity. We understand an extra boat overtook and lightened them below St. Joseph, Mo. They will be expected here within a week or two. "Forward" will be the order, should navigation justify the movement. It is said that the river is lower than for thirty years past, but a rise is confidently expected next month.

Gen. Cook is steadily perfecting his plans. He is the plainest man externally at his headquarters; yet, with all having intercourse with him, he is genial, courteous, and prompt. His *style* would hardly suit the ideas of red tape in some localities. Here, he is appreciated and universally esteemed; and if not hindered by the elements, will give a good account of himself. The most of the other officers about Headquarters, show their good breeding and high self respect by abstinence from public drinking and swearing.

The most of the Iowa 6th, and Nebraska 2d Cavalry, are in camp on the Dakotah side of the Big Sioux, about six miles from here. A battalion of the 7th Iowa cavalry, under the hero of last winter, now Lt. Col. Pattee, are at Fort Randall.

Sketch of Gen. Pemberton.

Lieut. Gen. John C. Pemberton, of the rebel army, is a native of Pennsylvania, nearly fifty years of age, and was appointed a cadet to the West Point Military Academy in 1833. He graduated on June 30, 1837, standing No. 27, in a class of fifty members, among whom were Generals Benham, Scammon, L. G. Arnold, Vodges, Williams (dead), French, Sedgwick, Hooker, Todd, and others in the Union army; Braxton Bragg, Mackall, Early, and several other noted rebels. He was promoted to second lieutenant of the Fourth Artillery, July 1, 1837, and to first lieutenant March 19, 1842; in the Mexican war he was aid to Worth, from 1846 to 1844, and was brevetted captain from September 23, 1846, for gallant conduct in the several conflicts at Monterey, Mexico, on the 21st, 22d and 23d days of September, 1846, and Major from September 8, 1847, for the battle of Molino del Rey. He was distinguished and wounded in the capture of the city of Mexico. He was promoted to captain on the 16th of September, 1850. On the 19th of April, 1861, he resigned his connection with the United States Army, and at once joined with its enemies. He was made a Colonel of the regular army of the rebel States, and for some time remained with this rank, when suddenly he was raised to the rank of Lieutenant General, and placed in command of the works around Vicksburg and the Department of Mississippi and Louisiana.

It may interest the Minnesota readers of the above sketch, to know that at the outset of the rebellion, Pemberton was Captain in Sherman's battery at Fort Ridgley, in this State. He left with the battery in the spring of 1861, but upon its arrival in Washington he "seceded."

A "Friendly Power."

The Glasgow *Journal* gives a list of thirty-eight steamers built on the Clyde since the close of 1861, and used to run the blockade. Of these thirty-eight ten are yet lying in the river; sixteen have been captured or destroyed by our cruisers, and twelve are still running, or else in rebel hands, as the Fingal, which is now an iron-clad, in the Savannah river.

The Glasgow *Herald* of May 2d announces that

"Another batch of swift river steamers has been purchased during the past week on account of the Confederate government. We believe the steamer Mail, plying on the Kilmun station, will shortly be withdrawn, having been sold for seven thousand pounds. The favorite steamer Jupiter, so long known on the Largs, Millport and Arran route, has also been purchased for something like six thousand pounds. We have been informed that the steamer Eagle, which was building for our coast traffic, has likewise been sold to the Confederate government for eight thousand pounds. The Largs steamer Vesta is reported to have been purchased by persons in Glasgow for our river traffic. Other vessels are now building in several of our shipyards to meet the growing wants of the South."

Some Englishmen express surprise at what they call the unfriendly feeling towards England which they find in this country. Of course they see nothing in such reports as those quoted above, to cause ill-feeling in Americans. The next time England is at war and we are neutral, we expect to find John Bull clapping his hands with pleasure at every blockade runner fitted out in New York, and sending over a vote of thanks whenever some Yankee fits out an Alabama to burn, sink and destroy British merchant ships.

Suppose such paragraphs had appeared in the American journals during the Russian war, as these which we copy from the Glasgow *Herald and Journal*? What would the merchants of Liverpool—what would the British Government—have said on reading such a long list of vessels fitted out in American ports, and sailing on illegal and unfriendly errands, without the slightest hindrance from our authorities? Why, when it was rumored during the Indian mutiny that Nena Sahib was assisted by some French artillery officers, the English were so indignant that they were ready at once to go to war with France. But suppose they had found Delhi defended by French cannon; suppose they had found the ocean swarming with French ships, bearing military stores, improved rifles, and the latest patent cannon, to the mutinous Sepoys?

John Bull is oftener a belligerent than a neutral—we are far oftener neutrals than belligerents. Some day these extracts from the Glasgow papers of 1863, will be cited to show what John Bull considered, at that time, conduct fit for a "friendly power."

Major General Grant.

Ulysses S. Grant was born at Point Pleasant, Ohio, April 27, 1822, and graduated at West Point in 1843 as brevet 2d Lieutenant in the 4th infantry. During the Mexican war he participated in Taylor's battles at Palo Alto, Resoca de la Palma and Montery. Afterwards his regiment joined Scott at Vera Cruz, and Lieut. Grant took part in every engagement up to the City of Mexico, receiving brevets of 1st Lieutenant and captain for meritorious conduct at Molino del Rey and Chepultepec. At the close of the war his regiment went to Oregon, where he was promoted to a captaincy, but in 1853 he resigned and settled in St. Louis. In 1859 he removed to Galena, Illinois, where he was engaged in commercial business when the rebellion broke out. He was among the first to offer his services to Governor Yates, and was made Colonel of the 21st Illinois Volunteers, with whom he went into service in Missouri. In the summer of 1861 he was made Brig. Gen. and assigned to the district about Cairo. He immediately occupied Paducah, Ky., stopped the flow of supplies for the rebels up the Tennessee and Cumberland, moved soon after on Belmont, opposite the rebel stronghold at Columbus, from which place he was driven only after a desperate fight by a largely superior force of the rebels. In February, 1862, he led the land forces sent against Fort Henry, but did not participate in the victory, the gunboats having done the work before he got there. Thereupon he marched forthwith upon Fort Donelson. This place he besieged and assaulted, and on the 16th of February the rebels raised the white flag (Gens. Pillow and Floyd having stolen off during the night with 5,000 men, leaving Buckner to surrender) and sent to Grant for terms. He replied that the surrender must be unconditional or he would instantly move on the works. This short and soldierly answer gave him the sobriquet of Unconditional Surrender Grant—the initials being the same as of his real name. This fortunate and fairly won victory, was received by a commission as Major General. In April, he reached Pittsburgh Landing, Buell being in his rear with reinforcements. The Rebels did not wait for Buell, but made a furious onslaught upon Grant, who was forced back to the shelter of his gunboats, where he resisted Johnston with success. Next day Buell came up, and the Rebels got a severe flogging at what they call the battle of Shiloh, their commander, Gen. Albert S. Johnston being killed. His more recent operations now culminating in the capture of Vicksburg, and the opening of the Mississippi, are fresh in the public mind. Gen. Grant is represented as a man of plain appearance, about 5 feet 9 inches in height, light hair, blue eyes, rather taciturn, closely attending to business, methodical and cautious, though full of daring and dash if need be. He is held in high esteem by his men, who seem to place unbounded confidence in him—not because of his political preferences or aspirations, but because he is emphatically a "fighting general."

Inner Life in Rebeldom.

CURIOUS REVELATIONS OF PRIVATE LETTERS.

What it Costs to Live in Richmond.

The Baltimore *American* publishes an intercepted letter from a young blood of that city, who holds an office under the rebel Government at Richmond, to his mother. He says:

For fear of distressing you in former letters, I neglected to give you a true statement of my condition, though I requested you in many of them to send me clothing, and now, finding that all my entreaties for ladiepenables in the clothing line, have been unavailing, or at least apparently so, as none has arrived, I find myself forced to that last extremity, or in other words, expedient, for obtaining some, of telling you exactly my situation, although it may tend to make you uneasy. I am receiving $125 per month salary, and pay $115 for board, and $5 for washing, $120; leaving me $5 each month for current expenses and clothing, only enough to pay for blacking my boots. Now what am I to do for clothes? I have the only suit I possess on my back, and that is nearly worn out. The boots are also the only ones I have, and I have worn these seven months. My shirts, four or five in number, are almost in rags. I am nearly as bad off for stockings and drawers, and worse off for hats. Handkerchiefs I need also, as I have to use a double number, one to bind up my wound, and the other for the usual purpose.

Clothes cost enormously here, and it would be better for you to have them made and send them than to send me the money. An ordinary suit costs $200; handkerchiefs $40 per dozen; shirts $15 apiece, common at that; hats $25 and everything else in proportion.

Now send me a general assortment by all means; do not waste a moment, but make strenuous efforts to learn routes, and find persons to take charge of them. Direct all to care of Major Griswold.

If you have any love for me left, this appeal will certainly be sufficient to accomplish its object, and I feel sure that it will.

[The remainder of the letter is devoted to a description of the clothes he wants and messages to family friends. He says he not only wants clothes, but "nice ones."]

New Advertisements.

A. H. WIMBISH,

Dealer in CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, Jackson-st., bet. 5th and 6th., constantly on hand Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Hams, Potatoes, Oats, Bran, Cholce, Butter, Eggs, Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables, &c. ☞ Goods delivered without extra charge. my30

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office. my30-tf

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

Vicksburg Dates to Monday.

THE BATTLE STILL PROGRESSING.

GRANT HAD TAKEN ALL THE REDOUBTS.

Rebels Fire Shell by Rolling Them Down Hill.

Joe Johnston Collecting a Force to Attack Grant's Rear.

OUR LOSS VERY HEAVY.

Everything Progressing Well at Last Accounts.

GEN. LEE ISSUES AN EXCITING ORDER.

He Promises a Movement that will Overthrow Our Army.

His Army Moving to Some Unknown Point.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

MEMPHIS, May 27.

[*Special to the Times.*]—The steamer Sultana from Young's Point reports that last Friday the Federals were repulsed.

The City of Memphis which left Monday arrived to-day, reports Grant having captured every redoubt.

At one place it was necessary owing to the steepness of the hill to scale with ladders. Gen. Hovey led the assault. The rebels rolled shells down hill at the Federals which exploded among them making fearful havoc at first. Fighting was going on when the boat left. The Federal losses are said to be very heavy.

WASHINGTON, May 27.

[*Herald's special.*]—It is considered by most military men that the rebel strategy looks to re-crossing the frontier, while every effort shall be put forth to crush Grant's army. If he be not able to take Vicksburg by storm, he has by a most perilous movement a strong foothold in the rear of the city, which cuts off the entire Yazoo region, and will thereby enable him, if properly reinforced, to push back the rebel base to the great river of Alabama, and thereby ensure the early fall of Vicksburg and Port Hudson.

The latest information from Vicksburg received by the Government, is contained in an unofficial dispatch, dated May 27th, which states that two boats from Vicksburg had just reached Memphis. This would make latest dates from Vicksburg to the 25th inst., as it takes two days to run from Vicksburg to Memphis. No official dispatch was received by these boats, but they reported that the attack on Vicksburg was progressing, and that Grant was still gaining. It is also reported that Gen. Carr and Col. Bloomer had been killed.

Telegraphic advices to the Government, from Head-Quarters of the Army of the Potomac, report that the rebel pickets to-day, shouted across the river to our pickets, that "the Yankees had taken Vicksburg." This undoubtedly is the opinion of the rebels on the Rappahannock; but whether correct or not time will show.

Nothing has yet been heard from the movement of Gen. Johnston; but he is undoubtedly engaged in collecting a force with the intention of taking Grant in the rear, but it is not believed that he can obtain force enough, before Vicksburg is carried, to make a formidable demonstration.

When the boats above mentioned left Vicksburg, every thing was going on well, and it is believed here in official circles, that news of the final and complete capture of the place will soon be received.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

The Washington *Star*, of last evening, says private information from experienced officers in the vicinity of Vicksburg, written as Grant was about commencing the seige of that city, expressed the opinion that it would be the work of a week or two at least, to reduce it.

AN ORDER FROM LEE OF THE M'CLELLAN STYLE.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY POTOMAC, May 28, 1863.

The rebel army is evidently moving. Lee issued orders which were read to the troops a few nights since, congratulating them upon their last achievements and foreshadowing a raid into Maryland. He tells them they are to have long and rapid marches through the country without railroads, and calls upon every man to be prepared for the severest hardships, and the overthrow of our army is predicted as inevitable. Trains of the enemy have been seen for several days, moving from the deep space below Fredericksburg, and balloon reconnoissances discovered a large column pushing rapidly in the direction of Culpepper.

Whether the army intends making a raid in Maryland, or is endeavoring to get between Hooker and Washington, cannot be determined. Every one is on the qui vive and stirring news may be expected soon from the Army of the Potomac.

Everything is quiet along the river. Some rifle pits are being thrown up on the south bank, but rebel pickets lounge in the shade as though apparently oblivious of all operations outside their own sphere.

MOVEMENTS IN VIRGINIA.

WASHINGTON, May 28.

[*Special to the Tribune,*]—No rebel camps are visible on the heights beyond Fredericksburg. Horses which used to graze in herds on the plain below have also disappeared. The rebels are showing renewed activity along the upper Rappahannock, and are massing troops along the United States and Kelley's Fords. It is not known, however, that they intend to cross. The prospects of an early battle seems to be discussed in the army.

[*Times Special*]—A reconnoitering force sent out by Gen. Milroy, at Winchester, arrived at Fairfax this evening. They came in via Aldie Gap, and report no rebels visible in the country they traversed. Great destitution prevails among residents of that part of Virginia. There is very little land under cultivation this season.

SHIPS FOR THE EMPEROR OF CHINA.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

An English correspondent states that one of the vessels built by Laird Bros. for the Emperor of China left Liverpool a few days since. She is an iron clad paddle steamer, six hundred tons burden double plated ram, six guns, A. D. Whitworths 32 pounders, and 90 picked men.

The ship Commonwealth, of Boston, Capt. McClellan from New York on the 19th for San Francisco, was captured by the Alabama previous to the 25th.

The Richmond Press on Vicksburg

DOLEFUL DUMPS OF REBEL EDITORS.

From the Richmond *Whig* of Saturday, 23d.

We suppose Vicksburg is fallen, the army within the fortifications captured, or destroyed, Port Hudson reduced, or abandoned, the Mississippi, in its whole length, controlled by the enemy, and the Confederacy temporarily, or even for the remainder of the war, cut in twain.

We suppose, further, that the really great success of our foe, and the cruel disaster of ourselves, is attended with consequences as certain as they are deplorable.

The increased enthusiasm at the North; the triumphant vindication of the tyranny at Washington; the conscription enforced even in the Northwest, without opposition; perhaps the revival of the spirit of volunteering; Peace Parties crushed forever; men and money to endless sums obtained; and Europe busy with its own troubles, or awed into permanent silence. We suppose all this, for it becomes us now to consider the worst possible aspect of the news.

What then? Our duty will then be precisely what it has always been—to maintain the cause unflinchingly, and exhibit a spirit more indomitable and consistent than that of the enemy. Nothing is to be gained by despondency. All that has been lost may be regained by fortune and perseverance. It will be worse than useless to reproach the Government, however guilty it may be, for the appointment of inexperienced Generals, or to repine over the precious blood that has been wasted by mismanagement of the forces entrusted to incompetent commanders.

Great victory would have approved the apparent sagacity of an appointment which has brot us so great trouble, and great defeats should silence clamor which cannot at all undo an event of past unwisdom in our rulers. It must be borne as manfully as the evils inflicted by the enemy. The bitterness of our hearts, which breeds despondency and disaffection, wins no triumph, repairs no disasters, sustains no cause.

Greatness of soul accepts all the calamities of war in the spirit of defiance, and rises superior to every misfortune. If we cannot bear defeat as well as the Yankees, we are unworthy to be free. Until some one of our large armies has been beaten as often and as severely as the Yankee army of the Potomac, we cannot say our courage has been fully tested, or our ability to conquer peace and independence fairly established.

"Should Pemberton and his whole army be captured, there will still be left in the Southwest the material for a very large army under Johnston. Pemberton's men will soon be returned to duty by exchange, the balance being now greatly in our favor. Besides, Johnston's army there will be others as large, or larger, under Lee, Beauregard and Bragg. The combined forces of Kirby Smith, Magruder and Price make an army nearly equal to either of the above."

So long as these great leaders and great armies are left to us, so long as even one of them remains uncrushed, our cause is safe. Serious disasters have heretofore heralded important reforms, decided improvements in the organization of our forces, and the revival of energy and accession of strength in all the material of war, followed by a succession of brilliant victories. The fall of Donelson, Memphis, and New Orleans, preluded the summer of heavier achievements, in which the enemy was nearly everywhere dashed back to his own soil.

Scorning to imitate the Yankee by underrating the consequences of the fall of Vicksburg, we may yet, with reason, count upon compensation in the approaching campaign. The loss of Vicksburg, if it have no other good effect, will secure us in the future against the appointment of entirely inexperienced Generals. Of this we may be perfectly sure. Moreover, it will add to the strength of our armies. This is a necessity.

The North stimulated by this success will hurl its myriads upon us and we must meet them with every available man. Within two years we have withstood 1,400,000 vandals. What shall hinder us from withstanding as many more during the year to come? Nothing but the want of manhood which the South has never failed to show. We have veterans commanded by great Generals. The enemy have recruits commanded by Generals inferior to our own. Let them come on. We will see whose heart is stoutest, let war last as long as it may."

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 23d says: Within the next fortnight the campaign of 1863 will be pretty well decided, and the most important movements of this war will probably be made in that time.

If the Confederate standard is again victorious, as may be hoped with much solid reason, although mere victory will not end the war, it will destroy the efficiency of the enemy's army for the rest of this year.

If we gain all that is now fairly possible, an entirely new character will be given to the future operations which will relieve the country of half the suffering it has hitherto endured. Now is the noble day, the unfortunate hour for the Confederacy at this time, if ever. Let every man be at his post.

A Reminiscence.

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, relates the following:

"Speaking of Mr. Lincoln reminds me of an anecdote which Mr. Chittenden, of Vermont, the Register of the Treasury, told at an outdoor meeting the other night. He remarked that he would state one fact in connection with his experience in this city, which he believed had never yet been made public. His first visit to Washington was perhaps an unfortunate one. He was a delegate from the State of Vermont to the Peace Conference called upon the invitation of the Governor of Virginia, and which met in this city in the month of February, 1860. In that convention he happened to form the acquaintance of James B. Clay, or Ky., Wm. A. Seddon, of Virginia, (the present rebel Secretary of War) Governor Morehead of Kentucky, (who is now a fugitive, and he hoped he would always be until he repented) and others. His seat was near those gentlemen. One day while sitting with them, a servant from Willard's Hotel entered, and handed a card to Mr. Seddon, who sat near Mr. Chittenden. He did not know what was on the card, but it was passed around from one to another in such a manner that he could not help but see what was written on it. On the card was written these words: 'Lincoln is in Washington!' He never saw such confusion made by a small piece of card before. They looked at each other with amazement. At last Waldo P. Johnson, afterwards a Senator from Missouri, who could control himself no longer, exclaimed with vehemence, 'How the devil did he get through Baltimore?'"

New Advertisements.

FURNITURE AUCTION.

Fairchild & March sell all the Furniture of Mrs. Harrington's Boarding House, on Fourth st., (rear of American House,) at NINE o'clock. Sale at the Boarding House, and commences precisely at NINE. All must come prepared to pay for and remove their goods to-day.
FAIRCHILD & MARCH,
my30-1t Auction and Com. Merchants.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On Real Estate in the city of Saint Paul. Enquire of THOMPSON BROTHERS,
my30-3t Bankers.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee. H. E. BAKER & CO.,
my30 Auctioneers.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

Early Nansemonds, at the Groveland Garden and Nursery, by the 100 to 1000. Also, a good supply at the Auction Rooms of FAIRCHILD & MARCH. They may be planted up to the middle of June. Orders by mail must be addressed to us at St. Paul.
my30-3t L. M. FORD & CO.

MORE NEW MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE Spring and Summer MILLINERY,

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.
MISS E. WASS,
my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Chalil Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS,

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,
my30-tf near Suspension Bridge.

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,
my30-tf THIRD-ST.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.
my29-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest. 37 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 300 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect. C. G. HARRISON.
my22-3w Hastings, Min.

NEW YORK LADIES' HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
may28-1m*] MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SATURDAY, MAY 30, 1863. NUMBER 127.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SATURDAY, MAY 30.

THE NEWS.

The issue of the momentous struggle at Vicksburg, was still deferred at our last advices; but the news indicated the steady progress of our army in reducing, piece by piece, the vast and elaborate works in which the rebel bird is nested. It seems now evident that our assaults upon the rebel fortifications, though resulting in decided advantages, have cost us an immense loss of life, and that, now, the nut is to be cracked by the slow but sure process of regular approaches.

In the meantime, we confess we look with some apprehension, to the possibility of a formidable rebel attack on Grant's rear, if the capture of Vicksburg is delayed for another week.

If Johnson is collecting a force for this purpose, it cannot be doubted that every less important place will be stripped of troops to reinforce him.

And though Grierson's cavalry cut off all the railroad connections with Jackson, the only point of approach to Vicksburg, destroying bridges and tracks, and all the cars and rolling stock which he came across, and though the country has been swept clean of supplies, it is still not impossible in the time which a week's delay would give, for the rebels to accumulate from Tennessee, Alabama and other localities a force sufficient to give Grant serious trouble.

The probability is, however, that the rebels have abandoned Vicksburg to its fate and are now concentrating their energies for a final and desperate effort to repair in the East the disasters which have overtaken them in the West. The prediction of the New York *Evening Post*, which we quoted the other day, that Lee was strengthening his army from every quarter, with a view to an aggressive movement on Washington, seems to be fulfilled.

And while the rebels are preparing for this grand and perilous movement, they will not be likely to send upon a hopeless errand to Vicksburg, any force which they can draw upon to strengthen their Virginia army.

Let us pray God that the impending struggle in the East, may this time be crowned with victory for our arms.

THE QUOTA OF MINNESOTA.

The New York *Tribune* says that the War Department has finally arrived at a definite decision as to the course to be adopted in ascertaining whether the several States have furnished their quotas of men under the calls for volunteers heretofore made. Three years is adopted as the unit, so to speak, of service. Every State is first credited with all the men it has furnished for three years' service. Then each State is further credited with the number of men furnished for a less term than three years, but is credited, not for the full number so furnished, but in the proportions that their terms of service bear to the three years. Thus 3,000 two years' men, like those who are now being mustered out of service in New York, are counted as equivalent to 2,000 three-years' men, and 4,000 nine-months' men count only as 1,000 three-years' men.

It becomes a very interesting question then to ascertain how stands the account of Minnesota with the Government, under this rule of computation.

We may at once exclude the three months' men raised under the first call of the President for 75,000, as these were merged in our three years' levies, and are not counted by the Government.

The quotas of troops apportioned to this State under succeeding calls have been as follows:

1. Under the Congressional requisition of 1861 for 500,000 men—4,468 three years' men.
2. Under the call of July 2d, 1862—2,681 three years' men.
3. Under the call of Aug. 4th, 1862—2,681 nine months' men.

We learn from the Adjutant General that the State has furnished under these calls respectively:

Under the first call.....4,631 three years' men
Under the second and third calls.....4,647 three years' men and 1,218 one years' men

In the aggregate our State has been called upon for 7,149 three years and and 2,681 nine months' men. Assuming that four three months' men are equivalent to one three years' man, our aggregate quota under all calls would be 7,819 three years' men. To meet these requisitions we have raised 9,278 three years' and 1,218 one year's men, equivalent, according to Stanton's rule, to 9,684 three years' men, *leaving an excess of men furnished over our aggregate quota, under all calls*, of 1,865 *men*, which will be credited to our State on the quota to be apportioned to it under the coming conscription.

If the Government should not call for more than 200,000 men which seems likely, the excess to be credited to us would balance the quota assigned to us, *and we should not have to draft a single man.*

If the Government should call for 300,000 men, we should have to draft 812 men in all throughout the State, and for every additional 100,000 called, we should have to raise about 900 men.

THE FRENCH DEFEAT IN MEXICO.

If the news from Mexico, by the way of Havana and San Francisco, which we published on Thursday, announcing the total defeat of the French at Puebla, and their retreat towards the coast, can be relied on, it undoubtedly indicates the total and final failure of the whole French scheme of subjugation, which Louis Napoleon dreamed of extending, under the guise of a parental protectorate from Mexico, over all the Latin races of South America, and of that policy of foreign interference in the affairs of this continent, of which the conquest of Mexico was intended to be the initial step. It is now nearly two years since Napoleon undertook this little job, in connection with England and Spain, who wisely withdrew from the rascally scheme when they learned its real object, and it is now fourteen months since he began to carry out the enterprise on his own account. Of the 40,000 French soldiers sent from time to time to Gen. Forey, 15,000 have been lost in battle, or permanent disablement. Some months ago, according to the French budget, the expense had reached 104,000,000 francs, and was so rapidly increasing as to be already a cause of alarm to the French Minister.

After all this expense of time, money and life the whole results of the expedition may, with curious literal and arithmetical exactness, be summed up in the words of the old couplet,

The King of France, with *forty thousand men*,
Marched up the hill and then marched down again.

At Puebla, the very first point on their road to Mexico where they encountered any organized opposition, after a siege in which they exhausted every means known to modern warfare—in which they accomplished nothing towards its reduction—they were driven back by its brave defenders and compelled to give up the contest. The sickly season, on the low coast, to which they must retire, will complete the victory won by Mexican valor, and put an end forever to the ambitious designs of the French Emperor to dictate from Mexico the destinies of the American continent. By the time he shall be ready to renew the enterprise, if his pride should seduce him a second time into the path which proved fatal to his ambition, the United States will probably be ready to lend a helping hand to her neighbor, and to resume, over the ruins of the rebellion, their national and traditional supremacy in the affairs of this continent.

THE STOUT HEART WINS.

"Let them come on. We will see whose heart is stoutest, let the war last as long as it may."

In these bold words the rebel editor of a Richmond paper in an article which we quote elsewhere concludes his jeremiad on the fall of Vicksburg, which he had prematurely taken for granted.

The terse challenge of the rebel Editor sums up the whole philosophy of military success, and unless the North is prepared, as we believe it is, to take up the gauntlet in the resolute and inflexible spirit in which it is thrown down, it might as well give up the contest to-day.

For it is the stout heart which triumphs in the end, whoever is the victor of the hour. It is the stout heart, which fights on, unappalled by disaster, rendered only more determined by defeat, which fights on to the bitter end, as long as a man is left to fight or an inch of ground is left to stand on; it is the steady, inflexible, eternal resolve to conquer, which conquers at the last.

The question is not one of victory or defeat in one or a dozen campaigns, but one of the relative pluck and endurance of the contending parties. It is not half so important that we should win victories as that we should keep fighting on with undaunted determination, whether we win them or not. It was not by signal victories that we achieved our independence, but by seven years persistent fighting, in which we were pretty badly beaten a good part of the time. The odds of pluck and material resources were in our favor, and we conquered.

Against the rebellion the odds of the material means of prosecuting a long war are vastly in our favor. It remains only to be seen, as the Richmond rebel says, "whose heart is stoutest, let the war last as long as it may."

A LARGE number of names attached to the invitation to General Pope, which we published yesterday, were inadvertently omitted in our printed list. We trust they will accept this notice as an apology for the omission.

—The Beaufort (S. C.) *Free South* reports another Yankee outrage. A certain Captain Greenleaf has been clearing out the wells in Beaufort, from which the Barnwells, Rhetts, Pickenses, Moultons, and others used to draw, or have drawn, the water they mixed with their punches, cocktails and juleps. The *Free South* says:

"Some of our residents were slightly astonished at perceiving that they had been imbibing a decoction of old hats, rags, well worn boots, cats, crockery, tin pans, vegetables, second hand clothing, etc., etc."

—Gen. Burnside denies the statement sent by telegraph that he had asked to be relieved of the command of the Department of the Ohio. When he accepted the command of the Department it was with the understanding that he should take the field with his 9th army corps, and other troops that were to be forwarded to him, and pierce through Kentucky to East Tennessee. He did not intend to remain here, when he came, more than ten days, but has been detained until now. He proposes to leave for the front in a few days, and will take immediate command of the troops.

OUR SIOUX CITY CORRESPONDENCE.

MILITARY AND OTHER NEWS FROM GEN. COOK'S DISTRICT.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA., May 21.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press.

Notwithstanding the well ordered arrangements of Gen. Cook, this quiet town, suddenly, in broad day light, has been *surprised!* About ten o'clock A. M. a tremendous southerly wind having filled the air with dust, and nearly obscured vision for three days, our ears were startled by the sound of—rain! No harm done, but I am thankful to add, some little good. The dust has surrendered, and lies quiet, but the clouds, from want of ammunition, have skedaddled. The sun shines clear, and men and maidens are picking the gravel from their eyes. The shower has purified the air. All look brighter and more genial. Nature, with a clear face, smiles again; but the Missouri rolls on, as turbid and muddy as before.

The stage of water in the river is the leading topic here, as it will seriously interfere with Gen. Cook's campaign, should it remain low. His transports, with mules, provisions, &c., left St. Louis about three weeks since, but nothing definite is known of their whereabouts at this vicinity. We understand an extra boat overtook and lightened them below St. Joseph, Mo. They will be expected here within a week or two. "Forward" will be the order, should navigation justify the movement. It is said that the river is lower than for thirty years past, but a rise is confidently expected next month.

Gen. Cook is steadily perfecting his plans. He is the plainest man externally at his headquarters; yet, with all having intercourse with him, he is genial, courteous, and prompt. His *style* would hardly suit the ideas of red tape in some localities. Here, he is appreciated and universally esteemed; and if not hindered by the elements, will give a good account of himself. The most of the other officers about Headquarters, show their good breeding and high self respect by abstinence from public drinking and swearing.

The most of the Iowa 6th, and Nebraska 2d Cavalry, are in camp on the Dakotah side of the Big Sioux, about six miles from here. A battalion of the 7th Iowa cavalry, under the hero of last winter, now Lt. Col. Pattee, are at Fort Randall.

Sketch of Gen. Pemberton.

Lieut. Gen. John C. Pemberton, of the rebel army, is a native of Pennsylvania, nearly fifty years of age, and was appointed a cadet to the West Point Military Academy in 1833. He graduated on June 30, 1837, standing No. 27, in a class of fifty members, among whom were Generals Benham, Scammon, L. G. Arnold, Vodges, Williams (dead), French, Sedgwick, Hooker, Todd, and others in the Union army; Braxton Bragg, Mackall, Early, and several other noted rebels. He was promoted to second lieutenant of the Fourth Artillery, July 1, 1837, and to first lieutenant March 19, 1842; in the Mexican war he was aid to Worth, from 1846 to 1844, and was brevetted captain from September 23, 1846, for gallant conduct in the several conflicts at Monterey, Mexico, on the 21st, 22d and 23d days of September, 1846, and Major from September 8, 1847, for the battle of Molino del Rey. He was distinguished and wounded in the capture of the city of Mexico. He was promoted to captain on the 16th of September, 1850. On the 19th of April, 1861, he resigned his connection with the United States Army, and at once joined with its enemies. He was made a Colonel of the regular army of the rebel States, and for some time remained with this rank, when suddenly he was raised to the rank of Lieutenant General, and placed in command of the works around Vicksburg and the Department of Mississippi and Louisiana.

It may interest the Minnesota readers of the above sketch, to know that at the outset of the rebellion, Pemberton was Captain in Sherman's battery at Fort Ridgley, in this State. He left with the battery in the spring of 1861, but upon its arrival in Washington he "seceded."

A "Friendly Power."

The Glasgow *Journal* gives a list of thirty-eight steamers built on the Clyde since the close of 1861, and used to run the blockade. Of these thirty-eight ten are yet lying in the river; sixteen have been captured or destroyed by our cruisers, and twelve are still running, or else in rebel hands, as the Fingal, which is now an iron-clad, in the Savannah river.

The Glasgow *Herald* of May 2d announces that

"Another batch of swift river steamers has been purchased during the past week on account of the Confederate government. We believe the steamer Mail, plying on the Kilmun station, will shortly be withdrawn, having been sold for seven thousand pounds. The favorite steamer Jupiter, so long known on the Largs, Millport and Arran route, has also been purchased for something like six thousand pounds. We have been informed that the steamer Eagle, which was building for our coast traffic, has likewise been sold to the Confederate government for eight thousand pounds. The Largs steamer Vesta is reported to have been purchased by persons in Glasgow for our river traffic. Other vessels are now building in several of our shipyards to meet the growing wants of the South."

Some Englishmen express surprise at what they call the unfriendly feeling towards England which they find in this country. Of course they see nothing in such reports as those quoted above, to cause ill-feeling in Americans. The next time England is at war and we are neutral, we expect to find John Bull clapping his hands with pleasure at every blockade runner fitted out in New York, and sending over a vote of thanks whenever some Yankee fits out an Alabama to burn, sink and destroy British merchant ships.

Suppose such paragraphs had appeared in the American journals during the Russian war, as these which we copy from the Glasgow *Herald and Journal*? What would the merchants of Liverpool—what would the British Government—have said on reading such a long list of vessels fitted out in American ports, and sailing on illegal and unfriendly errands, without the slightest hindrance from our authorities? Why, when it was rumored during the Indian mutiny that Nena Sahib was assisted by some French artillery officers, the English were so indignant that they were ready at once to go to war with France. But suppose they had found Delhi defended by French cannon; suppose they had found the ocean swarming with French ships, bearing military stores, improved rifles, and the latest patent cannon, to the mutinous Sepoys?

John Bull is oftener a belligerent than a neutral—we are far oftener neutrals than belligerents. Some day these extracts from the Glasgow papers of 1863, will be cited to show what John Bull considered, at that time, conduct fit for a "friendly power."

Major General Grant.

Ulysses S. Grant was born at Point Pleasant, Ohio, April 27, 1822, and graduated at West Point in 1843 as brevet 2d Lieutenant in the 4th infantry. During the Mexican war he participated in Taylor's battles at Palo Alto, Resoca de la Palma and Montery. Afterwards his regiment joined Scott at Vera Cruz, and Lieut. Grant took part in every engagement up to the City of Mexico, receiving brevets of 1st Lieutenant and captain for meritorious conduct at Molino del Rey and Chepultepec. At the close of the war his regiment went to Oregon, where he was promoted to a captainey, but in 1853 he resigned and settled in St. Louis. In 1859 he removed to Galena, Illinois, where he was engaged in commercial business when the rebellion broke out. He was among the first to offer his services to Governor Yates, and was made Colonel of the 21st Illinois Volunteers, with whom he went into service in Missouri. In the summer of 1861 he was made Brig. Gen. and assigned to the district about Cairo. He immediately occupied Paducah, Ky., stopped the flow of supplies for the rebels up the Tennessee and Cumberland, moved soon after on Belmont, opposite the rebel stronghold at Columbus, from which place he was driven only after a desperate fight by a largely superior force of the rebels. In February, 1862, he led the land forces sent against Fort Henry, but did not participate in the victory, the gunboats having done the work before he got there. Thereupon he marched forthwith upon Fort Donelson. This place he besieged and assaulted, and on the 16th of February the rebels raised the white flag (Gens. Pillow and Floyd having stolen off during the night with 5,000 men, leaving Buckner to surrender) and sent to Grant for terms. He replied that the surrender must be unconditional or he would instantly move on the works. This short and soldierly answer gave him the sobriquet of Unconditional Surrender Grant—the initials being the same as of his real name. This fortunate and fairly won victory, was received by a commission as Major General. In April, he reached Pittsburgh Landing, Buell being in his rear with reinforcements. The Rebels did not wait for Buell, but made a furious onslaught upon Grant, who was forced back to the shelter of his gunboats, where he resisted Johnston with success. Next day Buell came up, and the Rebels got a severe flogging at what they call the battle uf Shiloh, their commander, Gen. Albert S. Johnston being killed. His more recent operations now culminating in the capture of Vicksburg, and the opening of the Mississippi, are fresh in the public mind. Gen. Grant is represented as a man of plain appearance, about 5 feet 9 inches in height, light hair, blue eyes, rather taciturn, closely attending to business, methodical and cautious, though full of daring and dash if need be. He is held in high esteem by his men, who seem to place unbounded confidence in him—not because of his political preferences or aspirations, but because he is emphatically a "fighting general."

Inner Life in Rebeldom.

CURIOUS REVELATIONS OF PRIVATE LETTERS.

What it Costs to Live in Richmond.

The Baltimore *American* publishes an intercepted letter from a young blood of that city, who holds an office under the rebel Government at Richmond, to his mother. He says:

For fear of distressing you in former letters, I neglected to give you a true statement of my condition, though I requested you in many of them to send me clothing, and now, finding that all my entreaties for indispensables in the clothing line, have been unavailing, or at least apparently so, as none has arrived, I find myself forced to that last extremity, or in other words, expedient, for obtaining some, of telling you exactly my situation, although it may tend to make you uneasy. I am receiving $125 per month salary, and pay $115 for board, and $5 for washing, $120; leaving me $5 each month for current expenses and clothing, only enough to pay for blacking my boots. Now what am I to do for clothes? I have the only suit I possess on my back, and that is nearly worn out. The boots are also the only ones I have, and I have worn these seven months. My shirts, four or five in number, are almost in rags. I am nearly as bad off for stockings and drawers, and worse off for hats. Handkerchiefs I need also, as I have to use a double number, one to bind up my wound, and the other for the usual purpose.

Clothes cost enormously here, and it would be better for you to have them made and send them than to send me the money. An ordinary suit costs $200; handkerchiefs $40 per dozen; shirts $15 apiece, common at that; hats $25 and everything else in proportion.

Now send me a general assortment by all means; do not waste a moment, but make strenuous efforts to learn routes, and find persons to take charge of them. Direct all to care of Major Griswold.

If you have any love for me left, this appeal will certainly be sufficient to accomplish its object, and I feel sure that it will.

[The remainder of the letter is devoted to a description of the clothes he wants and messages to family friends. He says he not only wants clothes, but "nice ones."]

New Advertisements.

A. H. WIMBISH,

Dealer in CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, Jackson-st., bet. 5th and 6th., constantly on hand Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Hams, Potatoes, Oats, Bran, Choice, Butter, Eggs, Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables, &c. ☞ Goods delivered without extra charge. my30.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office. my30-tf

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

Vicksburg Dates to Monday.

THE BATTLE STILL PROGRESSING.

GRANT HAD TAKEN ALL THE REDOUBTS.

Rebels Fire Shell by Rolling Them Down Hill.

Joe Johnston Collecting a Force to Attack Grant's Rear.

OUR LOSS VERY HEAVY.

Everything Progressing Well at Last Accounts.

GEN. LEE ISSUES AN EXCITING ORDER.

He Promises a Movement that will Overthrow Our Army.

His Army Moving to Some Unknown Point.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

MEMPHIS, May 27.

[*Special to the Times.*]—The steamer Sultana from Young's Point reports that last Friday the Federals were repulsed.

The City of Memphis which left Monday arrived to-day, reports Grant having captured every redoubt.

At one place it was necessary owing to the steepness of the hill to scale with ladders. Gen. Hovey led the assault. The rebels rolled shells down hill at the Federals which exploded among them making fearful havoc at first. Fighting was going on when the boat left. The Federal losses are said to be very heavy.

WASHINGTON, May 27.

[*Herald's special.*]—It is considered by most military men that the rebel strategy looks to re-crossing the frontier, while every effort shall be put forth to crush Grant's army. If he be not able to take Vicksburg by storm, he has by a most perilous movement a strong foothold in the rear of the city, which cuts off the entire Yazoo region, and will thereby enable him, if properly reinforced, to push back the rebel base to the great river of Alabama, and thereby ensure the early fall of Vicksburg and Port Hudson.

The latest information from Vicksburg received by the Government, is contained in an unofficial dispatch, dated May 27th, which states that two boats from Vicksburg had just reached Memphis. This would make latest dates from Vicksburg to the 25th inst., as it takes two days to run from Vicksburg to Memphis. No official dispatch was received by these boats, but they reported that the attack on Vicksburg was progressing, and that Grant was still gaining. It is also reported that Gen. Carr and Col. Bloomer had been killed.

Telegraphic advices to the Government, from Head-Quarters of the Army of the Potomac, report that the rebel pickets to-day, shouted across the river to our pickets, that "the Yankees had taken Vicksburg." This undoubtedly is the opinion of the rebels on the Rappahannock; but whether correct or not time will show.

Nothing has yet been heard from the movement of Gen. Johnston; but he is undoubtedly engaged in collecting a force with the intention of taking Grant in the rear, but it is not believed that he can obtain force enough, before Vicksburg is carried, to make a formidable demonstration.

When the boats above mentioned left Vicksburg, every thing was going on well, and it is believed here in official circles, that news of the final and complete capture of the place will soon be received.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

The Washington *Star*, of last evening, says private information from experienced officers in the vicinity of Vicksburg, written as Grant was about commencing the seige of that city, expressed the opinion that it would be the work of a week or two at least, to reduce it.

AN ORDER FROM LEE OF THE M'CLELLAN STYLE.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY POTOMAC, May 28, 1863.

The rebel army is evidently moving. Lee issued orders which were read to the troops a few nights since, congratulating them upon their last achievements and foreshadowing a raid into Maryland. He tells them they are to have long and rapid marches through the country without railroads, and calls upon every man to be prepared for the severest hardships, and the overthrow of our army is predicted as inevitable. Trains of the enemy have been seen for several days, moving from the deep space below Fredericksburg, and balloon reconnoissances discovered a large column pushing rapidly in the direction of Culpepper.

Whether the army intends making a raid in Maryland, or is endeavoring to get between Hooker and Washington, cannot be determined. Every one is on the qui vive and stirring news may be expected soon from the Army of the Potomac.

Everything is quiet along the river. Some rifle pits are being thrown up on the south bank, but rebel pickets lounge in the shade as though apparently oblivious of all operations outside their own sphere.

MOVEMENTS IN VIRGINIA.

WASHINGTON, May 28.

[*Special to the Tribune.*]—No rebel camps are visible on the heights beyond Fredericksburg. Horses which used to graze in herds on the plain below have also disappeared. The rebels are showing renewed activity along the upper Rappahannock, and are massing troops along the United States and Kelley's Fords. It is not known, however, that they intend to cross. The prospects of an early battle seems to be discussed in the army.

[*Times Special*]—A reconnoitering force sent out by Gen. Milroy, at Winchester, arrived at Fairfax this evening. They came in via Aldie Gap, and report no rebels visible in the country they traversed. Great destitution prevails among residents of that part of Virginia. There is very little land under cultivation this season.

SHIPS FOR THE EMPEROR OF CHINA.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

An English correspondent states that one of the vessels built by Laird Bros. for the Emperor of China left Liverpool a few days since. She is an iron clad paddle steamer, six hundred tons burden double plated ram, six guns, A. D. Whitworths 32 pounders, and 90 picked men.

The ship Commonwealth, of Boston, Capt. McClellan from New York on the 19th for San Francisco, was captured by the Alabama previous to the 25th.

The Richmond Press on Vicksburg

DOLEFUL DUMPS OF REBEL EDITORS.

From the Richmond *Whig* of Saturday, 23d.

We suppose Vicksburg is fallen, the army within the fortifications captured, or destroyed, Port Hudson reduced, or abandoned, the Mississippi, in its whole length, controlled by the enemy, and the Confederacy temporarily, or even for the remainder of the war, cut in twain.

We suppose, further, that the really great success of our foe, and the cruel disaster of ourselves, is attended with consequences as certain as they are deplorable.

The increased enthusiasm at the North: the triumphant vindication of the tyranny at Washington; the conscription enforced even in the Northwest, without opposition; perhaps the revival of the spirit of volunteering; Peace Parties crushed forever; men and money to endless sums obtained; and Europe busy with its own troubles, or awed into permanent silence. We suppose all this, for it becomes us now to consider the worst possible aspect of the news.

What then? Our duty will then be precisely what it has always been—to maintain the cause unflinchingly, and exhibit a spirit more indomitable and consistent than that of the enemy. Nothing is to be gained by despondency. All that has been lost may be regained by fortune and perseverance. It will be worse than useless to reproach the Government, however guilty it may be, for the appointment of inexperienced Generals, or to repine over the precious blood that has been wasted by mismanagement of the forces entrusted to incompetent commanders.

Great victory would have approved the apparent sagacity of an appointment which has bro't us no great trouble, and great defeats should silence clamor which cannot at all undo an event of past unwisdom in our rulers. It must be borne as manfully as the evils inflicted by the enemy. The bitterness of our hearts, which breeds despondency and disaffection, wins no triumph, repairs no disasters, sustains no cause.

Greatness of soul accepts all the calamities of war in the spirit of defiance, and rises superior to every misfortune. If we cannot bear defeat as well as the Yankees, we are unworthy to be free. Until some one of our large armies has been beaten as often and as severely as the Yankee army of the Potomac, we cannot say our courage has been fully tested, or our ability to conquer peace and independence fairly established.

Should Pemberton and his whole army be captured, there will still be left in the Southwest the material for a very large army under Johnston. Pemberton's men will soon be returned to duty by exchange, the balance being now greatly in our favor. Besides, Johnston's army there will be others as large, or larger, under Lee, Beauregard and Bragg. The combined forces of Kirby Smith, Magruder and Price make an army nearly equal to either of the above."

So long as these great leaders and great armies are left to us, so long as even one of them remains uncrushed, our cause is safe. Serious disasters have heretofore heralded important reforms, decided improvements in the organization of our forces, and the revival of energy and accession of strength in all the material of war, followed by a succession of brilliant victories. The fall of Donelson, Memphis, and New Orleans, preluded the summer of heavier achievements, in which the enemy was nearly everywhere dashed back to his own soil.

Scorning to imitate the Yankee by underrating the consequences of the fall of Vicksburg, we may yet, with reason, count upon compensation in the approaching campaign. The loss of Vicksburg, if it have no other good effect, will secure us in the future against the appointment of entirely inexperienced Generals. Of this we may be perfectly sure. Moreover, it will add to the strength of our armies. This is a necessity.

The North stimulated by this success will hurl its myriads upon us and we must meet them with every available man. Within two years we have withstood 1,400,000 vandals. What shall hinder us from withstanding as many more during the year to come? Nothing but the want of manhood which the South has never failed to show. We have veterans commanded by great Generals. The enemy have recruits commanded by Generals inferior to our own. Let them come on. We will see whose heart is stoutest, let war last as long as it may."

The Richmond *Examiner* of the 23d says: Within the next fortnight the campaign of 1863 will be pretty well decided, and the most important movements of this war will probably be made in that time.

If the Confederate standard is again victorious, as may be hoped with much solid reason, although mere victory will not end the war, it will destroy the efficiency of the enemy's army for the rest of this year.

If we gain all that is now fairly possible, an entirely new character will be given to the future operations which will relieve the country of half the suffering it has hitherto endured. Now is the noble day, the unfortunate hour for the Confederacy at this time, if ever. Let every man be at his post.

A Reminiscence.

The Washington correspondent of the Springfield (Mass.) Republican, relates the following:

"Speaking of Mr. Lincoln reminds me of an anecdote which Mr. Chittenden, of Vermont, the Register of the Treasury, told at an outdoor meeting the other night. He remarked that he would state one fact in connection with his experience in this city, which he believed had never yet been made public. His first visit to Washington was perhaps an unfortunate one. He was a delegate from the State of Vermont to the Peace Conference called upon the invitation of the Governor of Virginia, and which met in this city in the month of February, 1860. In that convention he happened to form the acquaintance of James B. Clay, of Ky., Wm. A. Seddon, of Virginia, (the present rebel Secretary of War) Governor Morehead of Kentucky, (who is now a fugitive, and he hoped he would always be until he repented) and others. His seat was near those gentlemen. One day while sitting with them, a servant from Willard's Hotel entered, and handed a card to Mr. Seddon, who sat near Mr. Chittenden. He did not know what was on the card, but it was passed around from one to another in such a manner that he could not help but see what was written on it. On the card was written these words: 'Lincoln is in Washington!' He never saw such confusion made by a small piece of card before. They looked at each other with amazement. At last Waldo P. Johnson, afterwards a Senator from Missouri, who could control himself no longer, exclaimed with vehemence, 'How the devil did he get through Baltimore?'"

New Advertisements.

FURNITURE AUCTION.

Fairchild & March sell all the Furniture of Mrs. Harrington's Boarding House, on Fourth-st., (rear of American House,) at NINE o'clock. Sale at the Boarding House, and commences precisely at NINE. All must come prepared to pay for and remove their goods to-day.

my30-1t FAIRCHILD & MARCH, Auction and Com. Merchants.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On Real Estate in the city of Saint Paul. Enquire of THOMPSON BROTHERS,

my30-3t Bankers.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee. H. E. BAKER & CO.,

my30 Auctioneers.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

Early Nansemonds, at the Groveland Garden and Nursery, by the 100 to 1000. Also, a good supply at the Auction Rooms of FAIRCHILD & MARCH. They may be planted up to the middle of June. Orders by mail must be addressed to us at St. Paul.

my30-3t L. M. FORD & CO.

MORE NEW MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE Spring and Summer MILLINERY,

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.

my30-1m MISS E. WASS, Third-st., near the Post Office.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Challi Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS.

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

my30-tf near Suspension Bridge.

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US,

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.

my29-1w C. W. WOOLLEY, Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest. 37 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 300 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect. C. G. HARRISON.

my22-3w Hastings, Min.

NEW YORK LADIES' HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.

may28-1m*] MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

How Gen. Hooker Treats His Sick Soldiers.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald* with Hooker's Army relates the following incident which occurred during a visit paid by the General to one of the army hospitals. But first of the visit itself:

Gen. Hooker yesterday, in company with Dr. Sims, Medical Director of the corps, visited the Third corps hospital, spending nearly the entire day in visiting, conversing with and cheering the wounded and sick soldiers. The General arrived at the hospital, all unannounced and unattended except as above, at about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and was occupied until four P. M. in making the rounds. It was a good sight to look upon him there, among these unfortunate sufferers, dispensing pleasant smiles, cheerful remarks, tokens of substantial sympathy and a general flood of light and gladness throughout the institution. He visited every bedside, taking especial care that none should have occasion to complain that he had slighted them. Taking the hand of each patient in turn, after expressing his sympathy with them in their suffering and encouraging them to patience and fortitude, he asked each one whether anything was lacking for their comfort, and if he could do anything personally for them, urging them to speak out with the utmost frankness.

A NOBLE INCIDENT.

In this thorough visitation numberless instances occurred showing the greatness and yet the beautiful tenderness of the General's heart and his deep sympathy with his troops. I have time to relate but one or two. Approaching the bedside of a severely wounded man, after a few minutes cheerful conversation with him, the General asked what he could do for him to make him more comfortable and happy. After a moment's thought the man put his hand in his breast and pulled out a crumpled document and handed it to the General with a burst of tears, saying, "Oh, sir, my family is starving at home, and I can get no money to send them. Through some mistake in the muster rolls of my company I have had no pay for five months. This paper shows the fact. If you can assist me in getting the pay that is due me I shall never forget to thank you." The General took to the document, but without looking at it asked the man "how long did you say it was since you were paid?" "Five months, sir," was the reply, "and my wife writes me that she has no food for the children and no money to procure them clothing. If their wants were supplied I shouldn't mind my wounds." Without saying anything more the General pulled his pocketbook out from his pocket, and, counting out three $20 bills and one $10, handed them to the man, saying, "I have not got just the change," and walked on. The poor fellow looked at the money in bewilderment, and then gazed at the retreating form of the General with wondering eyes, his feelings so overpowering him that he could not articulate a word of thanks. "That's the kind of a paymaster to have," cried out some of the patients in neighboring beds who had witnessed the proceeding.

On entering one long range of tents, occupied by forty or fifty patients, one of the men, recognizing the General, called out, "Three cheers for General Hooker." The General quickly checked the outburst, quietly remarking, "Not here. You may shout for me on the battle field or anywhere else; but don't cheer me here. I only come here to see that you are all well taken care of."

Throughout all the hospital, and among all these eighteen hundred patients, the General got no word of complaint. The men expressed themselves well cared for, and perfectly satisfied with the arrangements made for their comfort. The visit of their commanding general shed a fulness of light and cheerfulness throughout the extensive establishment, the remembrance of which will ever remain with those unfortunate men, who, racked with pain, were the recipients of his deep and heartfelt sympathy.

General Webb and Lord Palmerston —Scene in the British Parliament.

The Chevalier Webb s in trouble. By reference to a debate in the British Parliament it will be seen that our Minister to Brazil was the subject of a very lively discussion in the House of Commons. Not only is the General always in hot water himself, but he can set a multitude by the ears. It appears that in a letter to Earl Russell he represented Mr. Christie—the British Minister in Brazil—as having shown "a reckless disregard of truth which is not characteristic of a gentleman." This amiable dispatch was read in the House, and created quite an excitement. Webb was not without his backers there, and Mr. Disraeli had to interpose to prevent matters going so far. Mr. Bouverie said "No man in his senses would attach any weight to a statement made by a person called General Webb." But Lord Palmerston is still more contemptuous. After giving the highest character for honor and veracity to Mr. Christie, he says no man can question it "with any semblance whatever of truth."—*N. Y. Herald.*

In a letter written last November Gen. Webb gives the following account of the beginning of his difference with Mr. Christie: "At M. Glinka's, the Russian Minister's, on Thursday evening, Oct. 30, in presence of the Russian and Prussian Ministers, the Russian Secretary of Legation, and at least one lady, you used toward me language far more fitting an English groom than an English Minister. I promptly declared it impertinence, said it was my custom to punish impertinence—a bad custom, perhaps, but a habit upon which I had always acted, and by the God that made me, if you ever again were impertinent to me, I should punish you." Gen. Webb says in the same letter that he was told that Mr. Christie had agreed to challenge him, and that a meeting must take place the next morning, unless the matter were immediately arranged, and that he was ready to give a meeting at sunrise, &c.

Mr. Christie, who is now in England, has published a "statement," in which he says that his words were, in answer to a censure by Gen. Webb of his (Mr. Christie's) play at whist, the General being Mr. Christie's partner, "You talked so much, General, as to put me out." The Russian and Prussian Ministers, who were present, bear out Mr. Christie's statement, and, in letters to him, assert that the only expressions he used (which Gen. Webb considers the "language of a a groom") was, either "You talk so much that you put me out," or "You talk too much." The story about Mr. Christie's consenting to fight a duel, that gentleman declares to be a pure romance.

Dan. S. Dickinson and Henry Ward a Beecher on Freedom of Speech.

A great War Meeting was recently held at Albany, when Daniel S. Dickinson made a tremendous war speech, from which we take the following extract:

Liberty of speech is one thing. Liberty of treason is another. The liberty of speech is sacred; but this does not include the right to act as a spy, and convey intelligence to the enemy which may destroy thousands of the lives of our soldiers, endanger our army, and jeopard the existence of Government. [Applause.] Swords and knives are free; but this gives no one the right to commit murder. Fire arms are free, and exempt from seizure on execution; and yet no one has a right to discharge them at his neighbor. Fire is free; but the one who should employ it to destroy the dwelling of his neighbor would be the subject of an "arbitrary arrest"—in his "own house," if he should be found there—"in the presence of his wife and children," if he had them. And these "arbitrary arrests," in criminal law, are of daily occurrence, and in martial law of not unfrequent occurrence in all wars, especially such a war of rebellion as this, with spies and traitors hatching treason, and aiding rebellion all along the border. Any lawyer who can not discriminate between civil law and martial law, should be treated for simplicity on the brain. (Shouts of applause and laughter.) The functions of martial law, and the authority upon which it rests, were freely stated by me last fall, in a speech made at the Cooper Institute. It is a dangerous power, but its absence would be more dangerous. It is liable to abuse, but no war can be conducted without it—especially such a war as this. Whether it was judiciously exercised in this case, and whether the paltry fellow was worth arresting, I do not know, and do not, for all purposes, care. All we can inquire of is, does the power exist, and if it does, was it exercised in good faith? If it was even though General Burnside was mistaken, he is to be encouraged for his watchfulness and commended for his vigilance. [Applause.] Two great, and hasty, and noisy meetings have been held, one in New York, at which Captain Rynders and others spoke, and even the late Thomas H. Seymour, of Connecticut, preached, [laughter,] and one at this Capitol, where His Excellency, Governor Seymour, administered upon the wrongs of Vallandigham by letter. The Governor says this arrest is full of danger to our *homes*. Who is in danger in his home, pray tell? No one, unless he has done something to put himself in danger. The pious thief and burglar, Gordon, of Brooklyn, who attended conferences and prayer meetings with the young ladies, discovered where they kept their jewelry, and then entered their houses and robbed them by night, was a long time in danger in his home [roars of laughter,] and by and by the cruel police went in large numbers, and with their murderous clubs, and in the night time, too, and "arbitrarily arrested" him, and put him in prison, and the Court sent him to the State prison for twenty years. All for stealing a few trinkets. Yet Governor Seymour says nothing. Had he connived with rebellion for the overthrow of the only great free Government on earth, and had he been detected and arrested, it would have been "arbitrary." But it interfered with the "freedom of speech." How? Who has objected to the freest possible discussion? Freedom of speech does not confer the right to go before an enemy and stimulate mutiny and disobedience and recommend desertion. It does not justify any thing which, in time of war, is calculated and intended to weaken the military arm of the Government. The Governor complains that the Governors of some of the Western States have sunk into insignificance. It is certainly time to be on the look out. I hope whatever may become of the States, New York may not find herself in the same pitiful category. [Laughter.] It is certainly a humiliating position for the first State of the Union, when the scales of our being as a nation are vibrating—when our children are dying by thousands in defence of the Union—to see the Chief Magistrate turn from contemplating the to denounce the Government, and picture, with anxious solicitude, to encourage the rebellion, because a ranting, foaming, frothing, gasconading traitor, [cries of "hang him," "hang him,"] has been charged with an offence cognizable by martial law, and has been arrested, and after a full and fair trial convicted. This is the species of support which Gov. Seymour and those who are with him, from the beginning of the war, have given to the Administration, and this he calls a generous one.

Henry Ward Beecher, in one of his recent sermons, makes use of the following language:

Especially would we remember many who are confined for alleged crimes for which they may be guiltless. I cannot witness with pleasure nor with complacency, neither can I avoid my thoughts on the habit of arresting men and throwing them into prison without charges or trial. There may be occasionally an extreme instance which shall justify the detention of a man without charges or trial. But it is a dangerous thing in a free government, for those in power to take a man's liberty without a charge and without an opportunity for trial, and it is a dangerous thing for the people to submit to have it done, and never speak. Let us uphold the government; but remember that our government stands upon great principles; but that it is not upholding the government to acquiesce to a violation of the foundation principles of the government.

And that which I say in regard to Government action, in imprisoning men without charges or trial, I say more emphatically in respect to Government action in muzzling the press. In any emergency when it is liable to overthrow the Government, it may be justifiable to resort to such a step; but where it is merely an inconvenience, I hold that it is a bad policy, and a dangerous example—to take away the fullest liberties of the public printing. For this is a right that stands behind all other rights. It is the guarantee of right itself. You might as well take away from men the air they breathe, as to take away the fullest liberties of the press. And I utter my solemn warning that we are coming upon dangerous ground when we imprison men without charge or trial, and take away from the press its absolute freedom. And if this is treason, then I shall be a traitor again and forever.

"Old Abe" not a Temperance Man.

For occasional sallies of original wit, give us a country grocery, winter evenings, and rainy days, and the bar-rooms of country hotels. As an instance, take the following, which occurred in a grocery store not long since. There was quite a collection, and our friend S., who was a good Democrat, and friend M., who is a Republican, had been earnestly but pleasantly discussing politics, and as a lull took place in the conversation, S. spoke up as follows:

"M., how many public men are there who are really temperance men?"

"Oh, I don't know," replied M.

"Well," said S., "I don't know but one that I can speak positively of on our side, and that is Gen. Cass."

"Well," said M. promptly, "there is President Lincoln on our side, certain."

"Guess not," said S. incredulously.

"Guess yes," replied M. warmly.

"But you don't pretend to say that the President is a temperance man?" asked S.

"Yes, I do," answered M., "and can maintain the statement."

"Well, now, I can tell you that Abraham Lincoln is as fond of his tod as any man living," replied S. earnestly, "and I can prove it to you."

"Well, I can tell you that he isn't," retorted M., who began to get excited, "that he is as pure and strict a temperance man as there is in the country."

"I contend," replied S. with a provoking coolness, "that Abraham Lincoln is so fond of his toddy, that it is the last thing he thinks of when he goes to bed, and the first thing when he wakes up in the morning."

"It's a confounded locofoco lie!" exclaimed Mr. M. springing to his feet.

"Hold on, friend M," said S., "what was Lincoln's wife's name before she was married?"

"Todd, by thunder!" exclaimed M., jumping more than half a foot from the floor; "boys let's adjourn to the other room."

Associated Press Dispatches, Paid For but not Received.

By last evening's mail we obtained the following associated press dispatches, which we have the privilege of paying for without receiving:

FROM KENTUCKY.

CINCINNATI, May 26.

The rebels crossed the Cumberland river yesterday at Fishing creek and Hartford, Ky., but were driven back by our forces after slight skirmishing.

NEW YORK, May 26.

A Cincinnati dispatch of the 25th says our pickets on the road between Raleigh and Fayetteville, on the Kanawha, were surrounded and attacked on the 17th, and all but one escaped. Skirmishing continued until 11 o'clock, when our pickets were driven in. The rebels then attacked our forces under Col. White. The fight lasted till the following day, when the enemy fell back. It is believed to be a feint to cover operations elsewhere. We had one killed and nine wounded.

A skirmish took place near Fort Donelson last week, in which the rebels were routed. Our forces brought in 7,000 pounds bacon after the affair.

Humphrey Marshall has been arrested and sent to Richmond on charges of treason and disloyalty to the rebel confederacy.

Ferguson's and Chalmer's guerrillas have been operating near Memphis. They captured a few pickets and wounded two or three men within two miles of the city.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 26.

[*Special Dispatch to the Evening Post.*] Some six hundred offices and privates arrived at Indianapolis yesterday from Richmond. They report that Capt. McKee, of the 14th Ky. cavalry, and Lieut. Carr, of the 1st Va. cavalry will be hung by the rebels, in retaliation for the execution of two spies by Gen. Burnside. This is known to the trustworthy.

Two correspondents of the *Tribune*, Messrs. Richardson and Brown, who were captured with others, in attempting to run past the Vicksburg batteries, are retained at the Libby Prison.

Mr. Colburn, of the *World*, was called up to the rebel War Department on Friday, and kept until midnight, when he returned to the prison. He was subsequently conditionally released. The conditions were that he should make certain representations to our Government regarding the measures of retaliation about to be adopted by the rebels.

It is pretty certain that the enrollment act will be carried out according to the letter of the law.

Prominent gentlemen from New York and Pennsylvania have made representations to the President and War Department that anything looking at all like an attempt to evade a plain provision of the act would have a damaging effect upon the people.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The *Times'* dispatch says Gen. Wright, late of the Department of Ohio, assumed command of the Second Division of the Sixth Army Corps.

General Grant.

General Grant is a modest, unassuming man, and on first taking command, was regarded as a curiosity by the soldiers on account of his plainness of dress in comparison with the young and new fledged colonels and less advanced officers, and particularly a shocking bad stovepipe hat, which he wore for a long time before donning a military tile. The General is a man of business, and very popular with the troops. He appears about forty-five years of age, sandy complexion, reddish beard, medium height, pleasant, twinkling eyes, and he weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds. He smokes continually. He is a strict disciplinarian. An example of Gen. Grant's strict government of the troops in his department will be gathered from the following: On the night of the 7th of November a portion of the Twentieth regiment Illinois volunteer infantry, at Jackson, Tenn., entered a store and some tents, and took therefrom a quantity of goods and destroyed the tents, the damage amounting to $1,242.66. Upon complaint of the suffering party, and a failure to ferret out the men guilty of the offence, the General issued a special field order. The two sections embodying the penalty will be read with interest. They read as follows: 1. That the said sum of $1,242.66 be assessed against the regiment, the officers herein named (the names being given,) excepting such enlisted men as were at the time sick in the hospital, or absent with proper authority; that the same be charged against them on the proper muster and pay-rolls, and the amount each is to pay noted opposite his name thereon, the officers to be assessed *pro rata* with the men on the amount of their pay proper; and that the same so collected will be paid by the commanding officer of the regiment to the parties entitled to the same. 2. That Captain Orton Frisbee and Captain John Zunison, of the Twentieth Illinois infantry volunteers, for wilful neglect of duty and violation of orders, are hereby mustered out of the service of the United States, to take effect this day.

HIS NAME.

The initials of Gen. Grant have been for some time a source of some trouble to his admirers and others. On one occasion the following dialogue occurred when speaking of him:

"Who is this Grant out West? Is he a rebel?"

"No. His initials plainly show that he belongs to US."

Another asked: "What do the initials really stand for?"

U-nited we S-tand," answered one.

"United States Grant," chimed in a second.

"No U-nconditional S-urrender Grant" asserted a third, and that ended the controversy.

BAYARD TAYLOR.—The N. Y. *Tribune* and Philadelphia *Press* deny that Mr. Bayard Taylor was removed from the Secretaryship of the American Legation at St. Petersburg. His resignation as Secretary of Legation to Russia, was sent to the State Department before Mr. Clay's nomination as Minister to Russia was laid before the Senate. It was understood that Mr. Taylor's resignation should take effect upon the date of Mr. Cameron's. Mr. Taylor remained in Russia after Mr. Cameron's departure from a sense of duty only, in order that our Government might not be without a representative at St. Petersburg, at so critical a period of our history.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

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ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; In Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor, Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Welnand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t per S. P. & F. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

ATTENTION

At present we are selling a very fine French LASTING HEELED GAITER for $1.25, former price $2.50. BUY SOON!

Black and Brown Lace Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Black, Brown and Drab Gaiters, 50c.

A GOOD KID BUSKIN, 50c.

A nice Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A very fine French Lasting Lace Gaiter for 75c, former price $2.00.

A fine Kid Lace Heel Boot, $1.25.

A good Kid Congress Gaiter, without heel, for $1.

Misses very nice Kid Lace Gaiters, without heels, 50c—worth $1.00.

Misses Black and Drab Lasting Gaiters, for 25c—don't ask them for less.

MISSES BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

MISSES KID BUSKINS, 25c.

MISSES FINE KID SLIPPERS, 40c.

BOYS:

Boys Patent Leather Boots, $1.50.

BOYS CALF OXFORD TIE, 90c.

Boys fine Enameled Tie Shoe, $1.00.

A first-rate Double Sole Sewed Kid Lace Boot, without Heels, for $1.00—worth $1.50.

The best $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00

LASTING GAITERS

IN THE CITY, SURE.

GENTLEMEN:

We are selling at $2.50—to raise money—a tip-top

PATENT LEATHER GAITER

Regular price $4.50.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

A pegged

PATENT LEATHER GAITER,

A real good one, $1.50—worth $2.50.

THESE ALSO MUST BE SOLD.

We have the

BEST PATENT LEATHER BOOT IN AMERICA,

At a Low Price.

Cash Buyers only Invited.

P. S.—Purchasers wanting any of the above goods, will please ask for them and they will be shown forthwith; it won't pay to dwell very long on them.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, May 13, 1863. my14

BEANS—CORN.

We are buying White Beans, and selling No. 1 Corn.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
Corner of Sibley and Third streets.
St. Paul, May 24th. 2w

BRAN, OATS, CORN MEAL, BEANS, RICE.

And a variety of the best brands of Flour, for sale by

A. H. WILBISH,
my24 Dealer in Choice Family Groceries, Jackson-st., between 5th and 6th.

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

AND

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM

H. KNOX TAYLOR

Has just returned from

NEW YORK,

And is now receiving his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late

AUCTION SALES

In that city, he

CAN AND WILL SELL THEM

TO HIS CUSTOMERS

AT

GREAT BARGAINS.

We do not propose to

Sell Our Goods at Cost,

BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW

We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.

The following are some of the Varieties:

CHECKED POPLINS,
STRIPED CRAPES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
HIMALAYAS,

ARABIAN GLACE,

Checked Lenos, &c., &c.

ALSO

COLORED ALPACCAS

AND

ORIENTAL LUSTRES

Which are all the rage in New York City.

BLACK SILKS.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

NEW STYLE PRINTS,

French, English and American,

SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.

Our stock of

Ladies' Collars

Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.

We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.

IN SHAWLS WE HAVE

Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.

ALSO

Ladies' Cloakings.

GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods,

We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.

BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Flannels,

White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.

Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.

Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen; do do Hemstich and Mourning.

White Goods and Embroideries.

BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.

Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towelings, and Diapers.

In fact, if you want anything in the way of

Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,

Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Sales."

ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Pescedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

We would say that we have a large stock of DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp.

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE.

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THOS. J. YORKS, Dealer in Real Estate.
Stillwater, Min., March, 1863. mar1-3m

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m4-3mo] HARMON, GALE & CO.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

REMOVAL.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Crockery

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,

TABLE CUTLERY.

House Furnishing Goods

of every description.

Have removed from Robert Street, to UNION BLOCK, 3d-st., 2d door from Roberts-st.

sep22-d&w

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

How Gen. Hooker Treats His Sick Soldiers.

A correspondent of the New York *Herald* with Hooker's Army relates the following incident which occurred during a visit paid by the General to one of the army hospitals. But first of the visit itself:

Gen. Hooker yesterday, in company with Dr. Sims, Medical Director of the corps, visited the Third corps hospital, spending nearly the entire day in visiting, conversing with and cheering the wounded and sick soldiers. The General arrived at the hospital, all unannounced and unattended except as above, at about 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and was occupied until four P. M. in making the rounds. It was a good sight to look upon him there, among these unfortunate sufferers, dispensing pleasant smiles, cheerful remarks, tokens of substantial sympathy and a general flood of light and gladness throughout the institution. He visited every bedside, taking especial care that none should have occasion to complain that he had slighted them. Taking the hand of each patient in turn, after expressing his sympathy with them in their suffering and encouraging them to patience and fortitude, he asked each one whether anything was lacking for their comfort, and if he could do anything personally for them, urging them to speak out with the utmost frankness.

A NOBLE INCIDENT.

In this thorough visitation numberless instances occurred showing the greatness and yet the beautiful tenderness of the General's heart and his deep sympathy with his troops. I have time to relate but one or two. Approaching the bedside of a severely wounded man, after a few minutes cheerful conversation with him, the General asked what he could do for him to make him more comfortable and happy. After a moment's thought the man put his hand in his breast and pulled out a crumpled document and handed it to the General with a burst of tears, saying, "Oh, sir, my family is starving at home, and I can get no money to send them. Through some mistake in the muster rolls of my company I have had no pay for five months. This paper shows the fact. If you can assist me in getting the pay that is due me I shall never forget to thank you." The General took to the document, but without looking at it asked the man "how long did you say it was since you were paid?" "Five months, sir," was the reply, "and my wife writes me that she has no food for the children and no money to procure them clothing. If their wants were supplied I shouldn't mind my wounds." Without saying anything more the General pulled his pocketbook out from his pocket, and, counting out three $20 bills and one $10, handed them to the man, saying, "I have not got just the change," and walked on. The poor fellow looked at the money in bewilderment, and then gazed at the retreating form of the General with wondering eyes, his feelings so overpowering him that he could not articulate a word of thanks. "That's the kind of a paymaster to have," cried out some of the patients in neighboring beds who had witnessed the proceeding.

On entering one long range of tents, occupied by forty or fifty patients, one of the men, recognizing the General, called out, "Three cheers for General Hooker." The General quickly checked the outburst, quietly remarking, "Not here. You may shout for me on the battle field or anywhere else; but don't cheer me here. I only come here to see that you are all well taken care of."

Throughout all the hospital, and among all these eighteen hundred patients, the General got no word of complaint. The men expressed themselves well cared for, and perfectly satisfied with the arrangements made for their comfort. The visit of their commanding general shed a fulness of light and cheerfulness throughout the extensive establishment, the remembrance of which will ever remain with those unfortunate men, who, racked with pain, were the recipients of his deep and heartfelt sympathy.

General Webb and Lord Palmerston —Scene in the British Parliament.

The Chevalier Webb s in trouble. By reference to a debate in the British Parliament it will be seen that our Minister to Brazil was the subject of a very lively discussion in the House of Commons. Not only is the General always in hot water himself, but he can set a multitude by the ears. It appears that in a letter to Earl Russell he represented Mr. Christie—the British Minister in Brazil—as having shown "a reckless disregard of truth which is not characteristic of a gentleman." This amiable dispatch was read in the House, and created quite an excitement. Webb was not without his backers there, and Mr. Disraeli had to interpose to prevent matters going so far. Mr. Bouverie said "No man in his senses would attach any weight to a statement made by a person called General Webb." But Lord Palmerston is still more contemptuous. After giving the highest character for honor and veracity to Mr. Christie, he says no man can question it "with any semblance whatever of truth."—*N. Y. Herald.*

In a letter written last November Gen. Webb gives the following account of the beginning of his difference with Mr. Christie: "At M. Glinka's, the Russian Minister's, on Thursday evening, Oct. 30, in presence of the Russian and Prussian Ministers, the Russian Secretary of Legation, and at least one lady, you used toward me language far more fitting an English groom than an English Minister. I promptly declared it impertinence, said it was my custom to punish impertinence—a bad custom, perhaps, but a habit upon which I had always acted, and by the God that made me, if you ever again were impertinent to me, I should punish you." Gen. Webb says in the same letter that he was told that Mr. Christie had agreed to challenge him, and that a meeting must take place the next morning, unless the matter were immediately arranged, and that he was ready to give a meeting at sunrise, &c.

Mr. Christie, who is now in England, has published a "statement," in which he says that his words were, in answer to a censure by Gen. Webb of his (Mr. Christie's) play at whist, the General being Mr. Christie's partner, "You talked so much, General, as to put me out." The Russian and Prussian Ministers, who were present, bear out Mr. Christie's statement, and, in letters to him, assert that the only expressions he used (which Gen. Webb considers the "language of a a groom") was, either "You talk so much that you put me out," or "You talk too much." The story about Mr. Christie's consenting to fight a duel, that gentleman declares to be a pure romance.

Dan. S. Dickinson and Henry Ward Beecher on Freedom of Speech.

A great War Meeting was recently held at Albany, when Daniel S. Dickinson made a tremendous war speech, from which we take the following extract:

Liberty of speech is one thing. Liberty of treason is another. The liberty of speech is sacred; but this does not include the right to act as a spy, and convey intelligence to the enemy which may destroy thousands of the lives of our soldiers, endanger our army, and jeopard the existence of Government. [Applause.] Swords and knives are free; but this gives no one the right to commit murder. Fire arms are free, and exempt from seizure on execution; and yet no one has a right to discharge them at his neighbor. Fire is free; but the one who should employ it to destroy the dwelling of his neighbor would be the subject of an "arbitrary arrest"—in his "own house," if he should be found there—"in the presence of his wife and children," if he had them. And these "arbitrary arrests," in criminal law, are of daily occurrence, and in martial law of not unfrequent occurrence in all wars, especially such a war of rebellion as this, with spies and traitors hatching treason, and aiding rebellion all along the border. Any lawyer who can not discriminate between civil law and martial law, should be treated for simplicity on the brain. (Shouts of applause and laughter.) The functions of martial law, and the authority upon which it rests, were freely stated by me last fall, in a speech made at the Cooper Institute. It is a dangerous power, but its absence would be more dangerous. It is liable to abuse, but no war can be conducted without it—especially such a war as this. Whether it was judiciously exercised in this case, and whether the paltry fellow was worth arresting, I do not know, and do not, for all purposes, care. All we can inquire of is, does the power exist, and if it does, was it exercised in good faith? If it was even though General Burnside was mistaken, he is to be encouraged for his watchfulness and commended for his vigilance. [Applause.] Two great, and hasty, and noisy meetings have been held, one in New York, at which Captain Rynders and others spoke, and even the late Thomas H. Seymour, of Connecticut, preached, [laughter,] and one at this Capitol, where His Excellency, Governor Seymour, administered upon the wrongs of Vallandigham by letter. The Governor says this arrest is full of danger to our *homes*. Who is in danger in his home, pray tell? No one, unless he has done something to put himself in danger. The pious thief and burglar, Gordon, of Brooklyn, who attended conferences and prayer meetings with the young ladies, discovered where they kept their jewelry, and then entered their houses and robbed them by night, was a long time in danger in his home [roars of laughter,] and by and by the cruel police went in large numbers, and with their murderous clubs, and in the night time, too, and "arbitrarily arrested" him, and put him in prison, and the Court sent him to the State prison for twenty years. All for stealing a few trinkets. Yet Governor Seymour says nothing. Had he connived with rebellion for the overthrow of the only great free Government on earth, and had he been detected and arrested, it would have been "arbitrary." But it interfered with the "freedom of speech." How? Who has objected to the freest possible discussion? Freedom of speech does not confer the right to go before an enemy and stimulate mutiny and disobedience and recommend desertion. It does not justify any thing which, in time of war, is calculated and intended to weaken the military arm of the Government. The Governor complains that the Governors of some of the Western States have sunk into insignificance. It is certainly time to be on the look out. I hope whatever may become of the States, New York may not find herself in the same pitiful category. [Laughter.] It is certainly a humiliating position for the first State of the Union, when the scales of our being as a nation are vibrating—when our children are dying by thousands in defence of the Union—to see the Chief Magistrate turn from contemplating the to denounce the Government, and picture, with anxious solicitude, to encourage the rebellion, because a ranting, foaming, frothing, gasconading traitor, [cries of "hang him," "hang him,"] has been charged with an offence cognizable by martial law, and has been arrested, and after a full and fair trial convicted. This is the species of support which Gov. Seymour and those who are with him, from the beginning of the war, have given to the Administration, and this he calls a generous one.

Henry Ward Beecher, in one of his recent sermons, makes use of the following language:

Especially would we remember many who are confined for alleged crimes for which they may be guiltless. I cannot witness with pleasure nor with complacency, neither can I avoid my thoughts on the habit of arresting men and throwing them into prison without charges or trial. There may be occasionally an extreme instance which shall justify the detention of a man without charges or trial. But it is a dangerous thing in a free government, for those in power to take a man's liberty without a charge and without an opportunity for trial, and it is a dangerous thing for the people to submit to have it done, and never speak. Let us uphold the government; but remember that our government stands upon great principles; but that it is not upholding the government to acquiesce to a violation of the foundation principles of the government.

And that which I say in regard to Government action, in imprisoning men without charges or trial, I say more emphatically in respect to Government action in muzzling the press. In any emergency when it is liable to overthrow the Government, it may be justifiable to resort to such a step; but where it is merely an inconvenience. I hold that it is a bad policy, and a dangerous example—to take away the fullest liberties of the public printing. For this is a right that stands behind all other rights. It is the guarantee of right itself. You might as well take away from men the air they breathe, as to take away the fullest liberties of the press. And I utter my solemn warning that we are coming upon dangerous ground when we imprison men without charge or trial, and take away from the press its absolute freedom. And if this is treason, then I shall be a traitor again and forever.

"Old Abe" not a Temperance Man.

For occasional sallies of original wit, give us a country grocery, winter evenings, and rainy days, and the bar-rooms of country hotels. As an instance, take the following, which occurred in a grocery store not long since. There was quite a collection, and our friend S., who was a good Democrat, and friend M., who is a Republican, had been earnestly but pleasantly discussing politics, and as a lull took place in the conversation, S. spoke up as follows:

"M., how many public men are there who are really temperance men?"

"Oh, I don't know," replied M.

"Well," said S., "I don't know but one that I can speak positively of on our side, and that is Gen. Cass."

"Well," said M. promptly, "there is President Lincoln on our side, certain."

"Guess not," said S. incredulously.

"Guess yes," replied M. warmly.

"But you don't pretend to say that the President is a temperance man?" asked S.

"Yes, I do," answered M., "and can maintain the statement."

"Well, now, I can tell you that Abraham Lincoln is as fond of his tod as any man living," replied S. earnestly, "and I can prove it to you."

"Well, I can tell you that he isn't," retorted M., who began to get excited, "that he is as pure and strict a temperance man as there is in the country."

"I contend," replied S. with a provoking coolness, "that Abraham Lincoln is so fond of his toddy, that it is the last thing he thinks of when he goes to bed, and the first thing when he wakes up in the morning."

"It's a confounded locofoco lie!" exclaimed Mr. M. springing to his feet.

"Hold on, friend M," said S., "what was Lincoln's wife's name before she was married?"

"Todd, by thunder!" exclaimed M., jumping more than half a foot from the floor; "boys let's adjourn to the other room."

Associated Press Dispatches, Paid For but not Received.

By last evening's mail we obtained the following associated press dispatches, which we have the privilege of paying for without receiving:

FROM KENTUCKY.

CINCINNATI, May 26.

The rebels crossed the Cumberland river yesterday at Fishing creek and Hartford, Ky., but were driven back by our forces after slight skirmishing.

NEW YORK, May 26.

A Cincinnati dispatch of the 25th says our pickets on the road between Raleigh and Fayetteville, on the Kanawha, were surrounded and attacked on the 17th, and all but one escaped. Skirmishing continued until 11 o'clock, when our pickets were driven in. The rebels then attacked our forces under Col. White. The fight lasted till the following day, when the enemy fell back. It is believed to be a feint to cover operations elsewhere. We had one killed and nine wounded.

A skirmish took place near Fort Donelson last week, in which the rebels were routed. Our forces brought in 7,000 pounds bacon after the affair.

Humphrey Marshall has been arrested and sent to Richmond on charges of treason and disloyalty to the rebel confederacy.

Ferguson's and Chalmer's guerrillas have been operating near Memphis. They captured a few pickets and wounded two or three men within two miles of the city.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 26.

[*Special Dispatch to the Evening Post.*] Some six hundred offices and privates arrived at Indianapolis yesterday from Richmond. They report that Capt. McKee, of the 14th Ky. cavalry, and Lieut. Carr, of the 1st Va. cavalry will be hung by the rebels, in retaliation for the execution of two spies by Gen. Burnside. This is known to the trustworthy.

Two correspondents of the *Tribune*, Messrs. Richardson and Brown, who were captured with others, in attempting to run past the Vicksburg batteries, are retained at the Libby Prison.

Mr. Colburn, of the *World*, was called up to the rebel War Department on Friday, and kept until midnight, when he returned to the prison. He was subsequently conditionally released. The conditions were that he should make certain representations to our Government regarding the measures of retaliation about to be adopted by the rebels.

It is pretty certain that the enrollment act will be carried out according to the letter of the law.

Prominent gentlemen from New York and Pennsylvania have made representations to the President and War Department that anything looking at all like an attempt to evade a plain provision of the act would have a damaging effect upon the people.

NEW YORK, May 26.—The *Times'* dispatch says Gen. Wright, late of the Department of Ohio, assumed command of the Second Division of the Sixth Army Corps.

General Grant.

General Grant is a modest, unassuming man, and on first taking command, was regarded as a curiosity by the soldiers on account of his plainness of dress in comparison with the young and new fledged colonels and less advanced officers, and particularly a shocking bad stovepipe hat, which he wore for a long time before donning a military tile. The General is a man of business, and very popular with the troops. He appears about forty-five years of age, sandy complexion, reddish beard, medium height, pleasant, twinkling eyes, and he weighs about one hundred and seventy pounds. He smokes continually. He is a strict disciplinarian. An example of Gen. Grant's strict government of the troops in his department will be gathered from the following: On the night of the 7th of November a portion of the Twentieth regiment Illinois volunteer infantry, at Jackson, Tenn., entered a store and some tents, and took therefrom a quantity of goods and destroyed the tents, the damage amounting to $1,242.66. Upon complaint of the suffering party, and a failure to ferret out the men guilty of the offence, the General issued a special field order. The two sections embodying the penalty will be read with interest. They read as follows: 1. That the said sum of $1,242.66 be assessed against the regiment, the officers herein named (the names being given,) excepting such enlisted men as were at the time sick in the hospital, or absent with proper authority; that the same be charged against them on the proper muster and pay-rolls, and the amount each is to pay noted opposite his name thereon, the officers to be assessed *pro rata* with the men on the amount of their pay proper; and that the same so collected will be paid by the commanding officer of the regiment to the parties entitled to the same. 2. That Captain Orton Frisbee and Captain John Zunison, of the Twentieth Illinois infantry volunteers, for wilful neglect of duty and violation of orders, are hereby mustered out of the service of the United States, to take effect this day.

HIS NAME.

The initials of Gen. Grant have been for some time a source of some trouble to his admirers and others. On one occasion the following dialogue occurred when speaking of him:

"Who is this Grant out West? Is he a rebel?"

"No. His initials plainly show that he belongs to US."

Another asked: "What do the initials really stand for?"

U-nited we S-tand," answered one.

"United States Grant," chimed in a second.

"No U-nconditional S-urrender Grant" asserted a third, and that ended the controversy.

BAYARD TAYLOR.—The N. Y. *Tribune* and Philadelphia *Press* deny that Mr. Bayard Taylor was removed from the Secretaryship of the American Legation at St. Petersburg. His resignation as Secretary of Legation to Russia, was sent to the State Department before Mr. Clay's nomination as Minister to Russia was laid before the Senate. It was understood that Mr. Taylor's resignation should take effect upon the date of Mr. Cameron's. Mr. Taylor remained in Russia after Mr. Cameron's departure from a sense of duty only, in order that our Government might not be without a representative at St. Petersburg, at so critical a period of our history.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challios, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH USE THE

DANDELION AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor, Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weiland & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, Wholesale and Retail Agents.

my27-1y

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

my14-10t

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

ATTENTION

At present we are selling a very fine French LASTING HEELED GAITER for $1.25, former price $2.50. BUY SOON!

Black and Brown Lace Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Black, Brown and Drab Gaiters, 50c.

A GOOD KID BUSKIN, 50c.

A nice Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A very fine French Lasting Lace Gaiter for 75c, former price $2.00.

A fine Kid Lace Heel Boot, $1.25.

A good Kid Congress Gaiter, without heel, for $1.

Misses very nice Kid Lace Gaiters, without heels, 50c—worth $1.00.

Misses Black and Drab Lasting Gaiters, for 25c—don't ask them for less.

MISSES BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

MISSES KID BUSKINS, 25c.

MISSES FINE KID SLIPPERS, 40c.

BOYS:

Boys Patent Leather Boots, $1.50.

BOYS CALF OXFORD TIE, 90c.

Boys fine Enameled Tie Shoe, $1.00.

A first-rate Double Sole Sewed Kid Lace Boot, without Heels, for $1.00—worth $1.50.

The best $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00

LASTING GAITERS

IN THE CITY, SURE.

GENTLEMEN:

We are selling at $2.50—to raise money—a tip-top

PATENT LEATHER GAITER

Regular price $4.50.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD.

A pegged

PATENT LEATHER GAITER,

A real good one, $1.50—worth $2.50.

THESE ALSO MUST BE SOLD.

We have the

BEST PATENT LEATHER BOOT IN AMERICA,

At a Low Price.

Cash Buyers only Invited.

P. S.—Purchasers wanting any of the above goods, will please ask for them and they will be shown forthwith; it won't pay to dwell very long on them.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, May 13, 1863. my14

BEANS—CORN.

We are buying White Beans, and selling No. 1 Corn.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
Corner of Sibley and Third streets.

St. Paul, May 24th. 2w

BRAN, OATS, CORN MEAL, BEANS, RICE,

And a variety of the best brands of Flour, for sale by

A. H. WIMBISH,
Dealer in Choice Family Groceries,
Jackson-st., between 5th and 6th.

my24

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

AND

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM

H. KNOX TAYLOR

Has just returned from

NEW YORK,

And is now receiving his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late

AUCTION SALES

In that city, he

CAN AND WILL SELL THEM

TO HIS CUSTOMERS

AT

GREAT BARGAINS.

We do not propose to

Sell Our Goods at Cost,

BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW

We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.

The following are some of the Varieties:

CHECKED POPLINS,
STRIPED CRAPES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
HIMALAYAS,

ARABIAN GLACE,

Checked Lenos, &c., &c.

ALSO

COLORED ALPACCAS

AND

ORIENTAL LUSTRES

Which are all the rage in New York City.

BLACK SILKS.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

NEW STYLE PRINTS,

French, English and American,

SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.

Our stock of

Ladies' Collars

Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.

We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.

IN SHAWLS WE HAVE

Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.

ALSO

Ladies' Cloakings.

GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods,

We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.

BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Flannels,

White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.

Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.

Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen;

do do Hemstich and Mourning.

White Goods and Embroideries.

BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.

Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towellings, and Diapers.

In fact, if you want anything in the way of

Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,

Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Sales."

ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys

St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

We would say that we have a large stock of DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp.

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE.

Lot 2, Block 23, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

Is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.

mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THOS. J. YORKS, Dealer in Real Estate, Stillwater, Min., March, 1863. mar1-3m

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street. - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

my4-3mo] HARMON, GALE & CO.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

REMOVAL.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Crockery

PLATED WARE,

CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,

TABLE CUTLERY.

House Furnishing Goods

of every description.

Have removed from Robert Street, to UNION BLOCK, 3d-st., 2d door from Roberts-st.

sep22-d&w

DEFECTIVE PAGE

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

	One Square.	Each add. Square.
One time	$0 80	$0 40
Three times	1 50	75
Six days	2 00	1 00
Two weeks	3 00	1 50
Three weeks	4 00	2 00
One month	5 00	2 50
Two months	8 00	4 00
Three months	10 00	5 00
Six months	14 00	7 00
Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $30 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McGARR, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-dly Proprietors.

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

3 CENTS. 5 CENTS. 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 152, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas,
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,
FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-dly

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolliman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&wly'64

AUCTION NOTICE.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers, have on hand for sale a lot of Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, Notions and Groceries, which they will sell to the trade cheap for cash. Auction sale every evening. Special sale at 10 A. M., on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel. They will make cash advances on all kinds of property.

my24

Chicago Advertisements

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo **Weber, Williams & Fitch.**

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1893. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

—

RODER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $400; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers,
On Third-st., second door from the
ap30 Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
UPPER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL, MIN.,
May 14th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this office until

MAY 30th, 1863,

For furnishing

FRESH BEEF

TO THE TROOPS AT THE FOLLOWING NAMED POSTS:

POMME DE TERRE,
ALEXANDRIA,
SAUK CENTRE,
PAYNESVILLE,
RICHMOND,
MANNANNAH,
KINGSTON,
FOREST CITY,
HUTCHINSON.

The contract for Richmond and Paynesville to commence at the termination of the present one. The contract to commence June 1st, 1863, or as soon after as practicable, and to be in force for six months.

Separate bids will be received for each of the above posts, or one bid may include the whole number of posts.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or of the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfill the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S.," and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

☞ St. Cloud Democrat please copy and charge Press. my15-td

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.,

(Successor to Walter W. Webb,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN WINES & LIQUORS AND OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

an1-tf *SIBLEY BLOCK, THIRD-ST.*

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge,

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

Claims presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

o5-d tw&wly

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Tredwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston
je11daolm&wly

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&w1y

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address **HENRY R. COSTAR.**
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30 St. Paul, Minnesota.

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession.
There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe.
It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.
The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜
All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of

Bleached and Brown Cottons,
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks,
Prints and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and so Real Estate on Commission. jan8-d&w1y1

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER,

&c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

ap12-2m B. & C. GREIG,
Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street. Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE,

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and better than any other establishment in this section of the country. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap15tf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers. The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain RATES PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN AND AMBRE, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIQUORS and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISKEY, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARTER BOXES Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONEY Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBACCO, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. Jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill cast Ings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.
St. Paul, July 5th, 1862. dly

BUGBEE'S CARPET STORE.

NEW CARPETS!

FRESH STOCK.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS.

These Goods are arriving daily from New York, and having been purchased before the late rise, are sold at but a slight advance on old prices. It is worth more than the interest on your money to purchase now.

FARMERS,

Send in your orders, and they will be promptly attended to. No person should enter St. Paul and not stop at BUGBEE'S CASH CARPET STORE, next door to Primrose's Furniture store,

Third Street, St. Paul.

ap12tf

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better Inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers.
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to

S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.
mar13-1f JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL,
Jan1-d1y For ——

FLORENCE SEWING

MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, weich, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00. No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00. No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-d1tf G. W. BABCOCK.

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradbury" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano-Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"*Strength and Beauty*" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.
WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine. e14-d&wly

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA.

jan29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CITY.

WHAT IS OUR MAYOR GOOD FOR?—We have waited long and patiently for our very worthy Mayor to fulfill the promise he made upon the suspension of the dog law, that at the expiration of the ten days of grace he would strictly enforce it. Nothing has been done in this direction and we believe that the Mayor intends to ignore the law because the greater number of unlicensed dogs are owned by a certain class of our fellow citizens who vote the straight "Dimmeratic" ticket. We believe that he willfully and intentionally violates the law which he is bound by his position to enforce, and that his note of warning proclamation was only a cover for this premeditated violation. We believe that he does not possess the manhood or physical or moral courage to enforce this law, and that he intends to use his neglect of this duty as an argument in favor of his re-election. We believe, furthermore, that so long as John Esaias Warren is Mayor of the city of St. Paul neither the dog law or any other law will be enforced if it conflicts with the wishes of his *peculiar* constituency. We believe that a public statement made over his official signature, that at the end of a certain period the dog law would be "promptly carried into execution" renders it necessary for him to do so to maintain a reputation for veracity, and that the expiration of twenty days beyond the appointed period, without "a move in the right direction," leaves but one conclusion on that point.

It is not necessary that he should spend "many weary hours in anxious thought" on this subject, and if it were, we doubt not that he has ample time, for, in addition to the three hours in the morning that he devotes to smelling committee business, we see him frequently, hobnobbing and drawing inspiration from the "Crystal Palace" fount of Alderman King's, on Third street, so much so that he is mistaken by strangers for the side-walk "roper-in" of the establishment.

Notwithstanding the culpable and illegal conduct of the Mayor there is a section from which some relief may be derived, which is as follows:

SECTION 5. "Whoever keeps a dog contrary to the provisions of this Chapter, shall forfeit Ten Dollars to be recovered by complaint, for the use of the person making the complaint."

We opine that a heavy speculation might be carried on in this line, and every one who knows of a person that is keeping an uncollared or unlicensed dog should inform immediately and receive the ten dollars reward.

We regret that we have a Mayor unworthy the confidence of the community and would much prefer to record correct commissions, than infamous o-missions. We do not feel called upon to answer the question that heads this article and accordingly leave it for the public, but if pressed for a response we should sum it up in the single word, NOTHING.

MILITIA MATTERS.—Some individuals are endeavoring to get themselves and other incapables foisted on the various regiments by persuading the Board of County Commissioners to appoint them at their next meeting, to fill the vacancies occasioned by the refusal to serve, of some who have already been appointed. This came, of course, from some of these candidates who have been so indefatigably buttonholing for the Regimental offices. It is a regular ward politician's game, and as such should be repudiated by all those who wish to see our militia offices filled by good men, and not usurped by persons who are appointed merely because they are pledged to sustain this one or that one for any coveted position on the Regimental roster. We trust the Board of County Commissioners will have nothing to do with this scheme, but let the companies fill vacancies on their first muster day, next Saturday.

To the Editors of the Press.

NOT BY REQUEST.—Please announce that the speech of Judge McCarty was not published in the *Pioneer* of the 29th at the request of the Democratic Club; that the Club took no vote on such proposition; that no such proposition was made before it; that although the Club heartily approve the speech and its doctrines, and were glad to see it published, it never dreamed of asking the *Pioneer* to publish it; that its publication must have been a mere business arrangement between the parties interested, none others knowing anything about it.

A MEMBER.

[We understand that the speech alluded to above is to be published in pamphlet form. It will undoubtedly secure for its author a national reputation.—ED. PRESS.]

DISTRICT COURT—TWENTY-THIRD DAY.—Eight cases of minor importance were tried yesterday.

A motion was argued for an arrest of judgment in the case of Michael O'Brien, indicted under the name of John Davis. The motion was denied.

An order was issued for the arrest of Patrick Ryan for contempt in refusing to obey a subpœna. Being out of town he has not yet been arrested.

AN AUCTION SALE of Furniture will take place this morning at 9 o'clock at the Boarding House of Mrs. Harrington, on Fourth street, in rear of the American House. A fine opportunity is offered for the purchase of Furniture, Crockery, Stoves, Bedding, &c.

THE *Pioneer* in a very ungentlemanly spirit intimates that E. H. Biggs told a falsehood to our reporter in denying that he was run away with on Sunday last. Those who know Mr. Biggs' reputation for veracity and honor, will not believe this mean insinuation. We have not the slightest doubt of the truth of his statement to us.

OPENING CONCERT.—Capt. Geo. Benz's Opening Concert comes off to-night at Union Hall, next to the Post Office Block, on Third Street. The Great Western Band will discourse some of their delightful music on the occasion. Capt. Benz has recently made some additions and improvements to his place, and it is now one of the most delightful retreats in the city.

NOTICE.—Rev. J. F. Dudley, a graduate of Dartmouth College and Bangor Theological Seminary, has been engaged to supply the pulpit of the Plymouth Congregational Church in this city for the season. He is expected to be here so as to commence his labors the first Sabbath in June. There will be no service except Sabbath School in this church to-morrow.

ANOKA COUNTY claims that it has exceeded its former quotas by one third, and that there will be no draft in that county. It may expect a large immigration at once from this county judging from the number who are trying to evade the draft.

C. DIETER, of the Fruit Store opposite Ingersoll's Hall, yesterday sent the editorial staff some nice pine apples, for which he has our thanks.

The PRESS boys also acknowledge the kindness of Jo. Hegemann, of the Half-Way House, for refreshments furnished last week. Hegemann keeps the best liquors, and knows how to get them up.

MCNAMEE of the *Pioneer* is laboring under one of his periodical spells of moroseness, and vents it on us. He insists we are suffering from shoulder-strap on the brain. His disease is "whiskey on the brain."

GOOD-BYE.—Mr. James King, recently a grocer on Wabashaw street, and meat dealer, leaves to-day for the Gold Mines, via. New York. Mr. King has many friends here who will sincerely regret his departure, and wish him good luck in his new home.

JO. HALL opens the Ice Cream season this evening with those delicious Strawberry and Pine Apple Creams his place is so famous for.

MAPS of Minnesota and Dakota just received and for sale at Morrill's. One dollar by mail.

CRAIGG'S microscope and objects at Morrill's. Price $2.50, and objects 15 cents each.

THE School Board holds its regular meeting on Monday night.

LOCAL NOTICES.

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country daily, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,

Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE,

Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

☞ Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my10-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public, I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & Prairie du Chien R. R.
ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

OLD SETTLERS ASSOCIATION.—The Annual meeting of "The Old Settlers Association," will be held at the Capital on Monday, the first day of June at 3 o'clock P. M. The attendance of all the Members is requested.

H. F. MASTERSON.
Chairman Ex-Committee.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third-st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

my3-3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

River and Steamboat News.

☞ The Mississippi River is reported as rising between here and the Lake, but at this point is on a stand. The Minnesota is also stationary. The dry weather continues, and it would require a week's rain to swell the river much.

☞ Business at the Levee was more dull yesterday than any day this season. The Key City held sole possession during most of the day.

☞ The Antelope arrived from Carver, but had almost no freight. She left at the usual hour, however, with quite a lot of freight.

☞ The Key City left at the usual hour last evening with a number of passengers.

☞ The Flora, Capt. Wilcox, which left for Mankato on Thursday evening, returned last night at dark. She reports only 24 inches of water on the rapids, and consequently was compelled to return. She re-shipped her freight and passengers on the Albany.

☞ The Prairie du Chien line have concluded to dispatch two very light draft steamers to ply on the Minnesota this season. They are expected here on Monday. Their names have not been made known yet.

☞ The growing importance of the trade of the Minnesota River, and its increasing magnitude, renders the obstruction at the Rapids more serious than ever. In low water it is almost an impassable barrier. It would not be a very extensive job for the various steamboat lines to remove it at their own expense. It is estimated that from two to three thousand dollars will improve the navigation so that boats will experience but little difficulty in passing up and down. Were this done, the amount would be saved in one season.

RECEIPTS.

Per Key City—J A Stees 15 pkgs; M Morin 4 pkgs; G P Peabody 3 do; J T West 16 do; Capt. Smith 1 horse; C Lamar 2 do; T & B 10 bundles bags; R O Strong 4 rolls; B & Co 7 bxs; Sheehy & Bro 7 chests; G C Slocum 1 buggy; Fairchild & M 3 bxs; Hogan & C 1 bale; W H Robinson 1 bx mdse; C S Peck 3 do; Dailey 12 bxs; C E Mayo 16 do; L B & C Greig 1 bx; C Doble 2 do; J P Lindsey 1 bdl madder; B Guest 1 chest; A Bigelow; 1 bx G & Holmes bbl whiskey; W W Davis 6 cases goods; Temple & B 8 bbls sugar; Z E B Nash 50 pkgs; Justice & F 5 bdl3 goods; J Nash 50 pkgs; Justice & F 5 bdls goods; J C Raguet 10 bxs; Presley 10 do.

A COMPLETE A SORTMENT OF *WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, RENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.*,

All of the very best material, just received and for sale by

ap24-1y NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND

Real Estate Agents,

Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.

D. L. CURTICE. ap22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, May 29, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds.....	¼ per ct. prem.
American Gold.....	45 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

What the Rebels Papers Say.

SHORT SUBSCRIPTIONS.

The Jackson (Miss.) *Appeal* carries at the head of its editorial columns a notice that "no subscriptions will be taken for a longer term than two months." Clearly, the editor has seen visions and dreamed dreams of coming Yankee visitations, prejudicial to the maintenance of rebel newspaper continuity.

IRON FURNACES.

The rebels have iron furnaces somewhere in Alabama, which they seem very desirous of efficiently operating. Workmen, however, are scarce, as is shown by the following from the Jackson *Appeal*

"HANDS WANTED.—Iron masters under contract with the government in Alabama are in need of a large number of hands. Their furnaces are located in a healthy region of country, where there is no danger of Yankee raids, and where provisions are plentiful. Parties who have negroes to hire, can gain any information in regard to these furnaces by addressing a letter to me at Selma, Ala.

"Wm. Richardson Hunt, Major, etc., on Ordnance duty, in charge of Iron and Mines."

It is possible that before this these iron masters have begun to think that their furnaces are not any more safe from "Yankee raids" than some other points at which Grierson and his gallant riders have recently left their cards.

MISPLACED CONFIDENCE.

Among other similar advertisements in the *Appeal* of a recent date, we find the following:

"Any person knowing anything of my servant man Sully Cox, will please tell him that I have just arrived from New Orleans, and can be found at the Bowman House, Jackson, Miss. He was sent to Holly Springs, Mississippi in August last. Any person knowing him will please give him a pass to Jackson.

"J. J. BRYANT."

Mr. Bryant is evidently a man of large faith. He has but to whistle, he imagines, and his "servant man" will rush to his arms as sheep to their shepherd. It is not unlikely, however, that his confidence has been misplaced. Since "August last" Sully Cox has doubtless reached a land where no pass will return him to bondage.

Champions of "Free Speech."

To the Editor of the New York Tribune:

SIR: I happened to be in the vicinity of the Peace meeting on Monday evening, and listened for a few minutes to the proceedings at stand No. 2. During the progress of the meeting an old gentleman was introduced whose name I did not learn. His speech was short and too good to keep from the people. I will give it to you word for word, for it was short and pointed. He commenced:

"Fellow Democrats, I am not John Brown—I am not Horace Greeley—I am not Bennett of the *Herald*. I am not Abraham Lincoln—I am a Democrat—a life-long Democrat. I never voted for any one but a Democrat. Abraham Lincoln did not commence this war. [Hisses mixed with applause.] South Carolina commenced this war. [Demonstrations of disapprobation.] I say South Carolina began this war by attacking Fort Sumpter. [Put him down.]

Amid great confusion the old man raised his voice and continued, "I came here to-night through the invitation of posters all through the city, as a friend of free speech," ["away with him!"] and in a rough manner the old man was dragged from the rostrum.

If that was not a traitors's meeting around that stand, I would like to know what one is?

From Eastern Kentucky—Humphrey Marshall Arrested and Sent to Richmond.

From a letter received from Maj. Jas. L. Foley, of the 10th Kentucky Cavalry, dated in camp near Owingsville, Bath Co., Ky., May 21, we extract the following:

We are still in *statu quo*. Nothing exciting has transpired. The scouting party sent to the mountains last week, has returned with some thirteen prisoners—one captain, two lieutenants, and several officers of inferior grade. The scouts had three or four skirmishes, with no loss to our side.

Carter and Morgan Counties are now comparatively free from any regularly organized force of rebels, yet the infernal horse-thieves give that county some trouble. We are gradually thinning these fellows out, and hope, in the course of time, to have quiet and good order restored. A Confederate soldier came into my lines yesterday, and gave himself up. He belongs to the 5th Kentucky (rebel) infantry, commanded by Col. H. Hawkins, who is at present encamped near Whitesburg, with his force of some 300 men and six pieces of artillery.

Humphrey Marshall was arrested before he left, and sent to Richmond as a prisoner. The charges against him are disloyalty to the "Confederate States." In fact it has been asserted by several individuals, much more reliable and respectable than this fellow, that the General is a Union man. His troops, at heart, have no confidence in him, and think he is either a coward or traitor to the cause for which he took up arms. Things look a little threatening in the direction of our Southern border.

Buckner is reported to be in our front with 17,000 troops, ready to cross the Cumberland as soon as it is fordable. Simon Bolivar will have a hard time with that number in this State, under the present administration, I have sent quite a number of prisoners to the rear since my arrival at this place. Hardly a day passes but some two or three are brought in for care and attention from the Department Commander. Rebel sympathizers are gobbled up by scores—coming under General Order No. 38. Two or three captured last week, will share the fate of Corbin and McGraw, recruiting papers having been found on their persons.

GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. TO YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits. MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dewee's FEMALE PILLS for obnctions, irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage*. Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. ALSO, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

☞ Office in Concert Hall, Third street.

OFFICE HOURS daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays from 2 to 5 P. M.

Address all communications to

DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,

my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE

OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,

JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota.

nov16-d&wly

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, Second Collection District, Minnesota. Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each, in addition to the license tax.

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.
Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street.
may28-d2w.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, UPPER LEVEE, ST. PAUL, MINN. May 18th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until June 5th, 1863, for furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named Posts:

POST ON SOUTH BRANCH ON WATONWAN
PRINCETON,
CAMP POPE,
FAIRMOUNT,
NEW ULM,
MANKATO,
ST. PETERS,
HENDERSON.

In case other Posts are established on or near the Minnesota River, the Contractor will be required to furnish said Posts with Fresh Beef at the contract price.

Separate Bids will be received for each of the above Posts or one bid may include all of them. The Contract to commence June 15th, and to be in force 6 months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm. A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARRANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded to him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid. Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S.," and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL.
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

my19 td

Mankato *Independent* please copy, send three copies and charge PRESS.

SPRING STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. B. LYGO,

Is selling at REDUCED PRICES, at her lately extended rooms, particularly adapted for her line of business.

COUNTRY MILLINERS

Will do well to call before selecting Goods elsewhere, as she is in weekly receipt of

Seasonable & Fashionable Goods

And has the facilities at all times of getting the LATEST FASHIONS.

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND ROBERT-STS. my27-1m

NEW PAPER AND STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,

FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,

Commercial and Ladies' Note,

PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,

Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE,
No. 230 Third-St.,
One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.
P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders. my16-1m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

Geo. E. Schnabel,

CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS., Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.

mar21-d&w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

Tin Plate &c.,

AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK. METALS. AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

199 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.

dec13-6m P. O. Box 3167.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH. 50 do. Pollock, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pick'ed Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine, Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES.—300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.—at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at

my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES.—600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *I've seen it.*

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Suttlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES	500	dozen,	fresh and fine.
RASPBERRIES	500	do	do
BLACKBERRIES	200	do	do
CHERRIES	200	do	do
WHORTLEBERRIES	300	do	do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs,
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinnikinick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine,	Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy,	Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy,	Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.

A full line, including every variety.

October 14, 1862.

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE FROM

Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.

The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between

Cleveland and Bayfield,

As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 24	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	August 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 30
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 4

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the *entire* season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.

☞ For further information, apply to

S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.

A beautiful lot of

ALPACCAS & SARATOGA

PLAIDS,

ALSO

A handsome lot of

LIGHT PRINTS,

HAIR NETTS,

Graindine Veils, &c.,

Which we are offering at

REDUCED PRICES.

CALL AND SEE THEM,

At 146 Third Street.

L. C. BURT,

my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

A. BLAKEMAN,

Has located his

JEWELRY STORE

On Third Street,

Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of

JEWELRY,

Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH.

I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of

JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS,

And everything in my line.

JUST RECEIVED,

15 Cases Clocks,

Manufactured by the

Seth Thomas Clock Company.

All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of

ap18-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON

SAFES

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. B. BRADEN,

May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,

ap17-1y No. 154 Third-st., St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

ST. PAUL PROPERTY.

$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.

A first-class Stone Store on Third street.

A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.

Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.

A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.

HENRY MCKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.

St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.

F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

REMOVAL!

COMBS

Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the

POST OFFICE BLOCK,

Third-St., St. Paul,

And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. jan23

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL,..... .....MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.
a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

UNION STORE FOR SALE.

ROSEMOUNT, DAKOTA CO., MINN.

Consisting of a new frame house, well finished, thirty feet front by thirty-five deep; kitchen attached, fifteen feet; handsomely finished inside, grained throughout; matched parlors, with sliding doors; piazza in front and balcony above. Cistern containing 200 barrels of water, under the kitchen, with filter pump in the kitchen; a good well on the premises; a good barn attached; 14 acres of ground—half acre enclosed with picket fence. The only store within 10 miles. Every thing new on the premises. Property of H. A. C. Hines; occupied by Wm. O'Donnell.

Also, a good Farm for sale in Le Sueur county, north of Faribault; 160 acres; house, barn, well, and other buildings; fenced, and a good sugar orchard on the farm.

All the above will be sold at a very reasonable price, as the owner is going east. Inquire of Wm. O'Donnell, residing on the premises. [m28-1m*

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., Pl'ff's Att'y, United States—50 cents, Original Process.

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Heyward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to rec

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, SUNDAY, MAY 31, 1863. NUMBER 128.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, SUNDAY, MAY 30.

THE BEAUTIES OF UNCERTAIN ELECTRICITY.

The fates are against us once more. Vicksburg is probably ours, and the telegraph finding itself inadequate for the transmission of such great intelligence collapses. We could hardly expect it to do otherwise, as it has for a long time been feeble and precarious, so much so that it is frequently unable to deliver itself of the most important portion of our dispatches. It is only a question of time, however, and it is fortunate that our slow telegraph cannot change the "good news coming."

POPE AND M'CLELLAN.

None of our generals had won a higher reputation as a bold, energetic, skilful and successful commander than General Pope, when he was called by the President to extricate M'Clellan from the perilous trap in which the latter had been caught by his own incompetency on the banks of James river.

His brilliant achievements at New Madrid and Island No. 10, which are among the few complete and decisive successes of the war, and at Corinth and other places, had given him an enduring claim to the admiration and gratitude of his countrymen, and justified his selection by the President for the very important duty to which he had been assigned of pulling M'Clellan's chestnuts out of the fire.

The difficulties and complications of the situation as they existed in the department of Virginia were not made by General Pope. He found them—accepted them and faced them. He was to perform the most difficult and the most perilous feat in war. He was to rescue an army thrice the size of his own out of a position of great danger, by diverting upon his small force the main strength of an enemy vastly superior in force, and having given them the opportunity to crush him, to battle and delay their pursuit, yet entice them on in the path of his retreat till he could effect a junction with the army he had rescued at a point agreed on, and then with this suddenly augmented army turn upon his pursuers and crush them with his then superior force. This, in brief, was the plan of Pope's Virginia campaign. The first part of it—all that which depended wholly upon himself and the army under his command—the diversion of the enemy from the James river, the slow, steady falling back from line to line, beating and battling the enemy at every step, to give M'Clellan time to escape and join him, all this was successfully and magnificently accomplished.

On the contrary, all that part of the programme which depended upon McClellan, the prompt abandonment of James river, and the rapid movement to co-operate with Pope's army, was not accomplished at all, or accomplished too slowly and too late to serve the objects contemplated. There is no fact of history more incontrovertibly established than that the disastrous issue of this second period of Pope's campaign was due wholly, first, to the insubordination of McClellan in refusing to make a movement, essential to the safety of Pope's army and the National Capital, for days after repeated orders to that effect had been given him; and, second, to the black-hearted treachery of Fitz-John Porter in imitating the example of his master.

The testimony upon these points is conclusive and overwhelming, and it all shows that if McClellan had obeyed orders and moved with anything like reasonable alacrity to the support of Pope, or if Fitz-John Porter had not flagitiously failed him in the crisis of a battle big with the fate of the nation, all the advantages of the struggle on that occasion would have been overwhelmingly in our favor and nothing but a miracle could have saved the rebel army from complete annihilation.

Of the three Generals prominently connected with that campaign, the *Pioneer* chooses as objects of its special, blind, and almost servile adoration, the two men, McClellan and Fitz-John Porter, who, by their omission to perform a single one of the co-operative duties assigned them—are wholly responsible for its disastrous failure; while for that one who did his whole duty nobly, faithfully, and well—and so far as depended upon himself, with uniform and complete success—for him, who was never defeated till he was defeated by traitors in the uniform and pay of the Nation, the *Pioneer* has nothing but the coarse ribaldry of slander and denunciation.

For the recreants—whom a high military commission has sentenced to the everlasting contempt of the Nation, whose cause they betrayed to a petty pique of jealousy—all honor and adulation.

For the victim of that dark conspiracy—who came out of the trial with the laurels of another victory on his brow—this time a victory over traitors in our own army—abuse only, and insult. No, not insult. The editor of the *Pioneer* might possibly manage to insult the shoeblack who polishes General Pope's boots, but his wildest flight of editorial obscenity could not reach higher or stain deeper than the mud which that shoeblack brushes from his heels.

If this were Richmond instead of St. Paul, and General Pope had come here a prisoner of war instead of the honored General of a Department, the dirtiest bushwhacker that shivers in his stolen rags in the purlieus of the rebel capital, would have scorned to greet the hero of Island No. 10 with the coarse and brutal effrontery of the *Pioneer*.

If the *Pioneer* shares the rebel bushwhacker's hatred of our loyal generals, let it at least imitate his manners, or send to Fort Snelling for a contraband to teach it the maxims of social decency which prevail even among the lowest of the race.

THE SPIRIT OF THE SPRING OF 1861.

The most splendid period of American history was that which saw the grand national uprising after the fall of Sumter. The serpent had not then sneaked into the garden. Copperheadism was then unknown, or known only to be crushed under the overwhelming weight of public sentiment. One of the most violent of the Copperhead sheets of the present day—the Cincinnati *Inquirer*—in May, 1861 well expressed the spirit of that time in these loyal and stirring word:

> While the people furnish the men, the money, and all the sinews of the war, we must look to the Government at Washington to select the fields of operation, to plan campaigns, to lead and order the men in battle. We must put confidence in that Government; we must stand by it in this crisis. We must do this, however much we may have opposed its accession to power. This is necessary, in order that there may be harmony and unity in action. *We are committing the lives of our young men, of our sons, our kindred, to its care. It must not be thwarted or distracted by opposition.* It must be trusted, and then held to a rigid accountability for the manner in which it discharges its awful trust. In this and in no other way can success crown our efforts.

Yes, in this and in no other way, can success crown our efforts. This language is as true now as then. We must return, all of us, everywhere throughout the North, to the earnest, determined, resolute, vitriolic spirit of that time before we can crush the rebellion, and it must be made impossible for the Cincinnati *Inquirers* and the New York *Worlds* and the Chicago *Times* and all the brawling Thersites of our camp to breathe the atmosphere of the loyal North, before this great work can be successfully accomplished.

BOGUS NEWS—HOW MADE.

The following, which we take from the Chicago *Tribune* of Friday, explains the reported capture of Vicksburg, which we received on Thursday evening and placed upon our bulletin board. Unfortunately the telegraph was not so prompt in denying the falsehood as in Chicago, and the report appeared in our issue of Friday. The heartless scoundrel who perpetrated this hoax deserves to be placed between the fires of the hostile armies, that he may have ample opportunity to know whereof he asserts when he forwards his next bulletin:

Some bright chap at Paducah sent a dispatch through to the St. Louis *Evening News*, yesterday, *via* Cairo, saying, with certain gratifying particulars, that Vicksburg had been taken. The contents of this having transpired at Cairo, a gentleman connected with the Ill. Cent. R. R. Co., sent the news to Mr. Osborne, President of the Company in this city; and he kindly communicated it to this office, in person. Soon afterwards, a bulletin appeared at our counting-room window, which read thus:

"Mr. Osborne, President of the Ill. Cent. R. R. Co., has a telegram, saying that

VICKSBURG IS OURS!

with 13,000 Prisoners, 20,000 Stand of Arms, and 180 pieces of Cannon!

The TRIBUNE has no confirmation of this news which is glorious—if true."

The report went in a hurry to the Board of Trade, then at the height of its daily busines, where it served to check operations and upset affairs generally.—But in ten minutes afterwards, thanks to the inquiries made by the telegraph office here, of Cairo and Paducah, whence the bogus report came, our bulletin was taken down, and the town went off into one of its old spasms of profanity. Luckily for the inventor of the *canard* he was out of reach! Can Paducah give us the name of the dirty dog who perpetrated the hoax?

COLONEL SANBORN AND THE FOURTH MINNESOTA.

On our second page will be found a graphic account of the battle of Jackson, where a brigade under Col. Sanborn, of this city, led the perilous and victorious advance. The Fourth Minnesota, Col. Sanborn's regiment, was in this brigade. Col. Sanborn had the honor of hoisting the stars and stripes on the State Capitol.

—The army correspondent of the New York *Times* related a serious joke which accidentally befell the accomplished Swiss General, Fogliardi, at the late battle of Chancellorville. Accustomed to the broad open and clear European battle-fields, where whole army corps can charge in line, without impediments, and where the surging squadrons of cavalry are the sweeping concomitants of every army, he could not exactly see how a great battle could be fought in that tangled, impenetrable wilderness, and remarked to a staff officer, noted for the force and brevity of his expressions, as well as his great personal bravery, "Zis is not a battle—zis is a grand skirmish!" "A skirmish!" reiterated the staff officer; "I'd have you understand, sir, that two or three skirmishes like this would wipe the whole Swiss nation off the face of the earth, sir!" and he rode down the line into the bullets with as much *sang froid* as though eating his breakfast.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE SUMMER CAMPAIGN.

DISPOSITION OF TROOPS ALONG THE FRONTIER.

A Net-work of Defences Along the Border.

THE TROOPS WHICH COMPRISE THE EXPEDITION.

The people throughout the State, and especially upon the frontier, feel the greatest interest in the disposition of the troops that are left for their protection during the absence of the expedition, and we accordingly present a carefully prepared statement of the forces that are to remain, and the places at which they will be stationed.

The interior line of defenses commences near the north-western limit of settlement at Fort Ripley, and extends along the border of our most western settlements, southward to the Iowa line, as follows:

At Fort Ripley, Co. C, 8th regiment infantry, Capt. Folsom, 25 cavalry, of Capt. Henderson's company, and four pieces of artillery are stationed.

In Stearns county a detachment of Capt. Cady's company, 8th Regiment, is stationed at Richmond, and at Sauk Center, Capt. Pettit's company of the same regiment, with 10 cavalry of Capt. Henderson's company.

In Meeker County detachments of Capt. Cady's company are stationed at Manannah, and Kingston. At Forrest City in the same county, Co. I, First Minnesota Mounted Rangers, Capt. Allen, is stationed with orders to patrol the surrounding country including Kaniyohi, Lincoln, McLeod, Sibley, Renville counties, &c.

Company E, 9th regiment, Capt. Jerome Dane, is stationed at Hutchinson in McLeod county, and a detachment of another company is near Lake Addie.

In Sibley county twenty-five convalescents are at Fort Goodhue near Kelso, and in addition all the convalescents of the 10th regiment will be sent to the same post.

Commencing with the exterior line of defences, we find at Fort Abercrombie four companies of infantry consisting of Co. D, 7th regiment, Capt. Banks; Co. D, 8th regiment, Capt. Geo Atkinson; Co. H. 8th regiment, Capt. Geo. McCoy; Co. G, 9th regiment, Capt. Barrett, and six pieces of artillery.

Capt. McLarty's company, of the 8th regiment will remain at Pomme de Terre; and at Alexandria, in Douglas county, Capt. Rockwood's company of Mounted Infantry is stationed.

This unites the exterior line of defences with the interior, which we have traced down to Brown and Nicollet counties. Three companies of the 9th Regiment, Captains Straight, Ford and Enoch, will be stationed at Fort Ridgley. One of the companies designed for Fort Ridgley will remain at Camp Pope until the return of the company that went to Fort Randall to guard the Indians.

Capt. Nix's cavalry company is stationed at New Ulm, with orders to scout from that post through Blue Earth, Faribault, Watonwan and Martin counties, as far down as the Iowa line.

Company B, 9th Regiment, Captain Strout, is stationed at St. Peter, with the exception of twenty men who are on detached duty.

This completes the posts at which troops are to be stationed during the summer, and if the reader will take a map of the State and note the points mentioned he will see a line of defences extending along the whole inhabited and a considerable portion of the uninhabited frontier. In addition to these preparations, Adjutant General Malmros is distributing arms among the settlers, and seven hundred and sixty guns were forwarded to Mankato and St. Peter last week to be issued according to the needs of the citizens.

The entire military force that will be left to guard the frontier during the campaign is summed up in the following table:

All of the 8th Regiment	864 men.
Eight companies of the 9th Regiment	700 "
Two " of Mounted Rangers,	198 "
One " of the 7th Regiment,	90 "
Total	1,852

This statement will relieve the apprehensions that have been entertained by many, lest they should be abandoned to their fate during the absence of the expedition.

When the expedition will move, is a matter of some uncertainty. It is designed to act in conjunction with Gen. Cook who is to move forward from Sioux City, Iowa. As the low water has prevented his receiving supplies some delay will ensue. Gen. Sibley now intends to leave this city for Camp Pope on Wednesday next, where he will await further advices from Gen. Cook.

The troops which are to compose the expedition consist of all of

The 6th Regiment;
Nine companies of the 7th Regiment;
Two companies of the 9th Regiment, Captains Chase and Baxter.
Eight companies of the 10th Regiment;
Nine companies of the Mounted Rangers;
One battery of 8 pieces, 130 men.

The train will consist of three hundred mule wagons, six mules to a wagon, and twenty ambulances.

The route which the expedition will pursue is not made public, but to use a Washington phrase, "it is rumored in high military circles" that it will move to the place where the Indians are located, which good authority gives as Devil's Lake.

Movements in the Rear of Vicksburg.

THIRD DAY OF THE SIEGE.

We have given previous accounts of Gen. Grant's movements, comprising the battles of Jackson, Champion Hills, and Big Black Bridge, and now take up the history of the advance upon Vicksburg, as given by the correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune:*

PROGRAMME OF ADVANCE.

IN THE REAR OF VICKSBURG, May 19.—In the advance upon Vicksburg, it was necessary that all the avenues of approach should be occupied, both to prevent the possibility of escape and also to prevent the throwing in of supplies. The line of railroad communication with the east being broken, these were not expected. Sherman then crossed the river and made he best of his way to Haines' Bluff, covering and occupying with a portion of his column the Spring Dale road; McPherson approached the city on the Vicksburg and Jackson road parallel with the railroad, while McClernand moved out on the Vicksburg road a short distance beyond Bovina, and there turned abruptly south until he reached the Baldwin's Ferry road. Thus every approach to Vicksburg was firmly held, except that from Warrenton. It was, I believe, expected that an army corps would land and occupy Warreton, and perhaps Gen. Hurlbut has already done so. In that event we may be said to have them like rats in a cage, in which case we may offer them one of two alternatives—starvation or surrender.

ACROSS THE RIVER.

During the night the sharpshooters retired, and there was nothing to oppose our progress, as we crossed the river early Monday morning. On the top of the bluff we had the most satisfactory evidence of the extraordinary haste of the rebels in their departure. Tents were left standing near the river's age, where the bullets of our sharpshooters could most easily reach them, but on the top of the hills beyond were piles of burning tents, corn and commisary stores. In two places were found piles of gun barrels, which the night before had been thrown into the fire to prevent them fall into our hands.

BOVINA.

This is a small village of possibly a dozen houses, among them a store, depot, and masonic lodge. The latter is now used as a Confederate hospital, and floats the yellow flag. There were four officers here, who fell into our hands, and are now retained as prisoners.

IN THE REAR OF VICKSBURG.

We passed Mount Alban, a little mountain hamlet, undeserving special mention, about noon, and reached (McClernand's corps) Baldwin's Ferry road, up which we moved until we were within three miles from Vicksburg, where we encamped, and remained unmolested until daybreak.

THE INVESTMENT.

The troops sat down before the forts at ten o'clock Tuesday morning, and remained in order of battle all day long. Lines of skirmishers were thrown out and batteries planted upon elevations which command the enemy's position. This was followed by fierce cannonading, which on our side evidently accomplished considerable damage. We could see several guns dismounted. The rebel soldiers were drawn up in line of battle outside the fortifications, with skirmishers in advance. The two lines met and skirmished for several hours, but no general engagement followed. At length our artillery was turned upon the rebel lines, and they were forced to retire into their breastworks under cover. Our skirmishers pressed closely the heavy intrenchments, but could only get an occasional shot, as some careless rebel, more curious than wise, lifted his tangled locks above the parapet.

FORTIFICATIONS.

These are numerous and formidable. On the left they extend to the river, and on the right to the Yazoo at Haines' Bluff, with a line of earthworks to the river again, below the city. This line is placed upon the tops of the hills nearly equidistant from Vicksburg, just about a mile and a half from the inner entrenchments. It is this outer line which stands in our pathway and will not let us enter. The works present an altitude of from ten to fifty feet, with sides in this direction, sloaping and precipitous.

A BLUNDER.

Some one, without knowing the ground, heedless of consequences, ordered a charge upon the left of the line. The fortifications opposite our left, were fully manned and so constructed that every hollow and hillside leading thereto, could be swept by a terrible enfilading fire. It was murder to attempt the charge without first reducing them by artillery. It cost a hundred men yesterday, to teach the General who gave the order so palpable a fact.

THE CHARGE.

Gen. Osterhaus occupied the extreme left, and Gen. Carr and Gen. Smith the right of him. Gen. Lee, who was early Tuesday morning relieved of the command of the division by Gen. Osterhaus, and assigned to the command of the 1st brigade, held Osterhaus' extreme left. From his position, he could seexteen earthworks, bearing upon the ground over which he was ordered to charge. He considered the order to lead his men through such a fearful tempest, premature, but expressed his willingness to attempt it. It was insisted upon, and the order "forward" was given. His men, naturally dismayed at the terrible tempest, failed to come up as promptly as he desired, and placing himself at the head of his brigade, he again ordered the charge with the few regiments who emulated his gallant conduct.

At this instant he was struck by a large bullet, evidently from a canister, fired at the advancing column—and knocked headlong and senseless upon the earth. The missile had entered the right cheek and passed entirely through his neck, coming out behind. Gen. Lee was removed to the hospital, when the order was again given to charge, but almost immediately thereafter countermanded. In the execution of this blundering order thirty men were wounded in Lee's brigade alone, and two killed. The loss in the other brigade of Osterhaus' division, and in Smith's two brigades each equaled that of Lee's brigade. Gen. Lee's wound is a very serious one, but not necessarily fatal.

SIEGE GUNS ON THE LEFT.

It was now nearly dark, and the entire army went into camp again, just out of range of the enemy's guns. During the night, two heavy 32-pounder Parrott siege guns were placed in position on a hill commanding the fortifications on the left, and a slight earth work thrown up to protect a light battery, and at 2 o'clock this (Wednesday) morning, they are all in operation upon the enemy. This fire was continued until daylight, without provoking a reply. Our guns have fired at intervals during the day, and have succeeded in dismounting several of the enemy's guns. The sharpshooters are within 200 yards of the fortifications, and shoot so closely that the rebels find no opportunity to work their guns.

OPERATIONS ON THE CENTRE.

I visited the centre this afternoon, and found Gen. McPherson well up to the fortifications before him. He was placing in position, less than half a mile from the principal work on his front, two immense siege guns, with which he expected soon to open upon the enemy. His sharpshooters, too, were busy picking off the rebels as they showed their heads above the parapets. They managed to elude their vigilance, however, and several Minie bullets came whistling past my ears as I stood near the heavy ordinance. After I had reached my quarters, I heard a tremendous cannonade in that direction. I have not heard the result.

THE SITUATION ON THE RIGHT.

Gen. Sherman occupies the right, and the same relative position to the entrenchments before him, as the other divisions of the attacking army, the left and center, to those before them. His line of skirmishers are within a hundred and fifty yards of the fortifications, engaged in the pleasant occupation of picking off rebel skirmishers and gunners.

RANSOM'S BRIGADE.

Ransom's brigade occupies the right of McPherson's force. The 72d—Board of Trade regiment—is with him. He yesterday had sixty killed and wounded, but I have not yet learned among what regiments this loss is distributed.

TO-MORROW.

To-morrow promises to be a lively day. Siege guns are in position, which will doubtless make no slight impression on the rebel works. They will be very likely to open at day-light, and if the guns and entrenchments are damaged to any considerable extent, I shall look for a charge along the entire line. In that event, from the nature of the works and the difficulty of approach, the slaughter will be immense.

RUMORS.

It is rumored about camp that Johnson has slipped in Vicksburg by the Warrenton Road. In that event we are relieved from apprehensions of attack in our rear. It is further rumored, that the gunboats and mortar boats will make a simultaneous attack with us at daybreak.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE NORTH.

We now have communication with the Mississippi above Vicksburg by way of Chickasaw Bayou. A hundred wagons loaded with ammunition and provisions arrived this evening. There is no danger of starvation. The skies look bright, and the future full of promise.

THINGS FORGOTTEN.

I forgot to mention under its proper heading, that during the series of battles from Bruinsburg to this point, we captured seventy-four pieces of artillery, over ten thousand stands of small arms, and over 50,000 prisoners. We have fought five battles, and with them uniform success. We propose to cap the climax by the capture of Vicksburg. Surely, this is glory enough for one campaign.

Third Day of the Siege of Vicksburg.

IN THE REAR OF VICKSBURG, Third Day, May 21, 1863.

I have nothing new to relate of to-day's operations in the rear of Vicksburg. The advance of our line is within 100 yards of the forts, within which the enemy seem determined to remain. We have shelled the enemy's position at intervals during the day, but so far without material results. Ever since daylight this morning the mortarboats and gunboats in front of the city have kept up a continuous roar. Some of the shell burst in this region, but the elevation is so great they do no harm.

Not a rebel sharpshooter has to-day shown his head over the works. Neither have the enemy fired a shot, so far as I have discovered. They are doubtless economising against the time when the assault is made.

New Advertisements.

AGENCY OF THE

U. S. "5-20" Year Loan.

These Bonds bear Six per Cent. interest, payable in Gold semi-annually. We supply them, in all denominations, at Par, interest commencing to the purchaser upon depositing the money with us.

The privilege of subscribing to this Loan will cease July 1, 1863.

Orders should, therefore, be sent in without delay.

LIVERMORE, CLEWS & CO.,
Bankers and Agents for U. S. "5-20" Loan,
34 Wall Street, New York.

Government Securities of all descriptions for sale at the lowest market rates, and orders executed for the purchase and sale, at the BROKERS' BOARD, of all current Securities, Coin, &c., &c.
my31-4tw

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,
Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.
POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.
my31-3m

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest. 57 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 200 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect.
my22-3w C. G. HARRISON, Hastings, Min.

FROM VICKSBURG.

Particulars of the Investment.

THE CITY COMPLETELY SURROUNDED.

IT MUST SOON FALL.

The Rebel Force Stated at from 25,000 to 30,000.

PEMBERTON OFFERS TO SURRENDER CONDITIONALLY.

GRANT REFUSES TO ACCEPT THE TERMS.

CHICAGO, May 11.—A special to the *Journal* from Cairo. says paroled prisoners who left Sherman's Landing on the 23d ult., state that just before leaving they conversed with a bearer of dispatches from Pemberton to Johnston, who had been captured. The dispatch bearer says the number of rebels at Vicksburg is between 25,000 and 30,000. Friday morning Pemberton sent a flag of truce to Grant, offering to surrender Vicksburg if Grant would allow the rebels to lay down their arms and march out.

The proposition was promptly negatived by Grant, and he reiterated his already historical answer, promulgated on a former occasion, under somewhat similar circumstances, "Tell your General that I demand, and will only accept, an *unconditional surrender* of his entire force. I shall immediately proceed to move upon his works." Thus has this General again well and fairly earned the appellation given him by his soldiers of "Unconditional Surrender Grant."

On Thursday, the rebel batteries on the hill north of the town, were taken and turned on the enemy. The same day the water batteries at the foot of the hill were captured. The same evening the water batteries below Vicksburg were taken by Porter's gun boats.

On Friday, after the refusal to accept Pemberton's terms of surrender, Grant moved on his works, and the rebels were driven to the inner fortifications.

Logan guards Black River Bridge, and Grant feels certain that he will be able to take care of Johnston. The latter has only about ten thousand men, exclusive of what he may have by reinforcements. Grant's army is larger than generally supposed, quite numerous enough for the work in hand. It stretches completely around the doomed city, each wing resting on the river.

Vicksburg is full of women and children not only the original inhabitants there but many who came in from the surrounding country for safety.

A special to the *Times*, dated three miles east of Vicksburg, says our wounded in the battle of Champion Hill number over 1.700. The enemy's loss is acknowledged as not half that number. We had 20,000 troops engaged and the enemy had about 10,000, according to accounts from their wounded.

We took 3,000 prisoners and 3,000 at the battle at the bridge.

Gen. Sherman crossed on a pontoon bridge. McPherson's and McClernand's corps built three bridges on Sunday night, and crossed their commands by Monday noon.

At four o'clock the advance of Sherman's corps, under Steele, reached the enemy's works back of the city, and took position on the right, on the bluffs above it, and commenced the bombardment.

Gen. McPherson planted his command in the front and in our center. Gen. McClernand took the extreme left, which reached almost to the river below. All possibility of escape being cut off, every living man, woman or child must fall into our hands.

All forenoon yesterday different brigades were taking positions, forming in line of battle, &c. At two o'clock the battle began in earnest, after skirmishing all the forenoon.

Gen. Steele drove the enemy from several forts, and took one complete line of fortifications fronted by rifle pits. His extreme right rested on the river bank under the bluff at sundown. His division fought gallantly all day, though hungry, dirty, foot sore and sleepy.

Sherman's left and McPherson's right are in supporting distance. Both advanced their lines of skirmishers to within fifty yards of the breastworks, and their artillery to within 500 yards, and are in position at these distances this morning.

Gen. McClernand is not progressing so fast, but is doing well.

We lost about 1,500 in killed and wounded yesterday. This morning a simultaneous assault will be ordered on the enemy's works, it is understood, from all points.

Modern Democracy.

The true objects of the leaders of the rebellion are pretty plainly indicated by the following extracts from De Bow's *Review*, which is their especial organ. We commend them to the attention of the men of the North who are giving their countenance to rebels and traitors, under the belief that they are Democrats. What they would do if they could, may be inferred from what De Bow says is right and true:

The real civilization of a country is in its aristocracy. The masses are moulded into soldiers and artizans by intellect, just as matter and the elements of nature are made into telegraphs and steam engines. The poor, who labor all day, are too tired at night to study books. If you make them learned, they soon forget all that is not necessary in the common transactions of life.

To make an aristocrat in the future we must sacrifice a thousand paupers. Yet we would by all means make them—make them permanent too, by laws of entail and primogeniture,

The right to govern resides in a very small minority; the duty to obey is inherent in the great masses of mankind.

All government begins with usurpation, and is continued by force.

There is nothing to which the South entertains so great a dislike as universal suffrage. Wherever foreigners settle together in large numbers, there universal suffrage will exist.

—Some of the Secessionists in Louisville having made a disturbance at the theatre in that city, when national airs were played, the manager on the following evening gave notice just before the airs were played, and stated that any one who wished, could withdraw. A number of persons, including several ladies, contemptuously rushed to the door, but alas! the provost guard was at the door, and politely escorted the company to the guard house, where they could cultivate patriotism. So the play had rather a tragical end.

DIED.

On Saturday morning, at 8 o'clock the 30th inst., of Consumption, FREDDY CALLENDER, youngest son of Frederick Callender, aged 10 months and 10 days.

New Advertisements.

A. H. WIMBISH,

Dealer in CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES, Jackson-st., bet. 5th and 6th., constantly on hand Sugars, Coffees, Teas, Hams, Potatoes, Oats, Bran, Choice, Butter, Eggs, Fruits, Nuts, Vegetables, &c. ☞ Goods delivered without extra charge.
my30

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office.
my30-tf

PICTURES.

Joseph Bugbee

has for sale at his Carpet Store two beautiful

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

BY DEJARDIN.

VALUE, $25 A PIECE.

None expecting a cheap picture need call and look at them. They *are* GEMS.

CARPETS Cheap as Ever.

my31-tf.

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On Real Estate in the city of Saint Paul. Enquire of THOMPSON BROTHERS,
my30-3t Bankers.

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee. H. E. BAKER & CO.,
my30 Auctioneers.

NEW YORK LADIES'

HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
may28-1m* MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.
my29-1w C. W. WOOLLEY, Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Chalii Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS.

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,
my30-tf near Suspension Bridge.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

Early Nansemonds, at the Groveland Garden and Nursery, by the 100 to 1000. Also, a good supply at the Auction Rooms of FAIRCHILD & MARCH. They may be planted up to the middle of June. Orders by mail must be addressed to us at St. Paul.
my30-3t L. M. FORD & CO.

AUCTIONS FOR THE WEEK.

Over 200 vols. Law Books, Tuesday, June 2nd, at 10 o'clock: a stock of Shoes, Wednesday the 3d, at 10 o'clock—sold only by the Box; Dry Goods on Friday at 10, and on Saturday at the County Fair sales Yard, Horses, Oxen, Cows, Mules, Wagons, Buggies, Threshers, Reapers, Plows, Cultivators, Iron Safes, &c. &c.
FAIRCHILD & MARCH,
my31-2t Auction and Commission Merchants.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

THE BATTLE OF JACKSON.

THE FIRST BRIGADE UNDER COLONEL SANBORN LEADS THE ADVANCE.

The 4th Minnesota in the Front.

Col. Sanborn Plants the Flag on the State Capitol.

The following extract from a letter to the Cincinnati *Commercial*, gives an account of the battle of Jackson, the brunt of which was borne by the First Brigade under Colonel Sanborn, of this city. This brigade includes his Regiment, the Fourth Minnesota. The description of the advance is one of the most thrilling episodes of the war;

THE BATTLE OF JACKSON.

The battle of Jackson was won by a simple charge upon the rebel forces. The details of the affair are as follows: The divisions commanded by Generals Logan and Crocker marched from Clinton this morning at six o'clock—Gen. Crocker in the advance. We expected to meet the enemy in force at least five miles from Jackson. Our troops moved cautiously along, encountering rebel cavalry pickets about three miles from Clinton. The pickets fell back rapidly until within three miles of Jackson, when we came upon their main force. The rebel position was a good one—on a gentle slope, with heavy timber in the rear, and on either side. Their line was nearly three miles long, of which the 17th corps engaged about one half, Sherman on the right, giving his attention to the other half.

On ascertaining the situation of the enemy, Croker ordered the 1st Missouri battery, of four Parrott guns, into position to feel their artillery strength. A reply from three batteries was elicited before long, and an artillery duel commenced and was continued for upwards of half an hour, without any decisive results to either side. The infantry were now ordered into action. The first move was a signally successful charge—a charge that should immortalize every participant, and fill with pride the hearts of all who admire true courage and heroic devotion to the cause of the American Union. No pen can reproduce the impression made upon the minds and hearts of all who witnessed it. The imagination of the artist has equaled it—never excelled it.

A mile of open space lay between us and the enemy, every foot of which was controlled by the well served artillery of the foe. The task before our brave soldiers was to form on a hill in face of this terrific fire, and move forward to victory or death.

The first brigade, under Col. Sanborn, consisting of the 4th Minnesota and 59th and 58th Indiana, and the second brigade, under Col. Holmes, consisting of the 10th Missouri, 17th Iowa, 56th Illinois and 80th Ohio, *were selected for the bloody work. They formed in line and advanced steadily. They had two hills to ascend and descend. The shot and shell from the enemy's batteries fell thick among them, threatening destruction to all.* The lines began to waver. Some hearts began to quail, as they approached the jaws of death. They halted for a few moments under cover of a hill side. Words of encouragement were spoken by the commanding officers—every man was nerved to the struggle—"Forward"—again, and the long line of heroes ascended a heavy slope, with colors flying and voices shouting. Three minutes of double quicking, indifferent to an enfilading fire of grape and canister, and the fire of musketry at deadly range, commenced. Another minute and our men sent up the loud shout of victory, as the defeated foe left the field in panic-stricken haste. All was over. Nearly two hundred Union soldiers had fallen, but the day was ours.

THE REBEL RETREAT.

The rebels retreated in hot haste before the two brigades of Gen. Crocker's division. Our Generals thought they had fallen back to a better position, and made every preparation for another attack upon them. The two divisions of McPherson's corps followed them up closely in line of battle, expecting every moment to hear from them at a second stand point. But, while we thought they were forming for another struggle, they were making the best of their way out of Jackson, on the road leading to Canton, Miss. At about noon, a heavy column of smoke arose from the beleaguered city. This might be a signal, or it might be a large conflagration—we did not know which. We have since learned by observation, that it was occasioned by the burning of the railroad depot, which was filled with army stores.

GEN. SHERMAN'S PART IN THE FIGHT.

Gen. Sherman opened the ball on the right at about 9 o'clock A. M. I cannot speak in detail of his movements, as I did not witness them, being on the battle ground on the left all day. The part he took can, however, be judged from his casualty list, which is very small—only two or three killed and a proportionate number wounded, I believe. After the rout by Crocker's men, the rebels were panic stricken all along the lines. Gen. Sherman arrived in the city immediately after Col. Sanborne had hoisted the Stars and Stripes on the Capitol building.

THE REBEL FORCE.

The rebels had 10,000 men in the fight. Had we postponed the engagement half a day, they would have had twice that number, as reinforcements were hourly expected. The 24th South Carolina and 46th Georgia arrived last night from Charleston. They were eight days in coming. There were several regiments of Port Hudson troops in the fight.

LOSSES.

Our loss in killed and wounded will reach two hundred, all sustained during the charge. The 17th Iowa lost heaviest. The rebel loss was less than ours, owing to the fact that they were under heavy cover, while our men were in an open field. We took probably a hundred prisoners. I will send you our casualty list as soon as it can be obtained.

PEMBERTON OUTGENERALED.

Gen. Joseph E. Johnston arrived in Jackson last night from Tennessee, to direct affairs here. On learnig "the situation," he expressed himself disgusted with Pemberton's management, and said he would have no hand in it, as defeat was inevitable.

Pemberton has been outgeneraled by Grant. He has had a heavy force at Big Black Bridge, expecting an attack there, instead of strengthening an important point like Jackson.

There are no fortifications here, except some feeble efforts made by Gov. Pettus last winter, which are so situated that an attack on them would involve the destruction of the city. The citizens here are very loud in their denunciations of Pemberton, and declare that he has sold the State of Mississippi to the enemy.

IN JACKSON.

We arrived in Jackson at about three o'clock this afternoon. The citizens were very much agitated, lest we should burn their town, ravish their women, and do such other deeds as can only be conceived in the heart of a detested Yankee. We found a large number of tents pitched where the rebel camps had been—officer's baggage in large quantities, etc., showing all the evidences of a precipitate retreat; also five Parrott guns, and about twenty gun carriages, caissons, etc.

Jackson is a very pretty city; built on aristocratic principles, and inhabited by the class of people always to be found at State capitals—office-holders, politicians, lawyers, and other metropolitan "inevitables." Under ordinary circumstances, it would do for me to devote some space to a description of the town, but three battles in two weeks have eclipsed such minor matters, and furnished enough gunpowder material for my letters.

CONGRATULATORY ORDER.

Gen. McPherson issued the following order to-day:

HEADQUARTERS 17TH ARMY CORPS, DEPARTMENT OF THE TENNESSE JACKSON, Miss., May 14, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS, NO 18.

Soldiers of the 17th Army Corps:

Your General congratulates you on your noble endurance and heroic bravery.

Your long and tedious marches through dust and heat, borne without a murmur; your unflinching courage and victorious onsets at Port Gibson, Raymond and Jackson, driving the enemy at every point, prove you worthy your noble ancestry, and have made you heroes in American history.

Your General is proud of you. Your country honors you, and will remember you and your deeds with gratitude and exultation.

The enemy is still active, though defeated. Let us press him and crush him, till one Nationality is owned and one flag alone—the flag of our fathers—floats over American soil and protects American people. JAS. B. McPHERSON, Major General Commanding.

Sedgwick's Attack on Fredericksburg—How Ordered—Balloons, Telegraphs, and Signal Flags.

Army of the Potomac Letter to N. Y. Tribune.

The aids which science has brought to bear since the commencement of the rebellion, were well illustrated during the late battles on the Rappahannock. When the army crossed the river at Chancellorville, the wires followed, and communication was at once established with the different corps. As soon as Gen. Hooker was ready for action, he telegraphed to Prof. Lowe to know the weakest point of the enemy's lines. The answer from the balloon was, "the hights of Fredericksburg." Soon the order came for Sedgwick to storm that point, and all know how brilliantly this was done. He was then ordered to advance and effect a junction with Hooker, which order was communicated by telegraph part of the way, and by signal the other part, but he was prevented from doing this on account of the enemy being massed in front of him. It was then discovered that a large body of rebels had succeeded in making a flank movement, and repossessing themselves of the intrenchments he had so recently taken, thus cutting him off from Fredericksburg and his base of supplies. An order then came for him to retreat by Banks' Ford, which was communicated by signal directly over the heads of the enemy in his rear, and bridges having been laid in spite of the efforts of rebel sharpshooters to prevent it, he succeeded in crossing in safety, thus escaping from a position where annihilation or capture seemed inevitable.

Highly Important News—Heavy Reinforcements for Gen. Banks' Army—Iron-clads Coming to his Aid—Mobile and Galveston to be Attacked.

From the New Orleans Era, May 5.

We have good reason for saying that a large part of the forces under Gen. Hunter, and most of the iron-clads recently engaged at Charleston, are now on their way to this department.

We believe that in *twenty days both Mobile and Galveston will be in our possession.*

This announcement will give the liveliest satisfaction to all who appreciate the immense importance of operations in the Department of the Gulf. The splendid success of recent movements by the Commanding General and Admiral Farragut has shown what might be achieved by an adequate force; and with the important additions to our army and fleet, above indicated, we look for the speedy accomplishment, in this department, of every thing that can be desired by the friends of the Union.

More Southern Braggadocio.

The Richmond papers of last week teem with leading articles indicative of a desire to impress the Southern people with a belief in the intention of the rebel leaders to carry the war into the Free States. The *Enquirer*, while professing to consider Vicksburg safe, although closely invested by Grant, and able to hold out until reinforcements can arrive to raise the siege, declares that, even should it fall, remembrance of the disaster will soon be forgotten in more momentous events. The *Enquirer* proceeds to prophesy that the North will soon receive a blow more brilliant in design and execution, and more serious in consequences, than any that has been dealt since the beginning of the war. And the *Examiner* of the 21st inst. says:

"Since the first battle of Manassas, the Southern army has never had so evident an opportunity to gain a victory. With all our glorious battles we have not yet recovered a single lost city, or delivered any subjugated State from the thrall of the invader. If we can ever do such a thing, we must hope to do it shortly, for we shall never behold our foe so weak again. From the first day, the only reasonable hope of the Confederacy has been the transfer of hostilities to the enemy's territory. If we cannot do that, the progress of invasion, however slow, must, after a time, overwhelm us. No treaty of peace is possible, save that signed on the enemy's soil, and if our armies can ever go there at all the time is at hand when they will do so."

Lincoln as General.

The Chicago *Tribune* says: And if the President, who is the best military man in or about Washington, will only draw his sword and put himself at the head of that Potomac army, we may get a victory in Virginia that will end the war in six months. We devoutly believe that he has more horse sense than any of his subordinates in the Eastern army; and that, having steadily, and under the spur of a great necessity, applied himself to the study of military affairs, particularly to the necessities of the country around the Capital, he is fully competent to assume in person the active duties of his high place as Commander-in-Chief.

THE New York *Herald* has done it. The leading article in that paper of the 22d inst., discourses on the splits in the Administration party, the dangers of the contest in the next Presidential election between the Copperhead and Abolition fanatics, and proposes a "common Presidential ticket and platform," saying:

"We are informed in this connection that it is highly probable that President Lincoln will be the man. His well known conservative views and inclinations, and his unquestioned honesty, patriotism and singleness of purpose in the prosecution of this war, will render him to a great extent acceptable to thoughtful men of all parties."

If the rebellion should be substantially crushed before the next Presidential campaign, the *Herald* says:

"The popular voice of a grateful country will enforce another term upon Abraham Lincoln. In any event, to avoid confusion and to secure harmony in the loyal States, we know of no better plan of operations than to bring out Mr. Lincoln at once as the conservative war candidate for the next Presidency; and so we say to the conservative men interested in the movement, proclaim your candidate to the country, and take the inside track."

Van Dorn's Staff Come to his Rescue.

General Van Dorn's staff deny that he was killed by Dr. Peters for domestic reasons stated by him. They say:

Gen. Van Dorn had never seen the daughter of his murderer but once; while his acquaintance with Mrs. Peters was such as to convince us, his staff officers, who had every opportunity of knowing, that there was no improper intimacy between them; and for our own part, we are led to believe that there were other and darker motives, from the fact that Dr. Peters had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States Government, while in Nashville, about two weeks previously—as we are informed by refugees from the city—that he had remarked in Columbia, a short time before, "that he had lost his land and negroes in Arkansas, but he thought he shortly would do something which would get them back;" and finally, that having beforehand torn down fences and prepared relays of horses he made his escape across the country direct to the enemy's lines.

Carl Schurz.

The *World*, in its ignorant malice, says:

"The disgraceful rout of the Eleventh corps [at Chancellorsville] was due more to the incompetency of General Schurz than to the cowardice of his men."

—The blunders in this are mountainous. Gen. Schurz was not in command of the Eleventh corps. Its conduct was not "disgraceful," unless to whoever permitted it to be taken in flank and rear by surprise. Nothing like "incompetency" was evinced by Gen. Schurz, who handled his brigade bravely and ably, though unable to stop thirty thousand men with fifteen hundred. But the *World* cannot help hating a man who resigned an easy Embassy and $10,000 a year to come home and peril his life in a subordinate post, in fighting the Slaveholder's Rebellion.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

"Military Necessity."

From the N. Y. Tribune.

Gen. Burnside, who ordered the arrest and trial by Court Martial of Vallandigham, is a life-loug Democrat, and was the Democratic candidate for Congress in the eastern district of Rhode Island six years ago. Judge Leavitt, who refused the writ of habeas corpus prayed for in behalf ot Vallandigham, and thereby left him to be tried as aforesaid, is a life-long Democrat, and was appointed to his Federal Judgeship by Gen. Jackson. Gen. Jackson's own action in the cases of Louallier and Judge Hall at New Orleans is well known, and was deliberately approved by a recent Democratic Congress, which under the lead of Stephen A. Douglas, repaid Old Hickory the fine inflicted on him after peace by Judge Hall for contempt in resisting a writ of habeas corpus and imprisoning the Judge who granted it. Gen. Jackson's deliberate declaration, long after his passions had had time to cool, that, had he been Military Commandant in New England in 1814, he would have hung the principal members of the Hartford Convention under the second section of the Articles of War, seems to us to cover all the ground taken by Gen. Burnside in dealing with Vallandigham, and a great deal more.

We, however, not being of the Jacksonian school, and never liking the precedent set by Gen. J. in imprisoning J. dge Hall, are nowise bound thereby in the present case.

—The New York *Tribune's* New Orleans correspondent, writing on the 12th, says:

The victories of General Banks on the Teche, and the opening of the whole country from here to the Red River, will be the means of bringing into the market not less than 100,000 bales of cotton; and, as a consequence, during the last week large fortunes have been lost by the fall in the price. Strictly middling cotton sold yesterday for forty-eight cents, while the same cotton, three weeks ago, was worth sixty-five cents. It is the belief of many knowing ones here that cotton will soon be down to thirty-five cents per pound.

KIRBY'S COMBINED
Reaper and Mower.
H. A. PITT & CO'S
THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND
Real Estate Agents.
Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attond to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.

D. L. CURTICE. sp22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

THOUGHTS AND FACTS FROM BOSTON.

BY OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

BOSTON, May 25, 1863.

To the Editors of the St. Paul Press:

There has been no time certainly for one year, when there has been such a general dearth of military and political news of general interest, as at the present. Public attention is just now directed to the formation of colored regiments, two of which, the 54th and 55th, have been in camp at Readville.

There is not so much talk as formerly by those that would be Brigadier Generals and Colonels that they would rather be beaten without the help of the Negro, than be victorious with his aid. The idea is fast passing from men's minds that the Negro is cowardly, and prefers slavery to freedom. The gallant achievements of Robert Small, who certainly showed more ability to get a steamer out of Charleston harbor than our commanders do to get their iron-clads in—that unnamed hero, who at the siege of Little Washington when the Federal flatboat grounded, said, "Somebody must die to put her off," and deliberately got on shore to accomplish his object, and fell, pierced by five rebel bullets, proving himself possessed of courage to do the most efficient of tasks. All through the West, in every department where they have been fairly treated, they have displayed a courage and patient endurance that is worthy of their traditionary fame.

Who that has heard of the great astronomer, a pure African, Benjamin Bannecker, can doubt that they are possessed of some ability. Who that has read of the marvelous achievements of Toussaint L'Ouverture, and his brave followers, and their struggles for independence, can doubt their courage? When we remember that but a few centuries ago, the boasted Anglo Saxon race were serfs sold with the land, and that they waited till Christianity and civilization broke their chains, and recollect that Spartacus organized and led the slaves of Rome against the inspired mistres of the world, that "there never was a race that, unaided, tore off its own fetters and forged them into swords, and won their own liberty on the battle field but one, and that was the black race of St. Domingo.

The 54th regiment was raised by a fund, subscribed by a few gentlemen of Boston for this purpose. They are to sail next Thursday in the steamer De Molay for Port Royal, where, ere long, we shall hear of their courage and bravery worthy of the expectations that have been formed for them.

There has been a model of a revolving battery on exhibition at the Merchants Exchange, of a very ingenious construction invented by a Bostonian, John Ridgeway, which possesses many points of more excellence than any battery heretofore invented. The guns are loaded and elevated from between ducks, substituting a low dome tor a turret. They may be fired at any elevation, even perpendicularly. The crew are entirely sheltered when loading. The guns may be loaded and fired quicker than in a turret. There are many other advantages possessed by this battery which makes it, if practicable, the most efficient ever invented. As to its practicability on a large scale, it has been highly recommended by a Naval Board of Examiners, of which Commodore Shubrick was President, and the Secretary of the Navy was advised to give it a trial.

The democrats here, that is the pure unterrified democracy is nearly dead or very quiescent, yet occasionally some incident of the war will bring them out in all their copperhead hideousness. A few mornings ago, while a large crowd were reading the good news from the bulletin board in the Merchants Exchange from Gen. Grant's army, a gentleman enthusiastically remarked that he felt sure in advance that Grant would whip the rebels, "So did Hooker" chimed a bystander. "That," replied the first speaker, "is from a copperhead, I know a copperkead when he opens his mouth, and can smell him when there is good news for the Union." This brought on an altercation; a few "conservative" gentlemen hearing "copperheadism" denounced, hurried to the rescue, but they were soon outnumbered by the unionists. The stranger presented his card, which informed them that he was Col. T. H. Gibbs, from East Tennessee, who had been driven from his home by the rebels for his firm adherence to the cause of the Union. He gave the copperheads here and elsewhere to understand that he knows them and despises them, even more than he loathes the rebels. Colonel Gibbs is a vigorous union man of the Parson Brownlow stamp, and was robbed of his property by the rebels. He acted as guide to Gen. Grant's army for four months previous to the battle of Pittsburg Landing.

One would hardly suppose from the present activity of business, the enterprise of publishers, whose announcements equal and even exceed former days, in the abundance and excellency of material promised the public, and from the talent and number of the clergy of all persuasions, and of literary reputation who will meet during aniversary week, that we were in midst of a civil war, threatening the life and existence of the nation. I shall try to tell you something that was said one day during Aniversary week, in my next.

R. F. L.

—The amount of subscriptions to the "5-20" Loan through Messrs. Livermore, Clews ffi Co., New York, on the 1st May, were Twelve Hundred Thousand Dollars.

What the Rebels Say.

The Richmond *Examiner*, of Monday, 24th inst., contains the following:

All that can be considered certain in the confused jargon of telegrams from Jackson, is that two points of the land defenses of Vicksburg have been assaulted, and that the assaults were repulsed.

Similar attempts were made last summer with the same result. Nothing would excuse or explain the want of success on the part of the defence. Vicksburg is a mountain in the bend of a river. On all sides are high bluffs, crowned with breastworks and batteries. We are informed that an attack can nowhere be made with a force equal to the garrison, and that on no side can more than 8000 be deployed in line for assault.

The character of the ground renders the approaches difficult, while the heat and malaria of the country during six months of the year would make its seige at the present season one of the most murderous ones on record. Only treachery or cowardice could explain the capture of Vicksburg by sudden assault, and its fall by other means seems daily less and less probable.

If the Yankee army had swept down the valley in such overwhelming force as not only to beat off the Confederate forces in northern Mississippi, but to take permanent possession of the whole country, and establish themselves there as they have done in northern Tennessee and Kentucky, the fall of Vicksburg could with difficulty be prevented.

Isolated in the midst of territory possessed by the enemy, its reduction by blockade would be but a question of time. But Grant's army is not an army of conquest, still less, of occupation. His advance on Jackson, however intended, has been converted into a very ordinary raid.

It is true that he gained rapid and repeated advantages from the time he captured Grand Gulf till lately, because the Confederate force under Pemberton had been scattered over half the State of Mississippi, and were, therefore, unable to defend any point.

In the moment of danger, however, Gen. Johnston was ordered to go there and take command of that army. Whether he will be able to retrieve all the losses which have been suffered by the Confederates remains to be seen; but we have little reason to fear the loss of the State of Mississippi, and consequent fall of Vicksburg, while he can keep the field there.

A disgraceful attempt is made here in Richmond to fix on him the responsibilities of disasters of the Lieut. General, who was entrusted with the command of an important army of the Confederacy, without having put one squadron on the field of battle. But it is the duty of every honest man to see that this detestable manœuvre shall fail.

FORT MONROE, May 26.—Richmond papers contain the following:

An official dispatch from Johnson dated the 23d, says:

An officer who left Vicksburg on Wednesday, reports that an assault near the Yazoo Road, on Pemberton's entrenchments, had been repelled. It is said, to-day, that another assault was made near the Jackson Road, and was also repulsed. Confidence in Pemberton's ability to maintain his position is expressed, and hopes are given of final success.

ATLANTA, GA., May 23.—Vicksburg has five months supplies of every kind, and can be taken only when the force defending it have exhausted their supplies.

Miscellaneous.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.
In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,
DEALER IN
GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH
USE THE
DANDELION AND Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor, Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul, Wholesale and Retail Agents.
my27-1y

REMOVAL.
POLLOCK,
DONALDSON AND
OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
China, Glass & Crockery
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,
TABLE CUTLERY.
House Furnishing Goods
of every description.

Have removed from Robert Street, to UNION BLOCK, 3d-st., 2d door from Roberts-st.
apr22-d&w

MONETARY.
COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF
Thompson Bro's.,
ST. PAUL, May 29, 1863.
Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.
EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds		½ per ct. prem.
American Gold		45 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

ATTENTION

At present we are selling a very fine French LASTING HEELED GAITER for $1.25, former price $2.50. BUY SOON!

Black and Brown Lace Boot Gaiters, 75c.

Black, Brown and Drab Gaiters, 50c.

A GOOD KID BUSKIN, 50c.

A nice Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A very fine French Lasting Lace Gaiter for 75c, former price $2.00.

A fine Kid Lace Heel Boot, $1.25.

A good Kid Congress Gaiter, without heel, for $1.

Misses very nice Kid Lace Gaiters, without heels, 50c—worth $1.00.

Misses Black and Drab Lasting Gaiters, for 25c—don't ask them for less.

MISSES BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

MISSES KID BUSKINS, 25c.

MISSES FINE KID SLIPPERS, 40c.

BOYS:

Boys Patent Leather Boots, $1.50.

BOYS CALF OXFORD TIE, 90c.

Boys fine Enameled Tie Shoe, $1.00.

A first-rate Double Sole Sewed Kid Lace Boot, without Heels, for $1.00—worth $1.50.

The best $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00

LASTING GAITERS

IN THE CITY, SURE.

GENTLEMEN:

We are selling at $2.50—to raise money—a tip-top

PATENT LEATHER GAITER

Regular price $4.50.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD!

A pegged

PATENT LEATHER GAITER,

A real good one, $1.50—worth $2.50.

THESE ALSO MUST BE SOLD.

We have the

BEST PATENT LEATHER BOOT IN AMERICA,

At a Low Price.

Cash Buyers only Invited.

P. S.—Purchasers wanting any of the above goods, will please ask for them and they will be shown forthwith; it won't pay to dwell very long on them.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, May 13, 1863. my14

BEANS—CORN.
We are buying White Beans, and selling No. 1 Corn.
L. B. & C. GREIG,
Corner of Sibley and Third streets.
St. Paul, May 24th. 2w

BRAN, OATS, CORN MEAL,
BEANS, RICE,
And a variety of the best brands of Flour, for sale by
A. H. WIMBISH,
Dealer in Choice Family Groceries,
my24 Jackson-st., between 5th and 6th.

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.
NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY
DRY GOODS,
AND
"The Cheap Cash Store,"
IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM
H. KNOX TAYLOR
Has just returned from
NEW YORK,
And is now receiving his
SPRING & SUMMER STOCK
OF
GOODS,
Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late
AUCTION SALES
In that city, he
CAN AND WILL SELL THEM
TO HIS CUSTOMERS
AT
GREAT BARGAINS.
We do not propose to
Sell Our Goods at Cost,
BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW
We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.
We have a splendid stock of
DRESS GOODS,
FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.
The following are some of the Varieties:
CHECKED POPLINS,
STRIPED CRAPES,
MOZAMBIQUES,
HIMALAYAS,
ARABIAN GLACE,
Checked Lenos, &c., &c.
ALSO
COLORED ALPACCAS
AND
ORIENTAL LUSTRES
Which are all the rage in New York City.
BLACK SILKS.
SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.
NEW STYLE PRINTS,
French, English and American,
SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.
Our stock of
Ladies' Collars
Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.
We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.
IN SHAWLS WE HAVE
Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.
ALSO
Ladies' Cloakings.
GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.
In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods,
We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.
BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.
Flannels,
White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.
Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.
Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen, do do Hemstich and Mourning.
White Goods and Embroideries.
BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.
Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towelings, and Diapers.
In fact, if you want anything in the way of
Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,
Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"
No. 218 Third Street,
NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
Our motto is
"Small Profits and Quick Sales."
ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.
Indemnity can be had.
Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.
SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE

PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $1 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.5 each.

Rates of Advertising IN THE DAILY PRESS.

One Square.		One Square.	Each add. Square.
One Square.	One time	$0 80	$0 40
	Three times	1 50	75
	Six days	2 00	1 00
	Two weeks	3 00	1 50
	Three weeks	4 00	2 00
	One month	5 00	2 50
	Two months	8 00	4 00
	Three months	10 00	5 00
	Six months	14 00	7 00
	Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.

2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one-third additional.

3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $50 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12½ cents.)

4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.

5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.

6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.

7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per spare for each additional insertion.

8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.

9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McCABE, at Minneapolis, and WILTMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse des Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, For Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
Proprietors.

ap24-d1y

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS. 5 CENTS. 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.

The choicest Green and Black Teas.

Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.

The best family brands Flour.

Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.

The best Dairy Butter.

Durkee's Spices.

The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.

Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.

Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly.

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27- dly

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 83 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&ewly'63

AUCTION NOTICE.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers, have on hand for sale a lot of Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, Notions and Groceries, which they will sell to the trade cheap for cash. Auction sale every evening. Special sale at 10 A. M., on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel. They will make cash advances on all kinds of property.

my24

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES.

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Pencelaie, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap25-tf 142 Third-st

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY,
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THOS. J. YORKS, Dealer in Real Estate.
Stillwater, Min., March, 1863. mar1-3m

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS,
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $400; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers,
On Third-st., second door from the
Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

ap30

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m14-6mo] **HARMON, GALE & CO.**

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge,

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

Claims presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

05-d tw&wly

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore,.....Boston
1st tidsollm&wlvw

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,

PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,

PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,

PATENT STAMP MILLS

FOR

PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.

mr7-d&ewly

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c. Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities. Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.

☞ BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.

☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.

☞ Address **HENRY R. COSTAR.**
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30 St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.,

(Successor to Walter W. Webb,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN WINES & LIQUORS AND

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

an1-tf *SIBLEY BLOCK, THIRD-ST,*

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Ponches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession. There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe. It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜

All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of

Bleached and Brown Cottons.
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks.
Prints and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York.)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain: Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sell Real Estate on Commission. jan6-d&wly1

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER,

&c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

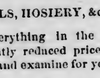
Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street.  **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap15tf

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS.

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES.

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain RATES PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 14 Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186 , at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec1-y J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 3,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill cast Ings, Columns, cash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.
ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. dly

BUGBEE'S CARPET STORE.

NEW CARPETS!

FRESH STOCK.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS.

These Goods are arriving daily from New York, and having been purchased before the late rise, are sold at but a slight advance on old prices. It is worth more than the interest on your money to purchase now.

FARMERS,

Send in your orders, and they will be promptly attended to. No person should enter St. Paul and not stop at BUGBEE'S CASH CARPET STORE, next door to Primrose's Furniture Store.

Third Street, St. Paul.

ap12tf

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,

Importers and Jobbers,

Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.

m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to

S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.

mar13-tf JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,

mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.

jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, St. Paul,
jan1-d1y For ——

FLORENCE SEWING

MACHINE AGENCY,

One door East of Davenport's Bookstore, on Third Street.

The "FLORENCE" SEWING MACHINES make FOUR DIFFERENT stitches on one and the same machine. Thus the LOCK, DOUBLE-LOCK, KNOT AND DOUBLE-KNOT, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric. Either or all can be produced while the Machine is in motion.

They have the REVERSIBLE FEED MOTION, which enables the operator to have the work carry either way, or to change the direction, and fasten the end of seams, welch, together with making a long and a short stitch, is done simply by turning a thumb screw.

Their motions are all positive. There are no springs to get out of order. They are so simple that the most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease. They are NOISELESS, and can be used where quiet is necessary.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD, making five stitches to each revolution. They oil no dresses. Their stitch is the wonder of all, because of its combined ELASTICITY, STRENGTH and BEAUTY.

Prices No. 1, $47.00, No. 2, $57.00, No. 3, $67.00, No. 4, $72.00, No. 5, $77.00, No. 6, $82.00, No. 7 Cabinet opener, $90.00, No. 7 Cabinet cased, $95.00, Mahogany $97.00, Rosewood $105.00. Hemmers and all necessary tools included in the above prices.

On hand different kinds of lower priced Machines. Call and see the "Florence Machines."

jy15-d1f G. W. BABCOCK.

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradbury" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unpolished *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"*Strength and Beauty*" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 2 1863. ap11-1y

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Tracks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine. ap14-6-1y

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.

jy3

THE CITY.

MILITARY MEETING.—The officers of the 32d Regiment M. S. M. held a meeting last night at Armory Hall, for the purpose of organizing.

Capt. Wm. P. Murray in the chair. Capt. Ward Secretary.

On motion it was resolved that the uniform of the officers of the Regiment be the fatigue regulation uniform of the U. S. Army—viz: dark blue blouse, sky-blue pants, McLellan cap, &c.

On motion a committee consisting of Captains C. W. Carpenter, C. L. Grant and I. H. Conway were appointed to confer with a similar committee already appointed by the 31st Regiment to secure a drill room and instructor for an officers school of tactics, with power to engage the same, and call the attendance of the members by advertisment, on such night as they should select.

The officers of the 32d Regiment evince a great deal of *esprit du Corps*, and threw down the guantlet to their brother officers up town. This is well, and if we are to have militia organizations at all, let it be put through in earnest and with spirit. From the indications evinced the past two weeks there is no doubt but that it will be.

PHEMALE PHIGHT.—The female residents of the Arab neighborhood near the Capitol were yesterday engaged in one of those periodical riots for which that locality has become so celebrated. How this last row originated we did not learn. The quarrel was doubtless owing to some old feud, which broke out anew, as some chance occurrence rekindled the old fires. At it they went, shovel and tongs. One after another of the neighbors sided in with the original combatants, and finally a score or more were at it, Kilkenny fashion, tooth and toe-nail, literally, for every weapon that nature had endowed these sweet, amiable creatures with, was brought into play. Hair was torn out by handfulls, eyes put in mourning, countenances furrowed with awful scratches, and numerous teeth left on the field. Screams, yells, oaths, and cries of every kind resounded on the air, which, added to the barking of dogs and crying of children, made the scene a very pandemonium. The rage of the combatants having exhausted itself, the infuriated Amazons finally subsided into peace, and silence once more reigned in Dublin.

OPENING OF BIDS.—Yesterday at 12 o'clock the proposals for furnishing the military posts in Northern Minnesota with fresh beef, were opened by Capt. Small, at his office. The price was per net pound, of fore and hind quarters, necks and shanks excluded. The bids were as follows:

James B. Mills, St. Cloud—All the posts, at 8 10-100 cts. ₱ lb.

James B. Atkinson, Forest City—Pomme de Terre, 10c.; Alexandria 10c; Sauk Centre 9c; Paynesville, 7c; Richmond 7c; Manannah 7c; Kingston 8c; Forest City 7c; Hutchinson 7¼c.

G. R. Harris and L. R. Bentley, St. Cloud—Pomme de Terre, 6 14-100c; Alexandria, 6 14-100c; Sauk Centre, 6c; Painsville, 6 82-100c; Richmond 6 12-100c; all the other posts, 6 90-100.

H. C. Wait, St. Cloud—Richmond and Paynesville, 7½c.

T. C. McClure, St. Cloud—Alexandria, 9 4-5c; Sauk Centre, 7¾c.

H. J. G. Croswell, Monticello—All the posts at 6 2-10c.

Z. M. Brown, Monticello—All the posts at 6 7-10c.

The contract for all the posts was awarded to Mr. Croswell, of Monticello, at $6 20 ₱ cwt.

To the Sabbath Schools of St. Paul and Ramsey County: All Sabbath Schools of this city and county are requested to report to the County Secretary the number of teachers; the number of scholars; the average attendance of teachers; the average attendance of scholars, from June, 1862, to 31st of May, 1863; number of volumes in library, and any other facts of interest. Each school is particularly requested to appoint three or more delegates to attend the Annual State Convention at Winona, June 10, at 2 P. M. Arrangements have been made with the La Crosse Line and will be made with the Dunlieth Line for half fare.

D. W. INGERSOLL,
County Sec'y of State Association.

INDIAN NEWS.—His Excellency Holcin the Day, chief of the Chippewas, is at the American.

Mr. T. A. Warren, interpreter at the Chippewa Agency, is also at the American. Mr. Warren informs us that a cavalry squad is on the way down from the Agency with five white men who are accused by the Indians of having been selling liquor to them all this spring. The liquor has been productive of much trouble, having caused the death of five Chippewas in broils. The escort has also six Indians as witnesses. The escort will arrive to-day, when the Indians will be taken to Fort Snelling, and the prisoners handed over to the U. S. Marshal.

Messrs. Rutherford and Whitehead of Leech Lake are also at the American House.

THE RACES.—A very large crowd was in attendance at the Union Club Race Course yesterday afternoon, and the race was the most exciting of the season.

The Colter mare won the first purse of $50, best three heats in five. Her opponent was the Eustis mare, from Minneapolis. On the 2d heat the latter threw a shoe, cutting herself, and losing the heat.

In the running match afterwards, the sorrel horse won, there being but a single dash.

AUCTIONS.—Fairchild & March advertise Law Books for Tuesday next; Shoes at wholesale only for Wednesday; Dry Goods for Friday, and a great sale of Agricultural Implements, &c., for Saturday next, at the County Fair Day Sales Yard.

FOR STAHLEMAN'S—An omnibus will run to and from Stahleman's Garden this afternoon, commencing at 2 o'clock—leaving bridge square every hour till evening.

BOTH the police and district Courts were dull yesterday. In the former no one was arraigned, and in the latter but one family quarrel was adjusted.

THERE will be preaching in the House of Hope this morning at 10½ o'clock.

LOCAL NOTICES:

"OLD SETTLERS" REMEMBER.—The annual meeting of "The Old Settler's Association" will be held at the Capitol on Monday (to-morrow) afternoon at 3 o'clock P. M. Supper will take place at the Merchants' Hotel at 8 o'clock The attendance of all the "Old Settlers" is requested.

H. F. MASTERSON,
Chairman Ex. Com.

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country daily, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,

Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE,

Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

☞ Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't,

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my10-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public, I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & Prairie du Chien R. R.

ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

my23-3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

River and Steamboat News.

☞ The Mississippi seems to be swelling slowly, but is hardly perceptible yet. The Minnesota is reported as falling quite fast.

☞ The Pomeroy has hoisted her shingle for down river. She will be under the command of Capt. Sencerbox, with Mr. Allen as clerk. Our polite and clever friend, Wm. Watson, will be assigned to a sphere of usefulness on another boat.

☞ There are ten or twelve dead horses and cattle in the Minnesota river, between Fort Snelling and Carver, and one dead horse laying in the edge of the river at Henneph landing, making it almost impossible to land. They should all be removed from the river immediately, as steamboatmen say they don't fancy "that kind of ice" in their drinking water.

☞ The Antelope came down on time yesterday morning, with lots of freight. This famous little packet is as spry as a duck, and makes railroad time every trip. Thanks to clerk Leopold for a manifest.

☞ The M'Lellan, Capt. P. S. Davidson, arrived at sundown last evening. We are indebted to her accommodating clerk, Po. Hatcher, for a copy of her manifest and late papers. The M'Lellan leaves for La Crosse at nine o'clock this morning. She is a reliable and fast packet.

☞ The Flora has gone to the bone yard, and is hauled up alongside of the Pomeroy, waiting a rise in the river.

RECEIPTS.

Per War Eagle.—John Getz 13 pkgs; John. A Stiles 29 bdls; Straight & H 2 bxs; F J Metzgar 12 do; M N Kellogg 2 bdls; E Hayes & Co 12 do; J R Talmage 1 do; D Harsh 1 do; R O Strong 1 bx; Brainard & Bro 1 do; J Bean 12 do; M. Shultz 2 brls; G. L. Farwell 1 do; Cooley C & Co 31 brls liquor; F Hildetraudb 10 do; D Day 1 bx glass; Geo. Benz 1 do; P F McQ 35 do; D L Horne 1 bx; E E Toby 1 bx; A Purnell 28 stoves and fixtures; J B Shiteling 9 do; L England, 15 do; Gellatly & Homes 3 do; E J Way 98 sks bran; J W Webb 1 pkg.

Per M'Lellan—J A Sees, 4 packages; Nicols & Dean, 8 do; W Golcher, 1 do; E M Toby, 2 do; A Hall, 22 do; G W Dubois, 16 do; R J M Warner, 16 do; J J Beaumont, 6 do; J Elderbrock, 2 do; Day & Jenks, 2 do; B Presly, 1 do; Munger & bro, 1 do; J W Howell, 4 do; Class Schieffer, 1 do; B & co, 5 do; Kelly & bro, 1 do; Geo Little, 6 do; C H Pettit, 20 do; D C Cooley, 1 do; G W Nicols, 65 do; C D Strong, 21 do; J W Webb, jr, 32 do; Lathrop & P, 32 do; Barnard & bro, 2 do; Wm F Mason, 1 do; E H & O T Davis, 4 do; C E Mayo, 11 do.

Per Antelope—Temple & Beaupre, 50 brls flour; T H Picts, bureaus; C Keniston, 1 tub eggs; C A Blonquist, 1 bx eggs; Charles Coulhard, 3 saddles, bridles, &c.

A Minnesota Copperhead Captured.

From the St. Cloud Democrat.

Under the above head we find the following correspondence in the Nashville *Union*, by which it will be seen that Mr. Wm. A. Caruthers, formerly one of Buchanan's Land Officer, in this place, late Regimental Adjutant, in the Rebel service, has again been taken under his Uncle Samuel's wing, though in not so agreeable a manner as while here:

Editor Nashville Union:

CARTHAGE, May 10th, 1863.—*Sir*:—Quite a little feat was performed by a small detachment of this army last night. They slipped quietly across the river after dark, and marched six miles and captured Col. Baxter Smith, his adjutant, Wm. A. Caruthers, and three others, at a private house, the late residence of Hon. Abe Caruthers, and returned with their prisoners a little after daylight. They would have taken ten or fifteen but for accidentally coming on a picket who fired, thereby giving the alarm. Col. Smith's regiment was on the opposite side of the Caney Fork river. This is all the news I have to-day. But while I write I hear the screams of the wife of the unfortunate man who is to be hung here day after to-morrow. What a pang must the sound of that poor woman's voice cause in the hearts of those guilty men who influenced, by their example, him and such to rebel against their government, which has led to his disgrace and ruin.

—The Olathe (Kansas) *Mirror* says that during the past year every town in the county has been sacked and one burned; that sixty of its citizens have been killed by the rebel bandits; that $100,000 worth of property has been destroyed or carried away, and that a reign of terror has prevailed in nearly all parts of the county during that period.

MORE NEW

MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY,

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.

MISS E. WASS,
my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, RENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,
All of the very best material, just received and for sale by
ap24-1y NICOLS & DEAN.

Interesting from Mexico.

DETAILS OF THE BATTLES BEFORE PUEBLA.

The French Fairly Whipped in Equal Combat.

Translated from the Revised Quincenal of the city of Mexico of May 2 for the N. Y. Herald.]

Making their preparations with perfect calmness, moving with slowness at their case, allowing that they took one hundred and five days to advance twenty-eight leagues—provided with everything which they required—the French, supposed in Europe to be invincible, arrived from Zaragoza in front of Puebla on the 16th of March, resolved to attack and capture Puebla without fail.

Forgetting the results of the contest of the 5th of May, 1862, in which they were completely routed on the same ground, flying in the most shameful manner, their extraordinary commander—the general of twenty-five campaigns—asked the very strange question, "Who can resist my legions? Who can resist the dash of those soldiers who, in the Crimea and Italy, overturning every obstacle that came in their way, conquering the solid colums of their enemies, assaulting trenches and fortified positions, planting the glorious banner of France, of Bonaparte the Little—on the invulnerable works and fortified cities of the enemy, defended on every occasion by veterans who had gathered glory on many contested fields? Who? inquired Forey once more. Who? say we. We know and we have seen. The men who have answered the question are Mexicans—men whom the French, in their absurdity, have affected to despise; the soldiers of a free people who defend their rights; improvised generals, chiefs and commanders, who prove their title to distinction by the points of their swords, their hearts beating with the purest patriotism; whose extraordinary valor and patriotism are now the admiration of the world.

From the 16th of March, as we have said, Forey began his attack on Puebla, marching from the city of Zaragoza; but up to the present moment the French have gone backward instead of forward in their scheme of conquest. France, through the caprice of the despot Napoleon Bonaparte, has lost, before the world—before Europe and America—the prestige which, as a civilized and powerful nation, she has hitherto enjoyed. Failing to keep the solemn promises and agreements pledged by her representatives, she has rather laughed at her responsibilities; and now, on the bloody field of fight, she has received the punishment which her acts have deserved, and in the complete rout of her boasted soldiers there is proof that the fame and reputation are exaggerated, and that they do not deserve the consideration which has hitherto been extended towards them.

For 48 days Forey has been besieging Puebla. Continuous firing, mines to blow up public edifices, shells, red hot shot, rifle and musket balls, all have been put into operation—all have been resorted to by the bloody French commander. And despite all this time wasted uselessly for the gratification of this army of slaves, and their iniquitous master, the invaders have made no progress whatever. They have destroyed a fort, burned and ruined some buildings and blocks, and nothing more, while thousands of victims have been sacrificed to the unfortunate Bonaparte.

Interesting to Wool Growers.

The following circular has been issued by the wool dealers of Milwaukee:

MILWAUKEE, May 26, 1863.—The undersigned, dealers in wool, would respectfully urge on wool growers through out the State of Wisconsin, the importance of thoroughly washing and tagging their wool before offering it for sale; and believing it to be for the interest of growers as well as purchasers, that Wisconsin fleece wool should go to eastern markets in such condition as to warrant the highest prices paid for like grades from other wool growing districts, agree to purchase no wool, the coming season, that is not in every respect in merchantable condition, except at a discount of one-third the established price of clean wool, meaning thereby to exclude all heavy wool, imperfectly washed, or dishonestly done up, with filth and tags inside the fleece, together with all heavy buck fleeces.

By adhering to the above rule, we but do justice to the many growers who properly wash and do up their wool. We invite the co-operation of all concerned in the business, in bringing about this much needed reform, and believe that the price of Wisconsin wool will be much enhanced thereby, and yield a much surer profit than formerly, to both wool growers and dealers. We hereby instruct our agents to make no purchases, except in accordance with the above.

—Rebel reports allege that *three thousand* negroes left Hinds county, Miss., after Grierson's raid.

GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. TO YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits. MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dewee's FEMALE PILLS for obructions, irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage*. Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

☞ Office in Concert Hall, Third street.

OFFICE HOURS daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M, Sundays from 2 to 5 P. M.

Address all communications to
DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, ST. PAUL, Minnesota,
nov16-d&wly

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
Second Collection District, Minnesota.
Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied.

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 99 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all billiard tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each in addition to the license tax.

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.
Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street.
may28-d2w.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
UPPER LEVEE, ST. PAUL, MINN.
May 18th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until June 5th, 1863, for furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named Posts:

POST ON SOUTH BRANCH ON WATONWAN
PRINCETON,
CAMP POPE,
FAIRMOUNT,
NEW ULM,
MANKATO,
ST. PETERS,
HENDERSON.

In case other Posts are established on or near the Minnesota River, the Contractor will be required to furnish said Posts with Fresh Beef at the contract price.

Separate Bids will be received for each of the above Posts or one bid may include all of them. The Contract to commence June 15th, and to be in force 6 months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm. A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARRANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded to him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid. Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S.," and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL.
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.
my19 td

Mankato *Independent* please copy, send three copies and charge PRESS.

SPRING STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. B. LYGO,

Is selling at REDUCED PRICES, at her lately extended rooms, particularly adapted for her line of business.

COUNTRY MILLINERS

Will do well to call before selecting Goods elsewhere, as she is in weekly receipt of

Seasonable & Fashionable Goods

And has the facilities at all times of getting the LATEST FASHIONS.

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND ROBERT-STS. my30-1m

NEW PAPER AND STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,
FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,
Commercial and Ladies' Note,
PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,
Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE,
No. 230 Third-St.,
One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.
P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders.
my16-1m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

Geo. E. Schnabel,

CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS.. Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.
mar21-d&w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Tin Plate &c.,
AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK, | METALS | AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES
199 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.
dec13-6m P. O. Box 3167.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH, 50 do. Cake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Picked Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine, Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at
COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES. — 300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.—at low prices.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at
my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES.—600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *I mean it.*
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Suttlers and others seeking Army supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES.....500 dozen, fresh and fine.
RASPBERRIES.....200 do do do
BLACKBERRIES.....200 do do do
CHERRIES.....200 do do do
WHORTLEBERRIES.300 do do do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs,
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinnikinick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine, Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy, Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.

A full line, including every variety.
October 14, 1862.

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE
FROM
Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.

The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between

Cleveland and Bayfield,

As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 23	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	August 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 30
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 4

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the *entire* season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.

☞ For further information, apply to
S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.

A beautiful lot of

ALPACCAS & SARATOGA

PLAIDS,

ALSO

A handsome lot of

LIGHT PRINTS,

HAIR NETTS,

Graindine Veils, &c.,

Which we are offering at

REDUCED PRICES.

CALL AND SEE THEM,

At 146 Third Street.

L. C. BURT,
my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

A. BLAKEMAN,

Has located his

JEWELRY STORE

On Third Street,

Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of

JEWELRY,

Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH.

I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of

JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS,

And everything in my line.

JUST RECEIVED,

15 Cases Clocks,

Manufactured by the

Seth Thomas Clock Company.

All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of
ap18-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON

SAFES

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. B. BRADEN,

May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,
ap17-1y No. 154 Third-st., St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

ST. PAUL PROPERTY.

$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.

A first-class Stone Store on Third street.

A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.

Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.

A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.
F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

REMOVAL!

COMBS

Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the

POST OFFICE BLOCK,

Third-St., St. Paul,

And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. jan23

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL,..... .....MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.
NICOLS & DEAN.
a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

UNION STORE FOR SALE.

ROSEMOUNT, DAKOTA CO., MINN.

Consisting of a new frame house, well finished, thirty feet front by thirty-five deep; kitchen attached, fifteen feet; handsomely finished inside, grained throughout; matched parlors, with sliding doors; piazza in front and balcony above. Cistern containing 200 barrels of water, under the kitchen, with filter pump in the kitchen; a good well on the premises; a good barn attached; 14 acres of ground—half acre enclosed with picket fence. The only store within 10 miles. Every thing new on the premises. Property of H. A. C. Hines; occupied by Wm. O'Donnell.

Als , a good Farm for sale in Le Sueur county, north of Faribault; 160 acres; house, barn, well, and other buildings; fenced, and a good sugar orchard on the farm.

All the above will be sold at a very reasonable price, as the owner is going east. Inquire of Wm. O'Donnell, residing on the premises. [m28-1m*

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., PFT's Att'y, United states—50 cents, Original Process.

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Heyward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to recover ascertained by the Court or under its direction and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained.

Dated May 11th, 1863.
MORRIS LAMPREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
my12-43d Saint Paul, Min.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Wholesale and Retail.

NEW STORE---NEW STOCK,

113 Third Street,

St. Paul, Minnesota.

MEN'S WOMEN'S & CHILDREN'S

BOOTS, SHOES,

BALMORALS,

AND

CONGRESS GAITERS,

In every variety,

AT LOW PRESSURE PRICES FOR CASH.

E. D. BROWN,

BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM, 113 THIRD

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, TUESDAY, JUNE 2, 1863. NUMBER 129.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, TUESDAY, JUNE 30.

THE WAR POWER OF THE CONSTITUTION.

We are apt to forget in our snug and peaceful homes here at the North, the vastness and imminency of the danger which threatens the stability of our government, to forget that we are fighting against the powers of hell and death, not for honor, not for territory, not for power or wealth, but *for life*, for national existence.

And yet while this struggle, which dwarfs all that ever history has recorded, is going on around them, while the agonized nation is pleading from all its battle-fields and hospitals, for help against its furious and deadly assailants, instead of banding like brothers for its rescue, men, even men who pretend to be loyal, can find nothing better to do than sit in their easy chairs and pick flaws with those who carry upon their shoulders the fearful burden of the struggle.

The first, supreme, imperative duty of the Government of the United States, is to save the nation from the danger with which it is threatened by rebels and traitors.

For this the peaceful processes of civil law are confessedly immeasurably inadequate. What, then? Shall we sacrifice the immortal substance for the blind dogmatism of the perishable form? Shall we make the constitution the instrument of its own destruction, and the destruction of the eternal future of the nation. Yes, timidly responds Mr. James Buchanan. Yes, certainly, says Mr. Breckinridge, and Mr. Toombs, and Mr. Jefferson Davis, and all the infernal crew of traitors. Yes, yes! thundered the cannon which Beauregard, backed by a quarter of million of rebel slaveholders, turned upon Fort Sumter. That was the signal for the noes to be counted; and *No!* by the Lord of Hosts, No; cried twenty millions of loyal voices in one. NO, NEVER! and, no! says every loyal man to-day, and yes! says every traitor. The Government of the United States represents his self-defensive, conservative No; Jeff. Davis and Mr. Vallandigham the aggressive, destructive, revolutionary, anarchic, Yes. It is the supreme duty of the Government we repeat, and it is sustained by the fixed and inflexible determination of the people, to save the nation; and whatever is necessary to this end, it is the right and duty of the Government to do. If it is the tendency of this law of national self-preservation to abridge the personal liberty of traitors here and there or the time being, it is bad for the traitors; but it can't be helped. If it is necessary to kill traitors occasionally—as Grant and Rosecrans are doing—so much the worse for the traitors. The putting down of this rebellion is not a question of law or argument, but of simple, unmixed force. And the Government has the same right to employ all the force necessary to put it down everywhere, armed or unarmed, North or South, in South Carolina or Ohio, as a man has to defend himself with knife and pistol when assailed by assassins. This is no new principle. It is as old as human Governments, and is inherent in the very nature of things.

No people under heaven are more jealous of their personal rights than those of Great Britain; yet, when the public safety requires it, none are more ready to acquiesce in the exercise of those extraordinary powers of government which are only put forth when the exigencies of the case demands it. When the troubles in Ireland commenced in 1848, the Whig ministry, through Lord John Russell, introduced a bill empowering the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland and deputies to apprehend and detain, until 1st of March, 1849, such persons as they shall *suspect* of conspiring against Her Majesty's persons and Government." This was a suspension of the act of *habeas corpus* for *all Ireland*—the loyal North as well as the disaffected East and the rebellious South and West. The bill was introduced in the House, and went through all its stages to its final passage in one day; and on the next day it, in like manner, passed the House of Lords. In both houses *the vote was unanimous*. Even the Irish members did not vote against it. Even Lucius O'Brien, the brother of the rebel leader, gave it his support. The leaders of all the various parties supported it, though party spirit ran very high at that period.

Said Lord Brougham, in the House of Lords;

"A friend of liberty I have lived, and so I shall die—nor do I care how soon that may be if I cannot be the friend of liberty without being a friend to traitors at the same time, without being a protector of criminals, without being deemed the accomplice of foul rebellion and its concomitant civil war, with all of its hideous train of atrocious crimes. It is because I am a friend of liberty that I detest the approach of bloodshed, that I detest the conspiracies which are brewing in the sister isle. The noble Marquis (Marquis of Clandowne) has informed us that the danger is imminent. Then let the measure which invests the Government with needful, and no more than needful powers, be immediately adopted."

Lord Stanley, now Earl Derby said:

"I think that the government has asked for the right remedy. I think the remedy for which they have asked is one which will strike the right persons, and strike them within the right time. I am not one of those who would seek for victims among the credulous dupes of the incendiary agitators of Ireland—dupes who will be put forward in the front ranks for the purpose of committing crimes and outrages. I do not desire—I do forbid that I should—that upon them the severest penalty of the law should fall. No; I desire it should fall upon those who, well knowing the consequences of their conduct—who, well knowing the fatal effects that must flow from the doctrines they preach, evince a readiness to sacrifice every thing to their passion and their sordid interests, and for their own purposes do not hesitate to involve their friendless and too credulous fellow-countrymen in the guilt of treason and dangers of civil war. The persons I wish to see punished are those who have sufficient skill, who have sufficient information and intelligence to keep themselves free from such legal guilt as would bring them under the operation of the law, with the probability of a conviction, but who, nevertheless, are morally guilty in the eye of God and man of the crime of inciting to treason, murder, rebellion and civil war. I favor the measure now proposed chiefly because by its means we shall get rid of all doubts and difficulties—we shall have no more of these delays of the law—no more of that chicanery which encourages evil-doers to hope for ultimate escape, and which is certain to cause such prostration that when at length the sword of justice falls, the example does not produce half the effect it ought to have.

In the House of Commons, Lord John Russell said:

I believe in my conscience that this measure is calculated to prevent insurrection, to preserve internal peace, to preserve the unity of this Empire, and to save the throne of these realms and the free institutions of this country.

Sir Robert Peel said:

I, for one, am perfectly prepared to insist on no ordinary powers. I believe that the government is justified in asking for this measure. I believe the measure itself—the power to apprehend on suspicion and keep the conspirators in confinement—is necessary. I will not urge on the Ministry measures of coercion other than those their own responsibility demands; but this I say, as nothing but necessity can justify a suspension of the *habeas corpus* act, the same necessity makes immediate action desirable.

Mr. D'Israeli said:

I think we ought not to hesitate to grant the government the great and extraordinary powers for which they ask.

Mr. Joseph Hume, the leader of the Liberals, and always the fast friend of Ireland, said that he should

—"be sorry to see any division on the measures now before the House."

If this comparatively trifling national disturbance—an insurrection which never cost a life, and which was extinguished by a few policemen in a cabbage garden—an insurrection which would hardly have rippled the surface of society in this country—justified such a putting forth of the war power—surely this fearful struggle warrants a resort to all the power with which the Constitution invests the national executive, a power which indeed has no prescribed limits.

THE OVERLAND EXPEDITION TO IDAHO.

The overland emigration train, destined for the gold mines of Idaho, and for Oregon, under the leadership of Capt. James L. Fisk, started yesterday from this city for the rendezvous of the expedition at St. Cloud, whence it will take its final departure on the 10th inst.

In consequence of the disturbed condition of the Sioux territory, this expedition will pursue a different route from that of the last, avoiding the disaffected district south of Devil's Lake, and passing, we believe, along the east side of Red river to Pembina, and thence westward, north of the Devil's Lake region, near the international boundary.

Mr. Antoine Frenier, who is thoroughly acquainted with every foot of the country, and speaks the language of every tribe on the route, accompanies the expedition as its guide and interpreter.

The route is a most excellent one, as we know from personal observation; passing through a fine grazing and Buffalo region, with a plentiful supply of wood and water—though the latter, in some of the saline tracts which will be met with, is sometimes brackish.

WHY THE ALLOTMENT FOR COMPANY K, 4TH REG'T. WAS NOT RECEIVED.

OFFICE STATE TREASURER, }
ST. PAUL, June 1, 1863. }

To the Editor of the St. Paul Press.

For the information of those who did not receive their allotment due from Co. K, 4th Regiment, Minnesota Volunteers, for the last payment of the Regiment, I request the publication of the following, which is a reply to a letter from this office, asking an explanation as to the reason why no allotments were received by us from that Company.

Respectfully,
CHAS. SCHEFFER, Att'y Ag't.

PAY DEPARTMENT, }
MEMPHIS, May 23d, 1863. }

Hon. Chas. Scheffer, State Treasurer, St. Paul, Minnesota.

Dear Sir:—I did not collect the allotment for Company K, 4th Regiment Minnesota Volunteers, for the reason that I did not have the allotment roll. In answer to my inquiry in the Company far it, I was told that a Lieutenant of the Company borrowed it from the paymaster, and lost it.

Respectfully your ob't servant.
HENRY FOOTE,
Paymaster U. S. A.

THE "GOOD" SIOUX INDIANS.

The Chicago *Tribune* has a dispatch from Des Moines, which says that dispatches have been received from the commander at Fort Randall, calling for immediate reinforcements to meet the threatened Indian troubles. He states that several of the Sioux Indians have pitched their camps within the grounds of the Fort, and insolently defy the troops to remove them.

A division of the Iowa 6th cavalry, under Lieut. Pollock, were ordered to march at once to the Fort, and have left Camp Cook for that purpose.

It should be borne in mind that these are the Indians who were so "good" and humble when surrounded by United States bayonets at Forts Snelling and Mankato. Their christianity needs the constant incentive of muskets, to make it efficacious for their salvation.

Gen. Hunter's Troops on the Lower Mississippi.

The report that Dupont's iron-clads and Hunter's troops, from the South Carolina coast, have been sent to co-operate with Banks and Grant on the Lower Mississippi, is partially confirmed. A Louisiana correspondent of the New York *Times*, under date of 12th inst., says:

Admiral Porter has destroyed the works at Gordon's Landing. The Monitors and bomb-fleet are pounding away at Port Hudson. *Four transports with Hunter's troops were at New Orleans. Others coming.* The drama draws to the last act. May the curtain soon fall.

Notes on the Situation.

Correspondence of the Missouri Republican.

REAR OF VICKSBURG, May 21.—The stronghold of the rebel power on the Mississippi is now completely invested by the army of Gen. Grant.

The fragments of the insurgent forces which escaped from the victories of Port Hudson, of Jackson, of Champion Hill or Midway Hills, and of Big Black, have retired within the small but strong circle of defenses which surround the city at a distance of about two miles from its heart. There a stubborn resistance is now being made, the redoubts and rifle pits giving the rebels an advantage in the way of safety, but none, I think, in the way of moral strength. Presumptively, the advantage is with the attacking party, and especially in this case, where our army since its bold move from Young's Point, by the way of Grand Gulf, has been uniformly and brilliantly successful.

To-day our forces are busy from right to left, over the entire line, in creeping more closely to the formidable works of the enemy. At several points our sharpshooters are so near the redoubts, and so well sheltered by the remarkably rough ground, that they totally prevent the enemy from using his guns. They are near enough, too, to indulge in jocose conversation with the rebels in their rifle-pits. As to-day an Illinois boy cries out:

"Hullo, there, secesh!"
"Hullo."
"Got any liquor in Vicksburg?"
"Plenty."
"Well, we'll come in to-night, and take a horn."

At the same time our heavier artillery is being pushed up slowly in such a way as to bear very effectually on the enemy's works. The ground is such that the hills occupied by us are just about as convenient and commanding as those occupied by them. What works they have within the line we are attacking is not known, but they cannot be extensive, for their present line is quite near the city. If the rebels retire from their present position they subject the city to destruction.

Below and above Vicksburg our mortar fleet is grumbling and thundering, very slowly but steadily, and we can see the huge shells bursting over the town. A warm place to live in now.

IN REAR OF VICKSBURG, May 22, '63.—To-day a general charge upon the enemy's works was ordered and made, though I cannot yet learn that at any point the works were completely carried. The singularly rough nature of the ground makes it almost impossible to tell what we have to encounter before us, and rapidly fatigues the men. But we advance in this way steadily, and at each charge our sharp-shooters obtain a better field for their operations. Our artillery hastens to get a better position, small intrenchments being thrown up to protect it; and thus we have the curious spectacle of hostile redoubts already frowning upon each other, at a distance of but a few hundred yards.

The guns of the rebels reply to our shelling but seldom. They are evidently husbanding their ammunition, for they can now get no farther supply. I think they are short of artillery, too. Their redoubts are constructed for field guns, and within the last three weeks General Grant has captured about seventy of these.

In the meantime, we have a new base of supplies from the Yazoo, through which reinforcements, ammunition, and heavy guns can be sent as rapidly as possible.

The rebel force within Vicksburg cannot now be more than 20,000. Before the fight at Jackson they may have had 45,000 but part of that number we forced up northward, toward Canton—say 10,000. At the battle of Midway Hills (near Champion's Hill,) on the 16th inst., their effective force was, perhaps, 35,000 men. Of these, at least 10,000 were killed, wounded, captured, or driven to escape northward, in such a way as to prevent them returning to Vicksburg. At the fight on Big Black, on the 17th, we captured nearly 3,000, and scattered many more in such a way that they are more likely to have straggled home through the woods, than to have reported for duty.

LATER.

I have arrived at the Yazoo, near Chickasaw Bayou, after riding from the extreme left of our army. Rumors are plenty of the operations of to-day. One is that our mortars and gunboats have silenced two of the upper water batteries, and that vessels now pass Vicksburg without being fired on. Another is that in the attempted charge of to day, the 31st Illinois got up to the enemy's works, and there found a stockade so high that they could not scale it; and so they stopped and lay down under it, unable to go further, yet protected from the enemy's fire. At this moment a rebel redoubt on the left tried to get a raking fire on them, when our artillery, concentrating its shots upon the redoubt, suddenly battered it to silence, knocking one of its guns some thirty feet into the air.

Ventilating Revolution.

Gov. Seymour's incendiary letter to the Vallandigham meeting is thickly posted through all the viler parts of the city. There plainly is a systematic attempt to stir up against the Government all the bad elements of our community, and to prepare the way for the practical application of the Governor's flagitious sentiments. With all of Fernando Wood's characteristic shrewdness, it is at once appreciated what a power for mischief lies wrapped up in those few studied sentences. Its nicely proportioned exaggeration of statement, counterfeit alarm and effected indignation, were adapted with consummate art, to fire the passions of the unthinking, and to put them in the mood of adopting and acting upon the final suggestions that the war against the Richmond government be ended, and war against the Washington government begun. The official odor, too, of the proclamation was duly rated. What came from the hands of Horatio Seymour as a private citizen was of little account. What comes from him as the occupant of the executive chair of the State of New York must be, to the indiscriminating, of great account. Whatever it may be, it strikes their vision as a vermillion edict. They associate authority with it; and, if its language is in the line of their old party prejudices, they are almost sure to accept it implicitly, and shape their action accordingly. It was a clever thought in the rebel allies to placard that missive. It is worth to them all their covert wire pulling, and all their platform rant, a thousand times over.—*N. Y. Times, 27th.*

MARRIED.

On Sunday, May 31st by Rev. J. D. Pope, Lieut. HENRY A. C. HINES, of the 1st Reg. Min. Vol., and Miss SARAH LOUISA DILLIN, of Saint Paul.

By Fleet F. Strother, Esq., Mr. BERNHARD SCHWARTZ to Miss LAURA WHITNEY, both of St. Anthony.

DIED.

June 1st, MINNIE, youngest daughter of J. J. and S. F. Dugan.

Funeral this (Tuesday) morning, at 9 o'clock from their residence on Fourth street. Friends are invited to attend without further notice.

In this city, at 5 o'clock Monday morning, June 1st, 1863, EMILY F., wife of Cyrus G. Wykoff, aged 24 years and 2 months.

Funeral from the residence, St. Anthony street, this day (Tuesday), at 3 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

New Advertisements.

WANTED!

A situation as a clerk in a store of any kind by man of experience and steady habits, who can speak and write English and German correctly, and is able to give good references. He does not care so much about high wages as humane treatment by his employer. Direct letters in care of LOT MOFFAT, Proprietor Temperance House, St. Paul, Minnesota. je2-1w

LADIES,

If you want the most elegant LACES,
The finest EMBROIDERY,
Or the cheapest and best DRESS GOODS,
Ever brought to St. Paul, go to
BLUM'S,
je2-1w Third street.

LOST,

On Sunday last, a Cameo Breast-Pin, oval shaped, with a gold braid border; supposed to have been lost in going from Ramsey-st. to Bench street. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at this office. je2-1t

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE AGENCY,

Directly opposite Stees' Furniture Store,
Third Street,

Makes FOUR DISTINCT STITCHES on one and the same machine, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric.

It combines all the good qualities of other first class Machines, and possesses many advantages over any and all of them.

It is the most simple and PERFECT in its construction of

ANY YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

No Machine covers so great a range of work. ☞ *It sews Six or Eight thicknesses of Full Cloth down to the finest fabric, with equal facility, without change of tension.*

FEEDS TO THE RIGHT OR LEFT.

No difficulty experienced in sewing across thick seam.
Runs more quiet than any other Machine.
They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD.
A child of ten years can

ADJUST THE NEEDLE,

As easily as an experienced operator.
They give universal satisfaction wherever used.
The most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease.
They range in price from $53 to $115.
☞ EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED. ☜
Hemmers and all necessary tools included.
G. W. BABCOCK, Agent,
je2 cor. 3d and Minnesota-sts., St. Paul.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Chalil Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS,

Of various styles and kinds.
100 New Spring and Summer Shawls,
All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,
my30-tf near Suspension Bridge.

SWEET POTATO PLANTS.

Early Nansemonds, at the Groveland Garden and Nursery, by the 100 to 1000. Also, a good supply at the Auction Rooms of FAIRCHILD & MARCH. They may be planted up to the middle of June. Orders by mail must be addressed to us at St. Paul.
my30-3t L. M. FORD & CO.

AUCTIONS FOR THE WEEK.

Over 200 vols. Law Books, Tuesday, June 2nd, at 10 o'clock; a stock of Shoes, Wednesday the 3d, at 10 o'clock—sold only by the Box; Dry Goods on Friday at 10, and on Saturday at the County Fair Sales Yard, Horses, Oxen, Cows, Mules, Wagons, Buggies, Threshers, Reapers, Plows, Cultivators, Iron Safes, &c. &c.
FAIRCHILD & MARCH,
my31-2t Auction and Commission Merchants.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.
C. W. WOOLLEY,
my29-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest, 57 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 200 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect. C. G. HARRISON,
my22-3w Hastings, Min.

MONEY TO LOAN,

On Real Estate in the city of Saint Paul. Enquire of THOMPSON BROTHERS,
my30-3t Bankers.

NEW YORK LADIES'

HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
may28-1m* MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, St. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov14-d&wly

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

MOVEMENTS AT VICKSBURG.

Grant Driving the Rebels Step by Step.

Johnston Does not Molest Him.

An Important Intercepted Dispatch.

Pemberton Promised 100,000 Men in Fifteen Days.

Grant Gives two Reasons Why They Will not Reach Him.

ROSECRANS ADVANCING.

Bragg's Army is Falling Back.

The Terrible Order from Lee a Hoax.

Beauregard's Forces Leaving Charleston.

Gen. Franklin a Candidate for Governor of Pennsylvania.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 30.

The *Tribune* says at 2 o'clock this morning our Washington correspondent telegraphed the facts of the situation at Vicksburg as summed up by high authority.

Grant has, step by step, driven the rebels into their intrenchments, turning the guns against them. They have troops to relieve each other as often as may be desired in defending the line of their works; but he is continuing without serious, if any molestation from Johnston, so far, to assail successfully but gradually, in order to take as much care as he should of the of the lives of his troops engaged in the desperate fighting of such a siege.

A Washington letter to the *Commercial* says. Although if has been contradicted, it is true that the President did receive a dispatch a day or two ago from General Grant, in which he stated that he had intercepted a dispatch from the rebel Secretary of War, not Jeff. Davis, as published, to Gen. Pemberton stating that if he could hold out at Vicksburg fifteen days longer he could send him 100,000 men.

Gen. Grant adds that this was impossible for two reasons:

First—That Col. Grierson had so destroyed the Railroads in Mississippi that that number of men could not be forwarded in that time.

And Second—That *Pemberton could not hold out fifteen days.*

Gen. Grant was sanguine.

BRAGG FALLING BACK.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

Murfreesboro advices to the 20th state that the movement commenced by a portion of Bragg's army, under Breckinridge, has become general, and Polk and Hardee have withdrawn their forces in the direction of Vicksburg, though Bragg keeps his headquarters at Shelbyville so as to watch Rosecrans.

A letter dated the 20th states that Colburn's division of Bragg's army is actually sent to Mississippi, and that Bragg's army is now falling back to the lines of the Tennessee. Another Murfreesboro dispatch says an order was read last night for the troops to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice.

Reports of formidable demonstrations on our right are not confirmed; but there is probably rebel force enough in that quarter to keep our troops on the watch.

A Memphis dispatch of the 28th says General Cass and Lieut. Col. Cameron, of the 34th Indiana, are reported killed. A Captain of the 24th Indiana was killed. Lieut. Col. Bacon's right hand was shattered while grasping the colors of his regiment, endeavoring to rally his men under a murderous fire.

LEE DID NOT ADOPT THE McCLELLAN STYLE.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

[*Special to the N. Y. Tribune.*]—Your correspondent with the Army of the Potomac says the statement that Lee has issued an order congratulating his troops on their victories, and indicating an intention to invade Maryland, are little more than inventions of sensation correspondents, there being no foundation for them, unless they be reported by deserters, on whom no reliance whatever can be placed.

The *Star* also says that no such impression existed among those necessarily best informed in the Army of the Potomac.

WHAT MILITARY MEN BELIEVE.

WASHINGTON, May 30.

[*Special to the Post.*] Military men here do not credit the report that the rebels are concentrating an unusually large force in Virginia, but believe rather that every soldier who can be spared from Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina, has been sent to relieve Johnston and Pemberton, or if too late to save Vicksburg, to seize some other point on the Mississippi river, or so to strengthen Port Hudson as to make its capture a matter of great difficulty.

A HEAVY RECONNOISANCE.

NEW YORK, May 29.

The 8th Illinois cavalry in a reconnoitering expedition down the Peninsula, between the Potomac and Rappahannock, captured 125 prisoners, 1500 contrabands, 800 horses, and broke up four smuggling routes.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

Gen. Schenck and Gov. Curtis had a long interview with the President to-day. It is said that they seriously apprehend an invasion of Maryland or Pennsylvania.

The fact that Gen. Rosecrans began to move upwards of a week ago, tends to confirm the report that Bragg is falling back from his front.

(*Herald's Special.*)—Private advices from Gauley, Virginia, states that warm work is expected in that region before long, as the enemy has lately been making demonstrations which indicate that they are bent on mischief.

Twelve thousand rebels crossed the Blackwater, and it is feared that Beauregards forces are to be brought from Charleston, and an active campaign in this direction is to be inaugurated by the rebels to offset their Vicksburg disaster.

Major General W. B. Franklin has consented to the use of his name as candidate of the Democratic party, for Governor of Pennsylvania, provided the Convention adopts an unmistakeable war platform.

ALL QUIET ON THE RAPPAHANNOCK.

HEADQUARTERS, ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, }
May 29, 1863. }

Yesterday a successful balloon reconnoisance was made by Capt. Paine. No indications of a movement were discovered, though it is still believed that a portion of their forces have passed up the Rappahannock. No communication is allowed between pickets, and intelligence from the other side is very meagre. "All quiet on the Rappahannock."

REBEL FORCE IN VIRGINIA.

NEW YORK, May 29.

A Washington dispatch says, from the most trustworthy sources we are informed that the whole rebel force in Virginia does not number 80,000 men, and this statement allows them 20,000 reinforcements, received since the battlement of Chancellorville.

DEPARTMENT OF THE SOUTH INACTIVE.

NEW YORK, May 30.

The *Times* says there is no prospect that anything will be attempted in the department of the South. Orders have been sent there to give furloughs to five per cent. and these instructions are to be carried out forthwith.

SECOND COMPTROLLER.

WASHINGTON, May 29.

J. M. Broadhead has been appointed second comptroller of the treasury, vice James M. Cutts, deceased.

The Western Sebastopol.

From the Chicago Tribune.

We have it upon the most direct and positive authority, that Gen. Banks has been ordered to co-operate with General Grant in the reduction of Vicksburg; and we may state what New York papers have already published, that the attack on Charleston at least by land, has been temporarily abandoned and that Hunter's men, or a large part of them, arrived at New Orleans, probably to secure the quiet of Louisiana, many days ago. We know Gen. Grant well enough to believe that if needed, every available man in his department, save and except enough to hold Memphis, will be called to his aid; and if they are not enough, Missouri and Kentucky ought to be able to furnish on brief notice all that he may lack.

On the other side, the indications are that the enemy are letting no grass grow under their feet. Jo. Johnston is astir; and whatever our Generals may think, we are sure that plain people, who have a knowledge of the geography and topography of the scene of the impending conflict, and its surroundings, will be sure to believe that no inconsiderable portion of Bragg's army will be detached to march with Johnston's relieving column; and we take it for granted that the guerrilla parties of which there are many in Kentucky and Tennessee, will be called in, as well as all the available troops at Mobile and other points on the Gulf Coast, to swell the advancing tide.

It is not now unlikely that Vicksburg will become the Sebastopol of the war, and that, after all the magnificent mistakes in the East, our Western boys will be called upon to end the prolonged and bitter struggle by the new deeds of heroism that they can put forth.

—A rich young woman of Baltimore, who lately boasted of putting on crape for Stonewall Jackson, was sent South on Monday. She positively refused to take the oath.

PICTURES.

Joseph Bugbee

has for sale at his Carpet Store two beautiful

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

BY DEJARDIN.

VALUE, $25 A PIECE.

None expecting a cheap picture need call and look at them. They *are* GEMS.

CARPETS Cheap as Ever.

my31-1f.

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

New Advertisements.

POSITIVELY

THE LAST CALL.

The balance of the following Goods must be closed out during the next two weeks, viz:

Ladies fine French Lasting Heeled Gaiters down to $1.00.

English Lasting Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Ladies Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A fine Kid Heeled Slipper, $1.00.

A few of those 50c Buskins left.

A PRIME KID BUSKIN, 75c.

A good sewed Kid Congress Gaiter, for $1.00.

A fine sewed Kid Lace Heel Boot, down to $1.00.

A good Morocco Heeled Boot, selling at 80c.

LASTING SLIPPERS, down to 60c.

MISSES.

MISSES LASTING BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

Misses fine sewed Kid Lace Gaiters, 50c—worth twice that amount.

A very fine Lasting Heeled Gaiter, 75c.

A few of those 25c Gaiters left.

A FINE KID SLIPPER, down to 35c—as they must be sold.

BOYS:

The balance of our Boys' Enamelled and

OXFORD-TIE SHOES,

will be closed out at 85c.

GENTLEMEN:

Still a few of those prime sewed

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

At $2.50.

CHEAP ENOUGH.

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

Pegged, at $1.25.

A lot of prime Calf sewed

CONGRESS GAITERS

To be "GIVEN AWAY," at $2.50 a pair.

PLEASE DON'T ASK THESE FOR LESS MONEY.

Will Purchasers please ask for the above Goods.

N. B.—We have got to sell them at whatever they will bring.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, June 1, 1863. je2

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NEWS ITEM

—Thomas Sims, the slave who recently escaped from Vicksburg with his wife and family, and is now in Boston, has been advertised by his old master, in Vicksburg, and a reward of $500 offered for his recovery. Ten years ago Tom's master was able to walk into Boston, capture Tom, and take him back to his plantation. To-day he can't do it, "nor any other" rebel. The master has been two years "fighting tor his rights," with the result as above stated.

—Captain John L. Worden, Commander of the Montauk, is rapidly recovering his health, which is much impaired by his arduous duties South. He is connected with the ironclad depot in New York, but has been for some time rusticating.

—Bull Run Russell, of the London *Times*, has gone to Poland to romance on the Revolution for that paper.

—Col. D'Utassy is to be confined a year at Sing Sing. He losses his back pay and is disqualified from holding office.

—John H. Warring, a wealthy Marylander, is being tried by Court Martial on a charge of giving aid and comfort to the rebels. Holt is Judge Advocate and General Ripley presiding officer.

—The enrolling officers are now busy in New Haven making an enrolment under the enrolment act, of all able-bodied male citizens between the ages of twenty and forty-five. Those enrolled are divided into two classes, the first class comprising all married men between the ages of twenty and thirty-five years, and all unmarried men between twenty and forty-five; the second class comprising all married men between the ages of thirty-five and forty-five years. Colored men will also be regularly enrolled and described on the lists. In other States preparations for the enrolment are actively making, and the work will soon begin.

—A man named Carl Beno Zander was arrested in Cleveland, Ohio, some days since, on suspicion of being a rebel spy. Among the papers found on him were a pass through the Confederate lines, and a letter to the Confederate Secretary of war, with an answer to it. The Secretary's letter addressed him as a bearer of dispatches. He admitted having been engaged by the rebel authorities to train and drill cavalry troops.

—Gen. McClellan, it is said, has purchased a tract of land in West Orange, N. J., and intends building a residence there for permanent occupancy by himself and family.

—The division of the late rebel Gen. Van Dorn is to be commanded by Gen. Forrest.

—A refugee from Richmond says that it is generally believed in Richmond that Lee's rebel army, in the late battle at Chancellorsville, numbered 175,000 fighting men.

Great scarcity of provisions exists in Richmond, and would have been much greater, but for the arrival of bacon seized by General Longstreet in North Carolina.

Schuyler Colfax has received letters from officers of Straight's brigade, captured by Forrest in Georgia, with entirely different statements as to their capture from those published in the rebel papers. They defeated Forrest three times, captured two pieces of artillery, killed 100, wounded 200, and took many prisoners. They lost, themselves, about sixty in killed and wounded; and finally, as 250 of their men had gone twenty-five miles in advance, the remainder, 1,000, surrendered to 2,700 rebels. The officers were to retain their colors, side arms, and money. The privates were to retain all except arms, but they were finally stripped of their blankets and clothing, and even pen knives, combs, &c.

—There are good reasons for believing that instead of commencing an aggressive movement, Lee is really gradually moving considerable portions of his army Southward, and that this fact is known at our headquarters.

—Five judges and inspectors of election have been sentenced, in Philadephia, to pay a fine of two hundred dollars each and to be imprisoned six months, for preparing and sighing a fraudulent election certificate, declaring a man named Leech elected to the Common Council.

—Th Connecticut House of Representatives is composed of 109 farmers, 15 merchants, 14 manufacturers, 13 lawyers, 9 mechanics, 3 clergymen, 3 physicians; teachers, editors, lumber dealers, clerks, tobacconists, hotel keepers, 2 each; shipmasters, printers, mariners, surveyors, glass-blowers, 1 each.

— A thousand barrels of sperm oil were recently sold at New Bedford, in one day, for export, at $1.55 per gallon.

— A paraprapb is going the rounds stating that General Grant (the hero of Vicksburg), never carried any baggage for his own benefit, upon a march, except a tooth-brush. The subject being under discussion at a tea-table at Rochester, says the *Democrat*, a doubt was expressed as to the reliability of the assertion. A gentleman suggested that the General evidently intended to scour the face of the country. A lady rejoined that he meant to fly in the teeth of the enemy; but the climactric observation was to the effect that he only wanted a little brush with the rebels. Certainly in the cleaning-out brush at Vicksburg Grant has made free use of his "powder."

—There is a woman residing in Concord, New Hampshire, with a property worth seventy thousand dollars, who buys milk by the gill, and whose father has a home in an almshouse.

A Jail View of Vicksburg.

RICHMOND AS SEEN BY A NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT.

CONDITION OF THE REBELS.

We extract the following from an account given by the *World* correspondent who was captured at Vicksburg, taken to Richmond and then released:

At Vicksburg we remained two days, being confined first to the common jail and afterwards to the upper stories of the Court House. As Vicksburg must be to our annals a point of great interest we give our impressions of it, hoping ere long to verify with more leasure and liberty their accuracy. We were, notwithstanding the thundering salute attending our entree, disappointed in it as a fortified position. From an elevated lodgment, from walks about town, our entrance and exit, from conversation and testimony of many knowing persons, we believe the strength of Vicksburg in men, guns, works and natural conformation to have been overrated. The site is admirable, especially for river defense. The batteries fronting the river are neither so numerous nor dangerous as commonly supposed. Although it is likely that portion of the heavy guns have been transferred to Grand Gulf, Big Black and Haines' Bluff, we guess the number of guns on the other side to be less than forty and never to have exceeded seventy. Of these, we are informed, only three are ten-inch, two nine, and four eight, three rifled, and the rest 32-pounders. There is but one casemated battery in the vicinity.

The earthworks are, however, perfect of their kind. Negroes are still at work on bombproofs and magazines, probably to guard against mortar shells. A landing from the the frontis, in our judgement, feasible, though now happily needless. The rumored fortifications in the streets are simply little pits or shoulders of ramparts projecting into the roadway. The works back of the city are the ordinary intrenchments commanding the road and small earth works on the bridges. Every hill on the outskirts is crested with an earthwork. Judging from the works at the tenderest point, (Big Black Bridge,) the defences of the rear are rudimentary only. The country is rough, a succession of small hills, to the bank of the Big Black, but the roads are good and the hills each commanding the other. Unless by some overwhelming attack, the Confederates might resist a large force at every rod, and so prolong the siege.

STRENGTH AND WEAKNESS OF THE PLACE.

The very length of the line, from Warrenton up the shores of the Big Black, and across to the Yazoo, or, what is the same, the meagerness of their forces to guard it, is the great weakness of the position. It would require to keep such a line (twenty-six miles) intact, an army of 50,000 men and 100 pieces of light artillery. I have a grounded conviction based upon concurrent testimony, that at the time of our sojourn there were not more than 15,000 troops west of the smaller stream, and 6,000 east. Could these all be concentrated upon one dicisive point they might, with their works, repel five times their number; but a repetition of such a plan of attack on our part they may never hope for again.

The Confederate hopes of Vicksburg are mainly hung upon General Joe Johnston, who arrived at Jackson on the 13th, and was pursued thence after a destructive fight next day. His plan appears to be to amass a considerable army outside and drive off the besiegers. We do not believe his intention is to get inside of Vicksburg, but to leave that post to Pemberton. If he can do this, Grant is, by the double line, front and rear, placed in a critical position.

GEN. JOHNSON AND HIS FORCES.

We have no fears for the result; but in this case minutes are of great moment. To the three thousand forces at Jackson, when we passed through, Johnston seems to have scraped up six thousand additional. Loring is since at Jackson with his corps, which will leave Grant with fifteen thousand in his front and say twenty thousand in the rear, deducting disabled and captured in the three late engagements, which, from the meagre reports received at Richmond, we judge to be considerable. The extent to which Johnston can be reinforced by way of the railroad from the Tombigbee to Meridian is fifteen hundred a day. His army cannot be supplied by that route. Vicksburg is provisioned for thirty days only. The country affords him perhaps a sufficiency of corn and forage. His communication with the rest of the South is precarious, and, if Grierson be not idle, may be destroyed.

Gen. Martin Luther Smith, commanding a division, is Post Captain. Major General Forney, an Alabamian of small reputation, wields one corps, and Gen. Loring the other. Lieutenant General Pemberton, a pet of President Davis, of small field experience, a commnds the department. Much and bitter criticism of his incompetency exists in the South, but I am informed in high quarters that the selections of Mr. Davis have uniformly proved to be so good, that his judgment in an untried case is not urgently opposed. Full General Johnson is the ranking officer, and has been sent to the scene of action charged with the duty of saving Vicksburg. It is needless to say that considerable alarm exists in the Confederacy for its fall, and from my nearer and inside view of affairs I see nothing to bar the way to victory.

RICHMOND.

The streets are gay enough for a capital semi-besieged. The houses, old fashioned and substantial, are more comfortable in their appointments than I had expected. The park is crowded nightly with spectators, to witness some regimental drill and listen to the band. The President is infirm in health, and is said to be in danger of losing his sight. There are many Marylanders staying in the city waiting "to go home."

The darkness is darker than the brightness is bright. The most momentous, as it is the most solemu fact of all, is told in the record of the cemeteries. *Thirty thousand burials within two years, and of these nearly all are from the hospitals.* Hollywood Cemetery is crowded with strangers, but more than this number have found resting places in the beautiful hills and dales of "old Virginia." She may be called "Aceldama, the field of blood." Mourning all around! One of the most touching sights in the whole of our observation is to see troops of young wives and maidens in procession to the cemetery with garlands and flowers which erst were destined for the festival.

THE REBEL ARMY.

It will be very natural that I should speak of the military aspect of the South, inasmuch as it is a subject upon which they lavish much thought and pride. The rebels believe and affirm that they have the best army and the bravest soldiers in the world. There is enough of truth and enough of falsehood about the remark not to treat it as a jest. The military spirit and power and organization of the South is to my mind something marvelous. The wonder is not that they have not done more, but that they should have been permitetd to do so much with so little. Their success (such as it is) lies in our defect as much as in their excellence. The odds were on our side largely in the beginning, but they have really and palpably lessened them—a relative gain. It is true that some of their means have been questionable, and such as we could not afford to practice, but this must be estimated both as a phenomenon and so much military capital.

Officers pay more study to the profession; the men are like the French, either more inspired with martial zeal, or like the Cossacks, less capable of choice or judgment. The officers, however, are more thoroughly wedded to the business of arms. It has become the work of their lives. This may be by the force of circumstances, and the only work in which their whole energies were bent. Of this necessity they make a virtue. There is an intense and never-wearying talk of war, warriors, plans, battles, movements, fortifications, &c. The chief officers manifest a more intimate acquaintance with the nomenclature and terminology of the art than do the same ranks in our army. The men have a (blinder it may be) but more enthusiastic attachment to their leaders and the corps, amounting in the eyes of an outsider almost to a fanaticism.

RESOURCES OF THE SOUTH.

Circumstances also do much to keep them together as an organization. The confederacy is one vast camp. To every man of sound limb it is one's privilege to say, "What regiment do you belong to?"

MILITARY SPIRIT.

That they should have been able to make every male between the ages of fifteen and fifty (exceptions noted) a soldier of the state, and drove into the ranks nearly the whole able-bodied population is a remarkable stretch of power in the history of republics, and a potent engine of war. To any one who has seen the wheels and springs by which this has been accomplished it is not mysterious but strange. That they have been able to carry and force their men into many desperate battles without more symptoms of demoralization is also remarkable, as in the fact they can use so large a proportion of conscripts with so much impunity.

That there is a certain aptitude for arms among these people is true. Whether this is to be set down to their credit as men and citizens, may be questioned; but as a national or belligerent advantage it is undoubted. The mass of these men love fighting more than we do. The people, their provisions, their roads, their houses, newspapers—all are at the call of the State. Like the intrusive and protective system of France the governmental finger is in the smallest pie. What sympathies could not be enlisted were few enough to be imagined. All things, the law itself, bend to the imperious "military necessity." In material they commenced with little, but have by one expedient and another gotten a larger stock. The first Bull Run was a godsend to them; since then they have imimported large and small arms and ordnance stores in quantities, in exchange for cotton. Clothing they still lack, but cannot but see that neither in the field of war nor in society do the clothes make the men. In equipments they are short, but here again they have hit upon a wonderful expedient—to use less. Medicines they are scant of—so much the better, perhaps. The health of the men at this season, although the food is coarse and scanty, is on the average as good as our own.

OPERATION OF THE BLOCKADE.

The blockade has been and is a damaging injury. It is useless for them to talk, as they do, about the development of manufactures in their midst. All such are factitious, and will subside at the first dawn of peace, as it needs no Adam Smith to foretell. The whole Soth is living in the plainest way, in many things having reverted the necessities and practices of the earliest pioneer settlers. Some commodities there are in manufacture which rank almost as necessaries. A spool of thread, for example, costs a dollar in some parts of the South. The impotency of the South in the elements of a self-sustenance and a long war is seen most clearly in the railroads. Although they appropriated all the rolling stock of the border states, and drew it back as they retreated, the roads South are in shabby order. All along the road-side and at the termini can be seen the wreck of cars and locomotives. The road beds, never good and much used, are kept in good repair.

DISCIPLINE IN THE ARMY.

Here again the injury of the blockade has a compensatory advantage. Whiskey is a scarce article in the southern camp. We saw little drunkenness among soldiers or officers. The usual price is a dollar a dram for whiskey, so that to have a moderate spree, a private might spend three month's wages. The pay of the men and officers is about the same as our own, the cost of living much dearer; the consequence is they must expend their accumulated substances or live more plainly. This they do both in food and raiment. In clothing, indeed, this is very apparent. Upon returning to our own lines, each officer (not in the open field) seems as if he were dressed for a court ball. It is a misnomer to call their apparel "uniform;" it is multiform and parti-colored, patched up of odds and ends, the prevailing tone being a sort of stone gray and russet color; is coarse home-made cloth, with all manner of devices to add to the insignia of rank. It is evident they have made large use of captures in this respect. Too many of their men and officers are wearing our blue coats and pants—taken from us. In this we cannot retaliate.

The Prospect at Vicksburg.

From the Cincinnati Commercial,

To save Vicksburg it is necessary that Pemberton's defeated forces should be relieved. Assaults may be repulsed for a time, but the steady work of assault, by land and water, and by regular approaches, must result in the reduction of the city, and the capture of the forces defending it.

The rebel garrison, it is said, is supplied with five months' provisions and plenty of ammunition. If they can hold out twenty days, a large force will be in the rear of Grant, and place him between two fires. Such is the theory upon which the enemy base their hopes of the salvation of Vicksburg. But such an operation may fail.

The genius which led our army from the Mississippi river to Jackson, and returning toward Vicksburg, beat their armies in detail, will probably be sufficient to repeat the operation. The rebels can only rely upon small bodies of troops drawn from the coast, and upon Bragg's army, Mobile, Port Hudson, and other defensive points, sent every man who could be spared to Johnston, and they arrived in time to be beaten at Jackson. If Bragg sent any considerable portion of his army to the assistance of Pemberton, he endangers his position, and with it the safety of East Tennessee and Chattanooga, which are only less important, strategically, than Vicksburg itself. The difficulties of reaching Vicksburg now are manifold. Col. Grierson's raid thro' the State cut up railroad communications, and the Jackson and Vicksburg Railroad is valueless by the complete destruction of important bridges, track, &c. The Yazoo is under control of the gun boats to Yazoo City. Johnston will, therefore, be compelled to advance slowly, and draw his supplies from a base at least fifty miles distant.

Grant, on the other hand, is, literally speaking, "at home," being in communication with the river, and easily supplied by transports. The same means that can so easily supply his army with subsistence can bring reinforcements. A portion of Banks' troops can be brought up from Port Hudson and Baton Rouge, and by way of Red River from Alexandria. Helena and points above can send to his aid a considerable army. If Bragg attempts to move, he will not escape, like a thief, in the night. The Army of the Cumberland will not permit him to come and go at his pleasure; and even were he to escape, it is doubtful whether he could reach Vicksburg before the Army of the Cumberland, or a portion of it, could be there, ready to confront him. We think, therefore, that having control of the rivers, and in communication with all important military posts in the West, there need be no apprehensions of a combination that will crush Grant or relieve Pemberton.

A New British Agent in Richmond.

From the London Herald, May 11.

We have much pleasure in announcing the fact that our special correspondent to the Southern confederacy *has succeeded in passing the federal lines*, and has reached Richmond, Virginia. From arrangements he has been enabled to make we confidently expect that three or four letters will reach us every month, and that the public will find in his correspondence the fullest and most authentic information regarding the military and political aspect of affairs in the South.

—Jamaica letters received in England by the West India mail, report that on the 7th of April a sea fight took place at Pedro Bluff, between a large war steamer strikingly like the pirate Alabama and three other vessels. Heavy firing was heard at nine A. M., and the vessels were distinctly seen from the shore pouring broadsides into each other. The firing lasted until two P. M. No particulars were known.

—The Vermont soldiers, without counting in the Seventh and Eighth regiments, have sent home in allotment money, in the last four months, $333,550.

Dry Goods.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES.

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c.,

Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge,

WM. CONSTANS,

my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $400; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers,

ap30 On Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

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THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

Je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND

Real Estate Agents,

Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.

D. L. CURTICE. ap22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH

USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

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Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,

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Have removed from Robert Street, to UNION BLOCK, 3d-st, 2d door from Roberts-st.

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MONETARY.

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ST. PAUL, May 29, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

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Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds.....	¼ per ct. prem.
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Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

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ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. To YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits. MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dewee's FEMALE PILLS for obructions, Irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage*. Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

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ATTENTION

At present we are selling a very fine French LASTING HEELED GAITER for $1.25, former price $2.50. BUY SOON!

Black and Brown Lace Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Black, Brown and Drab Gaiters, 50c.

A GOOD KID BUSKIN, 50c.

A nice Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A very fine French Lasting Lace Gaiter for 75c, former price $2.00.

A fine Kid Lace Heel Boot, $1.25.

A good Kid Congress Gaiter, without heel, for $1.

Misses very nice Kid Lace Gaiters, without heels, 50c—worth $1.00.

Misses Black and Drab Lasting Gaiters, for 25c—don't ask them for less.

MISSES BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

MISSES KID BUSKINS, 25c.

MISSES FINE KID SLIPPERS, 40c.

BOYS:

Boys Patent Leather Boots, $1.50.

BOYS CALF OXFORD TIE, 90c.

Boys fine Enameled Tie Shoe, $1.00.

A first-rate Double Sole Sewed Kid Lace Boot, without Heels, for $1.00—worth $1.50.

The best $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00

LASTING GAITERS

IN THE CITY, SURE.

GENTLEMEN:

We are selling at $2.50—to raise money—a tip-top

PATENT LEATHER GAITER

Regular price $4.50.

THESE GOODS MUST BE SOLD!

A pegged

PATENT LEATHER GAITER,

A real good one, $1.50—worth $2.50.

THESE ALSO MUST BE SOLD.

We have the

BEST PATENT LEATHER BOOT

IN AMERICA,

At a Low Price.

Cash Buyers only Invited.

P. S.—Purchasers wanting any of the above goods, will please ask for them and they will be shown forthwith; it won't pay to dwell very long on them.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, May 13, 1863. my14

BEANS—CORN.

We are buying White Beans, and selling No. 1 Corn.

L. B. & C. GREIG,

Corner of Sibley and Third streets.

St. Paul, May 24th. 2w

BRAN, OATS, CORN MEAL,

BEANS, RICE,

And a variety of the best brands of Flour, for sale by

A. H. WIMBISH,

Dealer in Choice Family Groceries,

my24 Jackson-st., between 5th and 6th.

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

AND

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM

H. KNOX TAYLOR

Has just returned from

NEW YORK,

And is now receiving his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late

AUCTION SALES

In that city, he

CAN AND WILL SELL THEM

TO HIS CUSTOMERS

AT

GREAT BARGAINS.

We do not propose to

Sell Our Goods at Cost,

BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW

We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.

The following are some of the Varieties:

CHECKED POPLINS,

STRIPED CRAPES,

MOZAMBIQUES,

HIMALAYAS,

ARABIAN GLACE,

Checked Lenos, &c., &c.

ALSO

COLORED ALPACCAS

AND

ORIENTAL LUSTRES

Which are all the rage in New York City.

BLACK SILKS.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

NEW STYLE PRINTS,

French, English and American,

SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.

Our stock of

Ladies' Collars

Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.

We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.

IN SHAWLS WE HAVE

Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.

ALSO

Ladies' Cloakings.

GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods,

We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.

BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Flannels,

White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.

Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.

Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen; do do Hemstich and Mourning.

White Goods and Embroideries.

BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.

Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towelings, and Diapers.

In fact, if you want anything in the way of

Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,

Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Sales."

ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys

St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*
TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.
WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

One Square.	One Square.	Each add. Square.
One time	$0 80	$0 40
Three times	1 50	75
Six days	2 00	1 00
Two weeks	3 00	1 50
Three weeks	4 00	2 00
One month	5 00	2 50
Two months	8 00	4 00
Three months	10 00	5 00
Six months	14 00	7 00
Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double-column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $40 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at five cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McCABE, at Minneapolis, and WEBSTER O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordan, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse des Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS. 5 CENTS. 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas,
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried Fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef,
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly.
FREE OF CHARGE.

ja27-d1y

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 250 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.
MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, which every Instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

The Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.
☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&wly'61

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.
TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

Chicago Advertisements

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well-adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo **Weber, Williams & Fitch.**

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

RODER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter.
Catawba Brandy.
Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,
Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 25 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge,

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

63-d tw&wly

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.....Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moors.....Boston
ja11d&olm&wly

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.

mr7-d&wly

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities. Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address **HENRY R. COSTAR.**
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30 St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.,

(Successor to Walter W. Webb,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN WINES & LIQUORS AND

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

an1-tf *SIBLEY BLOCK, THIRD-ST.*

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS.

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession.
There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe.
It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.
The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜
All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of
Bleached and Brown Cottons.
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks,
Prints and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.
SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.
N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to jobGoods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and sell Real Estate on Commission. jan6-d&wly1

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER,

&c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,

ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street. **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap15tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
Ja31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL,
Ja31-d1y For

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skilful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"*Strength and Beauty*" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine. c14-d&wly

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office.

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

ja29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

Jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m4-3mo] **HARMON, GALE & CO.**

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR
OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,
Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF
DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS
On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.
New York office, 1½ Murray street.
Boston office, 69 Washington street.
mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. je6 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS
CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.
ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. dly

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers,
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to
S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.
mar13-tf JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

THE CITY.

OLD SETTLERS ASSOCIATION.—The Sixth Annual Meeting of the "Old Settlers" of Minnesota, those who settled prior to January 1, 1850, was held yesterday afternoon at the Capitol. Quite a goodly number were present, and with most, time seemed to have dealt gently. The term "Old" settler would apply—literally—to but a few, for most of them were men in the prime of life—perhaps on the sunny side of 40. Here and there was a head silvered o'er with gray, but in those cases vigor of body and youthfulness of spirit defied the frosts of time to give them any "old" appearance.

We noticed among those present, Senator Ramsey, Senator Wilkinson, Gen. Sibley, Frank Steele, Dr. Potts, Wm. P. Murray, H. L. Moss, Lot Moffit, Henry F. Masterson, A. L. Larpenteur, A. R. French, J. W. Bass, and others.

The minutes of the meeting of 1862 were read by Charles D. Elfelt, Acting Secretary (in the absence of Judge Goodrich), and approved.

Dr. Thos. R. Potts, President of the Association, called the meeting to order at three o'clock whose names we did not know.

Lot Moffit, Treasurer of the Association, presented his annual report. He reported no money in the Treasury, but said we still had on hand $10 in Glencoe money, a relic of the early days of the Society.

Correspondence being called for, the Secretary read the following patriotic letter from Hon. H. F. Sanford, U. S. Minister to Belgium:

BRUSSELS, 1st May 1863.

Wm. Henry Forbes, Esq., President; Charles D. Elfelt, Esq., Secretary, Old Settlers' Association of Minnesota:

Gentlemen: I duly received your letter under date of June 10th last, communicating in terms highly gratifying, the complimentary resolutions unanimously adopted at the late annual meeting of the Old Settlers' Association, conferring upon me the flattering distinction of honorary membership of that body.

I appreciate highly the honor the Old Settlers' Association has done me by this election, and I am deeply moved by the language of personal regard and of commendation of my official course, which accompanies it. I gratefully accept this place among you, and I shall ever prize this distinction of being numbered among the old settlers of Minnesota; among those whose privilege it has been to wrest its fair fields from the wilderness and the savage; to found there a new State; to add another star to the galaxy of our beloved Union, and to give to the world renewed assurance of the beauty, fitness and endurance of our American system of federative republican government.

Old settlers have everywhere formed a nation's nobility; and here in the Old World, titles perpetuated to descendants, sources of place and privilege, serve to distinguish their names and reward their prowess; how often the history of their origin is blended with acts of oppression and wrong!

How different the old settlers of the new world! seeking no power, rank or hereditary privilege at the expense of the people, but building up with toil and sacrifice, new States on the basis of equal rights and of self government—content for their reward in the consciousness of good done of the great remembrance of the coming millions—and satisfied to bequeath to succeeding generations the fruit of their labors, and that their decse dants should take their chances for public honors on the common ground of merit and popular suffrage.

In the spirit which breathes through your letter cannot but inspire confidence and hope. Such glowing patriotism, such burning faith, uttered in words, proved in works, by men like you of Minnesota, cannot fail to cheer the lover of his country were he tempted so despond.

I have never ceased to hope, and I have never failed to assert the final triumph of our Union. The devotedness of your State has strengthened this assertion and afforded me the means to evince the truth: that single State yet in its infancy, has sent forth to fight the battles of the Union, an army of willing men exceeding in number the whole population included ten years previous, within its borders! It is to Minnesota that I owe the best evidence I can here hold up, of the patriotism, power and development of our people, by facts which have no precedent in the Old World, and seem to it almost incredible; and I feel indicte pride in this honorary enrollment among her children.

I am happy to learn that the interest I have manifested in your First Regiment of volunteers has been acceptable That regiment, I am pleased to know, still sustains its enviable rank among the armies of the Union. The distinction which you have conferred upon me, gives me a deeper and more expanded interest in the welfare of the soldiers of Minnesota. With this feeling, I beg to transmit an offering, which I wish through you to be applied to the relief of their sick and wounded.

I pray you, gentlemen, to convey my thanks to the members of the Old Settlers' Association for the honor you have conferred upon me, and to believe me, with sentiments of the highest respect,

Your most obedient servant,
H. J. SANFORD.

Accompanying the letter was a draft on Clark, Dodge & Co., New York, for $500, the reading of which was greeted with applause. On motion the Secretary was directed to return the thanks of the Association to Mr. Sanford, and assure him of its good wishes. Quite a debate sprang up concerning the most appropriate disposition of the money, when on motion of Gov. Ramsey, it was ordered to be paid over to the State Treasurer, to be by him expended in accordance with the wish of the owner.

Gov. Ramsey also read part of a private letter from Judge Goodrich to himself, assuring the Association that he was with them in their reunion in spirit, although absent in body, and that he hoped "they would have a good time." [Applause.]

Propositions for new members being the order of business, General Sibley proposed the name of Richard Chute, who first came to Minnesota in 1844. Mr. Chute was thereupon unanimously elected to membership, and being present, thanked the Society in a few remarks, narrating some particulars of his settling here.

The death of Philander Prescott, one of the oldest settlers in Minnesota, and one of the charter members of the Association, was appropriately noticed. Mr. Prescott was one of the victims of the Indian massacre last August. He was, at the date of his death, an interpreter at one of the Agencies.

The election of officers for the ensuing year being next in order, it was proceeded with, with the following result:

President—Franklin Steele, of Fort Snelling.
1st Vice-President—Henry L. Moss, of St. Paul.
2d Vice-President—J. D. Ludden, of Stillwater.
Secretary—Aaron Goodrich, St. Paul, now Secretary of Legation, Brussels, Belgium.
Acting Secretary—Charles D. Elfelt, St. Paul.
Treasurer—Lot Moffit, of St. Paul.

The Chair then appointed the following members as the Executive Committee for the ensuing year:

Richard Chute, H. F. Masterson, Wm. P. Murray, Bartlett Pressly, Jacob W. Bass.

Gov. Ramsey called on Old Settler Murray for a report of the Committee appointed a couple of years ago, of which he was chairman, to procure a view of Moffit's Castle for preservation in the archives of the Association.

Mr. Murray reported that Old Settler Moffit had enclosed his Castle by the walls of the present structure before the Committee was able to have the view taken. [Laughter.]

There being no farther business of importance before the Association, on motion it adjourned to meet at the Merchant's Hotel at 8 o'clock P. M.

POLICE COURT.—Two celebrated and remarkable ladies appeared before the tribunal of justice yesterday. The first was the highing institution known as Hannah Clancy, whose last row-de-dow, occasioning her arrest, has been previously noticed. She was very penitnent, and promised to move her shanty and not drink any more. She was fined $5, and allowed to depart in peace.

The second was a tiger under the "name and style" of Margaret Strapp. Margaret, perhaps we should say Maggie in view of her angelic disposition, had a speculative turn of mind and accordingly sold her shanty, receiving the money therefor. It would not do for a "poor lone woman" to be without a shelter, and being a devout believer in "squatter sovereignty," she concluded to settle down in the upper portion of a tenement building near her former residence.

As there were several families already in the building, they objected to her "squatter" arrangement without authority, and while the men held her, the women folks pitched her traps, that she had unceremoniously moved in, out doors. As soon as she was free, she was "at it agin," moving her furniture into another portion of the building, and only ceased when the strong arm of the law clasped her in a gentle embrace. She was fined $5, and left the court room vowing that she would move in yet, as "she had as much right here as any body."

THE BANQUET.

The re union at the Merchants' Hotel at nine o'clock, was attended by a large number of "Old Settlers." By some mismanagement the guests were not called to the table until nearly eleven o'clock, and when the cloth was removed, and the intellectual part of the entertainment began, it was near midnight, and our Reporter was compelled to hasten away to close his report in time for this morning's paper.

No regular toasts were read, but spontaneous sentiments were given by various members, and Old Settlers called out in response to the same. Entertaining and interesting remarks were made by Gov. Ramsey, Frank Steele, Gen. Sibley, Wm. P. Murray, Senator Wilkinson, Col. Robertson, Judge Cooper, and others.

Toasts were drank to the memory of the members who died during the past year, and to the memory of James M. Goodhue, the pioneer editor of Minnesota; also to the health of H. J. Sanford, for his patriotic donation to our soldiers.

The table was bountifully supplied by mine host Shaw, who won much praise for the excellent fare provided. Altogether, the reunion of 1863 was not a whit behind any of its predecessors, except perhaps in the absence of the wives of the old settlers, who were not there to grace the board as in former years.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—There was a meeting of the Board last night, at the City Hall, the Mayor in the chair.

Present: Inspectors Mattocks, Paine, Ramsley, Nicols, Robertson, Lambert, Brisbine, Kingsley, Ward, Combs, Kelley, and McNamee.

Inspector Combs presented a petition from some of the school teachers for a substitution of the Spencerian system of penmanship in lieu of the one now in use. Referred to the Committee on Schools.

Inspector Nicols, from Committee on Property, made an informal report in reference to the hiring of the old post office building, for the use of the Adams' School division, and stating that the upper rooms could be rented for $125 per annum, and recommended its being so rented.

On motion the Superintendent was directed to rent the property for one year from the first of July.

The Committee on Schools were directed to organize a suitable programme for the celebration of the Fourth of July.

A resolution was passed calling on the City Council to impose a tax of one mill on the dollar for the purposes of education for the ensuing year.

Adjourned to Monday the 29th of June.

THE FIRE LAST NIGHT.—The fire at 12 o'clock last night was in a story and a half frame dwelling, owned by Charles Colter, and situated on the corner of Eighth and Wacouta streets. A family by the name of Pifer had been living in the house, but had vacated it a day or two since, and it was unoccupied at the time of the fire.

The fire commenced in one of the back rooms and was apparently in the partition though some straw and rubbish was burning on the floor when it was discovered. The alarm being given it was quickly brought under control by the neighbors, and the arrival of the firemen completed the job. It was evidently the work of an incendiary, and if a few minutes more had elapsed before the discovery, the house would have been beyond preserving.

MORE SEPOYISM.—We have several times adverted to the fact of little ragamuffins committing outrages on other boys by stoning or beating them. The little heathens who have been notorious for this kind of business are no doubt emboldened by the acquittal of Pat Lynch a few days ago, for the assault on young Prescott which proved fatal. At least, within the past week or two we have heard of several cases of exactly the same kind, only they fortunately did not prove fatal. It is a pity that these young Sepoys cannot be apprehended and punished for their misdeeds. An example is badly needed, for it is almost unsafe to trust one's children out of sight while such a system of brutality prevails.

"IMPORTANT IF TRUE."—We learn from the *Pioneer* local, that since our healthy strictures upon the Mayor, "fifteen or sixteen" dogs have been "carted off outside the city limits, and interred in the manner prescribed by the statute." Being always willing to deal fairly, we give the Mayor credit for the "fifteen or sixteen," and are glad to see that the criticism of the PRESS has not been in vain. We are a little incredulous as to the number killed, for we only have twelve policemen whose duty it is make way with these pests, and the dogs are so scarce that each one cannot see less than one thousand a day while on his beat, so that the final disposition of "fifteen or sixteen" would indicate the most terrific activity, and is a greater effort than we should suppose twelve men could make. But the *Pioneer* says the Mayor is enforcing the law "as far as lies in his power," and if "fifteen or sixteen" is the extent of that "power," we have nothing to say.

We should really like a little information, however, from said local, as to "the manner prescribed by the statute" for interment, and also whether he saw the extraordinary number of "fifteen or sixteen," or only "smelt of the bones?"

FOR THE GOLD REGIONS.—Our enterprising friends Messrs. Holyoke, Younglove and Denslow, health and pleasure seekers, accompanying Capt. Fisk's Overland Expedition, took their departure for the Pacific yesterday afternoon. They encamped on the prairie last night outside the city on the St. Anthony road, and take up their line of march this morning. Judging from the completeness of their outfit and the elaborate preparations made to ensure comfort and convenience, we anticipate for them a delightful journey.

They have also made arrangements to transport a large amount of staple articles to the gold regions of the Rocky Mountains.

They have the best wishes of their numerous friends and acquaintances in St. Paul, who feel a deep interest in the success of their undertaking, and sincerely hope for their final restoration to health and friends.

Capt. Fisk will leave St. Cloud about the 10th inst., and under the management and guidance of this experienced and sagacious officer, we predict for the expedition, safety and success.

MARS AND CUPID.—The God of War and the God of Love generally, it is said, go hand in hand. An instance of this nature occurred on Sunday, when our gallant young friend Lieut. Harry Hines led to the altar one of St. Paul's fair damsels. The happy couple left on the Itasca on Sunday evening, with the good wishes of all their friends. The Lieut. goes at once to the Potomac.

DISTRICT COURT.—*Twenty-fifth Day.*—The cases tried yesterday were of no public interest.

Motions were argued for arrest of judgment in the cases of Patrick Halloway and Hugh Crawford, convicted of larceny. Decision will be rendered to-day.

WE noticed on the street yesterday, James Patten, lately of the 4th Minnesota. Mr. Patten has been nearly two years in the army, and was discharged a few days since for ill health. We are glad to learn, however, that he will recover under the influence of our delightful weather.

MILITARY.—The officers of the 31st and 32d Regiments Minnesota State Militia will meet at Armory Hall, this Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock. By request of the Joint Committees.

THERE will be a meeting of the City Council to-day at four o'clock, at the City Hall.

WE omitted in our last issue to call attention to the advertisement of Mr. Golcher's gun store, which well known stand is the headquarters for every thing wanted by sportsmen, Mr. J. H. Mathews, his efficient salesman, will be found in attendance.

LOCAL NOTICES:

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—A. H. Wimbish keeps the very best article of everything in the Grocery and Provision line—sells it at the lowest market rate—delivers without extra charge, and warrants every article as represented. His store is on Jackson street, between Fifth and Sixth-sts. je2-tf

MOUNT VERNON Initial Stationery Packet—containing different sizes of paper and envelopes, with initials stamped on them. Call and see them at Merrill's bookstore, Third street.

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Cartes de Visites, Photographs of Minnesota Scenery, Indians, etc., etc., for sale at Merrill's—where may be found all kinds of Books and Stationery, at low prices.

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country daily, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI R. R. CO.—STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—A meeting of Stockholders of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, will be held at 4 o'clock on Tuesday, the 23d day of June, at the office of Parker Paine, Esq., for the choice of Directors for the ensuing year. J. S. SEWALL,
je2-1t Secretary, pro tem.

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,
Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE,
Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

☞ Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my10-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public, I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & Prairie du Chien R. R.
ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
my3-3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

River and Steamboat News.

☞ The river at this point is reported as rising slowly. The Minnesota, on the contrary, is still falling. We learn that there are less than two feet on the rapids. All but the very smallest boats have drawn off, and only one or two pretend to run to Mankato now. The weather-wise predict that we are to have a freshet this month, and a good sized one, too. To accomplish that result a week's steady rain is needed all over the State, and it should commence soon.

☞ The Ariel arrived at a late hour on Saturday night, with a good list of freight from Mankato direct. The Ariel being of light draught runs without much difficulty, and her able Captain, James Houghton and experienced Pilot J. F. Lucky, get her through on time. She left yesterday evening again.

☞ The Sucker State arrived on Sunday morning, and put off a large freight. See manifest. She left at six o'clock P. M.

☞ The Antelope came in on time yesterday morning, with a miscellaneous assortment of freight, of which Clerk Leopold furnished us a manifest as usual.

☞ The Clara Hine arrived yesterday morning from La Crosse, with 800 bbls salt, and two bulk barges. She left for the Rapids at noon.

☞ The Pomeroy left for La Crosse on Sunday morning.

☞ The Harper, from Prairie du Chien, will be in port to-day. She is to run on the Minnesota in place of the Flora. The efficient Mr. Reany will act as her clerk. Her principal business will be towing grain barges.

☞ The Sucker State and Itasca left at the same hour on Sunday evening, on a race. When we last heard from them the Itasca was ahead.

☞ The Northern Belle arrived at noon yesterday, having the Sunday trip up, which does not connect with any train.

Per Keokuk—D C Sheppard, 23 bdls bags; L Kreiger, 4 do do; Cooley, C & Co, 8 do do; H M Vroman, 3 pkgs; M A Broom, 3 do; Wooley & co, 3 bales feathers; R Kahlfield, 1 box cigars; H M Shaw, 1 do; C E Mayo, 2 bxs hardware; 1 crt crocks, E H Schutennal; Vawter & Rose, 1 box; Whitney's Gallery, 2 do; J R M, 1 bale carpet; J S P & co, 1 bx h ware; J C & H C B & co, 25 bxs cheese; E A & T H Davis, 100 kegs nails; J W Webb jr, 2 casks; J H Crittenden, 1 box boots; F Grib, 2 do; W J Smith & co, 2 do; 256 pkgs sundries, A Paul; R Marvin 1 box goods, D D Merrill 1 box books, D C Jones 12 h forks, J A Stees 27 pkgs mdse, W H Strait 1 box, Kelly bros 5 boxes.

Per Antelope.—Cooley Carver & Co., 210 sacks corn; J C & H C Burbank & Co 140; do wheat; Temple & Bonspre 42 do do; Borup & Champlin 280 do do; Cooley Carver & Co 7 calf skins, 1 do hide, 7 sacks beans, 48 e boxes; L C Kinistun 1 bbl lard; C A Donguish 3 boxes eggs, 1 do chickens, 1 calf; lot plunder, bulls, cows and calves.

Per Ariel.—S Long Belle Plaine, 24 pks h h goods; Borup & Chaplain 126 sks wheat; H Russel 1 do sundries; Chas A Upham 99 sks wheat, 5 boxes furs and 1 sk feathers; Cooley Carver and Co 500 sks wheat; Dr Winkleham 11 pk h h goods; A F Cowly 200 sks wheat; Mrs Mayford 1 box h h goods; J W Boss 9 boxes meat; Burbank & Co 91 sks corn; John McGregor 1 tool chest.

Per Sucker State.—Temple & Beaupre 31 pkgs; A Boyden 2 pkgs; I W Simpson 27 do; J C Raguet & Co 75 do; J F McQuiller 75 do; Borup & Champlin 16 do; Gillaty & Homes 2 do; J J. Beanmont 26 do; E W Eddy 7 do; J F Tuchelt 1 do; R Seon 1 do; B Presley 1 do; Mrs Jones 1 do; L B Waite 140 do; Nichols, Dean & Co 18 do; J B Braden 6 do; Capt M P Small 37 do; D Gop 1 do; M E Holmes 200 do; Owner on Board 6 do;

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.
F. W. TUCHELT,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT.
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, Second Collection District, Minnesota. Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 5 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from, also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each. In addition to the license tax.

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.
Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street.
may23-d2w.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, UPPER LEVEE, ST. PAUL, MINN. May 18th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until June 5th, 1863, for furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named Posts:
POST ON SOUTH BRANCH ON WATONWAN
PRINCETON,
CAMP POPE,
FAIRMOUNT,
NEW ULM,
MANKATO,
ST. PETERS,
HENDERSON.

In case other Posts are established on or near the Minnesota River, the Contractor will be required to furnish said Posts with Fresh Beef at the contract price.

Separate Bids will be received for each of the above Posts or one bid may include all of them. The Contract to commence June 15th, and to be in force 6 months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARRANTEE.

We,——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——— is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid. Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S." and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

my10 td
Mankato *Independent* please copy, send three copies and charge PRESS.

SPRING STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.
MRS. J. B. LYGO,
Is selling at REDUCED PRICES, at her lately extended rooms, particularly adapted for her line of business.
COUNTRY MILLINERS
Will do well to call before selecting Goods elsewhere, as she is in weekly receipt of
Seasonable & Fashionable Goods
And has the facilities at all times of getting the LATEST FASHIONS.
THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND ROBERT-STS. my27-1m

NEW PAPER AND STATIONERY STORE.
The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of
Letter and Cap Paper,
FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,
Commercial and Ladies' Note,
PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,
Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,
At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.
WHEELER & CHAFFEE,
No. 230 Third-St.,
One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.
P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders.
my16-1m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!
Geo. E. Schnabel,
CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS.,
Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.
mar21-d&w

METAL WAREHOUSE.
VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Tin Plate &c.,
DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK. METALS. AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES
199 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.
P. O. Box 2167.
dec13-6m

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies competition. Look in at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH. 50 do. Cake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pickled Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Parker's popular brand.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine. Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES. — 300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plug, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.—at low prices.
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at
my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES. — 600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *It means it.*
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at
my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

CUTLERS EMPORIUM.
Cooley, Carver & Co.
JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,
Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of
Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,
Invite the early attention of Suttlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES	500	dozen,	fresh and fine.
RASPBERRIES	200	do	do
BLACKBERRIES	200	do	do
CHERRIES	200	do	do
WHORTLEBERRIES	300	do	do

Foreign Fruits.
RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs.
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.
100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands,

Tobaccos.
250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinnikinick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.
A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.
A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine,	Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy,	Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy,	Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.
Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.
A full line, including every variety.
October 14, 1862.

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE
FROM
Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.
The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between
Cleveland and Bayfield,
As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 24	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	August 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 29
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 4

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the *entire* season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.
☞ For further information, apply to
S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.
A beautiful lot of
ALPACCAS & SARATOGA
PLAIDS,
ALSO
A handsome lot of
LIGHT PRINTS,
HAIR NETTS,
Graindine Veils, &c.,
Which we are offering at
REDUCED PRICES.
CALL AND SEE THEM,
At 146 Third Street.
L. C. BURT,
my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
A. BLAKEMAN,

Has located his
JEWELRY STORE
On Third Street,
Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of
JEWELRY,
Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH,
I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of
JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Silver and Plated Ware,
FANCY GOODS,
And everything in my line.
JUST RECEIVED,
15 Cases Clocks,
Manufactured by the
Seth Thomas Clock Company.
All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of
ap15-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON
SAFES
FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,
FOR ONE WEEK.
J. B. BRADEN,
May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,
ap17-1y No. 154 Third-st., St. Paul.

FOR SALE.
ST. PAUL PROPERTY.
$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.
A first-class Stone Store on Third street.
A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.
Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.
A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m

REMOVAL!
COMBS
Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the
POST OFFICE BLOCK,
Third-St., St. Paul,
And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. Jan23

1863. 1863.
P. F. HODGES & CO.
DEALERS IN
Standard Farm Machinery,
AT
Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,
Third Street,
ST. PAUL..... .....MINN.
Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.
Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.
NICOLS & DEAN.
a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
WM. GOLCHER,
Third Street, St. Paul,
Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLTS and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.
A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.
Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.
☞

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3, 1863. NUMBER 130.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 3.

THE SITUATION.

The indications increase that Grant has anticipated, and amply provided against, any attempt by the rebels to relieve Vicksburg. In all probability, Banks with, perhaps, 15,000 men, if not already at Vicksburg, is on his way there from Alexandria; and probably other and still more formidable preparations have been silently made to forestall all contingencies which could possibly arise to cheat us of the prize on which the mailed hand of the Army of the Mississippi is closing.

It seems evident that matters are approaching a crisis once more, in the Department of the Cumberland and in Virginia. The antagonistic forces are moving, and this month will probably witness the decisive battles of the war.

A brilliant little success is reported for the Union arms in the vicinity of Port Hudson, and the movements in that quarter show an intention to prevent any attempt by the rebels to convert it into a second Vicksburg.

The news from French sources in Mexico, if not a *canard*, as it is very likely to be, is strangely and lamentably at variance with previous advices. Instead of being defeated and driven towards the sea, the French boast of having taken Puebla and a great part of the Mexican army.

THE DRAFT.

A Washington correspondent says: The urgency with which the draft will be enforced will be regulated by the success attending the organization of black regiments. The completion of a hundred regiments of colored soldiers to do duty in the South and to act as garrison troops at various points now filled by old and disciplined troops, will in all probability obviate the necessity of a draft at all. The question as to whether that number can be obtained, is not solved. The Government is now waiting upon the report of Adjutant Thomas, who is making the experiment in the Southwest. If he reports favorably as to the prospect of procuring the requisite number, a determined effort will be made at once to do so. The President, who has been backed to some extent in this matter, through deference to the supposed prejudice existing against the enlistment of the blacks, has yielded whatever objection he may have had, as the good sense of the army and the people have spoken out in approval of this measure, and now offers a hearty co-operation in its execution.

THE INCREASE OF THE NATIONAL RESOURCES.

A writer in the New York *Times*, under the *nom de plume* of "A Veteran Observer,"—whom we suspect to be E. D. Mansfield, the Ohio Commissioner of Statistics—deduces some remarkable conclusions of a general nature from the data collected in Ohio. He states that notwithstanding the war, the wealth of the country is increasing at the present moment at the rate of *six hundred millions per year*; and that at the same time the debts of the people—apart from the national debt—are diminishing.

It this be true—and the authority is entitled to respect—the London *Times* will probably have to wait a while, before the American people reach that period of exhaustion which it assigns as the limit of the war.

APPOINTMENTS.

Provost Marshal Keith has appointed L. H. Morse of St. Cloud, and Archibald M. Hayes of Hastings, as Deputy Provost Marshals for this District.

THE SIOUX WAR ON THE MISSOURI.

We have received the Sioux *City Register*, of the 23d ult., from which we gather the following item of Indian news:

FORT PIERRE.—The news from this point is [illegible] months the Indians [illegible] have threatened to make an assault upon the Fort this spring, and reliable intelligence is now received that 400 lodges, making probably 1,500 warriors, are already in the immediate vicinity, with the purpose of cutting their throat. There is but a single company of troops stationed there, and they are short of supplies.

Upon the receipt of late dispatches, General Cook ordered four companies, Major Ten Brook's division of 6th Iowa cavalry, to proceed at once by forced marches to the relief of the beleaguered Fort. The order was given on Sunday evening, and by four o'clock Monday morning all the arrangements were completed and the march commenced. Our readers need not be surprised to hear that the campaign has been opened by an engagement of this division. It is composed of good officers, and of men who make no calculation on defeat or retreat. If they succeed in getting within striking distance there will be a terrible slaughter of Indians. The order is not to encumber themselves with prisoners. Assistant Surgeon Haynes was detailed as medical officer for the division.

MARCHING ORDERS.

General Sibley received a dispatch from General Pope yesterday, instructing him to move forward without delaying longer for Gen. Sully's expedition from Sioux City, and to make such arrangements that he will be enabled to leave Camp Pope on the 15th inst. The baggage of General Sibley and staff was sent to Camp Pope yesterday, and the General's departure will not be long delayed.

MINNESOTA WOUNDED.

We find the following additional names among the wounded in the late battles before Vicksburg:

Thomas Reese, Co. E, 4th Minn., severe.
Adjt. W. T. Kittridge, —— " slight.
Lieut. Abner St. Cyr, Co. G " severe.
C. W. Southwick, 1st Battery, severe.
Capt. Thomson, Co. — 4th Minn., wounded.

THE SIOUX WAR.

LATST NEWS FROM THE NORTH-WEST.

LITTLE CROW'S MOVEMENTS.

Preparing for his Work of Slaughter.

HIS FORCES AT SAINT JOSEPH.

A Monster Government Train.

Special Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

ALEXANDRIA, MINN., May 29, 1863.

The mail and escort from Fort Abercrombie arrived here last evening, and I hasten to lay before you the following news of Little Crow's movements, which is derived from trustworthy sources, and which is considered entirely reliable. George McKay, brother of the celebrated James McKay, known almost time out of mind all over the far Northwest as "the prince of voyageurs," arrived at Abercrombie a few days ago from Fort Garry.

On his way there he met Little Crow and a portion of his band, about three hundred in number, at St. Joe, about half of which force was about leaving with him for the Red River Settlement, it was presumed for arms and ammunition.

Mr. McKay has long been on intimate terms with Little Crow, and the latter was free and unreserved in his conversation. It was his intention, after proceeding to make a treaty of peace with the Assineboines, Crees, and Chippewas of the Prairie—the latter having lately attacked a portion of his band, and captured six horses—to return to St. Joe and make that place his base of operations. He intends to keep all the roads open towards St. Joe, to enable him to escape with his warriors in case of necessity, to the British Possessions, and five hundred warriors would meet him there, when his men would be sub-divided, and he would commence hostilities on his return from Fort Garry.

Little Crow endeavored to retain the good will of all the settlers on the other side of the boundary line, but made the most sanguinary threats against all American citizens (or Yankees), without regard to age or sex. The half breeds were notified to wear the usual feather on the head, and they should remain unmolested, but all those found among our forces, or engaged in any service against the Indians, were threatened with destruction. Little Crow's forces were in good condition, and pretty well armed and supplied.

A very intelligent half breed, Vallis Maubraise, also reached Fort Abercrombie, from St. Joe, whose information corroborates that of Mr. McKay, though he is of opinion that Little Crow feels himself in something of a dilemma, and he believes he is forced against his will into his present warlike attitude, by his warriors, he himself, feeling the hopelessness of his cause.

Father Andrew, of St. Joe, has ransomed a boy belonging to the Scott family, murdered at Old Crossing last fall, giving Little Crow a horse for him. The little fellow was dressed in full Indian costume. He is, I believe, the only survivor of that massacre. Father Andrew had also sent two men to Devil's Lake, with horses, to rescue two other white children remaining with the Indians, at that place.

An immense government train is now *en route* for Fort Abercrombie, consisting of one hundred and twenty-five wagons. A portion of it will reach Alexandria in a day or two, where it will remain until the whole train is collected and organized, when it will start under the charge of a strong guard to its destination. Capt. Bayard's company of infantry, and also that of Capt. Baure's, from Abercrombie, together with a howitzer, will reach here to-morrow or next day, to accompany the train forward. In addition to this force, Capt. Henderson will send forty of his men; Capt. Pettit twenty-five; Capt. Rockwood twenty; and Capt. McLarty twenty-five. Capt. Henderson and Capt. Rockwood's men will act as scouts, and will be, in a measure, an independent though auxiliary force.

Escort duty, by the way, as far as Company K is concerned, has ceased to be either a pleasure or a pastime. The weather has been excessively hot, dry and dusty, and a trip over the long prairies, where there is a scarcity of water, is very hard both upon men [illegible] and horses. Captain Rockwood now sends twenty men once a week with the mail to Fort Abercrombie, and the duty is so severe, that one or more horses are sacrificed on almost every trip, and if the service continues, the wear and tear of horse-flesh will increase.

I would like to make another appeal for proper arms for Company K, but upon reflection, I have come to the conclusion that it is really none of my business, and I shall individually solace myself with the idea that the *men* of Company K are a considerable host within themselves, and that it is deemed safe to send *them* on dangerous duty without the useless appendage of good equipments. There is something flattering on that, but if there are any arms in the State, or in the Department of the Northwest, with which to equip a mounted company of men, and men who know what it is to *work*, I believe Company K *might* be induced to accept them. I say all this, however, in all modesty, and trust that the suggestion may not be carried out with such alacrity as to produce unpleasant consequences.

I would like to pay a tribute to the beauty of this splendid country hereabouts, dressed, as it is, in its summer robes of leaves and blossoms—the gorgeous woods, rich in perfume, and echoing the musical voices of a hundred feathered choristers—the lovely prairies, edged and dotted with groves, with settings of silver lakes, and, more than all, with their processions of myriad flowers of every hue—but I am incapable of the task.

E. P.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

Major Camp, commandant at Fort Abercrombie, has forwarded an official report, which contains a few additional particulars.

Little Crow says that he has four hundred scouts watching the road between Fort Abercrombie and Pomme de Terre, along the route to Yellow Medicine, and on the Missouri river. If a large party comes to attack him, he will, if possible, get behind them and attack the settlements.

Standing Buffalo and Sweet Corn are at Devil's Lake, but intend to go to St. Joseph soon. They are anxious for peace, and Standing Buffalo is expecting an answer from Gen. Sibley to a communication which he addressed him, through Gov. Dallas, last March. [The General has never received this communication.]

The Yanktons have had a quarrel with Little Crow, and cut up some of his lodges. They have left him, and are now moving towards the Missouri river.

Headquarters, District of Minnesota, Department of the Northwest.

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, June 2d, 1863.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. —.]

Officers commanding posts and detachments within this military district, and especially those along the line of the traveled routes to the British Possessions, are hereby instructed to prevent the transmission of ammunition of any kind by private individuals in that direction, unless specially authorized from these Headquarters, and when necessary to effect this object, they will cause a proper search to be made of any carts, wagons, or other vehicles, proceeding towards that region. Ordnance stores belonging to the Government, transported by contract, by citizens of the U. S., are of course excepted from the operations of this order.

By command of
BRIGADIER GENERAL H. H. SIBLEY.
R. C. OLIN,
Assistant Adjutant General.

je4-1t

New Advertisements.

BOARD WANTED,

By a gentleman, wife and child, in a private family in Lower Town. Address Box 196 P. O.

je3-3t*

AGENCY CHIPPEWAS, LAKE SUPERIOR, BAYFIELD, May 27th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Indorsed

"PROPOSALS FOR PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,"

Will be received at the office of the CHIPPEWAS of LAKE SUPERIOR, at

BAYFIELD, WIS.,

Until

Thursday, June 25, 1863

For furnishing the following named

PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,

TO WIT:

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS WORTH

Superfine Flour,

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF

MESS PORK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE 66-100 DOLLARS WORTH OF

TOBACCO,

Free from mould.

The above named articles to be delivered in the city of Detroit, Michigan, on or before the 10th day of July next.

The same to be approved by the Agent of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, or his authorized Agent.

Bidders will state the number of barrels of each Flour and Pork, and the number of pounds of Tobacco which they will furnish for the sums above named.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a guarantee signed by two responsible persons.

The Agent reserves the right to reject any and all bids not favorable to the Government.

L. E. WEBB,
U. S. Indian Agent.

je3-d&w3w

CLOTHING,

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest, 7 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 500 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect.

C. G. HARRISON,
Hastings, Minn.

my22-3w

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

VICKSBURG DATES TO FRIDAY

No Change but Prospect Encouraging.

Details of the Fighting and Loss.

The French Capture Puebla.

With 24 Generals, 900 Officers and 17,000 Men.

Rumored Attack on Mobile.

Nine Hours Fight Near Port Hudson.

The Rebels Thoroughly Whipped

Canal Convention in Chicago.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

WASHINGTON, June 2.

Official dispatches received from Vicksburg up to the 29th of May indicate no change in affairs there, but prospects of Grant are still encouraging.

CHICAGO 2d, MEMPHIS 1st.

The Luminary arrived on Saturday night from below, with news to the 28th. She reports the gunboat Cincinnati sunk by the fire of the Vicksburg batteries, on the 25th with the reported loss of over 20 killed and wounded. Several of our men were captured by the rebels, but were paroled on account of the scarcity of food,

NEW YORK, June 2.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch states that intelligence has been received, through rebel sources, that Vicksburg has fallen! A verification by our own advices is awaited.

NEW YORK, June 1.

The *Herald* dispatch says the government has no intelligence later than the 25th ult., when Gen. Grant was progressing favorably.

The silence of Richmond papers is regarded as a sign that nothing has occurred at Vicksburg encouraging to the rebels.

The correspondence of the *Herald*, dated near Vicksburg, on the 22nd ult., says:

This is the fourth day Grant's army has lain around the intrenchments of Vicksburg. During that time there have been severe battles, and continuous cannonading. At least 2,000 of our men have been placed *hors du combat*, in the several charges ordered against the rebel earthworks.

During last night gunboats and mortars in front of Vicksburg kept up a continual fire and several buildings were burned by exploding shells. At 8 o'clock this morning the cannonading commenced along our entire line from every hill top in front of the enemy's works. Rebel guns were dismounted, embrasures torn out, parapets and caissons destroyed. The rebels were powerless to reply as our skirmishers were close to their works unerringly picking off rebel officers. This cannonade continued two hours when Steele's Corps and Osterhaus' division charged through a murderous cross and enfilading fire close up to the rebel works, where an impassable ditch with sharp stakes was encountered.

Our men planted their flag directly in front of the fort and then crouched down behind the embankment out of range of the rebel fire.

The rebels inside the fort could not show their heads above the parapet without meeting death from our sharpshooters, and only could effect anything by cutting off fuses to shells, lighting them, and rolling them out over out the slope embankment.

Subsequently our boys with picks and shovels, dug a breach into one fort, and this was thus taken.

One fort was gallantly taken by storm by Carr's division.

During three days we have lost five officers killed, including three Colonels, and fifty wounded.

Steel's force is reported to have lost one hundred men.

NEW YORK, June 1.

A dispatch to the President from Head Quarters of the Army of the Potomac, says our flag of truce to-day brought no papers, but the latest news to rebels is a dispatch from Johnston, to the 27th, to the effect that up to that time the Unionists had been repulsed with great slaughter, and the dead [illegible] becoming very offensive.

NEW YORK, June 1.

Memphis papers of the 28th state that the Bulletin confirms the statement that Grant invests Vicksburg.

It also states that our forces have succeeded in taking a portion of the rebel works.

The forts remaining to be taken are very formidable, and command the entire town. Several charges have been made upon them, but with little success.

The rebels seem to think their position is impregnable.

The river batteries have been mostly silenced. Sherman is on the right, two miles from Haines' Bluff. McClernand one and a half miles from Court House, in centre. McPherson at the lower end of Vicksburg.

The report that Pemberton offered to surrender Vicksburg on terms, is confirmed.

It is also reported that the reported arrival of Bank's forces at Warrenton is true.

NEW YORK, June 2.

The *Herald's* dispatch dated, Head-Quarters Army of the Potomac, of June 1st, states that a flag of truce was sent across the Rappahannock yesterday.

Rebel officers state that Grant had been repulsed at Vicksburg, but refused to allow any Richmond papers to be seen or brought across the river.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW YORK, June 2.

Files of the New Orleans *Era* have been received to the 24th. An Alexandria letter of the 12th gives details of the taking of that place by Admiral Porter, and the arrival of Banks. Plantations on the way there had a large amount of cotton. A large warehouse was found filled with sugar and molasses. All our troops had arrived, and Banks was planning another movent.

It is rumored that soven thousand reinforcements are coming from Arkansas to the rebel Gen. Taylor.

Banks issued an order offering bounties for reinforcements.

The First Texas cavalry, Col. Davis, made a raid on the Jackson Railroad from Tickfau station to camp Moore, destroying every bridge on the road, including a large one over Langi-Pahoor River; also, all stations, a car factory near Independence, shoe factory, tannery and saw and grist mills near Tickfau.

A rebel dispatch mentions a reported battle between Bragg and Rosecrans. Bragg was badly beaten, and is falling back to Alabama. Rosecrans is pursuing.

A Baton Rouge letter of the 14th says Gen. Dudley, with two brigades, made an expedition to Port Hudson, up the Clinton road, reaching Bayou Sara. The rebel pickets were driven within 2 miles of Port Hudson. A raid by Grierson tore up the railroad between Clinton and Port Hudson, cut the telegraph, and burned the rebel camp.

NEW YORK, June 2.

The steamer Creole, from New Orleans the 24th, arrived this morning. A dispatch in the *Era* of the 24th, dated Port Hudson Plaines, 22d, says: Yesterday Augur's whole division was engaged in a nine hour's fight, on Port Hudson Plains, four miles in the rear of Port Hudson, on the Bayou Lara road. The rebels were thoroughly whipped, and left a large number of killed and wounded on the field. The rebel General Gardner sent in a flag of truce at midnight, asking permission to bury the head.

We took 1,000 prisoners. The enemy was driven three miles from his first position, and Augur bivouacked on the field of battle.

Our loss was 12 killed and 56 wounded. The 176th New York and 2d Louisiana suffered most. Our men fought with great bravery.

Rumors from Pascagoula reached New Orleans on the 21st that Mobile had been attacked. The Florida *Rebel* said that telegraphic dispatches received at Pascagoula from Mobile say that Fort Morgan has gone under. Some of the rebels said to our officers, "there is glorious news for you but we dare not tell you what it is."

A letter of the 1st from Bayou Sara states that Dudley's brigade made a reconnoissance to within a mile of Port Hudson batteries when they ascertained that the rebels had not been reinforced.

A Brazos dispatch of the 22d states the steamer *La Belle* while enroute from Brazos to Washington with Capt. Morrell, Co. D, of the 4th Maine on board, was attacked by guerrillas, killing Capt. Alexander of the steamer, and woundnig the Pilot and 10 soldiers. Our men returned the fire, killing several guerrillas, and driving them off after 1 1-2 hours fighting. The guerrillas are supposed to be certain professed unionists at Washington.

The steamer Morning Light ran into the steamer Creole on the 21st, under peculiar circumstances, on the Mississippi River, the former sinking on the left bank. The Creole was transporting troops from New Orleans to Baton Rouge, to reinforce Augur.

The steamer Tennessee, from off Galveston on the 22d, reports the destruction, by the gun boat Owasco of the notorious blockade runner, West Florida.

One thousand rebels, sent from New Orleans at Pascagoula, were waiting a chance to go to Mobile.

ITEMS FROM WASHINGTON.

NEW YORK, June 2.

The *Times* dispatch says that Hunter has been relieved of the command of the Department of the South, and Gen. Gilmore succeeds him.

Reconnoissances to Warrenton to-day, developed rebel movements in that direction.

About 20,000 (?) western troops, quartered at Saint Louis, have just been exchanged.

Fifteen Union officers captured at Chancellorville have just been exchanged, and ordered to report for duty immediately.

The *World's* Washington dispatch says the rebel pickets have entirely disappeared on the Rappahannock.

Barksdale's Mississippi brigade has left the vicinity.

Indications are that the rebels are moving in the direction of Culpepper.

The *Star* believes there will be a battle at Manassas shortly.

THE CAPTURE OF PUEBLA.

NEW YORK, June 2.

An extra of the Havanna *Diario*, of the 24th ult., received per steamer Sheldrake, reports the arrival at Havana, of the French war steamer Darien, from Vera Cruz, with important dispatches from Gen. Forey, announcing the occupation of Puebla, by the French forces under his command.

The prisoners include Gen. Ortega, and twenty-three other Generals; 900 other minor officers, and 17,000 men, prisoners.

On the 16th ult., Gen. Forey opened with heavy artillery on Fort Totimpulitan, and on the 17th, a breach was effected. The French troops then moved to the assault, and after desperate resistance entered the place, when General Ortega, on the 20th of May, surrendered unconditionally.

One division of the French army had started for the city of Mexico.

HOUSTON FOR GOVERNOR—RUMORS ABOUT LEE.

NEW YORK, June 2.

It is stated that Gen. Houston will run for Governor of Texas, with the design of forming a republic of Texas.

The *Post's* Washington dispatch this P. M. says nothing further is known in reference to the movements of Lee, but there are many exciting rumors. One is that he is marching on Washington.

Gen. Saxton arrived in Washington to-day from Port Royal.

THE ACTION AGIANST GOVERNOR TOD.

CINCINNATI, June 2.

Gov. Tod appeared before the Fairfield county Court of Common Pleas, in obedience to his recognizance, to answer charges filed against him by Dr. Edson B. Olds.

The attorney for Gov. Tod filed a motion declaring that as he (Tod) was chief Executive of the State, he was not liable to arrest until he vacated his office, either by the expiration of his term, or by impeachment. He, therefore, could not be punished now. The case should be removed to the Federal Courts, under the provisions of the act passed by the last Congress.

The Governor's case was then continued by consent, he entering into a new recognizance to appear at the next term of Court.

VIRGINIA ELECTION—ENGLISH PIRATES.

NEW YORK, June 1.

[*Herald's Dispatch from Washington*] Reports to-night justify the belief that Segar is elected in the Accomac District and Kithen in the Alexandria District of Virginia.

Wm. M. Evarts now in London states that he feels assured that the British Government will in good faith do its best to prevent the sailing of rebel privateers.

REBELS DEFEATED IN ALABAMA.

CINCINNATI, June 2.

Col. Corwin defeated Gen. Rondy at Florence, Ala., on the 27th of May, capturing a hundred men, eight officers, 400 mules, and 300 negroes.

Marching northward Col. Corwin destroyed foundry's, mills, and everything else useful to the rebels, that he could lay hands upon.

COPPERHEAD JOURNALS CIRCUMSCRIBED.

CINCINNATI, June 2.

A general order from Burnside prohibits the circulation of the New York *World* and Chicago *Times* in his Department.

FROM PORT ROYAL.

NEW YORK, June 1.

Steamer Arago from Port Royal 29th, has arrived, she has a large number of officers, and soldiers as passengers, among them Gen. Saxton and staff. Steamer Dudley Buck from Newbern, the 30th, has arrived.

DUPONT RELIEVED.

NEW YORK, June 2.

The *Herald's* Washington dispatch says it is understood that Foote will relieve Dupont.

Midnight Specials.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CANAL CONVENTION.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press:

CHICAGO, June 2.

The Convention re-assembled at three o'clock. The attendance was large though the seats in the tent were not all occupied.

The Committee on a permanent organization, through Gov. King, reported Hon. Hannibal Hamlin as President. Hon. Hiram Walbridge, who had been unanimously proposed by the New York delegation in Committee for President, as Vice President at large.

The following additional Vice Presidents: Maine, Jedediah Jewett; New H., Hon. T. M. Edwards; Vt. Lewis Follett; Mass., Lorenzo Sabine; R. I., Hon. J. R. Arnold; Conn., Calvin Day; N. Y., Hon. Erastus Comings; N. J., Marcus L. Ward; Ohio, D. S. Scott; Ind., Hon. Geo. W. Julian; Ill., Gen. Jas. W. Singleton; Wis., Levi. Blossom; Minn., J. W. Taylor; Iowa, Ebenezer Cook; Missouri, Geo. Partridge; Kansas, Marcus J. Parrott; Dist. Col., Dr. Peter Barker; For Sec'y at large, Col. J. W. Foster of Ill.

One secretary for each State named was also nominated. The report was unanimously adopted.

The president on taking the chair thanked the Convention for the honor conferred, spoke briefly in favor of the object for which the Convention assembled, endorsing it not only as a military necessity, but also for the increased facilities it would give for the transportion of the produce of the great growing west.

The committee also reported that a vote by States may be called for by any three delegates present, and in such case each State can have the same number of votes which it is entitled to in electoral college, and each territory and District of Columbia one vote.

A committee of one from each State will be appointed by the respective delegations to prepare and report such resolutions as it may recommend for adoption by the Convention. All propositions and resolutions presented to the Convention shall, before being acted on, be referred to said committee. After the adoption of the report the resolution was passed.

The remainder of the afternoon was devoted to hearing speeches on national topics from prominent gentlemen present. Gen. Walbridge, of New York, after repeated calls, made a few remarks, saying the object of the meeting was for practical purposes, not speech making, and offered resolutions in favor of the Constitution and the Union, which received tremendous applause. Mr. Drake of St. Louis in a speech of an hour in length in favor of a vigorous prosecution of the war against slavery, denouncing it as the cause of the rebellion, saying we must crush it, or it would crush us. The speaker was very severe on Copperheads. He was frequently interrupted by applause. The convention adjourned till 9 o'clock to-morrow.

LEE'S MOVEMENTS.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

WASHINGTON, June 2.

A gentleman from the vicinity of Culpepper, says that a large body of rebels, supposed to be from Lee's army, passed there yesterday, and proceeded in the direction of Gordonsville.

No alarm exists in the Army of the Potomac, concerning reported rebel movements.

The Richmond *Whig*, of Saturday, contains nothing from Vicksburg. That paper editorially complains of the inefficiency of the rebel government. It argues—first, that the great error in the conduct of the war was making it defensive, and suggests that a dose of the enemy's own medicine would cause him to desist from further invasion.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

WASHINGTON, June 2.

Rebel papers in speaking of Vicksburg say the suspense cannot long continue. The resistance has been from all accounts, determined, and let us continue to hope and believe that it will be successful.

CAIRO, June 2.

The dispatch boat from Vicksburg, the 27th confirms the sinking of the gunboat Cincinnati, by shot from the rebel batteries. She was ordered to move down the river, and when turning the point was opened on by several batteries from above, which it was supposed had been silenced. She managed to return to the point just above the upper batteries, where she sunk in 15 feet of water. From 15 to 40 are reported killed, drowned and wounded. Her armament will probably be a total loss.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2.

The Asterion from New York has arrived, and will load with wool, hides and copper ore for Boston.

Receipts of treasure since the departure of the last steamer are rising two millions, about 10 per cent being coin.

Atlantic Currency Exchange is at the rate of forty-five premium for gold in New York. Sterling forty-eight pence. Greenbacks sixty-four and five.

FROM MEXICO.

Special Dispatch to the St. Paul Press.

NEW YORK June 2.

The Havana *Diaro* of the 27th, received by the Creole, states that it is in possession of information through an authenticated channel, containing the accounts of the occupation of Puebla by the French, and gives details which it calls official,

TROTTING.

Special Dispatch to the Saint Paul Press.

NEW YORK, June 2.

The trot took place to-day between Rockingham and Fillingham for $2,000, mile heats, best 3 in 5 to harness. The first heat was won by Rockingham, the second and third by Fillingham. Rockinghim was then withdrawn. Time, 2.28 3-4, 2.27 1-2, 2.28 1-4.

Patechen and Gen. Butler trot again to-morrow, 2 miles and repeat, for five thousand dollars.

New Advertisements.

TEA CADDIES AND SEWING TWINE—For sale by
C. W. WOOLLEY,
Je3-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

AUCTION.

Shoes, this morning, Wednesday.
Furniture, to-morrow, Thursday.
Dry Goods and Clothing, Friday.
County Fair Day sale, on Saturday.
Besides usual variety of Stock, Horses, Cattle, &c., on Saturday, we will sell Threshing Machines, Reapers, Plows, Cultivators, &c., and a fine Top-Buggy, leather curtains, sliding seat, &c.
Look again at order of sales above.
FAIRCHILD & MARCH,
Je2-1t Auction and Com. Merchants.

$20 REWARD.

STRAYED—From the subscriber, at Jordan, on the 12th of May, three young bay mares. One is three years old, very large of her age, and has a large head and ears. The others are two years old; one of them has a white spot in her forhead and one white foot behind. The last I heard of them they were on the Cannon River. Any person who will return said strays to me will receive the above reward.
P. D. JOHNSON,
Jordan, Scott Co., Min., June 1, 1863. j3-2tw*

WANTED!

A situation as a clerk in a store of any kind by man of experience and steady habits, who can speak and write English and German correctly, and is able to give good references. He does not care so much about high wages as humane treatment by his employer. Direct letters in care of LOT MOFFAT, Proprietor Temperance House, St. Paul, Minnesota. je2-1w

LADIES,

If you want the most elegant LACES,
The finest EMBROIDERY,
Or the cheapest and best DRESS GOODS,
Ever brought to St. Paul, go to
BLUM'S,
je2-1w Third street.

PICTURES.

Joseph Bugbee

has for sale at his Carpet Store two beautiful

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

BY DEJARDIN.

VALUE, $25 A PIECE.

None expecting a cheap picture need call and look at them. They *are* GEMS.

CARPETS Cheap as Ever.

my31-tf.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
30 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Chalii Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS,

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

my30-tf near Suspension B'd

DEFECTIVE PAGE

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

—It is announced that W. D. Bickham, Esq., lately connected as army correspondent with the Cincinnati *Commercial*, has agreed to conduct the Dayton *Journal*, the publication of which is to be resumed as soon as the necessary arrangements can be completed. Mr. Bickham's correspondence, which has been so widely read and highly appreciated by the public, affords sufficient evidence of his ability to give the people of Dayton a real live, loyal newspaper.

—Several of the colored brethren of this city, actuated, no doubt, by the desire to impress the Haytien minister with the ideas that he was not to be slighted by that persuasion, called upon him a few days ago. On being admitted to the presence of the mulatto, he wanted to know definitely what they wanted of him. On replying that they had merely called to pay their respects, he politely informed them that "he had come here to represent his government, and not to entertain colored people." He thereupon dismissed them, directing the servant, at the same time, to show them out the back way.—*Wash. Cor. Cincinnati Gazette.*

—The Union League of Springfield, Illinois, has contributed a handsome sum to purchase potatoes to send to the soldiers of that State now in the South. This is an effort in the right direction. Let Union farmers, who have potatoes or vegetables of any kind, make liberal contributions to the Sanitary Commission for the benefit of our soldiers in the hospitals and camps. A liberal supply of vegetables would do more for the health of our troops than all other means at present in use.

—It is said that the Texas rebels have made the wife of Gen. A. J. Hamilton a hostage, with a view of intimidating him from aiding the Union cause at the North.

—A letter from a member of Mr. Vallandigham's family to a gentleman of this city removes all ground for the story about Mrs. Vallandigham being insane. She had been in deep grief and intense anxiety, as any other woman would be, whose love for her husband fills and forms her whole life. But there is not now and has not been the least tendency toward mental aberration. Mr. and Mrs. V. have only one child—the little boy, Charlie—about ten years of age, who sprang from his sleep, and, with frantic affection, clung to his father until torn away from him.—*Ohio Statesman.*

The footings of the general appropriation bills passed at the last session of Congress, just completed, are as follows:

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILLS.

Legislative, Executive, Judicial and Miscellaneous	$12,478,445,10
Deficiency for Legislative, Executive &c.	1,063,252,30
Support of the army for the year ending June 30, 1864	729,861,898-80
Support of the army for the year ending June 30, 1865	108,732,745,20
Fortifications	6,850,000.00
Naval service	89,818,205.61
Post Office Department	12,950,000,00
Diplomatic and Consular	1,260,541,34
Invalid and other pensions	7,685,300,00
Indian Department	2,151,885,67
Military Academy	183,394.00
Total	$973,055,670.00

—Two valuable estates in the city of Detroit, Michigan, the property of rebels, have been seized under the Confiscation act. One is that of Major Thomas Rowland, who has been dead for several years, the estate belonging to his grand children, living in Virginia. The other estate is that of Elisha Brevoort, now said to be in Texas.

The Government and the Growlers.

From the New York Tribune.

The Seymour sophistries and the Vallandigham varnish deceive only those who wish to be deceived. The lacquer of patriotism is too superficial to be regarded by a government wrestling for its very existence. Military justice is always quick and sharp and disregardful of forms, from the very nature of the disease and of the remedy which it requires. When it is blowing great guns, a sailor may honestly differ from the master upon the question of furling topsails; but an angry statement of his dissent may lead to something worse for the recalcitrant mariner than merely going aloft. All government signifies, to a certain extent, restraint. It must be understood that even under democratic forms, the people still owe a fealty to the Government of their own construction, and that treason is just as possible in a Republic as in a Monarchy. Gov. Seymour himself would be very easily put out of temper by one who should say of his administration of affairs, that it was clumsy and corrupt, and if any one should venture to go further, and to say that it was criminal, our Governor would probably use all the power which he possesses to punish such audacity. Courts martial are not unknown even in times of peace; and many a subordinate of our State militia has been tried and convicted, and punished, for words disrespectfully spoken of his commanding officer. If you take the ground that in a republic it is impossible to commit any political offense worthy of punishment, and that no epoch is so dangerous that it should be restrained—then we have only to say that we wish, for the sake of consistency, that the Democratic party, of which Horatio Seymour and Ben Wood are the resplendent luminaries, had taken the same ground in the earlier stages of its existence. Its love of free speech has heretofore been that of a bully who crams his defiant curses down your throat, and threatens to crack your crown if you are restive under his lingual license and defiant volubility. Never before or since have we had a party so disgustingly and dirtily arrogant. It has lived by badgering and terrorism — by the logic of the cudgel and the soft persuasion of the pistol—by the rowdyism of Rynders and the poltroonery of Preston Brooks—by the audacity of smashing ballot-boxes—by the utter denial of our right to discuss certain political questions at all—by continual efforts to coerce opinion—by mobbing the meetings of its opponents, and by a total disregard of the right of petition. A pretty party this is to talk of freedom of speech! A pretty party this to mouth of the sacred rights guaranteed by the Constitution! A pretty party this to grow restive under wholesome restraint, and to roar about liberty! The mean, the ineffably mean creatures for years, in Kansas, in South Carolina in Washington, in New York, in Boston, in every great city and in every little village, have been striving to muzzle all dissenting men—to harass and persecute every object of their hatred—and now they turn about, like some old procuress, converted in her old age to virtue, and bawl for the largest liberty of discussion? Liberty of discussion may be a very fine thing, Mr. Ben. Wood; but if you think *you* love it, you labor under a hideous hallucination. Freedom of discussion may be a delightful principle, but when did you become enamored of it, Mr. Horatio Seymour? A pretty pair of consistent creatures you are! A precious pair of noodles you must be, if you do not know that you are stealing all the fine thunder of the abolitionists—and very awkwardly you handle the pilfered bolt? You for freedom of discussion! Why, had you only had your way, you would long ago have hung Mr. Garrison, beheaded Mr. Sumner, drawn and quartered Henry Willson, and set your bull dogs of the groggery and the brothel and the gambling hell upon the office of this paper! You know you would, Ben! You know you would, Horatio! Don't deny, blushingly, the soft impeachment! You know in your hearts—clear down to the black bottom of them—that you would have done it. Nice men you are to talk of freedom of speech! You would keep Satan rebuking sin quite in countenance.

It is no business of ours to defend particular acts of the Administration, but when it is assailed by Southern assassins and Northern copperheads, it has a right, by the law of self-preservation, to defend itself. What we have a right to urge is, that those who now undertake to defend Liberty of Speech, have heretofore, been badly distinguished by their hostility to that liberty and to all other liberties, except their own. The people had better beware of harkening to such recent converts.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

UTAH CORRESPONDENCE.

Life Among the Saints.

WHO IS GOVERNOR HARDING.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, U. T., April 30, 1863.—The 24th day of July, is the aniversary of the advent of the Saints into this valley. It is the great day of the year, and on its last recurrence there could not have been less than five or six thousand persons assembled. The meeting was held at the Bowery, near the Tabernacle, and situated within the walls which inclose the Temple Block.

Here was the first public appearance of the Governor, who was introduced to the multitude by Brigham Young. His speech on that occasion was an off-hand effort, but it was, notwithstanding, a most decided hit. It was responded to frequently by the most vociferous applause, and the cheering at times was absolutely frantic. If the Governor was not satisfied with his success on that occasion, he is certainly hard to suit. It is certain that no such demonstration had ever been witnessed here before.

Yet the speech (which was reported *verbatim* by one of the Church reporters and published in the *Deseret News* of July 30th) was cautious, and the points so put as to give the author a wide latitude. This fact was discovered after it was printed, and the "more experienced rats" had some doubts, after all, whether there might not be a "eat in the meal tub." But it took with the masses like wild fire, and electrified each settlement and "stake," wherever the Church organ is read.

When night came, the celebration closed by a grand "Church Ball." Let not the unenlightened Gentile be startled by this announcement, for he will soon discover that dancing is fashionable in Zion.

But let us follow the fortunes of the "green western frontier lawyer with pragmatic manners." On that occasion the Governor made his appearance at "Social Hall" at the appointed hour. The "beautiful and gay" were mingled with gray-bearded Lotharios, and it may be said, in truth, that the Harems for once poured forth "each bright particular star."

A very large company had assembled, and as a mark of high respect, at the entrance of His Excellency all at once rose to their feet. More personal and particular introductions followed on the part of Brigham and Heber, and several minutes were thus spent in introducing the scores of Mrs. Youngs and Mrs. Kimballs. It might have been seen, however, that these special introductions were confined to the "best selections" and did not go "all around." Report, at the time, did great credit to the "hospitable liberality" of Brigham, for he is said to have made a special assignment for the evening of two elegant Mrs. Youngs, exclusively for the entertainment and benefit of His Excellency. One of them was a young and very beautiful woman, and who is doubtless (or rather was, until his late sealing of one still younger and as beautiful) "the light of his harem."

It is hard for an outsider to see how the Governor can be ungracious to Brigham, after the marked favor shown in assigning to him such a "Lalla-Rookh." It is certain that any other considerations than *matters of State*, would not justify it.

But the "ball had fairly opened,"—the musicians are seated on their dais; the "caller" stands forth and makes the announcement for the next set; and the spectator might have seen the Governor with the Lord's Anointed, and the second and third Presidents, with the twelve apostles, selecting fair "Saints" for partners, and then with a stately grace, leading them out, not for slaughter, but for cotillion or quadrille.

The honors are paid, and at once swell out the mingled notes of viol, horn, and cornet, the Governor, the Lord's Anointed, the second and third Presidents, and the twelve apostles might have been seen "tripping the light fantastic toe," intermingled with the fair saints, who flitted like butterflies hand in hand with their gray-bearded partners (I do not mean His Excellency), whose nether limbs might well be supposed to have been endowed with the gift and power of the Holy Ghost."

The music was excellent. The performers and their instruments may be seen and heard on almost all religious occasions, at the tabernable, when they join in the anthem with the sweet singers of Zion, and swell the highest notes of "God save Brigham Young."

The whole scene formed a tableau that will never be witnessed again, at least until the completion of the temple. I cannot refrain from relating a conversation between the Governor and the Second President. Heber joked very freely, and asked what he thought about a man having *so many nice women?* (*Cows* is the term sometimes publicly made use of for this "High Priest of God.") The Governor replied by saying that the whole thing reminded him forcibly of the fable where the stork invited the fox to his feast. Whether the High Priest had worldly lore sufficient to understand the point is not certain, but the answer was not a "green" one.

At a late hour the Governor retired, first having resigned his fair charges to the hands of Brigham. As he was about to depart and arose to say "Good night,"

The music ceased—
The "caller" stood with bated breath,
And "Ladies change," and "Balance all,"
Came half unuttered from his lips.
The horse-hair bow was silent on the "cat-gut,"
While horn and cornet stopped their "tooting."
The wild quadrille was hushed;
And busy feet of dancers were motionless
Upon the figured floor.
With looks of favor from an hundred eyes
The honored guest departed:
And bending heads
Of "Seers, and Priests and Prophets,"
Acknowledged *once* for *all*
That last "Good night."

Again
The whirling dance went on
"Forward and back," "Promenade all,"
With measured step on "light fantastic toe,"
Until the tints of rosy morn
Flashed up behind gray Walsatch
Boreau Peaks.

On that memorable occasion, as the Governor disappeared, there was but one opinion, "he was just the man they had been looking for;" and in Mormon cant phrase, "the hand of the Lord was in it." Since then, however, "a change has come o'er the spirit of their dreams." Yet they still hold to the same opinion, if you will amend by substituting fourth word from close of paragraph, "Devil."

The Governor retired, but not to sleep, the scene had been too deep an impression on his mind; for he saw and knew full well that no such form of civilization as he had witnessed could ever become indigenous to the soil of the American continent. It was but the transplanting of Italianism from the Old to the New World, emasculated of its original virtues.

From that night "certain wise men" thought it their right and duty to take charge not only of the person of the Governor, but more especially of his conscience.

During all this time the Governor was a constant attendant on "Divine worship" at the Bowery. Sabbath after sabbath he could be seen entering that sanctuary, where thousands are wont to congregate to taste its sweet droppings. In fact, this habit of the Governor became so notable that many hints were given that soon he would be baptised into the church; but they spoke of what they "wot not of." The attentive Governor was but

"A chiel among them takin' notes,
An' faith I'll prent 'em."

It must be acknowledged that, during this time, His Excellency had small cause to complain, so far as kind treatment was concerned—a reserved seat was always kept for him almost in the very midst of the sealed and sacred household of the Prophet, Seer and Revelator; no matter how many others might be compelled to stand. Upon his entrance into the congregation, a thousand welcoming faces were turned upon him. The bald pate of the second personage in "Holy triune Priesthood," could always be seen peering over the railing, "to blink with his eyes," a friendly recognition. Even brother Brigham who, as a general thing, sat bolt upright on the platform, always looked kindly on his distinguished auditor.

As a mark of unusual respect, the Governor on several occasions was invited to take a seat with the Holy Priesthood on the platform, which is alike pulpit and political rostrum, and where the "power of the Holy Ghost," with its marvellous "gifts," is supposed always to dwell. It was on one of these occasions that Heber was up before the congregated thousands, driving home the truth with clenched fist, like a prize-fighter, that he made the following announcement, with defiant and startling gesture and emphasis.

You know that I am a prophet of God. You know that I have the power and gift of the Holy Ghost. You know that I have the power, through the gift of the Holy Ghost, to help the sick by the laying on of hands and casting out devils."

It was just at the conclusion of the last word in the sentence, and when the congregation seemed awe-stricken as if a Moses or an Elias had stood before them, and when that peculiar cry of distress so quickly and painfully understood by those who have friends afflicted with epilepsey, came up from the mass of sweltering and crowded humanity on the benches below. The speaker paused an instant; there was a momentary excitement in the congregation; many arose and looked over heads and bonnets to see what was the matter, when Heber impatiently remarked: "What's the use of making any fuss? The man's got a fit: take him out! take him out!"

On another occasion, this same man had been indulging in one of his violent tirades against the Government and people of the United States—this, too, when his Excellency had been honored with a seat on the "sacred platform"—and amongst other things the speaker said: "There is no Government of the United States. Some are fools enough to sell wheat for rags, for greenbacks, don't do it any more. I would not give a damn for all you can get of it. The Government is dead—it is not worth the head of a pin."

As may be presumed, this was the last time the Governor was ever seen on the "sacred platform" with the "Lord's Anointed."

In the meantime the friends of the Governor continued to endeavor to impress upon his mind that the only path of safety for him to pursue was simply and only to do nothing without first consulting brother Brigham. The annoyance at length became unbearable; he was surrounded by the spies and secret police of the church wherever he might go. Every means was restored to "to get a hook in his nose," as the expressive, yet not altogether elegant phrase is here, which simply means anything which places a person in another's power. He was told that if he would be advised and directed by Brigham he could be an United States Senator, or, at least, the first Governor of the "State of Deseret," so soon as it should be admitted into the Union. But they little understood, or slightly comprehended the man they had to deal with. The Governor became restive and impatient, under these circumstances, and on one day took occasion to say, in the presence of those who would inform at the Lion House within the next half hour: "I have heard enough of this kind of talk; there is room enough in this Territory for one Federal Governor and one President of the Church of Latter Day Saints, but there is not enough for two Governors." From that day the popularity of the Governor here, was doomed. If he could not be used it was thought he could at least be destroyed, and the edict was promulgated accordingly.

In less than forty-eight hours it might be observed that there was something "rotten in Denmark." On the streets or in the market, the strange metamophosis was palpably plain. It was as if some unforeseen power had in a single night filled the whole city as with one pestilential miasma of a moral poison. Persons who but a day before, would cross the street to greet the Governor, would now find it convenient to "turn a sharp corner" or stop in some store to avoid meeting him. Ladies who, on former occasions, had greeted His Excellency, with expressive smiles, and bland speech, now passed stiffly by with veiled faces or downcast and averted eye. Why should this have been otherwise, if this people believe Brigham to be all he professes? For he has said to his Counselors that "the Governor was the worst man and by far the most dangerous, that has ever come to this Territory."

Threatened Invasion of the North.

THE WAR TO BE TRANSFERRED TO THE LOYAL STATES.

From the Richmond Examiner, May 21.

If it will be ever possible to attempt anything beyond the defensive even, this would seem to be the time. Since the first battle of Manassas, the Southern army has never had so evident an opportunity to gain a victory—a *gain the Southern army, which has so often repulsed the enemy with sanguinary effect, cannot be said to have made on any occasion or at any time.* A victory signifies *something more* than the preventing the success of an attack. With all our glorious battles, *we have not yet recovered a single lost city or delivered any subjugated State from the thrall of the invader.* If we can ever do such a thing we must hope to do it shortly, for we shall never behold our foe so weak again.

Defensive operations are, no doubt, more facile and surer of success in kind. While the Confederate army is what it now is, the enemy will be beaten whenever he crosses the Rappahannock, or ventures again on the James. But defensive operations will never secure the acknowledgment of our independence or end the war. The Yankees will fight us for forty years on the present terms. No people are more pertinacious; and Washington well noted this peculiarity of their character, that they are totally fearless until they see a bayonet at their breast, though they are remarkable for their pusillanimity. So long as war means the dispatch of men and money to a distance, and so long as they fail to see the columns of an invading army, blackening their fields, lit by the flame of their houses and towns, they will be stubbornly determined to prosecute it. From the first day the only reasonable hope of the Confederacy has been the transfer of hostilities to the enemy's territory. If we cannot do that, the progress of invasion, however slow, must after a time overwhelm us. No treaty of peace is possible, save that signed on the enemy's soil, and if our armies can ever go there at all, the time is at hand when they will do so.

Dry Goods.

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ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

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Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES.

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

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TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, In DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

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TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.

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For sale at Chicago prices.

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On Third-st., second door from the
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KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

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THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

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Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

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Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

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In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

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Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid: Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

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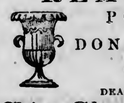

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MONETARY.

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Thompson Bro's.,

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Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

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ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. To YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits. MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dowee's FEMALE PILLS for obstructions, irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage*. Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

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Address all communications to

DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
Second Collection District, Minnesota.
Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied.

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrance upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each, in addition to the license tax.

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.
Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street.
may28-d2w.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
UPPER LEVEE, ST. PAUL, MINN.
May 18th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until June 5th, 1863, for furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named Posts: POST ON SOUTH BRANCH ON WATONWAN
PRINCETON,
CAMP POPE,
FAIRMOUNT,
NEW ULM,
MANKATO,
ST. PETERS,
HENDERSON.

In case other Posts are established on or near the Minnesota River, the Contractor will be required to furnish said Posts with Fresh Beef at the contract price.

Separate Bids will be received for each of the above Posts or one bid may include all of them. The Contract to commence June 15th, and to be in force 6 months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm.

A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarantee that —— is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded to him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S.," and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL,
Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

my19 td

Mankato *Independent* please copy, send three copies and charge PRESS.

SPRING STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. B. LYGO,

Is selling at REDUCED PRICES, at her lately extended rooms, particularly adapted for her line of business.

COUNTRY MILLINERS

Will do well to call before selecting Goods elsewhere, as she is in weekly receipt of

Seasonable & Fashionable Goods

And has the facilities at all times of getting the LATEST FASHIONS.

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND ROBERT-STS. my27-1m

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

AND

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM

H. KNOX TAYLOR

Has just returned from

NEW YORK,

And is now receiving his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late

AUCTION SALES

In that city, he

CAN AND WILL SELL THEM

TO HIS CUSTOMERS

AT

GREAT BARGAINS.

We do not propose to

Sell Our Goods at Cost,

BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW

We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.

The following are some of the Varieties:

CHECKED POPLINS,

STRIPED CRAPES,

MOZAMBIQUES,

HIMALAYAS,

ARABIAN GLACE,

Checked Lenos, &c., &c.

ALSO

COLORED ALPACCAS

AND

ORIENTAL LUSTRES

Which are all the rage in New York City.

BLACK SILKS.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

NEW STYLE PRINTS,

French, English and American.

SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.

Our stock of

Ladies' Collars

Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.

We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.

IN SHAWLS WE HAVE

Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.

ALSO

Ladies' Cloakings,

GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods.

We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.

BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Flannels,

White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.

Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.

Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen;

do do Hemstich and Mourning.

White Goods and Embroideries.

BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.

Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towelings, and Diapers.

In fact, if you want anything in the way of

Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,

Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Sales,"

ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

TERMS:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

	One Square.	Each add. Square.
One time	$0 80	$0 40
Three times	1 50	75
Six days	2 00	1 00
Two weeks	3 00	1 50
Three weeks	4 00	2 00
One month	5 00	2 50
Two months	8 00	4 00
Three months	10 00	5 00
Six months	14 00	7 00
Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following Immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.

2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.

3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $50 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)

4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.

5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.

6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.

7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.

8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.

9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McAFEE, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars Inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS. 5 CENTS, 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly,
FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

PRINCE & CO'S.

IMPROVED

MELODEONS!

WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.

MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tollman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich.
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.

☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr23-d&wly'61

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE.

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

Chicago Advertisements

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo **Weber, Williams & Fitch.**

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK.

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

RODER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamaica and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catawba Brandy.

Week's Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 50 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds. Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-1f

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

St. Paul, Minnesota,

Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge,

ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF

"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"

Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Bruce.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.

a3-d tw&wly

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

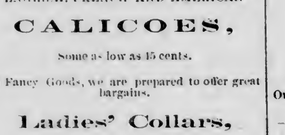
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John G. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,...Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore.....Boston
fe18d&wlm&wly

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY.



DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,

Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.

P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.

mr7-d&wly

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ !!! BEWARE !!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" name is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 182 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30-d&w St. Paul, Minnesota.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.,

(Successor to Walter W. Webb,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN WINES & LIQUORS AND

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

an1-tf *SIBLEY BLOCK, THIRD-ST.*

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS.

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views of closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession. There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe.

It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜

All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of

Bleached and Brown Cottons,
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks,
Prints and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.

mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and do Real Estate on Commission. jan8-d&wly1

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

Otsego County Hops.

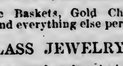
These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,

ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street,  **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE.

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warrned precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap15tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——"

jan1-d1y

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to furnish Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"*Strength and Beauty*" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
mar6-3m 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st., New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9 1863. ap11-1y

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.

Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,

172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.

☞ Be careful to buy only the genuine. e14-d-1y

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office.

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

33 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m1-3mo] **HARMON, GALE & CO.**

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,

my14-10t per S. P. & P. R. HODGES, Ag't.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain rates PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec17 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes; also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets,

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.

ST. PAUL, July 5th, 1862. dly

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,

Importers and Jobbers,

Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.

m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to

S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.

mar13-tf JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.

mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CITY.

CITY COUNCIL.—The city fathers held a regular session yesterday. Not much business of general interest was transacted, although quite an amount of legislation was gone through with.

On motion of Ald. Gross, $50 was appropriated to Mr. Haberger, of St. Anthony hill, as payment in full for damages sustained by his little girl stepping into a hole in the sidewalk and breaking her leg.

Ald. Thomson offered a resolution instructing the city clerk to advertise for proposals to grade Third street across the Swamp to the foot of Dayton's Bluff.

This is an improvement badly needed, as a very large travel would come over such a road.

Some debate arose on the resolution, and it was referred to the City Attorney for his opinion. The new charter, it seems, has repealed the old provision requiring a petition of two-thirds of the property owners along the street to be improved, for such improvement, and now allows the Council to order such improvements by a two-third vote.

One or two similar resolutions were offered, providing for other improvements, and a similar reference was made of them.

On motion of Ald. Paine, a tax of one mill was levied on all taxable property in the city, for the use of the School Board.

An ordinance was passed levying a fine of from $5 to $10 on any boy convicted of throwing stones or shooting arrows at any one within the limits of the city, and also forbids coasting on any of the public streets.

MILITARY MEETING.—The meeting of the Company Officers of the 31st and 32d Regiments M. S. M., at Armory Hall, last night, for the purpose of organizing an Officers' School of Instruction, was well attended. About 40 gentlemen were present, who promptly fell into line, and practiced the tactics in the School of the Soldier, under various instructors. About an hour was spent thus, and considerable proficiency attained in the rudiments of drill.

The members then organized a meeting by calling Capt. Charles Nichols to the chair, and electing Capt. C. W. Carpenter, as Secretary.

On motion it was resolved to meet for drill once a week, beginning with next Friday night. An assessment of 50 cents per capitum was made to defray the expenses of the school, and the officers of the 38th Regiment were invited to join in the class.

The want of competent instructors being felt, it was resolved that any recent army officer who might feel disposed, be invited to meet with and instruct the company.

As soon as the class can be properly organized, arms will be procured, and a first-rate company organized, which will be a school and nucleus for all the military organizations in the county. We believe the right men are at the head of it, and that the right spirit actuates all the members.

DISTRICT COURT—TWENTY-SIXTH DAY.—The District Court which has been in session in this city for nearly a month, adjourned until the October term yesterday.

The only business of importance transacted yesterday was sentencing the criminals who had been convicted during the term.

Hugh Crawford, convicted of larceny of a watch was fined fifty dollars, and in default of payment was sent to jail for thirty days.

Patrick Halloway, convicted of larceny of several articles, was fined fifty dollars, and had realized so much out of the speculation that he paid the fine.

Michael O'Brien, convicted of assault, was fined fifty dollars, and in default of payment was locked up for sixty days.

Samuel Blair, charged with highway robbery, gave two hundred dollars bail for his appearance next term.

We present below a brief *resume* of the business that has been transacted during the term.

CIVIL SIDE.

Number of cases on the docket	116
Tried by the court	30
Jury trial	10
Continued	30
Dismissed	15
Submitted to referees	13
Settled by the parties	5
Stricken from the docket	1
Passed	12

CRIMINAL SIDE.

Number of cases on the docket	16
Dismissed for want of prosecuting witness	4
Convicted	3
Jury disagreed	2
Acquitted	1
Failed to appear	6

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE DIOCESE OF MINNESOTA.—The Sixth Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Minnesota, will be held in St. Paul's Church, Winona, on Wednesday next, June 10th.

Arrangements have been made by Mr. C. W. Wooley, with the La Crosse and Dunlieth Line of steamers, to carry the Clerical and Lay Delegates to and from Winona *at half fare.*

Half fare tickets good on either line going and returning.

The families of the Clergy will be carried at half fare, the Lay Delegates to pay full fare for their families.

The Consecration of the Church at Winona will be solemnized on Tuesday, May 9th, and Bishop Whipple would be pleased to have as many of the clergy present as can attend.

Papers throughout the State please copy.

METEOROLOGICAL NOTES FOR MAY 1863.—In its principle features, the past month bore a striking resemblance to the corresponding one of 1862. The general impression left was pleasant. The exceptions were a few days of very high temperature and very high wind. Frost was observed on the mornings of the sixth and seventh, but no harm was done to any kind of growth. Vegetation advanced very rapidly, and was fully a week earlier in its progress than in 1862, when it was almost unprecedented. An evidence of this, is the fact that strawberries raised within the city limits, were sold by the quart on the 29th, and wild ones were picked some days earlier.

The following results were obtained from the thermometer:

Maximum of the month (29th)	86°
Minimum, " " (5th)	39°
Highest daily mean (29th)	77.5°
Least " " (4th)	44.5°
Greatest daily range, (7th)	22°
Least " " (23d)	1°
Range of the month	47°
Mean cloudiness of the month	4.4
Mean temperature of the month	59°92
Mean force of the wind	2.4

Rain fell on eight days, and there was showers on seven others. The amount of water deposited was 2.87 inches.

COMPARISONS WITH FORMER YEARS.

Mean temperature of May,	1859	58.84
" " "	1860	60.64
" " "	1861	52.35
" " "	1862	59.17
" " "	1863	59.92
Water deposited in	1859 (inches)	4.98
" " "	1860	6 85
" " "	1861	6.36
" " "	1862	1.35
" " "	1863	2.87

Fair weather prevailed equal to 15 days.

Total deposits of water for five months....7.09

Same period of 1862.....7.58

ST. PAUL, June 1, 1863. P.

UNION HALL.—Capt. Geo. Benz has just set up some new Phelan Billiard Tables in his elegant Hall. He has also on hand some nice Philadelphia Ale and Porter, a superior article.

WE direct attention to the column advertisement of Kilpatrick, who is ready with another large stock of Boots and Shoes to fit out the public with every variety of such goods.

PIONEER HOOK AND LADDER CO. NO. 1.—The members of the Company are hereby notified to attend a regular meeting of the Company to be held this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Truck House.

By order of the Foreman,
P. JANSEN, Secretary.

Enrolment Districts and Officers.

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, SECOND DISTRICT, STATE OF MINNESOTA, ST. PAUL, June 1, 1863.

Official statement of the Division of the Second Congressional District, State of Minnesota, in sub-districts, for the purpose of enrolment, with names of the Enrolling Officers:

Sub-Districts—No. 1.—Wabashaw Co.

Townships of Pepin, Highland, Wabashaw, Watopa, Glasgow, Sand Prairie, Green field, Minneiska, and Plainview.

LINUS RICHARDS, Enrolling Officer, Read's Landing.

Wabashaw Co.—No. 2.

Townships of Lake City, West Albany, Pell, Elgin, Hyde Park, Guilford, Mount Pleasant, Zumbro, Chester and Mazeppa.

ORVILLE C. FORD, Enrolling Officer, Mazeppa.

No. 3.—Goodhue Co.

Townships of Red Wing, Wacouta, Florence, Central Point, Belvidere, Hay Creek, Featherstone, Belle Creek, Vasa and Burnside.

WM. S. GROW, Enrolling Officer, Red Wing.

No. 4.—Goodhue Co.

Townships of Pine Island, Roscoe, Cherry Grove, Zumbrota, Minneola and Goodhue.

CHARLES WARD, Enrolling Officer, Zumbrota.

No. 5.—Goodhue Co.

Townships of Kenyon, Holden, Wanamingo, Warland, Lillian, Leon, Cannon Falls, Randolph.

JOHN F. KEASE, Enrolling Officer, Hastings.

No. 6—Ducotah Co.

Townships of Hastings, Nininger, Ravenna, Marshan, Vermillion, Hampton, Douglas and Randolph.

JOHN F. KEASE, Enrolling Officer, Hastings.

No. 7—Ducotah Co.

Rosemount, Lakeville, Empire City, Eureka, Castle Rock, Greenvale, Waterford and Sciota.

RAINBRIDGE VERRILL, Enrolling Officer, Rosemount.

No 8—Ducotah Co.

Townships of West St. Paul, Mendota, Inver Grove, Eagan, Burnsville, Lebanon and Union.

N. N. THOMPSON, Enrolling Officer, West St. Paul.

No. 9—Ramsey Co.

City of St. Paul.

ROGER MUNGER, Enrolling Officer, Saint Paul.

No. 10—Ramsey Co.

Except City of St. Paul.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Enrolling Officer, Rose.

No. 11—Washington Co.

Townships of Stillwater, Greenfield, Marine, Otis.

SAMUEL BLOOMER, Enrolling Officer, Stillwater.

No. 12.—Washington Co.

Townships of Baytown, Lakeland, Oakdale, Afton, Woodbury, Denmark, Cottage Grove, and Newport.

EBENEZER AYRES, Enrolling Officer, Cottage Grove.

No. 13.—Hennepin Co.

East of Mississippi river and Manomin county.

JAMES H. McHERRON, Enrolling Officer, St. Anthony.

No. 14.—Hennepin Co.

Townships of Minneapolis, Crystal Lake, Plymouth, Medina, and Independence.

HENRY S. PLUMMER, Enrolling Officer, Minneapolis.

No. 15.—Hennepin Co.

Townships of Brooklyn, Maple Grove, Corcoran, Greenwood, Hassan, Dayton, and Champlin.

EDWARD S. PAST, Enrolling Officer. Industriana.

No. 16.—Hennepin Co.

Townships of Bloomington, Richfield, Eden Prairie, Minnetonka, Excelsior, and Minnetrista.

R. B. GIBSON, Enrolling Officer, Bloomington.

No. 17.—Carver Co.

WM. B. GRISWOLD, Enrolling Officer, Chaska

No. 18.—Wright Co.

DAVID S. CAULKINS, Enrolling Officer, Monticello.

No. 19.—McLeod Co.

B. G. LEE, Enrolling Officer, Hutchinson.

No. 20.

Counties of Meeker, Monongalia, Kandiyohi.

T. CARLOS JEWETT, Enrolling Officer, Forest City.

No. 21.—Stearns Co.

P. C. RANSOM, Enrolling Officer, St. Cloud.

No. 22.

Counties of Todd, Crow Wing, Cass, and Morrison.

N. RICHARDSON, Enrolling Officer, Little Falls.

No. 23.

Counties of Benton and Sherburne.

F. E. BALDWIN, Enrolling Officer, Clear Lake.

No. 24.

Counties of Anoka, Isanti, and Mille Lac.

J. H. ALLEN, Enrolling Officer, Princeton.

No. 25.

Counties of Chisago, Pine, and Kanabec.

ANSELL SMITH, Enrolling Officer, Taylor's Falls.

No. 26.

Counties of Carlton, St. Louis, Lake, and Buchanan.

SAMUEL FURBER, Enrolling Officer.
GEORGE H. KEITH.

Provost Marshal and President of Board of Enrollment.

LOCAL NOTICES.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—A. H. Wimbish keeps the very best article of everything in the Grocery and Provision line—sells it at the lowest market rate—delivers without extra charge, and warrants every article as represented. His store is on Jackson street, between Fifth and Sixth-sts. je2-tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country dairy, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN.

Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE.

Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

☞ Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my16-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public. I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & P. du Chien R. R.

ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.

my7 3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

River and Steamboat News.

☞ The river is on a stand, with a sufficiency of water for Packets of medium draught if not too heavily laden. Indeed, the heaviest boats are still running, and making good time. The Minnesota is still falling.

☞ It was dry picking on the Levee yesterday. Only one arrival—the Hawkeye State—occurred during the day, and most of the time only the Milwaukee graced the Levee. The Steamboatmen are more vehement than ever in their prayers for the Minnesota River to rise, but the heavens still look dry, and no signs of those "refreshing showers" that make the torrents flow are yet visible. O that some Elijah would produce a good sized rainy spell on the head waters of that desiccated stream!

☞ The Hawkeye State arrived in the afternoon from St. Louis, with a full cargo. We are indebted to her obliging clerk, Ben Congar, for a copy of her manifest. She discharged her cargo and left in the afternoon.

☞ The Antelope did not make her appearance yesterday, for some reason. We presume she will be in on time to-day, with a double load.

☞ The Key City will be this evening's packet down, for Prairie du Chien and Dunlieth. Len Eldred is her accomplished clerk, one of the most competent and gentlemanly men on the river. The Key City is a crack boat.

☞ The McLellan goes down this morning, connecting with the La Crosse road. She is a fine and fast packet, in command of experienced officers, P. S. Davidson, Captain, and Po. Hatcher clerk. She leaves at 9 o'clock.

☞ Nothing has been heard of the Minnesota River fleet, and it is supposed that as the river above the Rapids is almost extinct, they are coming down *overland!* From the way they spar over the bars it almost amounts to that. The Stella Whipple, Ariel, Jeannette Roberts, Chippewa Falls, Albany, and Clara Hine, are all out. The only intelligence we have had from the Rapids for three or four days is included in the following paragraph from the Shakopee Valley *Herald* of Saturday:

The river is again slowly falling. The Favorite went as far up as the rapids above Carver and returned, taking on at this place about 800 sacks of wheat. The Chippewa Falls, another boat from below, as if to disturb the harmony of our communication, has been stretched across the bar for nearly two days, but last night succeeded in pushing off. The Antelope is doing splendidly this week, making her daily trips on the best of time. One thing is certain: she never lies on the bar on account of incompetency of officers.

RECEIPTS.

Per Hawkeye State—Horup & Champlin, 62 horse plows, 1 box sundries, 1 bundle bedding; Cooley, Carver & Co, 10 caddies tobacco; Ephaim Holmes, 26 bxs letters; Geo W Phelps, 1 bundle dry goods; P S McQuillan, 25 bxs candles, 30 bxs soap; Pollock & Donaldson, 3 casks E ware, 4 crates E ware; Capt P B Carling, US M, 10 4-wheel ambulances, 20 cavalry horses; J D Harris, 1 box mdz; Mr. Shackleford, 1 top buggy and harness.

Per McClellan.—C L Taylor, 1 pkg; E H Biggs, 3 pkgs; B S Bull, Minneapolis, 6 pkgs; N H B, 1 do; E Holmes, Carver, 3 do; Wm Lee, 2 do; E M Toby, St Cloud, 97 do; J B Kissling, 1 do; Bernard & B, St Anthony, 2 do; L Theobald, 12 do; J B Brader, 47 do; Cutter S & Co, St Anthony, 4 do; Vawter & R, St Anthony, 10 do; W H Robinson, 1 do; Galley & J, 6 do; C H Pettitt, Minneapolis, 21 do; Wakefield & S, St Peter, 5 do; H M Shaw, 1 do; Chalmer & Bro, 99 do; F Lange, St Peter, 22 do; W F Mason, 2 do; G H Nichobold, 40 do; A Herron, 5 do; Kelly & Bro, Minneapolis, 1 do; H Fowler, Mankato, 3 do; Nichols & Dean, 97 do; M Brown, 102 bbls flour; J B Holmes, 300 sks corn; O E Dodge, St Paul, 1 Piano.

Commercial.

Daily Review of the St. Paul Market.

TUESDAY, June 2, 1863.

The market for the past three or four days has exhibited a considerable advance in some of the important articles of produce, and prices generally have ruled higher than last week.

Wheat exhibited the change in a marked manner having advanced fully four cents. The rate today for No. 1 was 93@94c. The receipts during the past week have been unusually light.

Oats quiet at 40@45c. Corn dull at 45@50c. Rye 50c. Barley 70@75c.

Potatoes are flat at 35 to 40c, shipments having almost ceased. The receipts during the past week have been very small, and confined to imports to fill contracts.

Butter arrives in large quantities. Choice roll commands 8@12c in quantities, retailing at 12@15c.

Eggs are scarce and 2c higher, all lots reported this week selling for 10c wholesale. The supply from the Minnesota River this week has been very limited.

Wool has made its appearance within the past week in unusual quantities, being the first time it has ever been offered for sale here to any extent as an article of produce and export. Three parties are already in the field purchasing, and a Wool Market in St. Paul may be considered as established. The dealers are L. H. Eddy, Fort Street, J. T. Davy & Co. 312 3d Street, below the American, and J. Ullman, Jackson Street. The price here depends entirely on the Eastern Market, and rules this week at 60@65c. Dealers all complain of the careless manner fleeces are brought in. They are all half washed and badly tied. If put up nicely and well cleaned, the wool would command a much higher price. Farmers should remember this, and wash the wool thoroughly and tie it neatly.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE AGENCY,

Directly opposite Stees' Furniture Store,

Third Street,

Makes FOUR DISTINCT STITCHES on one and the same machine, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric.

It combines all the good qualities of other first class Machines, and possesses many advantages over any and all of them.

It is the most simple and PERFECT in its construction of

ANY YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

No Machine covers so great a range of work.

☞ *It sews Six or Eight thicknesses of Full Cloth down to the finest fabric, with equal facility, without change of tension.*

FEEDS TO THE RIGHT OR LEFT.

No difficulty experienced in sewing across thick seam.

Runs more quiet than any other Machine.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD.

A child of ten years can

ADJUST THE NEEDLE,

As easily as an experienced operator.

They give universal satisfaction wherever used.

The most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease.

They range in price from $53 to $115.

☞ EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED. ☜

Hemmers and all necessary tools included.

G. W. BABCOCK, Agent.

je2 cor. 3d and Minnesota-sts., St. Paul.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred,

POSITIVELY THE LAST CALL.

The balance of the following Goods must be closed out during the next two weeks, viz:

Ladies fine French Lasting Heeled Gaiters down to $1.00.

English Lasting Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Ladies Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A fine Kid Heeled Slipper, $1.00.

A few of those 50c Buskins left.

A PRIME KID BUSKIN, 70c.

A good sewed Kid Congress Gaiter, for $1.00.

A fine sewed Kid Lace Heel Boot, down to $1.00.

A good Morocco Heeled Boot, selling at 80c.

LASTING SLIPPERS, down to 60c.

MISSES.

MISSES LASTING BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

Misses fine sewed Kid Lace Gaiters, 50c—worth twice that amount.

A very fine Lasting Heeled Gaiter, 75c.

A few of those 25c Gaiters left.

A FINE KID SLIPPER, down to 35c—as they must be sold.

BOYS:

The balance of our Boys' Enamelled and

OXFORD-TIE SHOES,

will be closed out at 85c.

GENTLEMEN:

Still a few of those prime sewed

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

At $2.50.

CHEAP ENOUGH.

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

Pegged, at $1.25.

A lot of prime Calf sewed

CONGRESS GAITERS

To be "GIVEN AWAY," at $2.50 a pair.

PLEASE DON'T ASK THESE FOR LESS MONEY.

Will Purchasers please ask for the above Goods.

N. B.—We have got to sell them at whatever they will bring.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, June 1, 1863. je2

NEW YORK LADIES' HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.

may28-1m* MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

NEW PAPER AND STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,

FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,

Commercial and Ladies' Note,

PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,

Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE,
No. 230 Third-St.,

One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders. my16-1m

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

Geo. E. Schnabel,

CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS.. Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.

mar21-d&w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.
IMPORTERS OF
Tin Plate &c.,

AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK. METALS. AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

199 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.

dec13-6m P. O. Box 3167.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH. 50 do. Bake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pick'ed Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine, Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES.—300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's Solace, &c.—at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at

my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES.—600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the tide of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *I've meant it.*

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Sutlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES.....500 dozen, fresh and fine.
RASPBERRIES.....200 do do do
BLACKBERRIES.....200 do do do
CHERRIES.....200 do do do
WHORTLEBERRIES.300 do do do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs.
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Knickknick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine, Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy, Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts,

A full line, including every variety.

October 14, 1862.

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE FROM

Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.

The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between

Cleveland and Bayfield.

As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 24	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	Augu. 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 30
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 4

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the entire season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.

☞ For further information, apply to

S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.

A beautiful lot of

ALPACCAS & SARATOGA PLAIDS,

ALSO

A handsome lot of

LIGHT PRINTS.

HAIR NETTS,

Graindine Veils, &c.,

Which we are offering at

REDUCED PRICES.

CALL AND SEE THEM,

At 146 Third Street.

L. C. BURT,
my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

A. BLAKEMAN,

Has located his

JEWELRY STORE

On Third Street,

Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of

JEWELRY,

Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH.

I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS,

And everything in my line.

JUST RECEIVED,

13 Cases Clocks,

Manufactured by the

Seth Thomas Clock Company.

All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of

ap18-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON SAFES

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. B. BRADEN,

May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,
ap17-1y No. 154 Third-St., St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

ST. PAUL PROPERTY.

$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.

A first-class Stone Store on Third street.

A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.

Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.

A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.

HENRY McKENTY,
St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m Dealer in Real Estate.

REMOVAL!

COMBS

Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the

POST OFFICE BLOCK,

Third-St., St. Paul,

And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. Jan23

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL, MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines,
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Hickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

a1-6m NICOLS & DEAN.
P. F. HODGES.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & ALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

☞ Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.

my31-3m

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

my30 H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office.

my30-tf

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., PITT'S ATT'Y, United states—50 cents, Original Process.

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Heyward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to recover ascertained by the Court or under its direction and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained.

Dated May 11th, 1863.

MORRIS LAMPREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
my12-d3m Saint Paul, Min.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will be on hand to supply

Families and Boats,

As usual during the Summer of 1863.

m31-3m CHAS. SYMONDS, Agent.

INSURANCE

P. W. NICHOLS,

General Insurance Agent.

HOME,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

LORILLARD,
METROPOLITAN,
AND NIAGARA,
OF NEW YORK CITY.

Marine Insurance.

PHOENIX,
OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

LIFE,
MUTUAL BENEFIT,
OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
my6-d1y Third street, St. Paul, Min.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,

(Late Lighte & Bradburys,)

Piano-Forte Manufacturers,

421 Broome-St., New York.

SECOND BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY

Mr. F. C. LIGHTE, the original founder of this well-known Establishment, *Senior* Partner, and *only Practical Piano-Forte Maker* of the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys," having retained his Two-Thirds interest in the whole business stock, materials, &c., and Sole Proprietorship in his *Valuable Patents*, inclusive of his celebrated PATENT INSULATED IRON FRAMES, is the only one who can make the SUPERIOR PIANOFORTES for which this house has been so popular. ☞ All infringements on his rights will be prosecuted according to law.

☞ All Piano-Fortes from this manufactory are warranted perfect in every respect for five years.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
ap28-3m 421 Broome-St., New York.

SAMUEL HOWE.

Commission Merchant,

118 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO,

Solicits Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, PORK, LARD, etc., for sale, or order to purchase. Will make advances on Consignments to be held here or shipped East. mar18-3m

LIGHTNING RODS,

The best in use, and

AT LOW PRICES

Orders for Lightning Rods, Points, Insulators, or attachments, will receive prompt attention.

CUTLER, BALL & CO.,
Office and Factory, 93 Kinzie St., Chicago.
ap2-2m

J. MAINZER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

AND

Notary Public,

McCLUNG'S BLOCK, THIRD-ST., ST. PAUL,
ap18-2m* MINNESOTA.

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

1863 REGULAR. 1863

Minnesota River Packet.

The steamer JEANNETTE ROBERTS will run regularly during the season of navigation to all points on the Minnesota River.

For freight or passage apply on board.

NELSON ROBERTS, Master.
my7tf JOHN REANEY, Clerk.

MORE NEW MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY.

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.

MISS E. WASS,
my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, BENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and for sale by

ap24-1y NICOLS & DEAN.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1863. NUMBER 131.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ This paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, THURSDAY, JUNE 4.

BURNSIDE'S ORDER FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF SEDITIOUS SHEETS.

We are in no position here in Minnesota to estimate the injury which a journal like the Chicago *Times* or the New York *World*—if the tiger and his whelp may be put in the same category—is capable of inflicting upon the Union cause. The tendency of the seditious doctrines inculcated by those journals we can very well appreciate;—their actual effect is best illustrated by the treasonable conspiracies and by the outbreaks of revolutionary violence which are convulsing the Northern border States. One lamentable effect of the incendiary teachings of these traitorous sheets is not only to encourage opposition to the Conscription Law, but to make necessary the deversion of a considerable military force to preserve order in disaffected districts at the North,—at a moment when there is a pressing necessity for every soldier in the field—and when, indeed, the national cause is in peril East and West, from want of the very soldiers detained to combat this infernal "fire in the rear."

We cannot doubt, therefore, that the order of General Burnside, for the suppression of these mischievous prints in his department, was dictated by a sense of positive military necessity; and to meet the overwhelming public danger which, in his view, could be avoided in no other way. Our dispatches indicate that an attempt was made by the Copperheads of Chicago to resist the execution of this order in the case of the *Times*. They leave off, however, at an interesting crisis, and we are curious to know the sequel.

THE DUTY OF LOYAL DEMOCRATS.

The New York *World* of a recent date, makes the following extraordinary admission of the inevitable tendency of that political organization which has its nucleus and its inspiration in the Knights of the Golden Circle:

"The average capacity for mischief of a secret party league must be inferred from the most malignant of its members. In a system radically vicious the most vicious element eventually and inevitably predominates."

No doubt of it. *Ergo* in the party of opposition to the war which is radically vicious, the elements nearest allied to overt treason, the Vallandighams and Woods and Rynders and rascals of that ilk, which constitute the most "vicious element must eventually predominate." In that combination of antagonist forces which are marshalled against the Government, beginning with the respectable and Pharisaical *National Intelligencer*, and the Peeksniffian *Journal of Commerce*, which profess eno doubt, sincerely to love the Union, and to desire the suppression of the rebellion, down to the Chicago *Times* and the Dubuque *Herald*, whose treason is disguised in no patriotic pretence, it is not the "conservative" obstructive in the front with its sugared deprecation of the modes of carrying on the war, but the revolutionary and fanatical destructives in the rear, the Jacobinical agitators of a rebellion at the North, the plotters of a Northwestern Confederacy, the incendiaries of sedition—the secret agents of the Southern rebellion—these are the elements which must "eventually and inevitably" control the party of the opposition, shape its measures and direct its policy. Loyal Democrats, and the great mass of the intelligent constituents of the Democratic party belong to this class, have no choice then between lending themselves to an active and malignant opposition to the Government—an opposition controlled by the partizans of Vallandigham, and taking the shape of practical treason—or, if they would still be loyal, they must by word and act, fall into line with the supporters of the administration. No one asks them, no one expects them, to endorse all the acts of the administration, or to remit any honest criticism upon its policies.

Honest criticism, indeed, can do the Administration no harm and may do it much good.

And there is one sure and infallible sign by which the patriotic conscience will always readily fix the limits of a legitimate criticism of the constituted authorities. When the manifest tendency of any word or act or speech is to embarrass or weaken the Government in its efforts to crush the rebellion, to produce disaffection among our soldiers or discontent among the people, to encourage traitors and discourage loyal men, that word will be left unsaid and that act undone by every loyal man. Thousands of loyal Democrats in every walk of life, beginning with the chief of them all, the noble Douglas, have starred the path of duty in this crisis with the beacon lights of their glorious and patriotic example. To the line upon line and precept upon precept which these single hearted patriots have inscribed above their honored names in the history of this struggle, we may add the following explicit definition from an eminent and life long Democrat, of the duty of all loyal men at this period.

Judge Hiram Denio, presiding Judge of the Court of Appeal, in New York, in reply to an invitation to attend the mass assemblage of loyal citizens at Utica, on the 27th, used the following patriotic words:

"It is easy," he writes, "to point out imperfections and mistakes in the civil and military administration of the government, and, after the fact, to show how they might have been avoided or remedied; and there is naturally a temptation to persons who, like myself, did not aid, by their suffrages, in bringing the persons actually exercising the power of the Government into their official positions, to dwell much upon and to exaggerate such errors, and under the influence of party sentiments to lose sight of the character and importance of the contest in which we are engaged. But the persistence in such a course of thought and action is as wrong in principle as it is hurtful to the national cause. A government like ours, based upon popular suffrage, in which official positions are renewable at brief intervals, can never suffer permanently, or for any considerable time, from erroneous precedents; but there is great danger, in a time like this, that while a portion of the people are employing their energies in disparaging the actual Administration, and endeavoring to bring it into contempt and to cover it with odium, the national forces and the people at large, distracted and discouraged by the clamor of parties, will lose heart and hope; and that the conflict for the suppression of the rebellion, which can never be abandoned, will be thereby prolonged. Hence it is to me a gratifying feature in your demonstration, that it proposes to ignore party distinctions, and to embrace loyal men of all shades of political opinion. If the insurgent leaders could be once thoroughly persuaded of the truth that every man and woman in the loyal States is as th roughly determined to resist their projects of dismemberment, as I believe that, for the most part they really are, that conviction would go further than many regiments of armed men to bring the contest to an end. Men of all parties ought by the plainest dictates of patriotism, to yield to the existing national government a full, ingenuous and cordial support, not only by contributions of men and means, but by encouraging language and a hearty sympathy in their labors and trials."

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE.

The *State Atlas* comes to us enlarged to a thirty-two column paper and in a new dress which gives it a fine appearance. The enterprising proprietor has purchased a Taylor's cylinder press which is run by a caloric engine and consequently is prepared to supply the large number of subscribers which his superior inducements will be sure to secure. The editorial department of the paper is conducted with ability and the typographical appearance is excellent. The *Atlas* more than fulfills the promise of improvement that was made before the enlargement, and cannot fail to attract a wide circle of readers. We congratulate Mr. King upon this evidence of increased prosperity, and hope he will long continue to publish a *live* paper in Minnesota.

GENERAL POPE.

The La Crosse Daily *Democrat*, which has been unfriendly to Gen. Pope, now says of him:

It is generally understood that General Pope is soon to be placed in the field. We hope the report is true. Every day we respect him more and more. When he came west after his Richmond raid, people were prejudiced against him, not so much on account of his defeat, as to the appendix to his volume of sermons to his troops, when he took command of them. But the failure of others in the same respect have relieved the picture—and his conduct while in command of this Department has brought out in my fine points, and made him a hundred friends now where he had none a year since. Gen. Pope, while in Milwaukee, has made friends all over the west by a simple process. HE HAS MINDED HIS OWN BUSINESS.

The *Democrat* expects its readers to feel great surprise at its endorsement of Gen. Pope, but considering that it actually hurralied over the supposed capture of Vicksburg the other day, they were probably partially prepared for future developments in the same direction.

THE GRANARIES OF THE NORTH-WEST.

The La Crosse *Democrat* has a good opportunity to see in the immense amounts of Minnesota wheat, which are shipped at that point for the Lakes, the great strides of agriculture in a region which ten years ago was a wilderness. It says:

We begin to think that the granaries of Minnesota and north-western Wisconsin will never give out. There is no end to the amount, judging from the heavy loads the Davidson line of steamers are continually landing at the depot of the La Crosse and Milwaukee railroad. Where does it all come from? is the frequent inquiry of people. We can hardly tell. It seems impossible that there can be much more left, yet steamboat men tell us that the grain is not near all hauled to the shipping points on the river. What will this country be ten years hence at this rate? Imagine the amount of transportation that will become necessary to carry the produce of the upper country to market. It is hard to state what will be the amount of shipments of small grains this season, but it will be well into the millions.

AN OFFER.

Hole-in-the-Day, who has been in town during the week, called upon Gen. Sibley yesterday and asked the privilege of enlisting with a band of his warriors to fight the Sioux. The General respectfully declined, as a matter of course, Hole-in-the-day made no complaint concerning the treaty executed in Washington last winter.

THE CHICAGO CANAL CONVENTION.

ELOQUENT LETTER OF CHAS. SUMNER.

The following eloquent letter was received from Hon. Chas. Sumner at the Chicago Convention:

WASHINGTON, May 27, 1863.

GENTLEMEN:—I must resign reluctantly the opportunity with which I am favored by your invitation, and content myself with reading the report of your powerful and well organized meeting at Chicago, without taking any part in it.

The proposition to unite the greatest navigable river of the world with the greatest inland sea, is characteristic of the West; the river is worthy of the fountain, and the fountain is worthy of the river. The mere idea of joining these together strikes the imagination as something original. But the highest beauty is utility, which will not be wanting here. With this union the Gulf of Mexico will be joined to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and the whole continent from Northern cold to Southern heat traversed by one generous flood, bearing upon its bosom untold commerce.

It will be for the west to consider well the conditions of this enterprise, and the advantages which it will secure. Let its practicability be demonstrated, and the country will command it to be done, as it has already commanded the opening of the Mississippi. Triumphant over the wickedness of an accursed rebellion, here will be another triumph, which will be among the victories of peace.

To this magnificent work science must contribute her resources. But there is something which is needed even to quicken and inspire science, it is the unconquerable will, which does not yield to difficulties, but presses forward to overcome them. There is no word which is used with more levity than the word "impossible." A scientific professor declared in a public address that the navigation of the Atlantic by steam, was "impossible." Within a few weeks it was done. The British Prime Minister declared in Parliament that the construction of a canal between the Mediterranean and Red Sea was "impossible." The pacha of Egypt, with French engineers, is now doing it. Mirabeau was right when he protested against the use of this word as stupidity. But I doubt if this will be found in any Western Dictionary.

Believe me, gentlemen, with much respect, very faithfully yours,

CHARLES SUMNER.

To Hon. James Robb, I. N. Arnold, and others of the Committee, &c.

ON THE ROAD TO FORT RANDALL.

THE PEOPLE OF DAKOTA DISLIKE THEIR NEW SETTLERS.

MORTALITY AMONG THE INDIANS.

Correspondence of the St. Paul Press.

ON BOARD STEAMER FLORENCE, NEAR SIOUX CITY, IOWA, May 25,

After three weeks travel, we are nearing our destination, and I wish to make some preparation for communication with the civilized world. As Sioux City is considered about the jumping off place, Fort Randall and Fort Pierre must be quite in the wilderness, and our location will probably be somewhere between the two. We understand Superintendent Thompson left Sioux City a little more than a week ago in search of a home for the exiles. The people of Dakota watch with a jealous eye, the importation of so many savages into their borders, and are anxious to shove them off as far as they can.

Owing to the low water on the Missouri, we have had a long tedious trip, but yesterday we met a rise of a foot and are now getting along finely.

Thirteen hundred Indians, one company of soldiers with a sprinkling of passengers, makes a lively looking load. We have thinned ourselves somewhat by the burial of thirteen Indians at the different woodpiles. We have no doctor aboard, and the muddy water sweeps them down pretty rapidly. The soldiers are all in fine health and spirits, except a few that stopped too long for the beer at some of the landing places and we didn't see them any more.

We passed a part of the Military Expedition against the Sioux, in three boats, stuck fast on a bar below St. Joseph. Big guns and little guns, horses and wagons make considerable display. They are looking for Little Crow in the tops of the trees. As most of the timber on the Missouri is cottonwood, and grows on the bank of the river, if he would only light on some big tree it might cave in and he would float down to them. I am afraid they wont get him if he don't. I hope our Minnesota Expedition is farther ahead.

NEWS ITEMS.

—While the mass meeting at Utica on the 28th ult. was going on with its business in Chancellor Square, a procession of soldiers was formed, which paraded several streets and walked over the grounds after an ill-executed lithograph of General McClellan. A gentleman present counted the procession as it filed past him, when it began to march, and it numbered just forty. On the return of the procession he counted again, and found but twenty-eight persons in it.

—General Sigel has very generously presented the German Hospital of Philadelphia the sum of $260, from moneys collected by his friends in behalf of his family, to which it was originally the intention to present a homestead in one of the States of the Union.

—On Monday, the Queen's birth-day was universally celebrated in the Canadian Provinces. A large party of some three hundred persons came over from Toronto, and dined at the Suspension Bridge. The hotel was gaily decked with the American and British flags. Speeches were made, toasts drank, &c. On the Canadian side of the bridge, a party of rebel refugees hoisted from a hotel a secession flag. Conspicuous in this movement was a rebel colonel. The employees of the Great Western Railway were so incensed at this insult to the stars and stripes, that they proceeded in a body and seized the hated emblem of rebellion and carried it off. The refugee chivalry were exasperated at this *coup d'etat*, and made some loud threats, and at one time a disturbance was imminent.

—More than four thousand emigrant passengers arrived at New York on Monday, from Europe.

—The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who sails for Europe on Saturday, has "A Parting Word" in this week's *Independent*. He says:

There are many reasons which sadden one's departure from his native country at the present time. The cloud of war yet hangs heavy over the land. The questions beyond the war are likely to be only second to the war itself in profound excitements. All the faith, courage and fidelity which Christian principle, and patriotic fervor can give will be required to carry the country safely through. But the Summer will be given up to military operation—at in least all that part of our land which lie beyond the influence of the Headquarters at Washington. And, if at any time in the year we can afford a few months for re-t and invigoration, it is during the heats of Summer; and if by such a vacation I shall be fitted for the conflicts of the future, it will take away many regrets at leaving, and beguile the way with the grateful feeling that I am still prepared to serve my country.

Mr. Beecher will correspond with *The Independent* during his absence, but leaves his editorial pen, we believe, in the hands of Mr. Theodore Tilton.

—The Dubuque (Iowa) *Times* says:

"During the last week we have conversed with farmers from all the counties contiguous to our own, and they all report the crops as looking remarkably healthy, so far as they are able to judge at this early part of the season. In some places the clinch bug is at work, but as a general thing the fields are free from that destroyer."

—A lady in Hartford purchased three shad lately for seventy-five cents, and, on dressing one, found inside a plated finger ring and a $2.50 gold piece. A wealthy shad, and a good spec.

—A lady in Bridgeport, Conn., recently received by express a young alligator ten inches long. It is said to be a love of a beast.

TRAGEDY AT KOKOMO.

Two Citizens Shot Dead by a Horse Thief—The Thief Captured—The Citizens Propose to Hang the Thief.

From the Indianapolis Journal, 29th.

Between the hours of two and three, Wednesday afternoon, two men, mounted on large, powerful, fine looking horses, entered Kokomo from the South, rode to a livery stable on the square, and accosted Mr. Nelson Cooper, a horse dealer, informed him that they desired to sell the horse and trappings. While they were talking with a view to an advantageous sale the Sheriff of Howard county walked to the spot, from a neighboring hotel, thinking he recognized in the general appearance of the horses a resemblance to a couple of horses quite recently stolen from a Mr. Pyle, living near Indianapolis, as described in posters scattered through the country. A close scrutiny of the animals convinced him they were the ones described as stolen; and he ordered the riders to dismount and surrender them. This they refused to do, whereupon the Sheriff called upon the bystanders to assist him in arresting them. Several parties stepped forward to seize the bridles, when one of the men immediately turned his horse's head and galloped up the road north. The second party, however, being surrounded and in some danger of capture, deliberately drew a revolver and fired several times at his would be captors, two of the balls taking effect fatally in the bodies of Nelson Cooper and the Rev. John Lour, both of whom died within an hour.

The murderer then overhauled his horse, which sprang into the road and started off at a gallop. He was not to get off so easily as his companion, however, for the saddle-girth becoming unfastened, the fugitive was thrown to the ground, while the horse galloped away following the other which had been deserted by its rider, who had taken to the woods. The murderer was about to run for the woods, also, when a returned soldier, who had witnessed the whole affair, ran to within shooting distance of him, and with his revolver, shot him through the left hip, disabling him and permitting of his capture.

There is great excitement in Kokomo over this tragedy, the infuriated friends of the murdered men, both of whom have large families, being determined to hang the prisoner, who is, with difficulty, held in the jail by the Sheriff. At noon of yesterday, people announced, in Kokomo, their intention of taking the prisoner that evening and hanging him from the bridge. The Sheriff has been notified by the mob that he must either surrender the prisoner or witness the destruction of the jail. Up to three o'clock yesterday afternoon, the other party had not been taken, having fled to the swamps north of Kokomo, to which he was pursued by a large number of citizens, some of whom are still on his track. Jones acknowledged having stole the horses, and says he and his "pal" had sworn to each other to defend the booty to the last. He is in an agony of terror as to the vengeance of the people.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 29.—The horse-thief who committed the double murder at Kokomo, was taken out of the jail, last night, by a mob of three hundred citizens, and hanged upon a scaffold erected in the public square. The mob were nearly two hours in breaking open the jail. The sheriff refused to give up the key, and resisted all attempts to take it from him by force. The accomplice, Joel Sutton, was caught this morning, 21 miles north of this place, and is now in our jail.

Southern News.

The following is from the Chattanooga *Rebel* of the 29th:

MOBILE, May 28th.—Reports from below Vicksburg state that Gen. Banks has crossed the Mississippi with his army at Bayou Sara.

Gen. Grant sent in a flag of truce yesterday about the sick and wounded.

The slaughter of the Federals was far greater in the assault on Vicksburg than in any battle during the war.

The *Mississippian* of Tuesday says: "Saturday's battle at Vicksburg was the most stubborn of all."

RICHMOND, Va., May 27.—A private dispatch from Canton, Miss., says all was well yesterday. Vicksburg holds out bravely.

The Chattanooga *Rebel* believes the Army of the Cumberland is in a weaker condition to-day than at any time since the battle of Murfreesboro. It thinks General Rosecrans has reinforced Gen. Grant.

The *Rebel* thinks Vallandigham's chances of being Governor of Ohio are very fair. With such a man for President of the United States, it says, we could always have peace.

SHELBYVILLE, May 28.—Vallandigham is still here. He will go to Virginia in a few days.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—The *Commercial* has the following southern news from rebel sources:

The *Appeal* of the 29th, says two gunboats have been sunk at Vicksburg, by rebel batteries.

Col. Grierson's cavalry made another dash from Bator. Rouge, capturing and destroying a large rebel camp.

Gen. Pemberton's quartermaster has succeeded in running 700 mules out of Vicksburg, thereby reducing the consumption of corn.

The garrison has full rations for ninety days.

The Atlanta (Ga.) *Commonwealth*, of the 28th, announces the arrival of Breckinridge in that city.

The Last of the Winnebagoes.

The steamer Davenport arrived at the levee last evening at 6 o'clock with nearly 800 Winnebago Indians and 20 dogs aboard, bound for the new reservation on the Missouri river. They were guarded by 40 members of company F, 10th Minnesota volunteers, under charge of Licut. Kennedy. The boat stopped an hour to coal up, and during that time a large crowd of persons collected to see the redskins. Among the crowd on the boat were a great many squaws, one of which was a half breed, named Sarah Clark, with a shawl over her shoulders. She came ashore to exchange some arrows for fish, and spoke good English. We looked in vain for Longfellow's Hiawatha, but concluded she didn't come on that boat. The Dublin merchant is safe, he staid in town last night, there being no beauties on that boat to entice him away.—*Dubuque Herald.*

From the Army of the Potomac.

MOVEMENTS OF THE REBELS IN FRONT—LEE'S RE-INFORCING THE ARMY SOUTH—"FIGHTING JOE" IN GOOD SPIRITS—THE KILLED AND WOUNDED OF BOTH ARMIES.

GEN. HOOKER'S HEADQUARTER, NEAR FALMOUTH, May 27, 1863.—The ominous movements of the rebels have been watched with interest from this side of the Rappahannock to-day. There has been marching and countermarching of squadrons and batalions opposite the different fords—United States, Kelly's and Banks's. In front of the United States Ford the greatest activity has been displayed. In this vicinity new camps, in close proximity, as if a corps was massed for an offensive movement, have appeared. Bustle and confusion have been the order of the day. Drums have resounded, regiments have maneuvered, and exciting rumors come from our videttes that a demonstration is on the *qui vive*.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN.

This quasi demonstration has been discussed in camp to-day, and many opinions have been expressed. Young officers see another battle, but the old veterans, who remember the retreat of the rebels from Manassas and Yorktown before the young army of the Potomac, set it down as a ruse, too shallow to deceive these experienced interpreters of rebel strategy.

The rebel papers received to-day are as solemn as the grave over the overwhelming victories of General Grant. A veil of sorrow has fallen over the whole Confederacy, and something must be done to ward off the impending doom. This is what this movement means.

I believe the army of General Lee is reinforcing their defeated colums in the West to-day. I believe before Saturday night shall roll around 20,000 of the veteran troops of Lee will swell the shattered ranks of Pemberton, and the blood-bought laurels of Grant will again be contested for on the battle-fields of Mississippi.

WHAT A MAJOR GENERAL THINKS.

Conversing with a distinguished General to-day at his headquarters, he expressed the following opinion: "The rebels must now do one of two things: withdraw their army from Mississippi or evacuate Virginia. It were folly to attempt to hold both positions. They may send 15,000 men to the South to polish over the defeat of General Grant, and then, leaving Mississippi, return to Virginia, and with a reinforced army, carry out the offensive programme for which the radical leaders of the rebellion have always been fuming, and bend all the muscle of the Confederacy in one grand effort to reoccupy Virginia, and invade the territory of the Union." This would agree with the opinion expressed above concerning the reinforcement of the Western army from the rebel army in our immediate front.

IN HOOKER'S TENT.

Yesterday, accompanied by Col. Arrowsmith, of the 157th New York, your correspondent called on Gen. Hooker, and had quite a long conversation with "the fighting Californian." I had met the General several times before, while "out for the *Tribune*," during the winding up of Pope's campaign, but I never saw him in better spirits than yesterday. He was highly elated at the success of General Grant, and characterized his late movements as splendid military achievements, at the same time enthusiastically expressing the opinion that Grant could not only whip the rebels, but capture the entire Vicksburg force.

THE LAST FIGHT.

General Hooker looks upon the last movement with anything but dissatisfaction in the grand result, and said he, "Good people will cease to write me letters of condolence when my official report is published." The General has been receiving about fifty letters of condolence daily, from people in the country, since the battle. He said he cared more about crippling the rebel army than taking Richmond. He did not care about sacrificing the flower of the Union army in pushing the rebels toward the strongholds of Richmond but to encounter another fresh army from Suffolk. There is one man at headquarters whose business is to extract the official lists of killed and wounded published in the Richmond papers. These footings already foot up over 25,000. It is in vain for the rebels to deny the aggregate when the details, officially signed, are admitted in the *Enquirer* and the *Dispatch*. General Hooker sets down our killed and wounded, reported up to this time, at 8,200, and thinks his official report will aggregate the entire loss at less than 10,000 men.

General Headquarters, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Min., June 3, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 31.

I. Applicants for positions in the Medical Department of our Minnesota Volunteer Regiments to fill vacancies which have occurred or may hereafter occur, are requested to report on the 20th of this month to J. H. Stewart, M. D., at St. Paul, to be examined by him and such other medical men as may be associated with him for that purpose.

II. The following vacancies exist now in Minnesota Volunteer Regiments, viz:

One Assistant Surgeon in the 5th Regiment.
" " " " 7th "
" " " " 1st Reg't M. R.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief.

OSCAR MALMROS, Adjutant-General.

je4-d3t-wlt

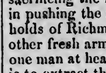
New Advertisements.

TENTS, WAGON-COVERS AND BURLAPS.

TENTS of any size made to order on short notice. WAGON-COVERS (10x15) and BURLAPS (four bushels) constantly on hand.

C. W. WOOLLEY, Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

je4-1w



DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

St. Anthony, Min.

je4-6m

FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

This, Thursday, morning, at 10 o'clock, at our store, Rogers' Block, Third-st., 3 bureaus, 3 bedsteads, 4 stoves, tables, chairs, stands and every kind of Household Goods.

FAIRCHILD & MARCH, Auction and Com. Merchants.

je4-1t

TEA CADDIES AND SEWING TWINE—For sale by

C. W. WOOLLEY, Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

je3-1w

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

PORT HUDSON MUST SOON FALL

BANKS AND FARRAGUT CLOSELY BESIEGE IT.

COLONEL GRIERSON CO-OPERATING.

The Chicago Times Suppressed.

The Copperheads Take Council Together.

John Bull's Opinion of Hooker's Late Movement.

PORT HUDSON BESIEGED.

NEW YORK, June 3.

The steamer Geo. Cromwell, which arrived from New Orleans this forenoon, brings the following news:

Seventy-five prisoners arrived at New Orleans on the 25th, from Baton Rouge, among them, Ex-Gov. Robert Wickliffe, who was captured near Port Hudson.

The *Era* of the 27th has the following:

Banks moved down the Red river with his army, and crossed to Bayou Sara, thence to Port Hudson, where he united his force with Augur's.

The gunboats under Farragut were to go up on the 24th. The mortar fleet opened fire on Port Hudson on the night of the 25th, silencing several of the enemy's guns, Port Hudson is now, therefore, closely besieged and hemmed in, and the fall of this stronghold will be speedy, even should General Banks not order an assault of the works.

Col. Grierson is co-operating with Banks. The garrison of Port Hudson is estimated at about 10,000, and scantily supplied with provisions.

The reported rebel iron-clad from Mobile, and the capture of two of our ships, proves to be a canard.

SUPPRESSION OF THE CHICAGO TIMES.

CHICAGO, June 3.

Shortly after midnight Judge Drummond issued a writ directing and enjoining the military authorities to take no steps or measures to carry into effect the order of Burnside for the suppression of the *Times*, until application for a permanent writ of injunction could be heard in open court to-day. At half-past three o'clock this morning, after the whole edition was worked off, a file of soldiers broke into the office and took possession. They remained some time, and left after giving notice that if any attempt was made to publish another paper, the military would take permanent possession of the office.

CHICAGO, June 3.

The following handbill was circulated through the city: "All good loyal citizens of Chicago, who favor free speech and freedom of the Press, as guaranteed to us by the Constitution we love and uphold, are invited to assemble in mass meeting, in front of the Chicago *Times* office, Wednesday evening, June 3d, at 8 o'clock, to take council together regarding the recent infamous order of Gen. Burnide, suppressing papers always democratic, and consequently always loyal. By order of the committee."

FOREIGN NEWS.

NEW YORK, June 3.

The Persia, from Liverpool on the 23d, and Queenstown on the 24th ult., has arrived.

The London *Times* says Hooker's operations were preceded by more than the usual amount of gasconade, and resulted in the usual miserable failure. It suspects Hooker was so disabled that Sedgewick's defeat was an opportune excuse for recrossing. Leaving the wounded on the field of battle clearly indicates something like a rout.

The *Times* sees no end to the war but in the slow process of exhaustion, either of men or enthusiasm. A few months must decide whether the war ends with the present year or at the close of Lincoln's term of office.

The Daily *News* adds the campaign to the list of Federal disasters; but points to Lee's inability to follow, and the fact that he does not hold a foot more ground than before.

The *Star* thinks the soonest confession of disaster would be more dignified on the part of Stanton than the statement of a retreat from prudential motives, and a speedy resumption of offensive operations.

The *Morning Post* sees good reasons why Lee should not follow up Hooker, but cannot understand why Hooker was allowed to retreat across the Rappahannock so easily.

The party who was alleged to be a Federal recruiting agent in the county of Cork turned out to be swindler, and has decamped.

It is announced that the cargoes of the ships Nora, Louise and Charles Hill, bound from England to the East Indies, and destroyed by the Alabama, were shipped by and consigned to British subjects. The Government is called upon, and it is thought will interfere in the matter.

The race for Oaks was won by Queen of Bertha.

The French Electoral contest was waxing warm, and opposition candidates daily increasing.

Persigny, in a letter to Prefect of Seine denounces Thiers as being connected with avowed enemies of the Emperor.

Polish affairs are unchanged. Engagements continue frequent and no diminution of insurgents. It is reported that Russia has called on Prussia for military assistance.

LIVERPOOL, May 23d.—Breadstuffs steady and unchanged. Provisions dull and steady. Produce steady. Consols 93¼a⅞. American stocks firmer.

New Advertisements.

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of SPENCER & CARVER, Ingersoll's Block, or of GROFF & BAILEY, under Thompson's Bank.

☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.

St. Paul, June 3d, 1863. je4-3m

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest, 57 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 200 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect. C. G. HARRISON, Hastings, Min.

my22-3w

WANTED!

A situation as a clerk in a store of any kind by man of experience and steady habits, who can speak and write English and German correctly, and is able to give good references. He does not care so much about high wages as humane treatment by his employer. Direct letters in care of LOT MOFFAT, Proprietor Temperance House, St. Paul, Minnesota. je2-1w

LADIES,

If you want the most elegant LACES, The finest EMBROIDERY, Or the cheapest and best DRESS GOODS, Ever brought to St. Paul, go to

BLUM'S, Third street.

je2-1w

PICTURES.

Joseph Bugbee

has for sale at his Carpet Store two beautiful

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

BY DEJARDIN.

VALUE, $25 A PIECE.

None expecting a cheap picture need call and look at them. They *are* GEMS.

CARPETS Cheap as Ever.

my31-tf.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Challi Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS.

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention, of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

my30-1f near Suspension Bridge.

STRAYED.

From the subscriber on Sunday, the 10th inst., a two year old Heifer—new milch—red, with white face, short, sharp horns, with a rope around them. Any person returning her to the Farmer's Hotel on St. Anthony Road, or giving information where she may be found will be suitably rewarded. F. M. JOHNSON, Agent for

my12-tf Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

BOARD WANTED.

By a gentleman, wife and child, in a private family in Lower Town. Address Box 196 P. O

je3-3t*

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

NEWS ITEMS.

—A colored man named Thos. Mannis has been convicted of the murder of Geo. W. Walters, a keeper of a gambling hell in Cincinnati, and is sentenced to be hung on the 11th of September next.

—According to the Agusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* the talk about a large grain crop in the South is not true. The report has been got up by speculators for their own advantage. They have purchased the crops from the farmers at a low price, with the view of selling at famine rates, as it is the fact that the whole crop will not furnish nine months' supply. Farmers, the *Constitutionalist* says, will be humbugged, speculators enriched, and government people forced to pay the old high prices, or perhaps more.

—Substitutes for drafted men in some places demand enormous prices. Prentice suggests that the more a man charges for going into the army, the less charging he will probably be disposed to do after he gets in.

—A rebel dispatch announced, the other day, that General Grant was "*retreating upon Vicksburg!*" We have heard nearly as good things before. "I held the rascal down," says John Phœnix, "by inserting my nose between his teeth."

—The common estimate that the quantity of change in circulation in this country is about fifty millions of dollars, has been corrected, it is said, by the fact that fifteen millions postal currency have filled all the channels of circulation and left three millions more uncalled for in the hands of the government.

The Coming Draft.

The instructions issued to the Provost Marshals by the War Department, require that enrolling officers, under the Conscription Law, are to enroll all persons subject to military duty, whether white or black, and to note their ages, residences, color and occupations. They must include first, all able-bodied males, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, not exempt by law; and, second, all persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention of becoming citizens.

The enrolment of the two classes, (between twenty and thirty-five, first unmarried persons, and second all others) must be kept on separate sheets, but made at the same time. Students in colleges or schools, teachers, apprentices, sailors, travelers, and the like, are to be enrolled at their legal residence, their temporary absence from which forms no cause for exemption. Enrolling officers are to judge of age by the best evidence they can obtain; but appeals for exemption on account of age may always be made to the Board.

Whenever any part of the forces thus enrolled are to be called ont, the Provost Marshal General shall notify each district Provost Marshal of his proportion, with specific instructions as to the sub-divisions. The board shall then make the apportionment to the sub-districts, and shall add fifty per cent. thereto.

What follows is embraced in the following regulations:

73. The board shall make an exact and complete roll of the names of the persons drafted, and of the order in which they were drawn, so that the first drawn may stand first on the said roll, and the second may stand second, and so on. The draft shall take place at the headquarters of the district. It shall be public, and under the direction of the Board of Enrolment. The name of each person enrolled shall be placed in a box to be provided for that purpose, and the Provost Marshal, or some person designated by him, (the drawer to be blindfolded,) shall draw therefrom one name at a time until the required number is obtained.

74. The exact and complete roll of the names of the persons drawn in the draft shall be entered by the board in a book to be kept for that purpose, ruled and headed to correspond with the descriptive roll of drafted men.

75. The number required to fill the call will be taken from this roll, by commencing at the first name, and taking in order, until the required number is obtained, all who are not by the board decided to be accepted and exempt under the provisions of the enrolment act.

76. The names of the men thus called into service will be entered on "descriptive rolls," (in triplicate,) signed by the board. One copy of this roll will be sent to the Provost Marshal General direct, one copy to the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General of the State, and one will be retained by the Provost Marshal.

77. Certified extracts from this descriptive roll shall be made in duplicate, by the Provost Marshal for every party of drafted men sent off, and sent with the party to the officer to whom the party is to be delivered. One copy is to be retained by this officer, and the other is to be returned, with a receipt for the party, as delivered to him, on the back. The returned copy will accompany the Provost Marshal's monthly report to the Provost Marshal General.

78. The Board shall note on the roll books of drafted men, in the column of remarks, opposite each man's name, the disposition made of him—whether called into service and sent to the rendezvous, exempted by the Board, replaced by a substitute, commuted for, deserted or discharged, as not being required.

The substitute whom any drafted person is authorized, by section 13 of the enrolment act, to furnish, must be presented to the Board of Enrolment; and it shall be the duty of the Board to examine him, and, if accepted, to place his name on the book of persons drafted with explanatory remarks. His name will then be transcribed on the descriptive rolls of men called into service.

80. Certificates of exemption from the draft by reason of having provided a substitute, or having paid commutation money, shall be furnished by the Board of Enrolment according to form 31. A discharge from one draft furnishes no exemption from any subsequent draft, except that when the person drafted has furnished an acceptable substitute, and has received a certificate of discharge from a preceding draft, he shall be held exempt from military duty during the time for which he had been drafted, and for which such substitute was furnished.

81. The Board shall furnish a discharge from further liabilities under the particular draft to any drafted person who presents a *bona fide* receipt for the sum announced in orders for procuring substitutes from the person authorized by the Secretary of War to receive it.

OUR VICKSBURG CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence of the Press.

ROWERS LANDING, LA., 10 miles below Vicksburg, May 17.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Being fairly located in the land of snakes, mosquitoes, traitors and negroes, fitting representatives of the Cotton States, and having witnessed a trifle of the direful effects of the war, from an immediate stand point, as well as experienced a shade of its misfortunes, I propose to transmit you semi-occasionally an uncolored statement of interesting items within my *beat*.

We took passage from St. Louis to Vicksburg, May 3d, on the steamer Majestic, and on the night of the 6th witnessed the complete destruction by fire of that fine boat, together with several hundred thousand dollars worth of Commisary stores, one hundred and fifty horses, and other government property. The passengers, numbering about eighty, all escaped, except one lame boy, who was traveling alone from Peoria., Ill, to Vicksburg to see his father, a Chaplain in the rebel army. The boat was wooding, 20 miles below Hickman, part of the passengers had retired, when the cry of fire produced a scene of confusion, mingled with the shrieks of woman and children, utterly indescribable. It was the most horrid picture I ever witnessed to see those horses rearing and leaping in the flames, twenty feet from the shore, and no means for their relief within our reach. Some believe that a rebel incendiary secreted himself on board at Columbus, and sought the opportunity to fire the boat when he could save his own life; but the more probable opinion is that the fire originated with the soldiers who were carelessly laying around and smoking all over the boat. The Majestic was valued at $40,000 and insured for $30,000. I lost all my Commissary outfit. The Maria Denning which came along and took us on board, was fired into by the guerrillas near Greenville, Miss., while we were eating dinner on the 9th. Several shots entered the boat, but no person was injured. By a like attack the steamer Warner had one man killed and several wounded on the ensuing day. Our gunboats lying immediately below, went up the following day and shelled Greenville, burned all the houses, and cleaned out the rebels generally in that vicinity.

In conjunction with a Quartermaster I was ordered over here last Tuesday to establish and maintain a Depot for the reception and shipment of commissary stores, and other necessary supplies via Grand Gulf for Grant's army, now operating against Vicksburg from the south and east. This point is at the *termini* of the new road leading out from Young's Point five miles above Vicksburg, and was opened last week by Bissell's Engineer Corps. The road is ten miles in length, passes within three miles of Vicksburg, and is well *corduroyed* through the timber. Long trains of six mule teams are constantly passing and repassing, loaded down with army supplies, and back with contrabands, wounded, sick and convalescent soldiers.

Grant's army has no doubt occupied Jackson. They had a severe engagement at Raymond last Wednesday but came off victorious, as Grant always does, in a fair stand up fight. We had 300 killed—the rebels 700, when they fled precipitately.

Warrenton, four miles above us, is reported evacuated, and last night Admiral Porter went up with a part of his gunboat fleet, and shelled the town and country extensively along the river in that vicinity. Since this rear communication was cut off, most of the people have left Vicksburg, and many of the troops have gone back to retard the advance of Grant's army. This important stronghold must *cave* immediately, or the rebel army will *starve* within its entrenchments. You can inevitably, I think, chronicle the fall of Vicksburg within ten days at farthest—possibly to-morrow, for they are hard pressed both in the front and rear.

Two hundred contrabands came in here last night on the Silver Wave. They are from the plantations back of Grand Gulf and Hard Times. Brought along 100 of Masses' mules and horses just for convenience. Many are enlisting in the Negro Brigade, and all are ready to do any labor required of them. Very few are now transported North. They are more useful here.

The weather is pleasant, the climate agreeable. The health and spirit of the army is remarkable. Newspapers are sought with avidity. Northern journals sell at 25 cents each, very readily. I shall hope to see a PRESS once more, when I want the bully boys of the 4th and 5th now as ever with Minnesota Regiments, placed in the advance.

Yours, A. B. WEBBER.

DEPARTURE OF HENRY WARD BEECHER.—Mr. Beecher has taken passage on the steamship City of Baltimore which sails for Europe on Saturday next, and will be accompanied by a number of his friends on board the steamer Merrimac, which has been chartered for the occasion, to the Light Ship outside Sandy Hook. At that point they will bid him farewell and leave him to continue his journey. The society of Plymouth Church, to whom Mr. Beecher has ministered for the last twelve years, has granted him leave of absence for four months. They continue his salary during his absence, and pay all the necessary expenses of his journey. The Rev. R. D. Hitchcock, the Rev. Hugh Carpenter, the Rev. Lyman Abbott and others, will fill his pulpit until his return.

—Three vessels laden with war stores arrived at Quebec last week.

LATEST NEWS BY MAIL.

The Engagement at Vicksburg on the 25th.

CAPTURE OF YAZOO CITY.

Rebels Defeated Near Fort Gibbons.

BURNSIDE THREATENS TO HANG ALL REBEL OFFICERS IN HIS HANDS.

CAIRO, May 30.—The dispatch boat New National arrived this evening from Young's Point, which place she left Tuesday afternoon. There had been fighting on Monday and Tuesday. On Monday, from 6 to 9 P. M., there was a cessation of hostilities, to allow both parties to bury their dead. The battle was renewed on Tuesday morning. But few if any of the water batteries have been taken. The shells from Sherman's siege guns come over into the city, as can be seen from this side.

Our forces still surrounded the city three columns deep. They could take the city at any time by an assault, but it would cost a great sacrefice of life, and it is believed by all there that Pemberton must surrender in a few days. The final result is not considered doubtful.

We have taken about 8,000 prisoners; five thousand of them had arrived at Memphis

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The following telegram was received at the Navy Department to-day:

FLAGSHIP BLACKHAWK, MISS. SQUADRON, NEAR VICKSBURG, May 25.

I have the honor to inform you that the expedition under the command of Lieut. Commanding Walker, after taking possession of the forts at Haine's Bluff, was perfectly successful. Three powerful steamers and a ram were destroyed at Yazoo City. The ram was a monster, 310 feet long, 70 feet beam, to be covered with four inch iron plates. Also a fine navy yard, with machine shops of all kinds, saw mills, blacksmith shops, &c., burned. The property destroyed and captured amounted to over two millions of dollars.

Had the monster ram been finished, she would have given us some trouble.

One battery was destroyed at Drury's Bluff.

Our loss on the expedition was one killed and seven wounded.

[Signed,] DAVID D. PORTER.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—On Thursday next, Gen. Burnside will move his Head-Quarters, of the Department of the Ohio, to Hickman Bridge, ten miles south of Nicholasville.

A despatch from Gen. Burnside to Bragg, announcing his intention to hang all the rebel officers in his hands, in case retaliation for the two spies tried and executed in accordance with the usages of war, should be resorted to, was yesterday conveyed from Murfreesboro, under a flag of truce.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—A telegram received this afternoon from Gen. Stahl, dated Fairfax Court House to-day, in which he says Mosby, with 2,000 men and one howitzer, attacked our train of cars near Catlett's Station, yesterday, and the guard having escaped, he burned the train. The locomotive is not much damaged.

Col. Mann, of the Seventh Michigan, who had command in the front, hearing the firing, took a portion of his forces and followed them two miles from Greenwich, where they had a very strong position. Col. Mann charged the rebels, who replied with grape and cannister, but we dashed upon them and took their guns.

Col. Mann returned at dark to his camp, bringing in the captured artillery and all our dead and wounded, four of the former and ten of the latter.

It was an exceedingly hot fight. We took many prisoners, a captain, two English officers, in the confederate service, and Lieut. Chapman, who had charge of the artillery. Both of these officers were so severely wounded that they could not be removed, and were paroled.

The enemy lost very heavily in killed and wounded, and were entirely dispersed.

NEW YORK, May 30.—The *Herald's* Washington special has the following:

Recent arrangements relative to exchange of prisoners will restore about 4,000 men and 200 officers to duty. The 4,500 prisoners recently arrived at Memphis will be sent to Indianapolis and Ft. Delaware. It is believed the operations by Gen. Grant will leave the balance of prisoners in our favor.

A dispatch states that Morby's guerrillas destroyed ten cars and locomotive on the Osage and Alexandria Railroad. Gen. Stahl afterwards gave the guerrillas a sound thrashing and captured a number of men and two pieces of artillery. At last accounts our cavalry were pursuing them.

NEW YORK, May 31.—This morning's papers print the following:

LEAVENWORTH, May 29.—Col. Phillips, commanding the Indian Territory, had a severe fight with a portion of Price's army on the 20th. The enemy crossed the Arkansas river, near Fort Gibson. Col. Phillips drove them back. Our loss was thirty killed, the enemy's much greater.

The enemy was led by Gens. Steele, Cooper and McIntosh. They are now in our front, claiming 11,000 men and considerable artillery.

We have only 3,000 men and one battery, but are well fortified.

This is evidently the advance of Price's main army.

A dispatch from Ft. Larned informs us of the approach from the southwest of a large rebel force of Texans and Indians, designing to intercept the trains en route to New Mexico.

The guerrillas on the border are becoming more numerous. The national force is inadequate. Gen. Blunt, however, will make the best possible fight.

Hooker not only to Remain in Command, but to have Enlarged Powers—What He Said to the President—The Greatest Work of His Life.

HOOKER'S ENLARGED POWERS.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—It is perfectly certain that, whatever may have been the earlier impulses of the Administration, Gen. Hooker is to be sustained and continued in command. "Sir," said he to the President, after fully explaining his reasons for the retreat, "under all those circumstances, Sir, I thought I would be *bold* enough to face the consequences, and recross the river; resolved to lay the case before you, to try it again if you were willing to trust me; if not, to take the command of a corps, a division, a brigade, and serve under any Commander you might select, *but only begging you, for God's sake, not to order me to Trenton. New Jersey!*" The President's answer to the frank address was equally frank: "I am satisfied with your conduct. I tried McClellan twenty times; I see no reason why I can't try you at least twice."

So well satisfied is the President with the results of the late movement, that he intends bestowing enlarged powers on Gen. Hooker. It is on the authority of one of the two men who must know better than any others living about it, that I say before the next movement begins, Gen. Hooker is to have command, not merely of the Army of the Potomac, but of all the forces in Virginia. The Suffolk and Norfolk troops, those lying at the extremity of the Peninsula, along the Orange Alexandria Railroad, and about the defenses of Washington are to be alike subject to his call; and Gen. Hooker impulsively declares that, "next time there *will* be co-operation."

As I wrote, the other day, there is talk of a speedy movement again; but, for myself, I have small faith in it. As the signs go, the middle of June may come before another general engagement in Virginia.

Meantime, Gen. Hooker professes anything but regret or shame over his recrossing the Rappahannock. He declares that he is prouder of that act than of any other in his military career, that history will adjudge it his most skillful stroke of generalship, and that the rebels already so regard it. His friends talk mysteriously about him showing the wisdom there was in the movement; and unite in insisting that so far as the fighting was concerned Lee was defeated, that Hooker had a victory in reality and a reverse only in form.

—Among the speakers announced to address the copperheads of Newark N. J., at a mass Vallandigham demonstrations on Saturday next, we notice the name of Fitz John Porter, Esq. We presume this refers to the general of that name who has been dismissed from the public service for conduct practically treasonable. The public will not be sorry to know that he is at last to appear in his true colors, as the *open* apologist of the most infamous of all the northern sympathizers with the slaveholders' rebellion.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, June 3, 1863.

Bankers and Licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem.
American Gold	45 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

AGENCY CHIPPEWAS, LAKE SUPERIOR, BAYFIELD, May 27th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Indorsed

"PROPOSALS FOR PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,"

Will be received at the office of the CHIPPEWAS of LAKE SUPERIOR, at

BAYFIELD, WIS.,

Until

Thursday, June 25, 1863

for furnishing the following named

PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,

TO WIT:

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS WORTH

Superfine Flour.

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF

MESS PORK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE 66-100 DOLLARS WORTH OF

TOBACCO,

Free from mould.

The above named articles to be delivered in the city of Detroit, Michigan, on or before the 10th day of July next.

The same to be approved by the Agent of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, or his authorized Agent.

Bidders will state the number of barrels of each Flour and Pork, and the number of pounds of Tobacco which they will furnish for the sums above named.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a guarantee signed by two responsible persons.

The Agent reserves the right to reject any and all bids not favorable to the Government.

L. E. WEBB, U. S. Indian Agent.

je3-d4tw3w

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store, Third Street,

ST. PAUL,..... .....MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN. a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

NEW PAPER AND STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,

FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,

Commercial and Ladies' Note,

PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,

Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE, **No. 230 Third-St.,**

One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders. my16-1m

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK, AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS, AGENT, St. Paul.

my24-d1y

FOR SALE.

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $400; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers, On Third-st., second door from the ap30 Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND

Real Estate Agents,

Office in Macklubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.

D. L. CURTICE. ap22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Masketa Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.

F. W. TUCHELT, my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO'S, my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S, my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH, 50 do. Hake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pick'ed Herrings, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine, Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S, my6 Nos 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES.—300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.—at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at

my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES.—600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *We mean it.*

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Suttlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES	500 dozen, fresh and fine.		
RASPBERRIES	200	do	do
BLACKBERRIES	200	do	do
CHERRIES	200	do	do
WHORTLEBERRIES	300	do	do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs.
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinniknick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine,	Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy,	Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy,	Cherry Brandy,

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.

A full line, including every variety.

October 14, 1862.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office. my30-tf

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, Second Collection District, Minnesota. Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied.

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each in addition to the license tax.

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON, Assessor Second District, Minnesota.

Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street. may28-d2w.

OFFICE COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, UPPER LEVEE, ST. PAUL, MINN. May 18th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Will be received at this Office until June 5th, 1863, for furnishing

FRESH BEEF

To the Troops at the following named Posts: POST ON SOUTH BRANCH ON WATONWAN

PRINCETON,

CAMP POPE,

FAIRMOUNT,

NEW ULM,

MANKATO,

ST. PETERS,

HENDERSON.

In case other Posts are established on or near the Minnesota River, the Contractor will be required to furnish said Posts with Fresh Beef at the contract price.

Separate Bids will be received for each of the above Posts or one bid may include all of them. The Contract to commence June 15th, and to be in force 6 months.

The Beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters (neck and shanks to be excluded.)

The bids to state the price per net pound at which the Beef will be furnished.

Proposals from contractors who have previously failed to comply with their bids; from disloyal persons; those interested in more than one bid; or where the bidder is not present to respond to his bid, will not be considered.

All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees. The responsibility of guarantors (unless known to the undersigned) must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court, or the United States District Attorney.

The names of firms must be stated in full, with the precise address of each member of the firm. A bond with good security will be required.

FORM OF GUARRANTEE.

We, ——, of the County of ——, and State of ——, do hereby guarrantee that ——, is able to fulfil the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition and that should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded to him, we are prepared to become his securities.

This guarantee must be appended to each bid.

Those not corresponding with the above conditions will be rejected.

Bids to be directed to "Captain M. P. Small, C. S.," and endorsed "Proposals for Beef."

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

M. P. SMALL. Captain and Com. of Subsistence.

my19 td

Mankato *Independent* please copy, send three copies and charge PRESS.

SPRING STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS.

MRS. J. B. LYGO,

Is selling at REDUCED PRICES, at her lately extended rooms, particularly adapted for her line of business.

COUNTRY MILLINERS

Will do well to call before selecting Goods elsewhere, as she is in weekly receipt of

Seasonable & Fashionable Goods

And has the facilities at all times of getting the LATEST FASHIONS.

THIRD STREET, BETWEEN MINNESOTA AND ROBERT-STS. my27-1m

DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

DRY GOODS,

AND

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

IS THE PLACE TO BUY THEM

H. KNOX TAYLOR

Has just returned from

NEW YORK,

And is now receiving his

SPRING & SUMMER STOCK

OF

GOODS,

Bought during the "LATE PANIC," and many of them coming from the late

AUCTION SALES

In that city, he

CAN AND WILL SELL THEM

TO HIS CUSTOMERS

AT

GREAT BARGAINS.

We do not propose to

Sell Our Goods at Cost,

BUT HAVING BOUGHT THEM LOW

We are determined to give our customers the benefit of it.

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

FROM 12½ CENTS PER YARD, UPWARDS.

The following are some of the Varieties:

CHECKED POPLINS,

STRIPED CRAPES,

MOZAMBIQUES,

HIMALAYAS,

ARABIAN GLACE,

Checked Lenos, &c., &c.

ALSO

COLORED ALPACCAS

AND

ORIENTAL LUSTRES

Which are all the rage in New York City.

BLACK SILKS.

SUN UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

NEW STYLE PRINTS,

French, English and American.

SOME VERY HANDSOME PATTERNS.

Our stock of

Ladies' Collars

Cannot be surpassed in the city. We have Embroidered Collars, Maltese Collars, Plain and Ruffled Collars.

We have Embroidered Collars as low as 15 cents.

IN SHAWLS WE HAVE

Stella Broche, Striped Broche, &c.

ALSO

Ladies' Cloakings.

GLOVES, SILK MITTS AND HOSIERY, FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

In Bleached Muslins, Stripe, Sheetings, Tickings, Denims, Cottonades and all other Domestic Goods.

We can offer SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS to all wishing to buy either by the piece or single yard.

BLACK CLOTHS, BLACK AND FANCY CASSIMERES, SATINETS AND TWEEDS, FOR MEN AND BOYS' WEAR.

Flannels.

White, Red, Yellow, Grey and Blue.

Also, Angola, Gauze and Silk Warp Flannels.

Handkerchiefs, Silk, Cotton and Linen; do do Hemstich and Mourning.

White Goods and Embroideries.

BALMORALS AND CORDED SKIRTS.

Table Cloths, Table Covers, Towellings, and Diapers.

In fact, if you want anything in the way of

Dry Goods or Yankee Notions,

Go to the "CHEAP CASH STORE,"

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Our motto is

"Small Profits and Quick Sales."

ap28-tf

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

	One Square.	Each add. Square.
One time	$0 80	$0 40
Three times	1 90	75
Six days	2 00	1 00
Two weeks	3 00	1 50
Three weeks	4 00	2 00
One month	5 00	2 50
Two months	8 00	4 00
Three months	10 00	5 00
Six months	14 00	7 00
Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $30 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McGABE, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES.

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children:

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

In the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, In DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf .142 Third-st

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL.

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

J. WATSON WEBB, JR.,

(Successor to Walter W. Webb,)

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FOREIGN WINES & LIQUORS AND

OLD BOURBON AND RYE WHISKY.

an1-tf *SIBLEY BLOCK, THIRD-ST.*

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo Weber, Williams & Fitch.

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

RODER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies,

GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catawba Brandy.

Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my10 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 25 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds.

Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE.

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH

USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weinand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stoat, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bance, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Blueing; Alden's Condilion Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Luther's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. TO YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits. MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Lowell's FEMALE PILLS for obstructions, Irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage*. Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE INSTRUMENT, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

☞ Office in Concert Hall, Third street.

OFFICE HOURS daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays from 2 to 5 P. M.

Address all communications to
DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,

General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession. There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe. It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Fool.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜

All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of

Bleached and Brown Cottons.
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks.
Prints and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas,
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups,
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly.

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS, 5 CENTS, 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices,

C. W. WOOLLEY,
my29-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER, &c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

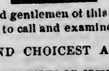
Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,



Third Street. Saint Paul.

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE,

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warranted precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap18tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,

OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL,
jan1-d1v For ——

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradbury" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness*.

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano-Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"*Strength and Beauty*" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge*. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9 1863. ap11-1y

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office.

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

1863. DRY GOODS.

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m4-3mo] HARMON, GALE & CO.

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t. per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

Tin Plate &c.,

AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK. | METALS | AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

199 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.

dec13-6m P. O. Box 3167.

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain FULL PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&wly

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBAKN & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TOBacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me.

mar8 A. L. LARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.

St. Paul, July 5th, 1862. d1y

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,

Importers and Jobbers.

Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.

m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to

S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.

mar13-1f JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings. Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

THE CITY.

THE MILITIA LAW.—At the request of several military gentlemen, we have prepared a synopsis of the new Militia Law, in so far as it relates to the ununiformed militia:

EXEMPTS.

The following persons are exempt from performing militia duty:

Those exempted by the United States Conscription Law.

All persons in the army and navy of the United States.

Ministers of organized churches, and regularly practicing Physicians.

Persons over forty-five years of age, or unsound in body.

State officers, Judges of Supreme and District Courts, and Sheriffs of counties.

Members of organized fire companies doing duty as such.

"*Provided*, That the persons mentioned in this and the foregoing paragraphs shall not be exempt in case of war, insurrection, and invasion."

The person claiming exemption for any reason is obliged to show proof thereof, by filing the proper affidavits or other papers with the commandant of his company.

CHOICE OF OFFICERS.

Captains and Lieutenants shall be chosen by the written or printed votes of the members of their companies. Field officers of regiments by the commissioned officers of the companies.

OF PARADES AND DRILL DAYS.

The Captain of every company shall parade the same on the first Saturday in June and September in each year, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The roll shall be read and corrected, and the men instructed in the tactics. The Captain shall also have power to call out and drill his company not more than six days in each year, in addition to the two days mentioned.

The Colonel of every regiment shall annually, between the 15th day of September and the 1st of November, parade and drill his regiment.

POWER TO ENFORCE ORDER.

Every commanding officer, at a parade may put under guard for the day any officer or private who shall disobey orders or interrupt the exercises and every person who shall trespass on the parade ground or interrupt the drill.

NOTICES TO PARADE AND DRILL.

The Captains of companies may cause a written or verbal order to meet for parade or drill to be served on his men.

Regimental officers may be summoned in like manner.

The Colonel of every regiment may require the commissioned officers to meet for exercise and improvement at such time and place as he shall appoint, and he may require them to appear with such arms and accoutrements as he may prescribe.

FINES.

Failure to appear on parade after being duly warned, is declared to be a disobeyance of orders, and is punishable by fine as follows:

For a private, musician or non-commissioned officer, $2.

For a company officer $5.

And they may in addition, be court-martialed.

All persons liable to be fined as above, shall be subject to *criminal prosecution*. And Justices of the Peace on complaint of the Captain, shall issue his warrant for the arrest and trial of such delinquent (as was absent on parade) and upon such arrest being made, the Justice shall try the matter, and if said defendant shall not show good and sufficient cause for his delinquency, he shall be fined ($2 for absence) and in default of payment shall be committed to the County Jail until such fine is paid, at the rate of twenty-four hours for each dollar.

Each defendant may testify in his own behalf.

SENT TO JAIL AGAIN.—Mrs. Hannah Cl.ney, an old reprobate, was arrested yesterday by officers Galvin and Pendergast, on charge of assaulting an old man by a blow on the head with a weapon. The officers found her at home, drunk as usual. When they attempted to take her, she stripped off all her clothing, making a model artist exhibition on a small scale. The officers were nothing daunted at this, however, and soon compelled her to put on enough clothing to make a passable appearance. She was then taken to the calaboose, and tried before Esq. Gibbs at 7 o'clock P. M. The Squire has several times before fined her lightly and given her a short term in the Jail, but this time sent her down to the Robertson House for 30 days, on bread and water.

Her two little children, who have led a sorrowful life the past year, will be sent to the Poor House, where they will be well cared for. Mrs. Clancy's husband is in the 5th Minnesota Regiment.

THREATENING TO KILL.—John Kent, an Englishman, who resides on a farm on the Fort Road, was arrested yesterday on a warrant issued by Esq. Strother, on complaint of Elizabeth Kent his wife, who charges him with threatening to kill her. She testified that for a month or more he has been outrageous in conduct, and continually threatening her life, as well as that of her son. Mr. Kent did not deny the charge, but acted very strangely, and said he wanted to be hung. Esq. Strother held him to bail in the sum of $500 to keep the peace, and for his good behavior towards Mrs. Kent and his son. In default of the bail he was committed to the County Jail.

CAPTAIN LEVERING.—We received with much pleasure, the information from Gen. Gorman yesterday, that Andrew Levering, well known in St. Paul, has been appointed Assistant Adjutant General, with the rank of Captain, and ordered for duty on Gen. Gorman's staff. We congratulate Captain Levering on his good luck. He enlisted as a private in "The First," at its organization in the spring of 1861, and served faithfully in that position, until a few months since, when he was promoted to a Lieutenancy, that he might accept a position on Gen. Sully's staff. Capt. Levering is now with Gen. Sully on the Missouri.

SHALL WE CELEBRATE?—One month from to-day is the Anniversary of our National Birth, and it should not be permitted to pass without a more than usual celebration. If this is done it is high time that preliminary arrangements were being made. Will not some one make a move in the matter and not wait until the eleventh hour for a "spur of the moment" celebration? A public meeting should be called immediately, committees appointed, a speaker secured, &c. Let there be a grand rally of all who can stand upon the platform, "The Union, it must be preserved."

POLICE COURT.—Lettie Lyons and Annie Webb, two fast young ladies, were brought up for being disorderly; said disorder consisting in the promiscuous and rapid use of horse flesh. They were fined $3 and costs.

Michael Dufre, not having the fear of the law before him, assaulted a man named Kavanaugh, which cost him just one V.

I. O. G. T.—We are requested to call attention to the meeting of Dashaway Lodge to-night.

ROGER MUNGER, the enrolling officer for this city, will enter upon the discharge of the duties of his office to-day.

LOCAL NOTICES:

COPIES of the new Militia Law can be procured at this office. Price 15 cents. Every officer should have one. [my4-1w

MILITIA ATTENTION.—U. S. Infantry and Rifle Tactics, published by authority of the *War Department*, just the book wanted by the Militia now organizing in this State, for sale at Merrill's Bookstore, Third street. Sent by mail for $1.50.

BARNUM'S AUTOMATIC SELF-SEWER.—With the aid of this "Self-Sewer," which can be attached to any machine, you are much relieved from care, and will save your health and sight, as you are not obliged to sit bent over your machine, or strain your eyes in watching to guide the work. It is applied and used in the same manner as an ordinary guide; it guides the fabric automatically itself, and prevents the cloth from running up onto or under the guide. D. Barnum, Inventor, Chicago, Ill. P. O. box, 2744. Price, $1.50, sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of price. It

River and Steamboat News.

☞ We have a well authenticated report that three cavalry men watered their horses in the Minnesota River at Mankato on Monday, causing that stream to subside at least two inches. It is certainly true that the stream is still falling, and no signs of those rain storms which were to cause our June freshet. The Mississippi is reported as falling from here to Saint Louis.

☞ We reported the Pomeroy as having left for La Crosse on Sunday. So she did, after a fashion, having gone via the Rapids, where she took aboard 3,000 sacks of wheat. On her return she lay on Tuesday on Mankato bar, but got off on Tuesday night, and at once left for La Crosse.

☞ The "reliable gentleman" who informed us that no bulk barges were used on the Minnesota River prior to this season, has the credit of setting afloat a canard. Our Mankato correspondent says that at least two were loaded there last season. Writers of history have a hard time in procuring facts.

☞ The Antelope arrived on time yesterday, with quite a load of freight. See manifest.

☞ The D. Harper, of the Prairie du Chien line, arrived yesterday with two bulk barges, and took her place in the Minnesota River fleet. The Harper is not a boat of imposing dimension, but we learn is powerful as a tug, and runs like a streak. She leaves for Mankato to-day at 10 o'clock. Mr. Reany, late of the Flora, goes on her as Clerk. We did not learn her commander's name.

☞ Thanks to Len. Eldred of the Key City, and A. Leopold of the Antelope, for manifests of those packets.

☞ The Keokuk arrived at 11½ o'clock last night. We are indebted to her excellent Clerk, John C. Cooper, for late papers and a copy of the manifest. The Keokuk is this morning's packet for La Crosse.

GLEANINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS' WORTH OF ICE LOST.—The steamboat Yankee, coming from Lake Pepin with five barges loaded with ice, got hung on the rapids, yesterday. She left two at Montrose, and sunk two at English Chain, and one at the landing here. She has returned to Montrose for the purpose of sinking the two left there. The captain of the Yankee says that the company has lost over $10,000 this trip.—*Keokuk [Iowa] Gate City, 26th.*

RECEIPTS.

Per Steamer Antelope.—C A. Upham 91 sks potatoes, 50 do wheat; J B Holmes 21 do corn; P Phifer 18 sks rye; Mr Bunker 50 do wheat; D C Shepard 283 do; Borup & Champlin 20 pds bacon, ½ keg butter, 140 sks wheat; Chas Donhie 10 bxs h h goods; Paul Faber 2 bskts eggs; L C Kinston 2 tubs do; R Mill 73 sks wheat; Thos Barnistord 3 calves and lot marketing; F Hoskin 4 brls eggs 5 kegs butter.

Per Key City.—Temple & B 51 pkgs; J C Raguet 5 bx mdse; E L Shaw 1 bx do; C Dobbe 1 piece wool; J Numan 30 trunks; F Hilderbrand 7 bxs mdse; J A Stees 11 pkgs; E W Bradley 3 pkgs h h goods; G L Farwell 138 do; D D Merrill 9 do; B P 15 bxs fruit; N H Plun 3 do goods; D Paauly 1 do paper; S J Sloan 2 carriages; E H Higgs 1 bx glass ware; W Nicholes 38 kegs nails; Cooley, Carver & Co 25 bxs soap; Gellattly & Holmes 10 do do; Kinney & S 5 pkgs iron; J Bass 2 horses; J Kochler 4 do; C Lamar 1 do.

Per Pomeroy.—3000 sks wheat.

Per Railroad.—30 doz pails, 2 doz tubs, 1 doz half-bushel measures.

Per Keokuk.—E Toby 5 brls apples, F F & G H Adams 24 brls salt, J A Stees 7 pkgs mdse, G W Nichols 2 do, C D Strong 4 do, J W Webb 4 do, A C Kendall 1 csk crockery, Kelly bsos 1 brl fish, B S Bull 135 pkgs mdse, W A Nixon 2 do, L E Peck 5 do, L H & C Greig 1 bl bags, D W Fingersoll 2 pkgs mdse, B Presley 15 do do, J B Braden 6 do do, W H Anderson 3 do, 551 bars and bills iron J S P & Co, 3 bxs Cheeritree & F, 9 pks mdse C E Mayo, 16 bdls bags Cooley, C & Co, 4 do L Krieger, 8 do A S Cromley, 4 do Wakefield & son, 12 do H Helhacht.

Commercial.

Daily Review of the St. Paul Markets.

WEDNESDAY EVE., June 3, 1863.

A fair degree of activity prevails in the wholesale business of the city. The dry goods trade is a little dull, the result of an uncertainty very generally prevalent in the minds of business men, as to the future values of articles in this line, but in nearly all other departments business is remarkably good for the season.

Sales of groceries continue large, and prices generally are well maintained. Whatever changes have taken place have been in favor of buyers. Our grocery merchants speak very cheerfully of the condition of the trade. They are supplying wide sections of country that have heretofore patronized us but sparingly, and this trade they have secured by the advantages they offered over other markets in selling goods. Carbon oil has risen 6@7c, and linseed oil has declined 5c per gal.

Prices in the hardware and iron line continue steady. There has been no material change for some weeks.

The wheat market was buoyant to-day. and sales reported showed No. 1 fine at 94@95, and we heard of sales at 97c. The receipts were not large, probably less than 9000 bushels.

The Chicago *Tribune* of Monday reports that a lot of 5,000 bushels Minnesota Spring Wheat, in a separate bin in the Galena Elevator, was sold by sample at $1 20 f. o. b.

In Corn there was not much done, and our quotations remain at 45@50c. Receipts 625 bushels.

The Flour Market continues inactive and quotations are entirely nominal. The following are the prices asked, but the absence of sales show that they cannot be realized in the present state of the market:

Spring Extras, country brands	5 25@5 50
Double Extras	5 75@6 00
Country Winter Wheat brands	6 00@6 25
City do do do	6 25@6 50
No 2 Flour	3 25@3 50
Spring Superfine	3 75@4 25

Potatoes were dull to-day, and receipts very small. Nominal at 40@45.

Barley remains quiet and unchanged. The demand is light and prices almost nominal.

Hides are unchanged. Butter is in good demand and firm at 10@12½c. Eggs are firmer and better at 10c wholesale.

In regard to Wool, in the present state of affairs, it would be very difficult to give quotations for the new clip. We hear of some of our dealers who are willing to buy at 50 to 60 cents per pound, while speculators do not seem disposed to do anything until affairs become more settled. The class of wools adapted to army purposes, which during the past two years led the market, do not seem to be in such demand at present, owing to the large offerings of army clothing received by the Government at greatly reduced prices, and large stocks of army kerseys still remain on hand. The present unsettled state of affairs will permit speculation, but our dealers are very cautious, and not inclined to give a large price, retaining to themselves a good margin. The best price realized to-day is 60c. About 16,000 pounds of the new clip have been marketed.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

THE DISEASES OF ERROR, (*Les Maladies d'Erreur.*)—I, John B. Ogden, M. D., author and publisher of the above work, do hereby promise and agree to send (free of charge) to any young man who will write for it, a sample copy for perusal. The proper study of mankind is MAN. This valuable work is issued and sent forth for the benefit of suffering humanity. It treats in simple language on all the diseases of Error, including Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Melancholy, Insanity, Wasting Decay, Impotency, &c., &c.—giving safe speedy, and effectual prescriptions for their permanent cure, together with much valuable information. All who favor me with a desire to read my work shall receive a sample copy by return mail, free of charge.

Address

JOHN B. OGDEN, M. D.
No. 60 Nassau St. New York.
may 4-d&w3m.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his follow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription, is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg,
my4-d&w3m] Kings County, New York.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—A. H. Wimbish keeps the very best article of everything in the Grocery and Provision line—sells it at the lowest market rate—delivers without extra charge, and warrants every article as represented. His store is on Jackson street, between Fifth and Sixth-sts. je2-tf

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country daily, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,

Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE,

Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

☞ Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my10-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public, I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & Prairie du Chien R. R.
ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
my3-3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

PRINCE & CO'S.
IMPROVED
MELODEONS!
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.

The oldest establishment in the United States, employing 200 men, and finishing eighty instruments per week.
MANUFACTORY CORNER OF MARYLAND AND NIAGARA STREETS,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

WHOLESALE DEPOTS.

47 Fulton street.....New York
83 Lake street.....Chicago

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

Henry Tolman & Co.....Boston, Mass
W. F. Colburn.....Cincinnati, O
Balmer & Weber.....St. Louis, Mo
James Bellak.....Philadelphia
A. Couse.....Detroit, Mich
Ph. P. Werlein.....New Orleans
A. & S. Nordheimer.....Toronto C. W

Persons unacquainted with the Melodeon and its history, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers, not only in the United States, but in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Melodeons in the fall of the year 1847, and since that time have finished and sold TWENTY-SEVEN THOUSAND. These instruments are now in use not only in the United States and Canada, but also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America and the West Indies, and from all these quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held.

AT ALL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITIONS THEY HAVE INVARIABLY BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM WHENEVER EXHIBITED IN COMPETITION WITH OTHERS.

We shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at our own expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

All Melodeons of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and should any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from date of sale, we ho'd ourselves ready and willing to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

Agents for the sale of our Melodeons may be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada.

Address either
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 87 Fulton-st., N. Y.
GEO. A. PRINCE & CO., 43 Lake-st., Chicago.
Or either of the above Wholesale Agents.
☞ For sale by MUNGER BROS., Agents, St. Paul, Minnesota. apr29-d&wly'64

REMOVAL.
POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,
DEALERS IN
China, Glass & Crockery
PLATED WARE,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,
TABLE CUTLERY,
House Furnishing Goods
of every description,
Have removed from Robert Street, to UNION BLOCK, 3d-st., 2d door from Roberts-st.
sep22-d&w

ROBERT P. LEWIS
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota,
Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge,
ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF
"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"
Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.
CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.
☞ Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
05-d tw&wly

CATHCART & CO.
AT THEIR OLD STORE,
Third Street, St. Paul,
Are in receipt of their
Spring Stock of Dry Goods
We have a large and beautiful assortment of
DRESS GOODS,
Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.
We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of
Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,
Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.
mar1-d&wly CATHCART & CO.

FOR SALE.
ST. PAUL PROPERTY.
$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.
A first-class Stone Store on Third street.
A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.
Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.
A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.
HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE
FROM
Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.
The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between
Cleveland and Bayfield,
As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 24	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	August 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 30
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 5

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the *entire* season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.

☞ For further information, apply to
S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

By direction of the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, the undersigned will receive sealed bids for the purchase of any or all of the lands hereinafter described, they being among the choicest and best farming lands in Minnesota.

These lands comprise what are known as the
WINNEBAGO TRUST LANDS,
In the State of Minnesota, and will be sold to the highest and best bidder in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres each, under the provisions of a treaty concluded with the Winnebago Indians, April 15th, 1859, and an act of Congress approved February 21st, 1863, entitled "An act for the removal of the Winnebago Indians, and for the sale of their Reservation in Minnesota for their benefit."

No bid will be entertained at a rate less than two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

In case a bid is accepted the party making the same will be notified as soon thereafter as practicable. If within thirty days after such notice the party shall fail to make payment to the undersigned, the land for which such bid was made will be subject to sale to any other person.

Patents will be issued and transmitted to purchasers as soon after payment as the same can be prepared.

Payments may be made either in cash, or in the certificates of indebtedness of the Winnebago Indians issued by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the debts of said Indians, and secured to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of said lands by the third article of the treaty above mentioned.

The right to reject any or all bids is expressly reserved.

All bids must be sealed and addressed to the undersigned, Washington City, D. C., and endorsed, "Bid for Winnebago Trust Land."

DESCRIPTION OF LAND.

Sections 6, 7, 18, 19 and 30 of Township 106 north of Range 23 west.

Sections 6, 7, 18, 19, 30, 31 of Township 107, north of Range 23 west.

Section 31 of Township 108 north of Range 23 west.

Sections 25 to 36 inclusive, of Township 106, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 1 to 24, and Sections 27, 28 and 29 of Township 107, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 31 to 36 inclusive, of Township 108, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 25 to 36 inclusive, of Township 106 north of Range 25 west.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 11, 12 and 13, of Township 107, north of Range 25 west.

Section 32 to 35 inclusive, of Township 108, north of Range 25 west.

All of Townships 106 and 107 north of Range 26 west.

Sections 31 to 36 inclusive of Township 108, north of Range 26 west.

All of Townships 106 and 107 north of Range 27 west.

Sections 31 to 36, inclusive of Township 108 north of Range 27 west.

Bids will be received as above invited until the 1st of July next, at which time all bids then received will be examined and acted upon.

After the 1st of July next bids will be examined and acted upon at the expiration of each period of two months.

WILLIAM P. DOLE,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs.
Washington, D. C., May 4th, 1863.
my12-2taw4w

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions*, &c.

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

☞ Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
☞ !!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
☞ See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
☞ Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
☞ PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
☞ Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30-d&w St. Paul, Minnesota.

FARMERS LOOK HERE!
Geo. E. Schnabel,
CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS.,
Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.
mar21-d&w

POSITIVELY
THE LAST CALL.

The balance of the following Goods must be closed out during the next two weeks, viz:

Ladies fine French Lasting Heeled Gaiters down to $1.00.

English Lasting Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Ladies Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A fine Kid Heeled Slipper, $1.00.

A few of those 50c Buskins left.

A PRIME KID BUSKIN, 70c.

A good sewed Kid Congress Gaiter, for $1.00.

A fine sewed Kid Lace Heel Boot, down to $1.00.

A good Morocco Heeled Boot, selling at 80c.

LASTING SLIPPERS, down to 60c.

MISSES.

MISSES LASTING BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

Misses fine sewed Kid Lace Gaiters, 50c—worth twice that amount.

A very fine Lasting Heeled Gaiter, 75c.

A few of those 25c Gaiters left.

A FINE KID SLIPPER, down to 35c—as they must be sold.

BOYS:

The balance of our Boys' Enamelled and

OXFORD-TIE SHOES,

will be closed out at 85c.

GENTLEMEN:

Still a few of those prime sewed

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

At $2.50.

CHEAP ENOUGH.

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

Pegged, at $1.25.

A lot of prime Calf sewed

CONGRESS GAITERS

To be "GIVEN AWAY," at $2.50 a pair.

PLEASE DON'T ASK THESE FOR LESS MONEY.

Will Purchasers please ask for the above Goods.

N. B.—We have got to sell them at whatever they will bring.

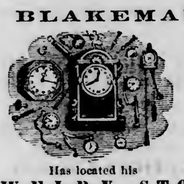
S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, June 1, 1863. je2

NEW YORK LADIES'
HAIR-DRESSER,
Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.
Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.
Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
may28-1m*] MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.
A beautiful lot of
ALPACCAS & SARATOGA
PLAIDS,
ALSO
A handsome lot of
LIGHT PRINTS,
HAIR NETTS,
Graindine Veils, &c.,
Which we are offering at
REDUCED PRICES.
CALL AND SEE THEM,
At 146 Third Street.
L. C. BURT,
my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.
A. BLAKEMAN,



Has located his
JEWELRY STORE
On Third Street,
Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of
JEWELRY,
Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH.
I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of
JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,
Silver and Plated Ware,
FANCY GOODS,
And everything in my line.
JUST RECEIVED,
15 Cases Clocks,
Manufactured by the
Seth Thomas Clock Company.
All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of
ap18-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON
SAFES
FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,
FOR ONE WEEK.
J. B. BRADEN,
May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,
ap17-1y No. 154 Third-st., St. Paul.

REMOVAL!
COMBS
Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the
POST OFFICE BLOCK,
Third-St., St. Paul,
And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. Jan23

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
WM. GOLCHER,
Third Street, St. Paul,
Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & ALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.
A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.
Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.
☞ Repairing promptly attended to.
POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.
my31-3m

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.
We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee. H. E. BAKER & CO.,
my30 Auctioneers.

FLORENCE SEWING
MACHINE AGENCY,
Directly opposite Sices' Furniture Store,
Third Street,
Makes FOUR DISTINCT STITCHES on one and the same machine, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric.
It combines all the good qualities of other first class Machines, and possesses many advantages over any and all of them.
It is the most simple and PERFECT in its construction of
ANY YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.
No Machine covers so great a range of work.
☞ *It sews Six or Eight thicknesses of Full Cloth down to the finest fabric, with equal facility, without change of tension.*
FEEDS TO THE RIGHT OR LEFT.
No difficulty experienced in sewing across thick seam.
Runs more quiet than any other Machine.
They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD.
A child of ten years can
ADJUST THE NEEDLE,
As easily as an experienced operator.
They give universal satisfaction wherever used.
The most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease.
They range in price from $33 to $115.
☞ EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED. ☜
Hemmers and all necessary tools included.
G. W. BABCOCK, Agent.
je2 cor. 3d and Minnesota-sts., St. Paul.

WILLIAM D. STOREY
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.
REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke	New York City
John G. Treadwell	Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.	Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law	Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard	Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore	Boston

je11-da6ilm&w1w

HENRY McKENTY,
DEALER IN
REAL ESTATE,
SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.
☞ Will also locate Land Warrants and do Real Estate on Commission. Jan8-d&wly

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

{ United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., Pl'ff's Att'y, United States—50 cents, Original Process. }

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"
To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Heyward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to recover ascertained by the Court or under its direction and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained.

Dated May 11th, 1863.
MORRIS LAMPREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
my12-43d Saint Paul, Min.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
The undersigned will be on hand to supply
Families and Boats,
As usual during the Summer of 1863.
m31-3m CHAS. SYMONDS, Agent.

INSURANCE
P. W. NICHOLS,
General Insurance Agent.
HOME,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
LORILLARD,
METROPOLITAN,
AND NIAGARA,
OF NEW YORK CITY,
Marine Insurance.
PHOENIX,
OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.
LIFE,
MUTUAL BENEFIT,
OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.
OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
my6 d1y Third street, St. Paul, Min.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
(Late Lighte & Bradburys,)
Piano-Forte Manufacturers,
421 Broome-St., New York.
SECOND BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY
Mr. F. C. LIGHTE, the original founder of this well-known Establishment, *Senior* Partner, and *only Practical Piano-Forte Maker* of the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys," having retained his Two-Thirds interest in the whole business stock, materials, &c., and Sole Proprietorship in his *Valuable Patents*, inclusive of his celebrated PATENT INSULATED IRON FRAMES, is the only one who can make the SUPERIOR PIANO-FORTES for which this house has been so popular. ☞ All infringements on his rights will be prosecuted according to law.
☞ All Piano-Fortes from this manufactory are warranted perfect in every respect for five years.
LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS.
F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
ap28-3m 421 Broome-St., New York.

SAM'L HOWE,
Commission Merchant,
148 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO,
Solicits Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, PORK, LARD, etc, for sale, or order to purchase. Will make advances on Consignments to be held here or shipped East. mar18-3m

LIGHTNING RODS,
The best in use, and
AT LOW PRICES
Orders for Lightning Rods, Points, Insulators, or attachments, will receive prompt attention.
CUTLER, BALL & CO.,
Office and Factory, 93 Kinzie St., Chicago.
ap7-2m.

J. MAINZER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Notary Public,
McCLUNG'S BLOCK, THIRD-ST., ST. PAUL,
ap18-2m* MINNESOTA.

50 BARRELS
—OF—
CARBON OIL.
ALSO A QUANTITY OF
CHICAGO CREAM ALE,
For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

1863 REGULAR. 1863
Minnesota River Packet.

The steamer JEANNETTE ROBERTS will run regularly during the season of navigation to all points on the Minnesota River.
For freight or passage apply on board.
NELSON ROBERTS, Master.
ap7tf JOHN REANEY, Clerk.

MORE NEW
MILLINERY.
I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of
FASHIONABLE
Spring and Summer
MILLINERY,
Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.
MISS E. WASS,
my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, RENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,
All of the very best material, just received and for sale by
ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.
The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.
And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.
THOS. J. YORKS, Dealer in Real Estate,
Stillwater, Min., March, 1863. mar1-3m

UNION STORE FOR SALE.
ROSEMOUNT, DAKOTA CO., MINN.
Consisting of a new fr

THE SAINT PAUL DAILY PRESS.

VOLUME III. SAINT PAUL, FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 1863. NUMBER 132.

The Saint Paul Press.

State and United States Official Paper.

☞ THIS paper has a larger Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly circulation than any other in Minnesota, and therefore presents inducements to advertisers which they will not find elsewhere.

ST. PAUL, FRIDAY, JUNE 5.

VICKSBURG, it is announced, is to be taken by the spade and pick-axe. The events which we have so long wished for, and so sanguinely and soon expected, is thus necessarily postponed for weeks. This will give time for the rebels to mass a formidable army in Grant's rear, and there is really no knowing what may happen. We can only trust in God and Grant's good star.

HARD ON THE COPPERHEADS.

Copperheadism is in wretched spirits this morning. Nothing but the capture of Richmond could have spread such intense consternation among its ranks, or have thrown it into such a state of cold perspiration and profound melancholy as the announcement contained in our dispatches that the President had revoked the order of Gen. Burnside suppressing the circulation of the Chicago *Times* and the New York *World* in his department.

When this announcement was made by one of the speakers at the Copperhead gathering in front of the Court House last night, the effect was distressing in the extreme. An official statement that Grant had taken Vicksburg or that Rosecrans had annihilated Bragg, could not have been received with more evident symptoms of chagrin and disappointment. If we had no other reason for commending the action of the President we should regard this poignant dissatisfaction of the Copperheads as conclusive evidence that it was wise and right.

Great as the mischiefs unquestionably are which are inflicted by these incendiary journals, they do not, in the opinion of the President constitute a case of such extreme and overwhelming public damage as to justify the interference of the military power, and in the meantime we hope that in this and similar cases the President will hereafter *trust to the people* to provide a remedy and a punishment for such exhibitions of disloyalty in the loyal States as do not come within the literal limits ot the civil laws.

FINANCIAL STRAITS OF THE REBELS.

The latest accounts from Richmond show that it takes six of the dollars issued from the rebel Treasury to buy one gold dollar. Mr. Memminger, the rebel Treasurer, states the present debt of the Confederacy at $900,000,000, and increasing, according to the same authority, at the rate of $50,000,000 per month. Now by this is meant either fifty millions in gold or in paper. In gold it would make the rebel expenses $300,000,000 per month, and if in paper $8,000,000. Either is preposterous; so that to estimate the expenses of the rebels we must fall back on something more reliable than Mr. Memminger.

In a time of peace our eighteen thousand men cost us eighteen millions annually. It the rebels have three hundred thousand men it would cost them, at the same rate, three hundred and twenty millions per year, or twenty-six millions per month, at the gold standard—equivalent, in rebel paper, to $156,000,000 per month, or $1,872,000,000 per year. The wear and tear and waste and losses and increased outlays of war would immensely increase this amount, which is calculated on a peace basis. It cannot cost the rebels less than $3,000,000,000 of their paper money, at its present value, to carry on the war for another year. It is clearly impossible for them to carry on the war much longer at this ruinous rate. The whole future of the rebel Confederacy is thus tottering on the brink of utter bankruptcy.

It is for this reason that we are inclined to believe that the rebel leaders are bent on the desperate enterprise foreshadowed in the rebel prints—the invasion of Northern soil, with a view to replenish their empty coffers from the spoils of Northern cities. Military reasons may all be against the suggestion, but the rebels have got to a point where military reasons must succumb to their necessities.

PRACTICAL EXAMPLES.

The Spirit which actuates the Copperheads toward our soldiers, is well illustrated by the inhuman and disgraceful conduct of the copperhead State Treasurer of Illinois, who persists in withholding from the wounded soldiers of that State, lying upon the bloody field in front of Vicksburg, the money set apart for them by a Legislative appropriation. In the meanwhile the other State officers who are loyal men, have appealed to the people for aid for the suffering heroes. They have chartered a steamboat, loaded it with Sanitary supplies, and have sent a corps of twenty-five surgeons and fifty nurses to the relief of the sick and wounded. A thousand years may be spent in bandying words about the Constitution and the laws, in making black white and white black, but nothing could more clearly exemplify the heaven-wide contrast between the spirit of loyalty and that of disloyalty, than the spontaneous overflow of generous and kindly sympathy for our sick soldiers manifested by Gov. Yates and his Republican colleagues on the one hand, and the brutal inhumanity of the Copperhead Treasurer on the other.

PROGRESS OF OPINION.

The fact that Gen. Thomas, who was supposed to have reached the last step of petrifaction in Pro-Slavery conservatism, is engaged with all his powers in organizing an army of negroes to fight against their old oppressors, is scarcely more significant of the wonderful changes of sentiment which this war has produced than the following paragraph from the Washington *Evening Star*, in an editorial reviewing the consequences of Grant's victories:

From New Orleans to the Kentucky line, that region for twenty miles back on each bank of the river being the great cotton and sugar producing belt, contains the aggregation of the slaveholding interest in whose nominal behalf this atrocious war was conceived and is being waged. That interest now lies hopelessly powerless there, at the feet of the government. The result of this fact will be the enlistment either in active regiments or the service of our quartermaster's and commissary departments of three or four hundred thousand blacks in a very brief period of time—thus subtracting so many human elements of the war's successful prosecution from the side of the rebellion, and transferring them to our side, to the dismay of the oligarchy and the eventual total prostration of the rebellion.

The editor and proprietor of the *Star* is a Virginian slaveholder, and his journal has always been intensely Pro-Slavery. If any one will comprehend the immense revolution this war has already accomplished, we refer him to this Virginian planter, advocating the arming of slaves against their masters.

THE VALLANDIGHAM CASE.

The following very sensible justification of the arrest and punishment of Vallandigham is from an officer of high rank in the Department of the Ohio, and gives a view of the case which the people of that State are no doubt better able to appreciate than we, of this more northern and peaceful latitude.

"I think you are wrong about Vallandigham. His offense was essentially a military one, in this aspect, that it demoralized the army, prevented recruiting, encouraged desertion, incited men to resist the arrest of deserters, and tended to make trouble about the increase of the army by conscription, by inciting resistance to the execution of that law. These, mind you, are not problematical results of his course, but actual. Specific cases of all of them, except the last, are continually occurring, invariably among men who call themselves democrats, and swear by Vallandigham. The only remedy was by sudden and short stoppage. This could not possibly be effected by the civil law. His offense is hardly known to civil law, and there would have been no end of trouble in getting him indicted. Then he would have been simply bound to stand his trial at some future day, and would have gone on talking his treason and sedition. And he had efforts before mentioned would have gone on growing in power and influence, and might have got too big to stop.

Moreover, special cases of ill-doing, resulting from and directly in accordance with his teachings, have constantly to be attended to. They cannot be overlooked. Should we punish them and let him go on inciting the commission of just such acts; abusing the courts that try them, and bringing them into disrepute. You have no idea of the amount of open and bold disloyalty—not simply disloyalty by the republican standard, but by that of any honest man—existing in Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, among the Vallandigham party. It must be stopped and put down now—not six months hence—and military tribunals are the only ones that can do it. It must be put down, if it should take a temporary military despotism out here to do it. It is that, or the loss of the cause. The course of these men prolongs the war and costs lives by thousands, and I tell you either they or the government must go down, and that speedily."

MILITIA APPOINTMENTS.

Major General C. F. Buck, commanding in the First Division, has chosen for his staff John J. Randall, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel, and Jacob J. Crouse, with the rank of Major.

In the Second District, Major General C. M. Dailey has appointed on his staff Geo. C. Mott, rank Lieutenant Colonel; and John D. Brown, rank Major.

CANALS ARE STATE WORKS.

We take the following extract from the *Tribune's* report of the proceedings of the Canal Convention:

Mr. Taylor of Minnesota, offered the following resolution, which was laid on the table to be referred to the committee on business:

Resolved, That the construction of a Northern, a Central, and a Southern Railroad, from the Mississippi River to the Pacific Ocean, is properly a subject of national recognance; but the enlargement of canals, within the limits of the States, between the Mississippi River and the Atlantic Ocean, is properly a subject of State cognizance alone.

The resolution elicited some marks of approval and a few hisses.

RAILROAD FROM ST. PAUL TO ST. LOUIS.

The Dubuque *Herald* alluding to the arrangement recently effected in this city for the construction of the Minneapolis & Cedar Valley Railroad says:

Some time since we alluded to another project which will embrace a part of the same route. It is the projected Railway from Cedar Falls to St. Louis. We understand it is a fixed fact that this later named project is now on such a state of arrangement as to make it sure of success. We trust, therefore, that the day is not far distant when a railroad train from St. Paul will be seen wending its way along the Valley of the Catfish to the depot in this city. In spite of the evils to which the country is subjected by war, this will be done ere long.

THE fall of Puebla is discredited in official circles in Washington.

THE statement that General Hunter has been superseded is denied by good authority in Washington.

—Rev. Thomas Starr King, in a late letter to church friends in Boston, says:

"I rejoice that I can report to you, brethren, that the state is loyal. She is sound to the core. We are opening *copper* veins all over our surface, but there is none of that metal in our *heads*. We hope to show you, in the next election of governor, to hold office for four years, that there are States in New England which can catch the inspiration of patriotism from California. I hazard nothing in saying that San Francisco is to-day the most loyal city of the American republic."

—A correspondent of the New York *Tribune* writes:

"The question as to 'who killed Stonewall Jackson,' has become quite as difficult a question to solve, as 'who killed Cock Robbin.' I presume there is no impropriety in my stating that I learned from one of the heads of the Department at Washington, that the War Office was in possession of facts which led it to believe that General Jackson was purposely shot by one of his own men, he having excited a revengeful hatred on account of his rigid and tyrannical control over his troops."

—The Senate of Connecticut, on Wednesday, by a vote of twelve to eight refused to restore to the Senate hall the portraits of ex-Governors Toucey and Seymour, as evidence of their loyalty was not produced, which, according to the resolution banishing the pictures, must be forthcoming before a restoration is in order.

GEN. BURNSIDE'S ORDERS.

The Circulation of the New York World in the Department of the Ohio Prohibited.

The Suppression of the Chicago Times Ordered.

HEADQUARTERS, DEP'T OF THE OHIO, CINCINNATI, June 1, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 84.

1. The tendency of the articles and opinions habitually published in the newspaper known as the "New York *World*," being to cast reproach upon the Government, and to weaken its efforts to suppress the rebellion, by creating distrust in its war policy, its circulation in time of war is calculated to exert a pernicious and treasonable influence, and is, therefore, prohibited in this Department.

2. Postmasters, news agents, and all others, will govern themselves by this order, as any person detected in forwarding, selling, or in any way circulating the paper referred to, will be promptly arrested, and held for trial.

3. On account of the repeated expression of disloyal and incendiary sentiments, the publishing of the newspaper known as the "*Chicago Times*" is hereby suppressed.

4. Brigadier General Jacob Ammen, commanding the District of Illinois, is charged with the execution of the third paragraph of this Order.

By command of Major General A. E. Burnside.
[Signed,]
LEWIS RICHMOND, Lt. Col., and A. A. G.
[Official:]
D. R. LARNED, Capt. and A. A. G.

Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, June 2, 1863.—The order for the suppression of the Chicago *Times*, was received here by Gen. Ammen at 1 o'clock P. M., and the General, by telegraph, directed the work to be performed by the Commandant of the post at Chicago, at fifteen minutes past one.

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

CINCINNATI, June 2.

The proprietors of the Chicago *Times* have telegraphed here to-day, stating that they are willing to conform to military orders, if allowed to continue the publication of the paper, and asking General Burnside's pleasure. They also state that they will be here in the morning to see Burnside.

Gen. Burnside will, it is said, require them to take the oath of allegiance and give bonds for the future conduct of their paper. This, it is said, will be done, and the publication will be allowed to be resumed.

General Burnside and staff, however, leave for Hickman's Bridge, Ky., on the five o'clock train to-morrow morning.

Vallandigham Among the Rebels.

The Chattanooga *Rebel*, of the 27th ult., has the following account of the arrival of Mr. Vallandigham within the rebel lines:

Mr. Vallandigham has just arrived. He was brought to our lines by a flag of truce, but the commander of the outposts refused to recognize it for any such purpose, as a claim of right to send any one through our lines by authority. The Federals becoming alarmed, retired, leaving Mr. V. with his baggage, upon the neutral ground. When our officers approached him, he proposed to deliver himself as a prisoner of war. This was declined, inasmuch as he was not in the service of the United States. Upon learning his name and situation, he was however, received as an exile banished from his State, and as such tendered the hospitality of the country, as any foreigner seeking a refuge, or banished from home for opinion's sake.

He was then received by Gen. Mason and escorted to his headquarters without any demonstration. There he was received by Colonel J. Stoddard Johnston, of General Bragg's staff, and by him conveyed in a carriage to Shelbyville, where comfortable quarters were provided. There was, in the whole, no demonstration; but everywhere, as he passed, those who had heard of his coming, greeted him kindly, and with silent tokens of sympathy and respect.

Mr. Vallandigham looks cheerful, and seems to breath easy on escaping from the Lincoln despotism. He very properly desires to avoid public demonstration, and only asks that he may find a quiet refuge in our midst, until such time as the voice of his people, relieved from despotic government, shall call him again to their midst. He seems fully to realize the embarrassment of his position, and will, beyond doubt, be equal to its responsibilities. A dignified retirement and seclusion from all public matters will to the minds of all proper thinking persons, as doubtless to his own, be the best course for him to pursue.

Gen. Hunter sends his Compliments to Jeff. Davis.

The following letter from Gen. Hunter to Jeff. Davis, is printed in the *Free South*, published at Port Royal, S. C., of May 30th:

HEADQUARTERS, DEPT OF THE SOUTH, Hilton Head, Pt. Royal, April 23.

Jefferson Davis, Richmond:

The United States flag must protect all its defenders, white, black and yellow.

Several negroes in the employ of the Government, in the Western Department, have been most cruelly murdered by your authorities, and others sold into slavery.

Every outrage of this kind against the laws of humanity, which may take place in this Department, shall be followed by the immediate execution of the rebel of highest rank in my possession, man for man. These executions will certainly take place for every one murdered or sold into slavery worse than death.

On your authorities will rest the responsibility of this barbarous policy, and you will be held responsible in the world to come for all the blood thus shed.

In the month of August last, you declared and decreed that all those engaged in arming the negroes to fight for their country, to be felons, and directed the immediate execution of all such as should be captured. I have given you long enough to reflect on your folly. I now give you notice that unless this order is immediately revoked, I will at once cause the execution of every rebel officer and every rebel slave in my possession.

The poor negro is fighting for liberty in its truest sense, and Mr. Jefferson has beautifully said, that in such a war there is no attribute of the Almighty which will induce him to fight on the side of the oppressor.

You say you are fighting for liberty? Yes, you are fighting for liberty. Liberty to keep four millions of your fellow beings in ignorance and degradation. Liberty to separate parents and children husband and wife, brother and sister. Liberty to steal the products of their labors exacted with many a cruel lash and bitter tear. Liberty to seduce their wives and daughters and to sell your own children into bondage. Liberty to kill those children with impunity when the murder cannot be proved by one of pure white blood. This is the kind of liberty. The liberty to do wrong, which Satan, chief of the fallen angels was contending, and for which he was cast into Hell.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

D. HUNTER,
Maj. General Commanding.

—A Washington letter says:

"General Hooker's army is not so much reduced by the departure of the regiments whose term of service has expired, as people seem to think. The number of regiments leaving makes an impression upon the country, but it is generally forgotten that these expiring regiments really contain but two or three hundred men each. The loss to the army of the Potomac thus far by the retiring regiments is not over twelve thousand."

—Jacob Barker, the millionaire banker of New Orleans, now eighty-four years of age, has just finished writing a history of his life, which will be published next month.

—An officer of a Connecticut regiment, who was lately taken prisoner by the rebels, and carried by them to Richmond, writes as follows to the New Haven *Palladium:*

Before being taken prisoner I was somewhat under the impression that we could not whip the South. Since taking a free trip to Richmond, I have come to the firm conclusion that we are whipping them every day, and that the time is not far distant when they will have to knock under, whether our army advances or not. You would be astonished to see the miserable condition they are in.

Headquarters, District of Minnesota. Department of the Northwest.

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA, June 4th, 1863.

[GENERAL ORDERS NO. 26.]

Colonel Miller, designated by the Brigadier General Commanding to command the forces in garrison during the absence of the expedition, is directed to take immediate measures, in connection with the commandants of sub-districts Nos. 1 and 2 to change the location of troops posted for the defense of the frontier to stations along the following line: From Paynesville, in Stearns County—leaving that post and Manannah garrisoned—directly south to Fort Ridgely, thence to the station on the Watonwan River, and southeasterly to Fairmount. Stockades or earthworks of a defensible character will be constructed at distances about ten miles apart, having reference in the selection of points to conveniences of wood and water. After the points shall have been designated by a competent military officer or officers, and approved by Colonel Miller, the troops at stations inside of the line indicated will be forthwith employed in the construction of the defensive works directed in this order, leaving a sufficient force at the several stations now occupied to guard them and protect the public property. Upon the completion of the stockades and earthworks, the posts referred to within the line will, after the removal or sale of the public property at such posts by the proper officers, for the most part be abandoned as may be determined by Colonel Miller, and the outer line of posts garrisoned by the troops in numbers according to their importance and more or less exposed condition. Daily communication will be kept up, by means of mounted men, between the posts to be established in accordance with this order, when it is practicable to do so, and a report of the condition of affairs along the entire line made as frequently as circumstances will permit, to the Commanding Officer of the forces in garrison at Headquarters, St. Paul. It is not proposed to erect quarters at the new stations, for the present at least, as all unnecessary expense to the Government will be avoided. The troops will be quartered in tents,

By command of
BRIGADIER GENERAL H. H. SIBLEY.
R. C. OLIN,
Je5-1t Assistant Adjutant General.

General Headquarter s, State of Minnesota.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, ST. PAUL, Min., June 3, 1863.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 31.

I. Applicants for positions in the Medical Department of our Minnesota Volunteer Regiments to fill vacancies which have occurred or may hereafter occur, are requested to report on the 20th of this month to J. H. Stewart, M. D., at St. Paul, to be examined by him and such other medical men as may be associated with him for that purpose.

II. The following vacancies exist now in Minnesota Volunteer Regiments, viz:

One Assistant Surgeon in the 5th Regiment,
" " " " 7th "
" " " " 1st Reg't M. R.

By order of the Commander-in-Chief,
OSCAR MALMROS,
Je4-d3t-w1t Adjutant-General.

New Advertisements.

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING AUCTION.

This morning, Friday, at 10 o'clock, at their store on Third-st., Rogers' Block, above the Bridge, by

Je5-1t FAIRCHILD & MARCH, Auction and Com. Merchants.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,

From the subscriber on the 31st of May, one white Mare, about 8 or 9 years old, had U. S. branded on left fore shoulder and C above the stifle, had on two shoes on fore feet, she was thin in flesh—has a full eye. Any person sending information as to the whereabouts of said Mare to the subscriber, near the Union House, St. Anthony, will be suitably rewarded.

Je5-1m* K. McCRIMMON.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

WAGON HUBS, SPOKES, RENT AND SAWED FELLOES, SHAFTS, &c.,

All of the very best material, just received and for sale by

ap24 1y NICOLS & DEAN.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

SCYTHES, SNATHS, FORKS, HOES, CULTIVATORS AND PLOWS.

CORN PLOWS on hand and for sale at the lowest market rates.

Je5-tf NICOLS, DEAN & CO.

POLLOCK, DONALDSON AND OGDEN,

DEALERS IN

China, Glass & Earthen Ware,

WITH AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF

Housekeeping Articles.

It is the design of this House to supply HOUSEKEEPERS with every possible want.

UNION BLOCK, No. 115 Third-st.,

COR. THIRD AND ROBERT-STS., MIN.

Je6-d&w

LATEST NEWS, By Telegraph.

OUR ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

SPADES ARE TRUMPS AT VICKSBURG.

THE REBELS TO BE DUG OUT.

A REBEL DESERTER'S STORY.

Affairs in the City Desperate.

PROVISIONED FOR THIRTY DAYS.

100 WOMEN AND CHILDREN KILLED.

A Big Peace Meeting at N.Y.

Brilliant Raid by Kilpatrick.

Burnside's Order Revoked by the President.

NEWS FROM MURFREESBORO AND OTHER POINTS.

LATEST ADVICES FROM VICKSBURG.

PHILADELPHIA, June 4.

The *Bulletin* of this city has the following special:

CINCINNATI, June 4.—Our direct advices from Vicksburg are to the 30th of May. For several days previous, quiet prevailed all along the line, broken only by occasional cannonading.

The *Commercial* has a despatch dated the 30th ult., saying spades are once more trumps. We are erecting earth-works, and are mining to blow the face out of one or two of the rebel forts that are unapproachable otherwise.

The idea of carrying the place by storm, seems to be abandoned. The safer and surer plan of starving General Pemberton into submission now finds favor everywhere.

A deserter came into our lines this morning. He represents that he was sent by Gen. Pemberton to communicate verbally with Genls. Johnston and Loring. The former is supposed to be between Big Black River and Jackson. The latter was near Port Gibson. He represents affairs in the city as growing desperate. About 18,000 effective men are there, one-half of whom are kept on the fortifications night and day, and not allowed to be idle an instant on any pretext. Gens. Pemberton, Lee, Reynolds, Stevenson and others, are in the city. Most of the sick left before its investment. Over 100 women and children have been killed by our bombardment. The gun-boats inflicted no injury on the city.

General Pemberton believed his rations would hold out thirty days, but urged Johnston to come to his relief within ten days at farthest.

Cavalry horses have been turned loose and driven towards our lines owing to the lack of forage.

There was ammunition enough to last sixty days, with the exception of gun caps, which were scarce.

All confidently expect superhuman efforts to be made by those outside to raise the siege. They consider Vicksburg the strongest place in the Confederacy.

Gen. Blair has met no enemy in force, and the reports of Johnson being near are disbelieved. Banks with reinforcements is reported near here, but like many other rumors, it may have little foundation in fact.

This morning the heaviest cannonading of the siege was kept up, without intermission for nearly three hours. New batteries have been lately put in position and 150 guns are playing on the city. At daylight this morning the firing was rapid beyond belief. The reports of the guns along the whole line averaged a second for minutes together.

NEW REBEL IRON CLAD—PRIZES CAPTURED.

New York, June 4.

The officers of the Indianola who have arrived at Washington, state that while passing through Montgomery, Alabama, they witnessed the launching of a rebel steamer 244 feet long, 25 feet beam, and to be four inch plated.

A New Orleans letter of the 27th mentions the report there that one of our gunboats destroyed the town of Franklin, Louisiana, in consequence of being fired upon while they were passing, by guerrillas.

Admiral Foote received his orders today, and soon leaves to supersede Dupont.

A Key West letter of the 28th to the *Times*, states that the British steamer Dolphin has been condemned, a large quantity of Enfield rifles and sabres being found on board, marked Hardware.

The Spanish steamer Union has been captured by the gunboat Huntsville, off Mobile, and brought into Key West.

The Octarora has captured the British steamer Eagle, from Nassau, after a long chase, during which the Octorora knocked away the Eagle's wheel-house, pilot house and smoke stack. The rebel steamer Cuba, after being chased by the Octarora and Huntsville, fell in with the De Soto and was burned by her. The crew were captured by the De Soto.

Richmond papers of the 1st and 2d state that Vallandigham was still at Shelbyville.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.

NEW YORK, June 4.

The Virginia election probably resulted in the choice of Billy Smith for Governor. Letcher is defeated for Congress by Baldwin, and Boetler is defeated by Halliday. Price is elected Lieutenant Governor over Imboden.

Ewell has taken command of Jackson's corps. Kilpatrick is perpetrating another raid from Gloucester Court House through Gloucester county, across the Plankitauk, thence through Middlesex county to Urbana. He intends to make his presence felt in the rich country through which he was to pass.

A *Tribune* dispatch states that Admiral Foote was to-day detached and ordered to relieve Dupont. He will leave New York in the Tuscarora.

ANOTHER UNION RAID.

BALTIMORE, June 4.

Col. Kilpatrick, in his raid back from Gloucester Point, crossed the country between the York and Rappahannock rivers, making an extensive circuit thro' the garden spot of Virginia—a section where our troops have never before penetrated.

Col. Kilpatrick has made a large haul of negroes, horses, &c., and has arrived at Urbana with them. He spread general terror and alarm among the rebels. At Urbana he was taken across the river by our gun boats, and then proceeded on to our lines.

BURNSIDE'S ORDER REVOKED

CHICAGO, June 4.

The *Times* having issued a paper this morning, the military took possession of the office and remained until evening, when a telegram was received by the proprietors from Burnside saying that his order suppressing their circulation having been revoked by the President they were at liberty to continue its publication.

FROM MURFREESBORO.

MURFREESBORO, June 3.

Scouts who have thoroughly scoured the country on our left and in our rear, report having neither seen or heard of any rebels.

A gentleman whose statements are regarded as reliable, has just reached our lines from Tullahoma. This gentleman says there are not more than two regiments at that place, and that the enemy has thrown all their force forward to Shelbyville, Beach Grove, and other points on our immediate front.

A mounted force of rebels advanced this afternoon and engaged our videttes on the Manchester turnpike road. The firing between them was very rapid, and lasted abont an hour, when the rebels withdrew. The casualties are not yet reported.

VICKSBURG NEWS.

NEW YORK, June 4.

A Washington dispatch to the *Herald* states that no official information has been received here in regard to our assault upon the rebel works at Vicksburg by Grant, or any repulse by Union forces. It is believed that such facts, if so, would have been promptly communicated to Military authorities here. The reports are discredited here.

A REBEL MEETING.

NEW YORK, June 3.

The Peace Meeting last night was full—20,000 strong. Speeches were made by Wood, Judge McCann, Geo. F. Train, and Hon. A. R. Wood of Va. Cheers were given for McClellan and Vallandigham and groans for Burnside and Lincoln.

To Whom it may Concern.

The following sections of the law for "Enrolling and calling out the National Forces," is published for the information of all concerned and will be enforced:

Section 23. *And be it further enacted*, That the clothes, arms, military outfits and accoutrements furnished by the United States to any soldier shall not be sold, bartered, exchanged, pledged, loaned or given away, and no person not a soldier, or duly authorized officer of the United States, who has possession of any such clothes, arms, military outfits or accoutrements, furnished as aforesaid, and which have been the subjects of any such sale, barter, exchange, pledge, loan or gift, shall have any right, title or interest therein, but the same may be seized and taken wherever found by any officer of the United States, civil or military, and shall thereupon be delivered to any quartermaster or other officer authorized to receive the same, and the possession of any such clothes, arms, military outfits or accoutrements by any person not a soldier or officer of the United States, shall be *prima facie* evidence of such a sale, barter, exchange, pledge, loan or gift, as aforesaid.

Section 24. *And be it further enacted*, That every person not subject to the rules and articles of war, who shall procure or entice, or attempt to procure or entice, a soldier in the service of the United States to desert, or who shall harbor, conceal or give employment to a deserter, or carry him away, or aid in carrying him away, knowing him to be such; or who shall purchase from any soldier, his arms, equipments, ammunition, uniform, clothing or any part thereof, and any captain or commanding officer of any ship or vessel or any superintendent or conductor of any railroad or any other public conveyance carrying away any such soldier as one of his crew or otherwise, knowing him to have deserted, or shall refuse to deliver him up to the orders of his commanding officer, shall, upon legal conviction, be fined, at the discretion of any court having cognizance of the same, in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and he shall be imprisoned not exceeding two years nor less than six months.

Any person delivering a deserter or deserters to the commanding officer at Fort Snelling, will receive *five dollars* for each deserter so delivered and the necessary expenses incurred for their apprehension and delivery.

Such persons may be assured that the above-mentioned reward and expenses will be certainly and *promptly* paid. A. D. NELSON,
Major, U. S. Army,
A. A. Provost Marshal General,
Je5-3t State of Minnesota.

—The Secretary of War ordered that all rebel officers out on parole be placed under close arrest, and no more paroles are to be granted until further orders.

New Advertisements.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

AT

NEW YORK PRICES.

20 per Cent. Saved

BY

BUYING YOUR SHOES

AT

BROWN'S

NEW STORE,

113 Third Street,

One block above the Merchant's Hotel.

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THE CHEAP CASH STORE A LITTLE AHEAD.

THE PEOPLE SAY THEY CAN BUY

DRY GOODS

A Little Cheaper at

"The Cheap Cash Store,"

THAN ANY OTHER PLACE IN TOWN.

If you do not believe it, "COME AND SEE."

We have a splendid stock of

DRESS GOODS,

LAWNS, PRINTS, HOOP SKIRTS, BALMORALS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

And all kinds of

Fancy and Domestic Goods.

Which we will be glad to show to any wishing to purchase. Remember the place,

No. 218 Third Street,

NEXT DOOR TO N. W. EXPRESS OFFICE,

ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

H. KNOX TAYLOR.

je5-tf

FOR SALE,

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY, viz:

One lot in block 11, Whitney & Smith's Addition.

Lots 4 and 5 in block 58, and lots 14 and 15 in block 63, in Irvine's Enlargement to Rice & Irvine's Addition.

Lot 6 in block 23, lot 9 in block 55, and lot 9 in block 56 in Rice & Irvine's Addition.

A lot on Dayton Avenue, adjoining the property of Maj. Cullen, 100 feet front.

Lots 7 and 8 in block 23, St. Paul Proper.

There are valuable improvements on said last two mentioned lots, consisting of a stone store on Wabashaw-st., and a first-class dwelling house on Fourth-st.

The above property will be sold on liberal terms as to cash and credit.

Inquire at the office of

SPENCER & CARVER,
Ingersoll's Block, or of
GROFF & BAILEY,
under Thompson's Bank.

☞ Rooms to rent in Irvine's Block.

St. Paul, June 3d, 1863 je4-3m

DENTISTRY.

DR. G. A. BOWMAN.

DENTAL ROOMS IN

Winslow House,

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

je4-6m St. Anthony, Min.

LADIES,

If you want the most elegant LACES,
The finest EMBROIDERY,
Or the cheapest and best DRESS GOODS,
Ever brought to St. Paul, go to

BLUM'S,

je2-1w Third street.

TEA CADDIES AND SEWING TWINE—For sale by

C. W. WOOLLEY,
je3-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

WATER POWER AND FLOURING MILLS FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.—Best water power in the Northwest, 57 feet fall on the Vermillion Falls, giving 200 horse power in low water. Mill in good repair and running three run of 4 feet stones. Two warehouses and two dwellings, with 20 acres of land. Title perfect. C. G. HARRISON,
my22-3w Hastings, Min.

TENTS, WAGON-COVERS AND BURLAPS.

TENTS of any size made to order on short notice. WAGON-COVERS (10x15) and BURLAPS (four bushels) constantly on hand.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
je1-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

NEW YORK STORE.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

Offer to close out the following line of Goods:

65 dozen Linen Handkerchiefs.
50 " red bound Hoop Skirts.
40 " Shakers.
300 " Ladies' and Children's Flats.
4000 yards Prints from 9 to 20c.
2000 " Muslin and Chalii Delaines, 20 to 30c.
10000 " Sheeting, Shirting, Denims & Stripes.
3000 " Imported

DRESS GOODS,

Of various styles and kinds.

100 New Spring and Summer Shawls.

All kinds and styles of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Ready-Made Clothing.

PANTS $1.20 TO $6.50.

We would invite the attention of all COUNTRY DEALERS, as our stock comprises

Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes and Ready Made Clothing.

ALLEN & COMSTOCK,

my30-tf near Suspension Bridge.

BOARD WANTED,

By a gentleman, wife and child, in a private family in Lower Town. Address Box 196 P. O

je3-3t*

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

DEPARTURE OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.

From Our Special Correspondent.

MANKATO, May 20, 1863.

Relieved from the thankless task of guarding good Indians, and from the more pleasing duty of removing bad ones with the necessary preparations duly made, including certain interesting transactions with the pay master, the six companies of the Seventh Regiment heretofore stationed at this post, to-day took up the line of march for Camp Pope, with full intent and capacity to take an important and effective part in the expedition against the Sioux. Col. Miller having been ordered to report to General Sibley to assume command at St. Paul, Lieut. Col. Wm. R. Marshall took command and will lead the Regiment on the expedition.

At precisely 10 o'clock in the forenoon the battalion was drawn up in front of the headquarters, to receive orders and a parting word from the worthy Colonel. His address was brief, pointed and affectionate. He said it was with much sorrow that he parted with the regiment. He hoped to rejoin it at no distant period. God bless the regiment!

At the conclusion of these remarks three rousing cheers were given for Col. Miller. Then followed the order of march, and the battalion moved forward amid the roar of cannon and the cheers of the citizens.

The following items from the *Mankato Record*, indicate other and previous military movements at and from this post:

FOUR COMPANIES OF THE 10TH FOR CAMP POPE.—On Monday the following companies of the Tenth regiment, arrived here, and pitched their tents at Camp Lincoln: Company A, Captain Ambler, from Garden City; company B, Captain Edgerton, and a detachment of company F, Captain White, from Winnebago Agency; and company H, Captain Sullivan, from Vernon Centre. Major Cook, of the Tenth, also arrived on Monday, and took command of these companies. On Thursday, they started for Camp Pope, taking with them a piece of artillery.

THE post hospital is to be continued at this place, in charge of an army surgeon—Dr. Smith, of the Seventh, for the present. All soldiers unfit for active field service will remain here, and Lieut. Rice, of Company B, Seventh regiment, is detailed in command, until relieved.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

— A boat-load of vegetables, fruit and other luxuries for our wounded soldiers at Vicksburg was despatched from Saint Louis on Tuesday. Other Western towns are making similar contributions for the relief of the brave men who have won honorable wounds in the terrific conflicts on the Mississippi.

— In Camden, N. J., on the 22d inst., twenty-eight soldiers, under command of Captain Louis Loeb, all of whom had lost a leg in battle, passed through the streets on crutches. Others accompanied them who had lost their arms and were otherwise wounded.

— The Boston *Gazette* of Tuesday says: "The aids of Col. Fish, Military Provost Marshal, yesterday arrested Mr. Frank Cleary, reported to be a Major in the Confederate army, and at one time quartermaster to General Wise. He had made his way through the lines and got to New York, where he was married a few days ago to a lady of that city. He afterwards returned to this city and went to York, Pennsylvania, whence he again returned here, and was yesterday morning arrested at Barnum's Hotel. His case was examined into and held under advisement."

— The New York *Herald* says at the great race between General Butler and Geo. M. Patchen last week, the pickpockets were out in force, and so bold were they in their operations that a couple of them would seize a man while a third would rob the victim of his watch and wallet.

—A correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald*, who visited the battle field of Bull Run, recently, says:

The ground is covered with the *debris* of battle unexploded shell, solid shot, burnt caissons, broken muskets and small arms, skeletons of horses, and, to add to the mournful vividness of the scene, skeletons of humanity lying about loose in all directions—hands, legs, and limbs in dreadful profusion. Bull Run battle ground bears unmistakable traces of the scenes of carnage enacted on its face.

—The Northern Central Railway Company have instituted a suit in the Circuit Court for Baltimore county against John Merryman, Charles Cockey, and Samuel Worthington, laying their damages at two hundred thousand dollars, "for entering upon said railway and destroying certain bridges and culverts on and after the 19th day of April, 1861." Both branches of the City Council have passed resolutions for the payment of seven hundred and seventy-nine dollars to Conrad Shumaker and Frederick W. Ball, the former carrying on business on Pratt St., and the latter at No. 91 Pennsylvania avenue, as compensation for damages sustained by them from the acts of a mob on the 19th and 21st of April, 1861.

What our Blockading Fleet has to Do.

According to an official report made to Rear-Admiral Davis, the line of coast guarded by our blockading fleet is three thousand five hundred and forty-nine miles long, without counting the indentations of the harbors and ports. There are one hundred and eighty-nine openings in this coast, either rivers, bays, harbors, inlets, sounds or passes.

It is honorable to our navy that it has guarded this coast so jealously, and so effectually as to make the whole world, and the rebels themselves, unwillingly acknowledge the blockade "effective;" and this, though our sailors had to contend not only with the usual difficulties of guarding a coast, but have had arrayed in opposition to them all the ship-building talent and a great part of the enterprise and capital of England, the greatest ship-building nation in the world after the United States.

A QUESTION FOR THE CURIOUS.—A boy, being asked what sum he had on his slate, replied, "the cube of the sum is equal to nine times the sum, plus ten. Required the sum."

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

PARTICULARS OF LATE BATTLES.

THE REPULSE OF GRANT'S ARMY ON THE 22d OF MAY.

The Battle of the 22d.

Correspondence of Cincinnati Commercial.

The events of the 19th, 20th, and 21st had wearied us all and disappointed most of us. No army was ever more confident of achieving a glorious success than was ours of entering Vicksburg on the 19th. So fully assured were we of victory, that we postponed it from day to day.

It became known on the morning of the 21st, that at ten o'clock next morning the whole line of the enemy's works would be assaulted, and I did not hear of a single doubt being expressed as to the result. "To storm the works is to take Vicksburg," was the universal opinion among officers and men.

THE ENEMY'S STRONGEST POINT.

General Grant was of opinion that the key to Vicksburg was in front of Gen. McPherson's corps, the centre of the rebel lines. There are a number of forts there, the two principal ones commanding the main road to Jackson, and directly in the rear of Vicksburg Courthouse. To silence the guns here, several of our best batteries were ordered into position—among them three Parrott guns, manned and officered by the 1st Regulars. Between our sharpshooters and artillery, we silenced the guns in these forts, but, as we afterward learned, that damaged the rebels only a little. Our shells set fire to a number of cotton bales inside of the forts.

Before two o'clock on the morning of the 22d, our artillery had fired and destroyed three service magazines in rebel forts, one on the centre and two on the left. They were small affairs, judging from the explosions which occurred.

THE ASSAULT ON THE CENTER.

The assault was to have been made all along the lines at 10 o'clock A. M. The order was not obeyed, I think, by a single division of the army. At the appointed time, our lines occupied exactly the position assigned them on the previous day, and up to 11 o'clock, the skirmishers had not advanced, save those of one or two divisions. On the center, the 1st and 3d Brigades of General Logan's division, commanded by Generals John E. Smith and John D. Stevenson, advanced at about half past eleven o'clock. Two regiments of Stevenson's brigade were provided with scaling ladders, forty feet long, but had no opportunity to use them, being driven back before reaching the rifle-pits. Logan's men went forward bravely, but were met by overwhelming numbers of the intrenched foe. Hundreds of them jumped into the ditches, but the number who reached the parapet was small. Nearly two companies rushed into the fort and were captured. The flag of the 7th Mississippi was planted on the parapet, after seven color bearers had been shot down. Amid a terrific storm of bullets and grape-shot, the 3d Brigade held its ground until recalled by orders from the proper source. They advanced, holding their fire to pour into the rifle-pits, after their ascent of the parapet. The enemy gave them volley after volley as they approached, sending terrible devastation among their ranks. Colonel Dollins, of the 81st Illinois, was shot through the head while gallantly leading his regiment. He expired in a few moments, while exhorting his men to push forward in the charge. The loss in Stevenson's brigade will reach nearly 300. The 32d Ohio, one of his regiments, lost ten wounded, and nine killed.

To the left of Logan, in the center, General Quimby's division joined in the assault. Like their brave comrades under Stevenson and Smith, their valor and courage was great, but could not accomplish the work assigned them. They were driven back with heavy loss. Col. Boomer, of the 26th Missouri, commanding the 2d Brigade of this division, was killed on the field.

THE ASSAULT ON THE LEFT.

On the left General McClernand commenced the assault earlier than any other commander. The first advance was made by McClernand's center, Gen. A. J. Smith's division, of two brigades, commanded by Col. Landrum and General Burbridge. As early as 11 o'clock, Landrum's men took a fort, and were in actual possession of it. General Osterhaus, on the left, made a breach on the south side of the works, with his artillery. There were two companies of rebel soldiers in it at the time—one of them ran away, the other actually burrowed their way through the earth to our men in front, and surrendered as prisoners of war. Landrum, in obtaining possession of the fort, put a pioneer force at work to throw up earth works in the rear, so as to bring the guns of the fort to bear upon the rebels. In constructing the fortifications, the rebels left the rear of all the forts open, to give them an opportunity to assail our men, in the event of our success in driving them out. The flags of the 48th Ohio, 77th Illinois, and 19th Kentucky, floated from the inner slope of the parapet, from half past eleven o'clock A. M., till four P. M. At the latter hour, the rebels were seen preparing for a charge to retake the fort. An entire brigade was about to be pitted against a few companies. Our men did not receive the support which had been promised them, and were compelled to fall back, leaving the enemy again in possession of the fort. The 48th Ohio acquitted itself very creditably in the affair. The conduct of its officers and men are highly spoken of.

Between twelve and one o'clock the 16th Indiana, after a desperate charge, succeded in capturing a fort to the right of the one in possession of Colonel Landrum. They held it gallantly against a determined assault, until relieved by the 48th Indiana, from whom it was taken by a surprise force of the enemy.

The fighting on the left was done by the divisions of Gens. Carr, Osterhaus, and Smith, and was of a more desperate character, and of longer duration, than that upon the right or center. McClernand and his men performed their part with energy and determination, but were unable to dislodge the enemy from his works, save temporarily in the instances I have mentioned. During the afternoon General Grant received a dispatch from McClernand, to the effect that he had taken three forts, and would be in possession of the city soon, if immediately reinforced. McArthur's division of McPherson's corps was sent to his assistance, and, if I mistake not, two brigades of another division. But McClernand did not take Vicksburg.

ON THE RIGHT.

The assault on the right was commenced soon after ten o'clock by General Thayer's brigade of Steele's division, consisting of the 9th, 4th, 26th, and 30th Iowa regiments. The men of this command marched forward heroically, under the leadership of Thayer. The assault was made by them at a terrible cost; but the promised succor did not arrive, and the prize had to be abandoned, when it could have been saved, had an equal spirit of courage and bravery been displayed by those from whom support was expected.

Gen. Blair on the left of the right wing moved his men forward for the bloody work soon after its commencement by Steele. A volunteer storming party of one hundred and fifty men—ten from each regiment in the division—went up to the enemy's works, crossed the ditch, and climbed the parapet. The rebels were, for a time, afraid to show their heads above the rifle pits long enough at a time to fire at this little band of valiant soldiers.

The storming party looked in vain for the support which had been promised it. The brigade, which had been ordered to follow it, hesitated. Finally, all but one of the hundred and fifty got discouraged, and sought the shelter of a deep ravine. William Trogden, a private of Company B, 8th Missouri, refused to retrace a single step. He was color bearer of the storming party. When his comrades left him, he dug a hole in the ground with his bayonet, planted his flag-staff in it, within twenty yards of the enemy's rifle pits, and sat down by the side of his banner, where he remained all day. Blair's men finally made a charge, but were repulsed with terrible loss.

General Tuttle's division joined in the assault on the right, but shared the fate which befell the others—was repulsed.

THE RESULT.

I have attempted no lengthened description of the carnage near Vicksburg, on the 22nd, for the reason that nothing occurred during the day, a description of which would be more interesting because more detailed. It was nothing more than a single charge of the enemy's works, which should have been simultaneous, but was not. It was unsuccessful and disastrous, whether from bad management or disobedience of orders on the part of those to whom high commands were intrusted, or from the dreadful character of the work to be performed, I will not attempt to decide. There appears to have been a want of co-operation between subordinate and superior officers and commands. Storming parties went gallantly forward, but were left to perish for want of support. Regiments and brigades advanced nobly, but only to be disappointed in their expectations of receiving succor and help.

The result of the battle has been disastrous to us in the loss of nearly 2,000 brave men. We have lost no ground and the army is not demoralized by its recent failure to take the strongest fortified position in the South. The rebels, no doubt, feel encouraged by their success in keeping us from their works, and this feeling may operate against us in dispelling the gloom and despondency which could not but prevail in an army routed for the fifth time, as the rebels were at Big Black river.

OUR LOSS.

The correct estimate of our loss on the 22d will place the figures at 2,500 killed and wounded. It is impossible to get an accurate statement so soon after the engagement. I find a disposition on the part of every command to exaggerate. At several division hospitals I heard yesterday of a thousand killed and wounded, when less than two hundred would cover their loss. Our loss on the 22d was much less than at Champion Hill on the 16th but includes a larger number of field and company officers, from the fact that the rebels of Vicksburg had a chance to "pick their men," which they did not have to such an extent on the 16th, when they had to meet us on equal terms. Under cover of a breast work there was nothing to hinder the rebels from selecting the leaders of our infantry columns as they marched up in the face of their deadly foe.

The rebel loss was trifling, how much I cannot say, but probably less than one fourth of ours. Two companies of the 7th Missouri were taken prisoners. This includes all of our captured, I believe, except those of our wounded who fell into their hands on the fortifications.

PROSPECTIVE.

A second attempt to take Vicksburg by assault, will not be made, I think. The place can be reduced in a short time, and at a very small sacrifice of life by regular approaches, and that plan probably will be adopted by General Grant. To starve out the garrison would be a long and tedious operation, and the attempt, if made, might not be successful in the end. The rebels are reported to have six weeks' full supply in Vicksburg. By putting their men on short allowance, they can make this last them twelve weeks or longer. There is not much danger of an attack in the rear.

A bearer of rebel dispatches was captured a day or two since, on his way to Jackson, with a message from Pemberton to Gen. P. G. Lee, advising him not to attack Grant in the rear, with a force of less than 50,000 men. The rebels cannot muster any such force within three weeks in this department. Loring has 10,000 badly frightened men at Hazlehurst, and other small bodies may be collected to make an aggregate of 20,000 men, but no larger army than this can be rallied ouside of Vicksburg, without withdrawing troops from Virginia or Tennessee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

All the seriously wounded in the late engagement are being sent to Memphis, where abundant hospital accommodations will be provided for them.

The negro pioneer corps of Logan's division, 17th Army Corps, stood fire admirably on the 22d. They worked all day in front of one of our batteries which was continually engaged, and exposed to the fire of artillery and sharpshooters. Out of about forty, one was killed and three wounded. One darkey was struck on the head, but his cranium was so hard that the ball glanced, producing only a slight wound. He tied his bandana around his frontal turret, and kept on working as merrily as ever. There was no evidence of fright or panic exhibited by any of them during the day.

Genral Grant had some narrow escapes from bullets and grapeshots, but exhibited a total indifference to a miss of three inches from his head. He is certainly censurable for the manner in which he exposed himself on the battle-field sometimes. On the 22d he seemed to take a special delight in sitting on a fence and whittling, within direct, easy range of the rebel sharpshooters.

The weather here is delightful, though, of course, a little too warm at midday for comfort.

ADVICES UP TO THE 26TH INST.,—JOHNSON IN GRANT'S REAR.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—A staff officer of one of the commanding Generals in Grant's army, who left Vicksburg on Wednesday last, arrived in this city yesterday morning, and left last evening for Washington. He brings the latest news from Grant's army, and was in consultation with Gen. Burnside a good portion of yesterday.

He states that Gen. Grant is perfectly certain of his ability to take Vicksburg, but says it will take time, perhaps a week longer, and perhaps two weeks. Three assaults have been made on the rebel works with heavy columns of our forces, in all of which we were repulsed. The assault was made by Gen. Sherman with 20,000 men, and of that number 600 were killed, and a large number wounded.

General Grant is now engaged in building works, with the view of taking the place by regular approaches. He is also mining some of the rebel works. Our outer line is within one hundred yards, at points, of the rebel works, and our sharpshooters prevent the rebels from working their heavy guns. He says the rebel works in the rear of the city are far more formidable than those on the front.

General Grant has been reinforced by a considerable portion of Gen. Banks' forces, and more are coming. This officer states that Gen. Johnston is still in the neighborhood of Jackson, Miss,, gathering forces to attack Grant's rear, but that he has not yet succeeded in obtaining fifteen thousand men, while he is short of both provisions and ammunition, and the roads having been destroyed he cannot obtain either.

It is certain that the Black river bridge has been destroyed, and it is positively known that Johnston has not thrown any of his men across the river. General Grant has far more men guarding that river than Johnston can gather up, and no apprehensions whatever are felt by Gen. Grant, or his Division Commanders, of any serious attack in their rear.

Our gunboats are occasionally shelling Vicksburg, and the rebel water batteries having been silenced, the gunboats were not molested by the rebel guns.

This officer states that a flag of truce was sent into Vicksburg to obtain the body of Capt. Washington, when the rebels fired on the flag and the men returned.

It is reported that Vicksburg is short of water, the inhabitants and soldiers being compelled to rely on wells and cisterns in the city, they having been cut off from both the Mississippi and Yazoo rivers, and that there was considerable distress on this account.

This officer states that there is no question but that Grant will take Vicksburg, and that it was only a question of time.

Gen. Grant has taken 8,400 prisoners and 84 pieces of artillery.

Wise as a Blackguard.

On the 28th of April, it will be recollected, Gen. Dix sent a very polite, yet decisive communication, to Gen. H. A. Wise, in regard to the occupancy of Williamsburg by a guerrilla force, who were in the habit of firing upon our pickets stationed there for the protection of the Confederate insane hospital, the inmates of which have been cruelly abandoned by the rebels, and whom we were thereby compelled to feed, protect, &c., or allow them to die of want.

On Thursday of last week, Gen. Dix received an answer to his letter, containing twenty-two pages of closely written matter, in which Wise exhausts the Billingsgate vocabulary. He accuses Gen. Dix of all manner of crimes, including robbery, falsehood, cowardice, &c. In fact, it is one of those peculiar documents which Wise alone could write. Gen. Dix read the document, endorsed the following on the back, and returned it to the blackguard:

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF VIRGINIA,
FORTRESS MONROE, May 22d, '63.

Returned to Brig.-Gen. Wise, as a communication fit neither to be written or received.

JOHN A. DIX, Maj.-Gen.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, June 4, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds	½ per ct. prem.
American Gold	45 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

SAM'L HOWE,

Commission Merchant,

148 SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO,

Solicits Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, PORK, LARD, etc., for sale, or order to purchase. Will make advances on Consignments to be held here or shipped East. mar18-3m

LIGHTNING RODS,

The best in use, and

AT LOW PRICES

Orders for Lightning Rods, Points, Insulators, or attachments, will receive prompt attention.

CUTLER, BALL & CO.,
Office and Factory, 93 Kinzie St., Chicago.
ap7-2m.

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., PIT's Att'y, United states—50 cents, Original Process.

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Heyward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to recover ascertained by the Court or under its direction and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained.

Dated May 11th, 1863.

MORRIS LAMPREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
my12-43d Saint Paul, Min.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will be on hand to supply

Families and Boats,

As usual during the Summer of 1863.

my31-3m CHAS. SYMONDS, Agent.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

1863 REGULAR. 1863

Minnesota River Packet.

The steamer JEANNETTE ROBERTS will run regularly during the season of navigation to all points on the Minnesota River.

For freight or passage apply on board.

NELSON ROBERTS, Master.
ap7tf JOHN REANEY, Clerk.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,

(Late Lighte & Bradburys,)

Piano-Forte Manufacturers,

421 Broome-St., New York,

SECOND BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY

Mr. F. C. LIGHTE, the original founder of this well-known Establishment, *Senior* Partner, and *only Practical Piano-Forte Maker* of the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys," having retained his Two-Thirds interest in the whole business stock, materials, &c., and Sole Proprietorship in his *Valuable Patents*, inclusive of his celebrated PATENT INSULATED IRON FRAMES, is the only one who can make the SUPERIOR PIANO-FORTES for which this house has been so popular. ☞ All infringements on his rights will be prosecuted according to law.

☞ All Piano-Fortes from this manufactory are warranted perfect in every respect for five years.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,
ap28-3m 421 Broome-St., New York.

MORE NEW

MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY,

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.

MISS E. WASS,
my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THOS. J. YORK, Dealer in Real Estate.
Stillwater, Minn., March, 1863. mar1-3m

UNION STORE FOR SALE.

ROSEMOUNT, DAKOTA CO., MINN.

Consisting of a new frame house, well finished, thirty feet front by thirty-five deep; kitchen attached, fifteen feet; handsomely finished inside, grained throughout; matched parlors, with sliding doors; piazza in front and balcony above. Cistern containing 200 barrels of water, under the kitchen, with force pump in the kitchen; a good well on the premises; a good barn attached; 14 acres of ground—half acre enclosed with picket fence. The only store within 10 miles. Every thing new on the premises. Property of H. A. C. Hines; occupied by Wm. O'Donnell.

Also a good Farm for sale in Le Sueur county, north of Faribault; 160 acres; house, barn, well, and other buildings; fenced, and a good sugar orchard on the farm.

All the above will be sold at a very reasonable price, as the owner is going east. Inquire of Wm. O'Donnell, residing on the premises. [m28-.m*

AGENCY CHIPPEWAS, LAKE SUPERIOR,
BAYFIELD, May 27th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Indorsed

"PROPOSALS FOR PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,"

Will be received at the office of the CHIPPEWAS of LAKE SUPERIOR, at

BAYFIELD, WIS.,

Until

Thursday, June 25, 1863

for furnishing the following named

PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,

TO WIT:

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS WORTH

Superfine Flour.

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF

MESS PORK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE 66-100 DOLLARS WORTH OF

TOBACCO,

Free from mould.

The above named articles to be delivered in the city of Detroit, Michigan, on or before the 10th day of July next.

The same to be approved by the Agent of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, or his authorized Agent.

Bidders will state the number of barrels of each Flour and Pork, and the number of pounds of Tobacco which they will furnish for the sums above named.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a guarantee signed by two responsible persons.

The Agent reserves the right to reject any and all bids not favorable to the Government.

L. E. WEBB,
je3-d&tw3w U. S. Indian Agent.

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO.

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL,..... .....MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitt's & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

NICOLS & DEAN.
a1-6m P. F. HODGES.

NEW PAPER AND

STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,

FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,

Commercial and Ladies' Note,

PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,

Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE,
No. 230 Third-St.,
One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.
P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders.
my16-1m

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS.
my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

FOR SALE

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $400; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers,
ap30 On Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND

Real Estate Agents,

Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.
D. L. CURTICE. ap22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment.

F. W. TUCHELT,
my6-1y Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank, St. Paul.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *specialty* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH. 50 do. Hake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pickled Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine. Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,
my6 Nos 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES. — 300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.,—at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *(cheap as the cheapest)* in the extensive stock now opening at

my6-tf COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES. — 600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *I've mean it.*

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Sutlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES	500	dozen,	fresh and fine.
RASPBERRIES	200	do	do
BLACKBERRIES	200	do	do
CHERRIES	200	do	do
WHORTLEBERRIES	300	do	do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs,
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Billy Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinnikinick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine, Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy, Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.

A full line, including every variety.
October 14, 1862.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office.
my30-tf

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
Second Collection District, Minnesota.
Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied.

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 90 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1863.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said license and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each in addition to the license tax,

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license,

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.
Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block,

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

Office—Adjoining the Bridge.

DEPARTURE OF THE SEVENTH REGIMENT.

From Our Special Correspondent.

MANKATO, May 30, 1863.

Relieved from the thankless task of guarding good Indians, and from the more pleasing duty of removing bad ones with the necessary preparations duly made, including certain interesting transactions with the pay master, the six companies of the Seventh Regiment heretofore stationed at this post, to-day took up the line of march for Camp Pope, with full intent and capacity to take an important and effective part in the expedition against the Sioux. Col. Miller having been ordered to report to General Sibley to assume command at St. Paul, Lieut. Col. Wm. R. Marshall took command and will lead the Regiment on the expedition.

At precisely 10 o'clock in the forenoon the battalion was drawn up in front of the headquarters, to receive orders and a parting word from the worthy Colonel. His address was brief, pointed and affectionate. He said it was with much sorrow that he parted with the regiment. He hoped to rejoin it at no distant period. God bless the regiment!

At the conclusion of these remarks three rousing cheers were given for Col. Miller. Then followed the order of march, and the battalion moved forward amid the roar of cannon and the cheers of the citizens.

The following items from the *Mankato Record*, indicate other and previous military movements at and from this post:

FOUR COMPANIES OF THE 10TH FOR CAMP POPE.—On Monday the following companies of the Tenth regiment, arrived here, and pitched their tents at Camp Lincoln: Company A, Captain Ambler, from Garden City; company B, Captain Edgerton, and a detachment of company F, Captain White, from Winnebago Agency; and company H, Captain Sullivan, from Vernon Centre. Major Cook, of the Tenth, also arrived on Monday, and took command of these companies. On Thursday, they started for Camp Pope, taking with them a piece of artillery.

THE post hospital is to be continued at this place, in charge of an army surgeon—Dr. Smith, of the Seventh, for the present. All soldiers unfit for active field service will remain here, and Lieut. Rice, of Company B, Seventh regiment, is detailed in command, until relieved.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

— A boat-load of vegetables, fruit and other luxuries for our wounded soldiers at Vicksburg was despatched from Saint Louis on Tuesday. Other Western towns are making similar contributions for the relief of the brave men who have won honorable wounds in the terrific conflicts on the Mississippi.

— In Camden, N. J., on the 22d inst., twenty-eight soldiers, under command of Captain Louis Loeb, all of whom had lost a leg in battle, passed through the streets on crutches. Others accompanied them who had lost their arms and were otherwise wounded.

— The Boston *Gazette* of Tuesday says: "The aids of Col. Fish, Military Provost Marshal, yesterday arrested Mr. Frank Cleary, reported to be a Major in the Confederate army, and at one time quartermaster to General Wise. He had made his way through the lines and got to New York, where he was married a few days ago to a lady of that city. He afterwards returned to this city and went to York, Pennsylvania, whence he again returned here, and was yesterday morning arrested at Barnum's Hotel. His case was examined into and held under advisement."

— The New York *Herald* says at the great race between General Butler and Geo. M. Patchen last week, the pickpockets were out in force, and so bold were they in their operations that a couple of them would seize a man while a third would rob the victim of his watch and wallet.

—A correspondent of the N. Y. *Herald*, who visited the battle field of Bull Run, recently, says:

The ground is covered with the *debris* of battle unexploded shell, solid shot, burnt cais-ons, broken muskets and small arms, skeletons of horses, and, to add to the mournful vividness of the scene, skeletons of humanity lying about loose in all directions—hands, legs, and limbs in dreadful profusion. Bull Run battle ground bears unmistakable traces of the scenes of carnage enacted on its face.

—The Northern Central Railway Company have instituted a suit in the Circuit Court for Baltimore county against John Merryman, Charles Cockey, and Samuel Worthington, laying their damages at two hundred thousand dollars, "for entering upon said railway and destroying certain bridges and culverts on and after the 19th day of April, 1861." Both branches of the City Council have passed resolutions for the payment of seven hundred and seventy-nine dollars to Conrad Shumaker and Frederick W. Ball, the former carrying on business on Pratt St., and the latter at No. 91 Pennsylvania avenue, as compensation for damages sustained by them from the acts of a mob on the 19th and 21st of April, 1861.

What our Blockading Fleet has to Do.

According to an official report made to Rear-Admiral Davis, the line of coast guarded by our blockading fleet is three thousand five hundred and forty-nine miles long, without counting the indentations of the harbors and ports. There are one hundred and eighty-nine openings in this coast, either rivers, bays, harbors, inlets, sounds or passes.

It is honorable to our navy that it has guarded this coast so jealously, and so effectually as to make the whole world, and the rebels themselves, unwillingly acknowledge the blockade "effective;" and this, though our sailors had to contend not only with the usual difficulties of guarding a coast, but have had arrayed in opposition to them all the ship-building talent and a great part of the enterprise and capital of England, the greatest ship-building nation in the world after the United States.

A QUESTION FOR THE CURIOUS.—A boy, being asked what sum he had on his slate, replied, "the cube of the sum is equal to nine times the sum, plus ten. Required the sum."

THE SIEGE OF VICKSBURG.

PARTICULARS OF LATE BATTLES.

THE REPULSE OF GRANT'S ARMY ON THE 22d OF MAY.

The Battle of the 22d.

Correspondence of Cincinnati Commercial.

The events of the 19th, 20th, and 21st had wearied us all and disappointed most of us. No army was ever more confident of achieving a glorious success than was ours of entering Vicksburg on the 19th. So fully assured were we of victory, that we postponed it from day to day.

It became known on the morning of the 21st, that at ten o'clock next morning the whole line of the enemy's works would be assaulted, and I did not hear of a single doubt being expressed as to the result. "To storm the works is to take Vicksburg," was the universal opinion among officers and men.

THE ENEMY'S STRONGEST POINT.

General Grant was of opinion that the key to Vicksburg was in front of Gen. McPherson's corps, the centre of the rebel lines. There are a number of forts there, the two principal ones commanding the main road to Jackson, and directly in the rear of Vicksburg Courthouse. To silence the guns here, several of our best batteries were ordered into position—among them three Parrott guns, manned and officered by the 1st Regulars. Between our sharpshooters and artillery, we silenced the guns in these forts, but, as we afterward learned, that damaged the rebels only a little. Our shells set fire to a number of cotton bales inside of the forts.

Before two o'clock on the morning of the 22d, our artillery had fired and destroyed three service magazines in rebel forts, one on the centre and two on the left. They were small affairs, judging from the explosions which occurred.

THE ASSAULT ON THE CENTER.

The assault was to have been made all along the lines at 10 o'clock A. M. The order was not obeyed, I think, by a single division of the army. At the appointed time, our lines occupied exactly the position assigned them on the previous day, and up to 11 o'clock, the skirmishers had not advanced, save those of one or two divisions. On the center, the 1st and 3d Brigades of General Logan's division, commanded by Generals John E. Smith and John D. Stevenson, advanced at about half past eleven o'clock. Two regiments of Stevenson's brigade were provided with scaling ladders, forty feet long, but had no opportunity to use them, being driven back before reaching the rifle-pits. Logan's men went forward bravely, but were met by overwhelming numbers of the intrenched foe. Hundreds of them jumped into the ditches, but the number who reached the parapet was small. Nearly two companies rushed into the fort and were captured. The flag of the 7th Mississippi was planted on the parapet, after seven color bearers had been shot down. Amid a terrific storm of bullets and grape-shot, the 3d Brigade held its ground until recalled by orders from the proper source. They advanced, holding their fire to pour into the rifle-pits, after their ascent of the parapet. The enemy gave them volley after volley as they approached, sending terrible devastation among their ranks. Colonel Dollins, of the 81st Illinois, was shot through the head while gallantly leading his regiment. He expired in a few moments, while exhorting his men to push forward in the charge. The loss in Stevenson's brigade will reach nearly 300. The 32d Ohio, one of his regiments, lost ten wounded, and nine killed.

To the left of Logan, in the center, General Quimby's division joined in the assault. Like their brave comrades under Stevenson and Smith, their valor and courage was great, but could not accomplish the work assigned them. They were driven back with heavy loss. Col. Boomer, of the 26th Missouri, commanding the 2d Brigade of this division, was killed on the field.

THE ASSAULT ON THE LEFT.

On the left General McClernand commenced the assault earlier than any other commander. The first advance was made by McClernand's center, Gen. A. J. Smith's division, of two brigades, commanded by Col. Landrum and General Burbridge. As early as 11 o'clock, Landrum's men took a fort, and were in actual possession of it. General Osterhaus, on the left, made a breach on the south side of the works, with his artillery. There were two companies of rebel soldiers in it at the time—one of them ran away, the other actually burrowed their way through the earth to our men in front, and surrendered as prisoners of war. Landrum, in obtaining possession of the fort, put a pioneer force at work to throw up earth works in the rear, so as to bring the guns of the fort to bear upon the rebels. In constructing the fortifications, the rebels left the rear of all the forts open, to give them an opportunity to assail our men, in the event of our success in driving them out. The flags of the 48th Ohio, 77th Illinois, and 19th Kentucky, floated from the inner slope of the parapet, from half past eleven o'clock A. M., till four P. M. At the latter hour, the rebels were seen preparing for a charge to retake the fort. An entire brigade was about to be pitted against a few companies. Our men did not receive the support which had been promised them, and were compelled to fall back, leaving the enemy again in possession of the fort. The 48th Ohio acquitted itself very creditably in the affair. The conduct of its officers and men are highly spoken of.

Between twelve and one o'clock the 16th Indiana, after a desperate charge, succeeded in capturing a fort to the right of the one in possession of Colonel Landrum. They held it gallantly against a determined assault, until relieved by the 48th Indiana, from whom it was taken by a surprise force of the enemy.

The fighting on the left was done by the divisions of Gens. Carr, Osterhaus, and Smith, and was of a more desperate character, and of longer duration, than that upon the right or center. McClernand and his men performed their part with energy and determination, but were unable to dislodge the enemy from his works, save temporarily in the instances I have mentioned. During the afternoon General Grant received a dispatch from McClernand, to the effect that he had taken three forts, and would be in possession of the city soon, if immediately reinforced. McArthur's division of McPherson's corps was sent to his assistance, and, if I mistake not, two brigades of another division. But McClernand did not take Vicksburg.

ON THE RIGHT.

The assault on the right was commenced soon after ten o'clock by General Thayer's brigade of Steele's division, consisting of the 9th, 4th, 26th, and 30th Iowa regiments. The men of this command marched forward heroically, under the leadership of Thayer. The assault was made by them at a terrible cost; but the promised succor did not arrive, and the prize had to be abandoned, when it could have been saved, had an equal spirit of courage and bravery been displayed by those from whom support was expected.

Gen. Blair on the left of the right wing moved his men forward for the bloody work soon after its commencement by Steele. A volunteer storming party of one hundred and fifty men—ten from each regiment in the division—went up to the enemy's works, crossed the ditch, and climbed the parapet. The rebels were, for a time, afraid to show their heads above the rifle pits long enough at a time to fire at this little band of valiant soldiers.

The storming party looked in vain for the support which had been promised it. The brigade, which had been ordered to follow it, hesitated. Finally, all but one of the hundred and fifty got discouraged, and sought the shelter of a deep ravine. William Trogden, a private of Company B, 8th Missouri, refused to retrace a single step. He was color bearer of the storming party. When his comrades left him, he dug a hole in the ground with his bayonet, planted his flag-staff in it, within twenty yards of the enemy's rifle pits, and sat down by the side of his banner, where he remained all day. Blair's men finally made a charge, but were repulsed with terrible loss.

General Tuttle's division joined in the assault on the right, but shared the fate which befell the others—was repulsed.

THE RESULT.

I have attempted no lengthened description of the carnage near Vicksburg, on the 22nd, for the reason that nothing occurred during the day, a description of which would be more interesting because more detailed. It was nothing more than a single charge of the enemy's works, which should have been simultaneous, but was not. It was unsuccessful and disastrous, whether from bad management or disobedience of orders on the part of those to whom high commands were intrusted, or from the dreadful character of the work to be performed, I will not attempt to decide. There appears to have been a want of co-operation between subordinate and superior officers and commands. Storming parties went gallantly forward, but were left to perish for want of support. Regiments and brigades advanced nobly, but only to be disappointed in their expectations of receiving succor and help.

The result of the battle has been disastrous to us in the loss of nearly 2,000 brave men. We have lost no ground and the army is not demoralized by its recent failure to take the strongest fortified position in the South. The rebels, no doubt, feel encouraged by their success in keeping us from their works, and this feeling may operate against us in dispelling the gloom and despondency which could not but prevail in an army routed for the fifth time, as the rebels were at Big Black river.

OUR LOSS

The correct estimate of our loss on the 22d will place the figures at 2,500 killed and wounded. It is impossible to get an accurate statement so soon after the engagement. I find a disposition on the part of every command to exaggerate. At several division hospitals I heard yesterday of a thousand killed and wounded, when less than two hundred would cover their loss. Our loss on the 22d was much less than at Champion Hill on the 16th but includes a larger number of field and company officers, from the fact that the rebels of Vicksburg had a chance to "pick their men," which they did not have to such an extent on the 16th, when they had to meet us on equal terms. Under cover of a breast work there was nothing to hinder the rebels from selecting the leaders of our infantry columns as they marched up in the face of their deadly foe.

The rebel loss was trifling, how much I cannot say, but probably less than one fourth of ours. Two companies of the 7th Missouri were taken prisoners. This includes all of our captured, I believe, except those of our wounded who fell into their hands on the fortifications.

PROSPECTIVE.

A second attempt to take Vicksburg by assault, will not be made, I think. The place can be reduced in a short time, and at a very small sacrifice of life by regular approaches, and that plan probably will be adopted by General Grant. To starve out the garrison would be a long and tedious operation, and the attempt, if made, might not be successful in the end. The rebels are reported to have six weeks' full supply in Vicksburg. By putting their men on short allowance, they can make this last them twelve weeks or longer. There is not much danger of an attack in the rear.

A bearer of rebel dispatches was captured a day or two since, on his way to Jackson, with a message from Pemberton to Gen. P. G. Lee, advising him not to attack Grant in the rear, with a force of less than 50,000 men. The rebels cannot muster any such force within three weeks in this department. Loring has 10,000 badly frightened men at Hazlehurst, and other small bodies may be collected to make an aggregate of 20,000 men, but no larger army than this can be rallied ouside of Vicksburg, without withdrawing troops from Virginia or Tennessee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

All the seriously wounded in the late engagement are being sent to Memphis, where abundant hospital accommodations will be provided for them.

The negro pioneer corps of Logan's division, 17th Army Corps, stood fire admirably on the 22d. They worked all day in front of one of our batteries which was continually engaged, and exposed to the fire of artillery and sharpshooters. Out of about forty, one was killed and three wounded. One darkey was struck on the head, but his cranium was so hard that the ball glanced, producing only a slight wound. He tied his bandana around his frontal turret, and kept on working as merrily as ever. There was no evidence of fright or panic exhibited by any of them during the day.

General Grant had some narrow escapes from bullets and grapeshots, but exhibited a total indifference to a miss of three inches from his head. He is certainly censurable for the manner in which he exposed himself on the battle-field sometimes. On the 22d he seemed to take a special delight in sitting on a fence and whittling, within direct, easy range of the rebel sharpshooters.

The weather here is delightful, though, of course, a little too warm at midday for comfort.

ADVICES UP TO THE 26TH INST.—JOHNSON IN GRANT'S REAR.

CINCINNATI, June 1.—A staff officer of one of the commanding Generals in Grant's army, who left Vicksburg on Wednesday last, arrived in this city yesterday morning, and left last evening for Washington. He brings the latest news from Grant's army, and was in consultation with Gen. Burnside a good portion of yesterday.

He states that Gen. Grant is perfectly certain of his ability to take Vicksburg, but says it will take time, perhaps a week longer, and perhaps two weeks. Three assaults have been made on the rebel works with heavy columns of our forces, in all of which we were repulsed. The assault was made by Gen. Sherman with 20,000 men, and of that number 600 were killed, and a large number wounded.

General Grant is now engaged in building works, with the view of taking the place by regular approaches. He is also mining some of the rebel works. Our outer line is within one hundred yards, at points, of the rebel works, and our sharpshooters prevent the rebels from working their heavy guns. He says the rebel works in the rear of the city are far more formidable than those on the front.

General Grant has been reinforced by a considerable portion of Gen. Banks' forces, and more are coming. This officer states that Gen. Johnston is still in the neighborhood of Jackson, Miss,, gathering forces to attack Grant's rear, but that he has not yet succeeded in obtaining fifteen thousand men, while he is short of both provisions and ammunition, and the roads having been destroyed he cannot obtain either.

It is certain that the Black river bridge has been destroyed, and it is positively known that Johnston has not thrown any of his men across the river. General Grant has far more men guarding that river than Johnston can gather up, and no apprehensions whatever are felt by Gen. Grant, or his Division Commanders, of any serious attack in their rear.

Our gunboats are occasionally shelling Vicksburg, and the rebel water batteries having been silenced, the gunboats were not molested by the rebel guns.

This officer states that a flag of truce was sent into Vicksburg to obtain the body of Capt. Washington, when the rebels fired on the flag and the men returned.

It is reported that Vicksburg is short of water, the inhabitants and soldiers being compelled to rely on wells and cisterns in the city, they having been cut off from both the Mississippi and Yazoo rivers, and that there was considerable distress on this account.

This officer states that there is no question but that Grant will take Vicksburg, and that it was only a question of time.

Gen. Grant has taken 8,400 prisoners and 84 pieces of artillery.

Wise as a Blackguard.

On the 28th of April, it will be recollected, Gen. Dix sent a very polite, yet decisive communication, to Gen. H. A. Wise, in regard to the occupancy of Williamsburg by a guerrilla force, who were in the habit of firing upon our pickets stationed there for the protection of the Confederate insane hospital, the inmates of which have been cruelly abandoned by the rebels, and whom we were thereby compelled to feed, protect, &c., or allow them to die of want.

On Thursday of last week, Gen. Dix received an answer to his letter, containing twenty-two pages of closely written matter, in which Wise exhausts the Billingsgate vocabulary. He accuses Gen. Dix of all manner of crimes, including robbery, falsehood, cowardice, &c. In fact, it is one of those peculiar documents which Wise alone could write. Gen. Dix read the document, endorsed the following on the back, and returned it to the blackguard:

HEADQUARTERS DEP'T OF VIRGINIA,
FORTRESS MONROE, May 22d, '63.

Returned to Brig.-Gen. Wise, as a communication fit neither to be written or received.

JOHN A. DIX, Maj.-Gen.

MONETARY.

COIN AND EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS OF

Thompson Bro's.,

ST. PAUL, June 4, 1863.

Bankers and licensed Dealers in Land Warrants, Revolutionary and Adult Half Breed Scrip, &c.

EXCHANGE RATES.

	Selling for.	Premium.
Bankable Funds		½ per ct. prem.
American Gold		45 per ct.

Orders for United States Land Warrants, State warrants, &c., promptly executed.

State and United States Coupons paid at our counter.

Passage Certificates via Liverpool and Hamburg; Drafts on England, Ireland and Scotland, France, Germany and Switzerland, Sweden and Norway, for sale at our office.

SAM'L HOWE,

Commission Merchant,

148 SOUTH WATER-ST., CHICAGO,

Solicits Consignments of GRAIN, FLOUR, PORK, LARD, etc, for sale, or order to purchase. Will make advances on Consignments to be held here or shipped East. mar18-3m

LIGHTNING RODS,

The best in use, and

AT LOW PRICES

Orders for Lightning Rods, Points, Insulators, or attachments, will receive prompt attention.

CUTLER, BALL & CO.,

Office and Factory, 93 Kinzie St., Chicago.

ap7-2m.

DISTRICT COURT, STATE OF MINNESOTA—Second District, County of Ramsey—*Summons for relief.*

United States, 1863, May 11, M. L., Pitts's Att'y, United states—50 cents, Original Process.

Ira Bidwell and Henry E. Bidwell, late partners under the name of Bidwell's Exchange Bank, against John R. Madison.

"The State of Minnesota,"

To the above named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which has been filed in the Office of the Clerk of said Court, at Saint Paul in said County, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, in Herward's Block, in Saint Paul, in said county of Ramsey, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforsaid, the Plaintiffs in this action will have their damages assessed by a jury, or, the amount they are entitled to recover ascertained by the Court or under its direction and take judgment for the amount so assessed or ascertained.

Dated May 11th, 1863.

MORRIS LAMPREY,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Saint Paul, Min.

my12-43d

ICE! ICE! ICE!

The undersigned will be on hand to supply

Families and Boats,

As usual during the Summer of 1863.

m31-3m CHAS. SYMONDS, Agent.

TAX DEEDS.

THE PRESS PRINTING COMPANY

Have now on hand the latest and best form of tax deeds. It is suitable for sales under the several acts of the Legislature, and in conformity with all their requisitions, and is prepared by the State authorities

Price 50 cents per dozen, or $3 per hundred.

1863 REGULAR. 1863

Minnesota River Packet.

The steamer JEANNETTE ROBERTS will run regularly during the season of navigation to all points on the Minnesota River.

For freight or passage apply on board.

NELSON ROBERTS, Master.

ap21f JOHN REANEY, Clerk.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,

(Late Lighte & Bradburys,)

Piano-Forte Manufacturers,

421 Broome-St., New York,

SECOND BLOCK EAST OF BROADWAY

Mr. F. C. LIGHTE, the original founder of this well-known Establishment, *Senior* Partner, and *only Practical Piano-Forte Maker* of the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys," having retained his Two-Thirds interest in the whole business stock, materials, &c., and Sole Proprietorship in his *Valuable Patents*, inclusive of his celebrated PATENT INSULATED IRON FRAMES, is the only one who can make the SUPERIOR PIANO-FORTES for which this house has been so popular. ☞ All infringements on his rights will be prosecuted according to law.

☞ All Piano-Fortes from this manufactory are warranted perfect in every respect for five years.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS.

F. C. LIGHTE & CO.,

ap28-3m 421 Broome-St., New York.

MORE NEW

MILLINERY.

I am now receiving and shall continue to receive at short intervals through the season large additions to my stock of

FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer

MILLINERY,

Which I shall be happy to show to my friends and all others wanting anything in my line of business.

MISS E. WASS,

my30-1m Third-st., near the Post Office.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned has for sale, an Improved Farm (land first quality) situate in Washington County, Minn., four miles from the city of Stillwater; adjoining the Saint Paul and Stillwater County Roads.

And also, for sale, several tracts of No. 1 unimproved farming lands, within three and five miles of said city, which will be sold cheap for cash.

THOS. J. YORKS, Dealer in Real Estate,

Stillwater, Min., March, 1863. mar1-3m

UNION STORE FOR SALE.

ROSEMOUNT, DAKOTA CO., MINN.

Consisting of a new frame house, well finished, thirty feet front by thirty-five deep; kitchen attached, fifteen feet; handsomely finished inside, grained throughout; matched parlors, with sliding doors; piazza in front and ba'cony above. Cistern containing 200 barrels of water, under the kitchen, with fitter pump in the kitchen; a good well on the premises; a good barn attached; 14 acres of ground—half under enclosed with picket fence. The only store within 10 miles. Every thing new on the premises. Property of H. A. C. Hines; occupied by Wm. O'Donnell.

Also, a good Farm for sale in Le Sueur county, north of Faribault; 160 acres; house, barn, well, and other buildings; fenced, and a good sugar orchard on the farm.

All the above will be sold at a very reasonable price, as the owner is going east. Inquire of Wm. O'Donnell, residing on the premises. [m28-m*

AGENCY CHIPPEWAS, LAKE SUPERIOR,
BAYFIELD, May 27th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

Indorsed

"PROPOSALS FOR PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,"

Will be received at the office of the CHIPPEWAS of LAKE SUPERIOR, at

BAYFIELD, WIS.,

Until

Thursday, June 25, 1863

for furnishing the following named

PROVISIONS AND TOBACCO,

TO WIT:

FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN DOLLARS WORTH

Superfine Flour.

FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS WORTH OF

MESS PORK.

TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY-ONE 66-100 DOLLARS WORTH OF

TOBACCO,

Free from mould.

The above named articles to be delivered in the city of Detroit, Michigan, on or before the 10th day of July next.

The same to be approved by the Agent of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, or his authorized Agent.

Bidders will state the number of barrels of each Flour and Pork, and the number of pounds of Tobacco which they will furnish for the sums above named.

Each proposal must be accompanied with a guarantee signed by two responsible persons.

The Agent reserves the right to reject any and all bids not favorable to the Government.

L. E. WEBB,

je3-d&tw3w U. S. Indian Agent.

1863. 1863.

P. F. HODGES & CO,

DEALERS IN

Standard Farm Machinery,

AT

Nicols & Deans' Iron Store,

Third Street,

ST. PAUL,..... .....MINN.

Agents for Brayley & Pitt's Buffalo Threshing Machines.
" " Russell & Co's Massillon Threshing Machines.
" " McCormick's Reaper and Mower.
" " John H. Manny's Reaper and Mower.
" " Bickford & Huffman's Grain Drill.
" " H. A. Pitts & Co's Chicago Threshing Machines.

Also a general stock of Agricultural Implements on hand, to which we invite the attention of farmers and others wishing to purchase.

a1-6m NICOLS & DEAN.
P. F. HODGES.

NEW PAPER AND

STATIONERY STORE.

The undersigned have just opened a new and extensive assortment of everything in their line, consisting in part of

Letter and Cap Paper,

FLAT CAP, FOLIO POST,

Commercial and Ladies' Note,

PENHOLDERS, POCKET BOOKS, INK STANDS, ENVELOPES,

Maxwell's Superior Writing Fluid, &c.,

At Wholesale and Retail, to which we invite the attention of dealers.

WHEELER & CHAFFEE,

No. 230 Third-St.,

One door from Jones' Agricultural Warehouse.

P. S.—Particular attention paid to orders. my16-1m

50 BARRELS

—OF—

CARBON OIL.

ALSO A QUANTITY OF

CHICAGO CREAM ALE,

For sale by J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO BREWERY

LILL & DIVERSY,

BREWERS OF

LILL'S STOCK,

AND

CREAM PALE ALE,

LAGER BEER,

PORTER AND BROWN STOUT.

Sold by half barrel and delivered free of charge.

WM. CONSTANS.

my24-d1y AGENT, St. Paul.

FOR SALE.

We have two Feather Beds and a good Horse, Wagon and Harness for sale. We have a House and Lot to rent. We have a House and Lot for sale; price $100; we will take a good team in part pay. Auction sales every evening, and special sales at 10 A. M.

H. E. BAKER & CO., Auctioneers,

On Third-st., second door from the

ap30 Merchants' Hotel, front the levee.

KIRBY'S COMBINED

Reaper and Mower.

H. A. PITT & CO'S

THRESHING MACHINES.

We are now soliciting orders for the above celebrated machines.

Persons in want are invited to examine them at our store on Third street, as we feel confident our terms and prices, as well as the machines themselves, will be found satisfactory.

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements on hand.

Je27- NICOLS & DEAN.

CURTICE & HALSTED,

CIVIL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS AND

Real Estate Agents,

Office in Mackubin's Block, Washington Street, between Third and Fourth-sts.,

Will promptly attend to any professional business entrusted to them. From a long residence here and a thorough knowledge of the different surveys both in the City and country, we have great facilities for executing our work with correctness and dispatch. Land bought and sold. Collections made. Taxes paid for non-residents at the lowest rates.

N. B.—Drawing Instruments and Paper for sale.

D. L. CURTICE. ap22-3m JOHN T. HALSTED.

GEO. E. SCHNABEL.

In Maffets Castle, corner Jackson and Fourth street,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES, GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Keeps constantly on hand the choicest Brans of Flour, Nice Leaf Lard, Lamb's Sugar Cured Hams, and Dried Beef, Corn, Corn Meal, Oats and Bran.

He has made arrangements to receive, two or three times a week, from the country, the choicest Roll Butter.

Goods delivered to all parts of the city, free of charge. mar29.

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, SNUFF, &c.

F. W. TUCHELT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tobacco, Cigars, &c. Fine Imported Cigars, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco. Fine Cut Chewing, superior to any in the city. Sweet Briar Root Pipes, a large assortment. F. W. TUCHELT,

Third-st., near Edgerton's Bank,

my6-1y St. Paul.

TEAS.—300 PACKAGES, EMBRACING a choice variety of Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast, Japanese, Oolong, &c., selected with special reference to their fine drawing qualities. We intend to make TEAS a *speciality* in our business, and invite all who desire a really *fresh, fragrant* Tea, to inspect the large stock now offering very low for cash, at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,

my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

CANDY.—500 BOXES ASSORTED Stick and Fancy, including a superb assortment of Gum Drops, Lozenges, Fig Paste, &c., &c., manufactured expressly for our trade.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

LIQUORS.—1,000 PACKAGES IMPORTED and Domestic, including all the *choice and popular* brands of our own introduction, which have been received with such marked favor. Our stock of Liquors, in *extent, variety and cheapness*, defies comparison. Look in at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,

my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

FISH.—100 BOXES CODFISH. 50 do. Hake, 50 do. Smoked Halibut, 100 barrels Pickled Herring, 200 boxes Scaled do., 100 kegs Dutch do., and Mackerel in half barrels and kits—all at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—FIFTY gross—every variety and flavor—Durkee's popular brand.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

FOREIGN FRUITS.—FIGS, IN fancy boxes and drums, fresh and fine, Dates, new and nice; Currants, do.; Prunes—a large stock in wood and glass; Citron, &c., &c., &c. We sell them cheap.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

OYSTERS, SARDINES, &c.—200 cases Field's unrivalled Cove Oysters; 50 do. Lobsters; 100 do. Sardines—half and quarter boxes—cheap at COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S,

my6 Nos. 3 and 4 Jackson street.

TOBACCOES.—300 PACKAGES, embracing a great variety of standard brands—Plugs, Fine-Cut Chewing, Smoking, Anderson's "Solace," &c.—at low prices.

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

EVERYTHING APPERTAINING to the GROCERY AND LIQUOR TRADE, may be found *cheap as the cheapest* in the extensive stock now opening at

my6-1f COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUGARS AND COFFEES.—600 Packages, including every known variety and grade, bought "in the nick of time," will be sold at very clear margins. *We mean it.*

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.

RAISINS.—500 WHOLE, HALF, and Quarter Boxes, standard brands, cheap at

my6 COOLEY, CARVER & CO.'S.

SUTLERS EMPORIUM.

Cooley, Carver & Co.

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, ST. PAUL,

Having lately made liberal additions to their large and well assorted stock of

Fancy Groceries, Fruits, Wines, Segars, &c.,

invite the early attention of Suttlers and others seeking Army Supplies, to their selection of Goods, which they offer at close figures for Cash or Government Vouchers:

Canned Fruits.

PEACHES	500	dozen,	fresh	and fine.
RASPBERRIES	200	do	do	do
BLACKBERRIES	200	do	do	do
CHERRIES	200	do	do	do
WHORTLEBERRIES	300	do	do	do

Foreign Fruits.

RAISINS, (Layer & M. R.)—wholes halves & qrs,
CURRANTS—fresh and good.
PRUNES—kegs and jars.
PLUMS—French.
DATES.

Segars.

100,000—embracing large variety, and including some choice and popular brands.

Tobaccos.

250 Packages, including assorted grades—Plug, Fine Cut Chewing, Smoking, Dilly Bowlegs, Meerschaum, Kinnikinick, &c., &c.

Oysters and Sardines.

A full line favorite brands; also, LOBSTERS SALMON, HALIBUT, HERRING, &c., &c.

Brandies, Wines, Bourbon Whisky, &c.

A large variety, including some fine Old Brandies and Whiskys, (bottled), which we can confidently recommend as very superior. Also,

Ginger Wine, Blackberry Brandy
Ginger Brandy, Apple Brandy,
Peach Brandy, Cherry Brandy.

Confectionery.

Fig Paste, assorted Candies, Gum Drops, Lozenges, Liquorice, Spruce Gum, &c., &c.

Nuts.

A full line, including every variety.

October 14, 1862.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

A good wagon Mare for a good family Horse; pony built preferred. Enquire at this office.

my30-1f

UNITED STATES ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
Second Collection District, Minnesota.
Saint Paul, May 27, 1863.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons residing in this District are required to make return at once, without any further notice, of his or her individual name, to the Assistant Assessors, in their respective divisions in said District.

Persons are to be taxed on income at their business location or office, or place where employed. Persons having no regular place of business or office, will be taxed in the division where their residence may be located.

The following regulations will govern persons in making their returns:

Each person will be required to return his total income for the year ending December 31, 1862, so far specifying the source from which it is derived as to enable the Assistant Assessors to decide what deductions shall be made therefrom.

Persons whose income does not exceed the sum of $10,000, who reside in the United States, will be subject to a duty of 3 per cent.

Where the income exceeds $10,000, it will be subject to a duty of 5 per cent., provided however, that upon income derived from interest upon notes, bonds, or other securities of the United States, a duty of one and a half per cent. will be levied.

The gains or profits of manufacturers are to be taxed under Section 99 of the law. The exemption contained in the original statute was removed by the amendment of March 3, 1825.

Business firms must estimate their gains for the year 1862, and make such division thereof as will enable each member of the firm to make return in gross for his or her individual income.

Salaried persons will return the full amount they receive, whether fixed by statute or agreement, or derived from fees, &c.

Receipts from advertisements must be returned.

Guardians and trustees, whether such trustees are so by virtue of their office as executors, administrators, or other fiduciary capacity, are required to make return of the income belonging to minors or other persons, which may be held in trust, as aforesaid, and the income tax will be assessed upon the amount returned, after deducting such sums as are exempt from tax.

The salaries of Federal officers must be returned.

Farmers and planters will be required to make return of the value of the produce of his farm or plantation, without deducting for the labor or services of himself and his family, or for any portion of such produce consumed.

The following deductions are authorized to be made from the aggregate income of any person, viz.:

In all cases the sum of $600.

Amount actually paid for rent of dwelling house or estate occupied as a residence.

Expenses necessarily incurred for rent of store, clerk hire, insurance, freight, &c.

Other national, State, and local taxes assessed, and paid for the year 1862, and not elsewhere included.

Amount actually paid by a property owner for necessary repairs, insurance, and interest on incumbrances upon the property. The cost of new structures, extraordinary repairs or improvements to buildings shall not be deducted.

Income from dividends or interest on stocks, capital or deposit in any bank, trust company or savings' institution, insurance or railroad company, or from salaries of officers where the 3 per cent. tax has been withheld by the proper officer thereof.

Income from advertisements, on which 3 per cent. was paid, from September 1st to December 31st, 1862, inclusive.

Amount paid by a farmer or planter for hired labor, including the subsistence of the laborers. For necessary repairs upon his farm or plantation. For insurance and interest on incumbrances upon his farm or plantation.

In all cases persons making the returns will state the gross amounts of income, source derived from also the deductions authorized in details. Blank forms for making returns, with printed instructions as to the manner of making them up, will be furnished by the Assistant Assessors, who are fully authorized and instructed to furnish all the information required.

All persons neglecting or refusing to make returns of income, will be assessed by the Assessors, according to their best judgment and information.

LICENSES.

All persons pursuing any trade or profession on the 1st day of May, 1863, coming within the law requiring them to pay a license tax to the United States, must make application at once, for the year ending April 30, 1864. Those holding unexpired licenses on the first of May, 1863 will be assessed only for the period between the expiration of said licenses and the first day of May, 1864.

Persons refusing to make application for license, will be subject to the fines and penalties prescribed by law.

CARRIAGES, BILLIARD TABLES, AND PLATE.

Returns must be made at once of all carriages kept for use or hire. Also the amount in ounces, of all silver and gold plate kept for use; all Billiard Tables kept for hire, as well as those kept for private use, are subject to an annual tax of $10,00 each in addition to the license tax,

Any further information desired, can be had on application to the Assistant Assessors.

The Assistant Assessors for the counties of Ramsey and Hennepin, being Divisions Number Four and Nine, will be found at their respective offices between the hour of 9 and 12 A. M., to furnish the requisite blanks, and receive applications for license.

H. G. O. MORRISON,
Assessor Second District, Minnesota.

Office of W. L. Wilson, Assistant Assessor for Ramsey county, in Brown's Block, 3rd street. may

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.

WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.60 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

One Square.		One Square.	Each add. Square.
	One time	$0 80	$0 40
	Three times	1 50	75
	Six days	2 80	1 00
	Two weeks	3 00	1 50
	Three weeks	4 00	2 00
	One month	5 00	2 50
	Two months	8 00	4 00
	Three months	10 00	5 00
	Six months	14 00	7 00
	Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $30 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McARE, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES.

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

in the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINGS, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Mine Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlando, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo **Weber, Williams & Fitch.**

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1863. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

RODER

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catawba Brandy.

Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,

Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams,

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds.

Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

my26-tf **ST. PAUL, MIN.**

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.

Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH

USE THE

DANDELION

AND

Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE.

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.

S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Wetnaud & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bunce, Pleasant Grove; S. B. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Red Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

my27-1y **DAY & JENKS,** St. Paul, Wholesale and Retail Agents.

GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. TO YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits, MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dewee's FEMALE PILLS for obstructions, irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage.* Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE INSTRUMENT, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermaturrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

☞ Office in Concert Hall, Third street.

OFFICE HOURS daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays from 2 to 5 P. M.

Address all communications to
DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & Co.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession. There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe.

It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜

All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of

Bleached and Brown Cottons,
Blue and Brown Denims,
Ticking, Stripes and Checks,
Prints and DeLaines,
Pant Stuff in great variety,
All kinds of Dress Goods,
Spring Balmoral Skirts,
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen,

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain; Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly.

FREE OF CHARGE.

je27-d1y

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS, 5 CENTS, 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1942, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
my29-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER,

&c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street. **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE,

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warrened precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap18tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL,
Jan1-d1y For ——

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano-Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these instruments are unequalled.

"Strength and Beauty" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.

WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9 1863. ap11-1y

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST.

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

Ian29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

1863. DRY GOODS,

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m4-3mo} **HARMON, GALE & CO.**

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

Tin Plate &c.,

AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK.

SHEETS

AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

109 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.
dec13-6m P. O. Box 3167.

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS.

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East.

ALL CLAIMS FOR

OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers.

The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain RATES PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO

St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLDEN and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186., at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 1,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. jes J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. CARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets.

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c.,

at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low.

GILMAN & BUSHNELL.
St. Paul, July 5th, 1862. dly

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.,

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers.
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to

S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.
mar13-tf JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

The Saint Paul Press.

PUBLISHED BY THE
PRESS PRINTING COMPANY.

OFFICE—ADJOINING THE BRIDGE.

Terms:—DAILY PRESS—By mail, $8.00 per annum, or 70c per month *invariably in advance.*
TRI-WEEKLY PRESS—$5 per annum; $2.50 for six months; $1.25 for three months; five copies, to one address, $4.50 each; ten do., $4 each.
WEEKLY PRESS—One copy, one year, $2; five or more, $1.75 each; ten or more, to one address, $1.50 each; twenty or more, to one address, $1.50 each.

Rates of Advertising
IN THE DAILY PRESS.

	One Square.	Each add. Square.
One Square	One time	$0 80	$0 40
	Three times	1 50	75
	Six days	2 00	1 00
	Two weeks	3 00	1 50
	Three weeks	4 00	2 00
	One month	5 00	2 50
	Two months	8 00	4 00
	Three months	10 00	5 00
	Six months	14 00	7 00
	Twelve months	20 00	10 00

1. First page advertisements, special and business notices, and advertisements following immediately after local matter on the fourth page, one-half additional.
2. Second page, and special place and double column advertisements, and advertisements with cuts, one third additional.
3. Advertisements changeable at pleasure rated as in No. 1, and $30 per annum additional for changes. (All changes rated at 10 cents per square, if paid in advance; charged on the books, 12 cents.)
4. Local notices 10 cents per line for first ten lines or under, and five cents per line for each additional line.
5. Advertisements in Daily and Weekly, one-half additional to the Daily rate.
6. Advertisements in Weekly alone, 75 cents per square for first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for subsequent insertions, for any period within three months; over three months, one-third less than Daily rates.
7. Legal and Government advertisements, 75 cents per square for the first insertion, and 37½ cents per square for each additional insertion.
8. Attorneys ordering in legal advertisements are regarded as accountable for the cost of the same, unless there is a special agreement to charge the same to another party.
9. No paper given in connection with advertising.

☞ P. McARE, at Minneapolis, and WETMORE O'BRIEN, at St. Anthony, will act as Agents in circulating the DAILY PRESS in their respective towns.

HOGAN & CAMP

ARE STILL OFFERING

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENTS IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Our stock of

DRESS GOODS

IS THE MOST ATTRACTIVE IN THE CITY,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

OF ENGLISH AND FRENCH

Worsted Goods,

In Checks, Stripes, Figures, and Plain,

MUSLIN AND CHADI DE LAINES,

Lawns and Organdies, &c.,

Which we are selling at

GREAT BARGAINS.

We have a splendid line of

Bradley's unrivalled Hoop Skirts,

For Ladies, Misses and Children;

ALSO

SPRING AND SUMMER

BALMORALS,

Which we make a specialty of, always keeping a handsome assortment.

In Shawls,

We can suit the most fastidious, in quality, pattern and price, having a beautiful assortment of

CHECKS, STRIPES, AND STELLA

SHAWLS,

in the Middlesex, Peacedale, and Scotch.

We have the

CHEAPEST AND BEST LINE OF

EMBROIDERIES,

IN COLLARS, BANDS & SETS,

Also

LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, HOSIERY.

GLOVES, &c., &c.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

We would say that we have a large stock of

DOMESTICS, in DENIMS, STRIPES, SHEETINES, PRINTS and COTTONADES, &c., Which we will sell at a

SMALL ADVANCE

On present New York prices for CASH.

Hogan & Camp,

ap30-tf 142 Third-st

1863. 1863. 1863.

Summer Arrangement.

MINNESOTA STAGE CO.,

CARRYING THE

NORTHWEST'N EXPRESS

AND THE

United States Mail.

The roads are well stocked with first class horses, Concord Coaches, with careful and experienced drivers, all under the control of competent agents.

SCHEDULE OF DEPARTURES FROM SAINT PAUL:

For Stillwater—Daily, at 8 A. M.

For Shakopee, Jordon, St. Lawrence, Belle Plain, Henderson, Le Sueur, Ottawa, Traverse de Sioux, St. Peter and Mankato—Daily at 4 o'clock A. M.

For Rosemount, Castle Rock, Northfield, Cannon City, Faribault, Medford, Clinton Falls and Owatonna, connecting at Owatonna, for Wilton, St. Mary's, Winnebago Agency and Mankato. Also for Rice Lake, Claremont, Wasioja, Mantorville, Rochester, Chatfield, and Winona—Daily at 4 A. M.

For Industriana, Anoka, Orono, Orlanda, Monticello, Clearwater, St. Augusta and St. Cloud—Daily, at 5 A. M.

For Sauk Rapids, Belle Prairie, Fort Ripley and Crow Wing—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Richmond, Sauk Centre, Alexandria, Chippewa, Pomme de Terre, Breckinridge, Fort Abercrombie—Mondays and Thursdays at 5 o'clock A. M.

For Sunrise, with connections for Superior and Bayfield—Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays, at 7 o'clock A. M.

For further particulars inquire at the General Office on Third Street.

J. C. BURBANK & CO.
ap21-d1y Proprietors.

Chicago Advertisements.

SAUNDERS BRO. & CO.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS & SHOES,

No. 28 Lake Street, Chicago.

We have in store and offer to the Trade a very DESIRABLE and CHOICE STOCK of BOOTS AND SHOES of the best styles, selected several months since, before the late advance in goods, which we will sell

LOW FOR CASH,

OR

Short Approved Credit.

SAUNDERS, BROTHER & CO.,
m31-6m 28 Lake Street.

HATS, CAPS, &c.,

25 Lake Street, Chicago, Illinois.

WEBER, WILLIAMS & FITCH,

NOW OFFER FOR

Early Spring Trade,

By the Package or Dozen,

5,000 Cases,

HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS,

UMBRELLAS, PARASOLS,

PALM LEAF HATS, SHAKER HOODS, &C.

Comprising full lines of all new styles, making the LARGEST and BEST ASSORTED STOCK to be found WEST of the SEA BOARD, most of which was purchased before the late advance in prices, and will be sold as cheap as can be bought out of the BEST HOUSES in the ATLANTIC CITIES.

MERCHANTS

From all sections of the WEST, will find our STOCK full at all SEASONS, and well adapted to their wants, and are assured that our long experience in trade, extensive acquaintance with manufacturers and ample means for buying large lots for CASH, enables us to offer GOODS at the very LOWEST PRICES. LARGE BUYERS will find us prepared to sell GOODS, by the PACKAGE, at small advance on MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

ORDERS

Shall receive prompt personal attention.

m3-3mo **Weber, Williams & Fitch.**

GROCERIES,

SHORES & TATOR,

Wholesale Grocers,

47 South Water Street,

CHICAGO.

L. SHORES,.....F. D. TATOR
m31-6m.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.,

SUCCESSOR TO

Thompson, Whitney & Co.

Manufacturers and Jobbers of

BOOTS and SHOES,

46 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.

We are now receiving a large stock of Goods FROM THE

BEST MANUFACTORIES IN THE EAST.

and with very large addition to our

HOME-MADE CUSTOM WORK,

We are prepared to offer to the Country Trade the best assortment of Boots and Shoes in the city.

GILLETTE, WHITNEY & CO.
P. O. Drawer 1803. a1-6m.

IRON and STEEL

HEAVY HARDWARE

ROD IRON,

SHEET IRON,

NORWAY NAIL RODS,

BURDEN'S HORSE SHOES,

Nails and Spikes,

SLEIGH SHOES,

CUTTER SHOES

Sleigh and Cutter

RUNNERS,

Bent Cutter Stuff,

OF

HALL, KIMBARK & CO.,

CHICAGO.

a23-1y

J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.,

Successor to WALTER W. WEBB,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Foreign Wines, Brandies, GINS, &c.

Cognac Brandy,
Rochelle Brandy,
Jamacia and St. Croix Rum,
Holland Gin,
Scotch Whiskey,
Fine Old Bourbon Whiskey,
Rye and Monongahela Whiskey,
Old Queens Port,
Burgundy Port,
Fine Old Sherry Wine,
Madeira Wine,
Scotch Ale,
London Porter,
Catwba Brandy.

Week's, Sparkling and Still Catawba,
Drake's Catawba and Plantation Bitters,
Having connected Rectifying with my business I am prepared to furnish Common and low priced Rye and Bourbon Whiskies at the lowest cash prices.

my19 J. WATSON WEBB, Jr.

Dry Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS,

From New York Auction Sales.

D. W. INGERSOLL & CO.,

Are just receiving their third purchase of

Spring and Summer

DRY GOODS,

Bought at the recent

PANIC AUCTION SALES,

And offer to their old customers great bargains in

Ladies' Dress Goods,

AS FOLLOWS:

1,000 yards best quality Mozambique.
2,000 do striped Lenas, at 25 cents.
1,000 do Plaid Arsolinas, 35 cents.
800 do black and white Challies, 30 cents.
1,000 do striped Plaid and Mode.

COLORED ALPACCAS AND ORIENTAL LUSTRES.

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS.

FRENCH AND AMERICAN LAWNS.

English & American Ginghams.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN

CALICOES,

Some as low as 15 cents.

In Fancy Goods, we are prepared to offer great bargains.

Ladies' Collars,

Embroidered, Linen and Ruffled.

BAREGE AND GRENADINE VEILS.

CRAPE AND BLACK LACE VEILS.

Plain and Embroidered Linen and Cambric Handkerchiefs, from 12½c to $1.

In Gloves and Hosiery,

We have every variety, for ladies and gentlemen.

Embroidery Braids, silk and worsted.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.

"BRADLEY'S" Celebrated HOOP SKIRT.

In Woollens we have Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Ladies' Cloakings, and Men's Wear of all kinds.

Also, Irish Linens, Table Linens, Table Covers, Oil Cloth Covers, &c.

We will sell at prices to DEFY competition. All purchasers of Dry Goods, at wholesale and retail, will find this the best place to buy for CASH.

D. W. Ingersoll & Co.,

ST. PAUL, MIN.

my26-tf

THIRD STREET PROPERTY.

FOR SALE,

Lot 2, Block 22, Rice & Irvine's Addition—corner lot, 72 feet front on Third street and 150 feet on Hill street, adjoining Hope Engine House. Will be sold low.

TERMS—Part cash and part credit.
Apply to D. COOPER,
ap10tf Irvine's Block

TO PROMOTE GOOD HEALTH
USE THE
DANDELION
AND
Wild Cherry Bitters.

In Pint Bottles, price 50c; in Quart Bottles, 75c. These Bitters are composed of the best Roots, Barks and Herbs known, and peculiarly adapted to the immediate cure of all diseases produced by an inactive liver.

Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE SICK HEADACHE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE JAUNDICE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE INDIGESTION.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE COSTIVENESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE HEART BURN.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE WEAKNESS.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE LOST APPETITE.
Dandelion and Wild Cherry Bitters CURE AGUE,

In its worst forms. They perform these cures simply, by one office, regulating the liver.

For sale by dealers in Medicines, everywhere.
S. HUNTINGTON, Proprietor,
Farmersburg, Clayton County, Iowa.

For sale by E. H. Biggs, H. W. Robinson, Paul Reiger, St. Paul; S. N. Wickersham, Charles Benson, L. Weiand & Co., and S. Edwards, Wholesale Agent, Winona; Charles Hawley, Chatfield; D. B. Stout, Preston; S. Y. Hyde, Fillmore; Charles Morrill, Marion; Capt. Mills and J. D. Bance, Pleasant Grove; S. S. Robinson, General Wholesale Agent, address Chatfield, Min.

Also—Huntington's Writing Fluid; Howe & Stevens' Family Dye Colors; Van Dusen's Worm Confections; Van Dusen's Magical Bluing; Alden's Condition Powders; Talman & Collins' Concentrated Extract of Lemon; Talman & Collins' Leather Preservative; Dutcher's Dead Shot for Bed Bugs; Sleeper's Lightning Fly Killer.

DAY & JENKS, St. Paul,
my27-1y Wholesale and Retail Agents.

GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED IN ST. PAUL, June, 1862, for the cure of the following complaints: CHRONIC AND PRIVATE DISEASES, including the VENEREAL DISEASE in all its forms, Stricture, Piles, Fistula, Rupture, Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder, &c. To YOUNG MEN, particular attention given to the secret infirmities of youth and manhood arising from certain secret habits, MIDDLE AGED and even OLD MEN, who feel a debility in advance of their years restored to vigor.

TO THE LADIES.—Particular attention given to all Female Diseases. Agent for Dr. Dewee's FEMALE PILLS for obstructions, irregularities, &c. Safe and certain at all times, but should not be used during pregnancy, as they would produce *Miscarriage.* Price $1.00 per box, and may be sent by mail. Also, DR. GALEN'S PREVENTIVE INSTRUMENT, for those wishing to limit their offspring, will last a life time, and warranted to not injure the health. Price $2, and may be sent by mail.

A MEDICAL REPORT, containing 64 pages and 30 engravings, on the improved treatment of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Affections of the Testicles, Bladder and Kidneys, Diseases of Females, &c., can be had at the office for 15 cents or will be sent by mail in a sealed wrapper, to any address on receipt of price.

PATIENTS AT A DISTANCE—Treated by correspondence, and Medicines sent under seal to cure any case at home.

In addition to a regular Medical Education, the Doctor has had many years' experience in the treatment of the above diseases, and by devoting himself exclusively to this department of practice, and preparing his own Medicines, he is enabled to cure all cases of Private Diseases, without risk or exposure, in the shortest possible time. Separate apartments always in reserve so that patients see no one but the doctor, and all business confidential.

☞ Office in Concert Hall, Third street.
OFFICE HOURS daily from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Sundays from 2 to 5 P. M.
Address all communications to
DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
my7 Saint Paul, Minnesota.

SAINT PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after MONDAY, APRIL 20th, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

Leave St. Paul.	Arrive at St. Anthony.	Leave St. Anthony.	Arrive at St. Paul.
5:45 A. M.	6:20 A. M.	8:00 A. M.	8:35 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	12:05 M.	2:00 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	6:05 P. M.	6:30 P. M.	7:05 P. M.

W. B. LITCHFIELD,
General Superintendent.

ap18-tf

JUST RECEIVED AT

C. PROAL'S,

SADDLERY WAREROOMS,

An assortment of Gum Goods, such as

Gum Blankets, Gum Pouches, Gum Coats, Gum Talmas Gum Wading Boots, etc., etc.,

ALSO, ALL SORTS OF LEATHER TRAVELING CONVENIENCES.

Corner Third and Robert-Sts.

January 11, 1863.—1y. my15

COOLEY, CARVER & CO.,

(Successors to COOLEY, TOWER & CO.,)

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS,

FRUITS, NUTS, WINES, &c., &c.,

JACKSON STREET, BETWEEN LEVEE AND THIRD, SAINT PAUL, MINN.

Terms - - - - - - - - CASH.

In the Department of

LIQUORS AND SEGARS

Our Stock will be found LARGE and COMPLETE at all times, and at prices to suit the views o closest buyers. December 1, 1862

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING MACHINES.

MERIT ALONE MAKES A SEWING MACHINE VALUABLE.

The People are perceiving that

Glowing Representations are not Merit.

That it is economy and wisdom to purchase only Sewing Machines of known practical utility.

THIS MACHINE IS PROFITABLE AND AVAILABLE A LIFE TIME.

An annual dividend of 100 to 500 per cent. (on its cost) may be obtained in its use, by its possession. There are over 95,000 WHEELER & WILSON Machines in use in this country and Europe.

It is the only Machine in the world making the Lock-Stitch with the Rotating Hook and using the Glass Foot.

The WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES are right, and if they do not operate well it is because people are not fully instructed in their use.

☞ ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED, AND FULL INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN. ☜

All persons owning WHEELER & WILSON MACHINES can have them properly adjusted, and full instructions given in their use, free of charge, by calling at the WHEELER & WILSON ROOMS, in the Greenleaf Block, Third street, a few doors below the Post Office.

F. M. JOHNSON, Agent.

St. Paul, Feb. 10th, 1863. feb11-tf

IMMENSE EXCITEMENT AT

L. C. BURT'S

Cheap Cash Store,

OVER THE NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.

Having just received a portion of my Spring stock of

DRY GOODS,

I am prepared to offer everything in the way of

Staple and Fancy Dress Goods,

AT VERY LOW FIGURES FOR CASH.

I offer a splendid line of
Bleached and Brown Cottons.
Blue and Brown Denims.
Ticking, Stripes and Checks.
Print and DeLaines.
Pant Stuff in great variety.
All kinds of Dress Goods.
Spring Balmoral Skirts.
Full line of Ladies' and Misses'

HOOP SKIRTS.

SHAWLS, HOSIERY, &c., &c.

I will sell everything in the line of DRY GOODS at greatly reduced prices. Remember the place. Call and examine for yourselves.

L. C. BURT,

ap15-3m No. 146 Third-st., St. Paul.

ESTABLISHED 1760.

Peter Lorillard,

Snuff and Tobacco Manufacturer,

16 and 18 Chambers-St.,

(Formerly 42 Chambers Street, New York,)

Would call the attention of Dealers to the articles of his manufacture, viz:

BROWN SNUFF.

Macaboy, Demigros,
Fine Rappee, Pure Virginia,
Coarse Rappee, Nachitoches,
American Gentleman, Copenhagen.

YELLOW SNUFF.

Scotch, Honey Dew Scotch,
High Toast Scotch, Fresh Honey Dew Scotch,
Irish High Toast, or Lundyfoot,
Fresh Scotch.

☞ Attention is called to the large reduction in prices of Fine-Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos, which will be found of a superior quality.

TOBACCO.

FINE CUT CHEWING.—P. A. L., or plain: Cavendish, or Sweet; Sweet Scented Oronoco; Tin Foil Cavendish.

SMOKING.—Long; No. 1; No. 2; Nos. 1 and 2 mixed; Granulated; S. Jago; Spanish; Canaster; Turkish.

N. B.—A circular of prices will be sent on application. mar15-1y

E. W. EDDY,

General Grocer

AND DEALER IN

THE BEST FAMILY PROVISIONS,

FORT STREET, ST. PAUL,

Keeps constantly on hand the best of Sugars and Coffee.
The choicest Green and Black Teas.
Stewart's and Belcher's Syrups.
The best family brands Flour.
Dried fruits, Pure Wines, and Liquors for medicinal purposes.
The best Dairy Butter.
Durkee's Spices.
The celebrated Dandelion Coffee.
Lamb's Hams and Ames' Dried Beef.
Wooden and Earthen Ware, &c.,
Which will be sold as low as the lowest and delivered promptly.
FREE OF CHARGE.

Je27-d1y

CASH! CASH!! CASH!!!

5 CENTS, 5 CENTS, 5 CENTS.

Paid for good No. 1 Cotton Rags. Four cents for the best kind of old white paper, and old books of any kind, and will send to any part of the city for them, if you leave your orders at Davenport's Book Store, Putnam's, P. O. Box 1542, or at West's, on Robert street, next to Third.

mar14tf J. WEST.

HALF BARREL FLOUR SACKS—

For sale at Chicago prices.

C. W. WOOLLEY,
my29-1w Corner Third and Sibley-sts.

STRONG'S NEW CARPET HALL,

ROGER'S BLOCK NEXT DOOR TO FAIRCHILD & MARCH'S AUCTION ROOMS.

The subscriber is now opening new Rooms, where can be found at all times a general assortment of

CARPETINGS,

OIL CLOTHS, CURTAIN AND SHADE MATERIALS,

MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, WALL PAPER,

&c. In fact, all kinds of House Furnishing Goods, which will be sold at very small profits.

UPHOLSTERING DONE TO ORDER.

No humbug! call and see and be convinced.

mar12-1y R. O. STRONG.

HOPS! HOPS!

On hand and to arrive by first boats, a quantity of

Otsego County Hops.

These Hops are commission goods, and will be sold at very low figures for cash.

L. B. & C. GREIG,
ap12-2m Corner Third and Sibley Streets.

D. C. GREENLEAF'S

Fashionable Jewelry Store,

Third Street. **Saint Paul.**

The ladies and gentlemen of this city and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the

LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT

OF NEW STYLES OF JEWELRY,

Gold and Silver Watches,

CLOCKS, SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,

DIAMOND GOODS, SILVER TEA SETS,

Castors, Cake Baskets, Gold Chains, Rings Thimbles, and everything else pertaining to a

FIRST CLASS JEWELRY STORE,

My goods were purchased exclusively for cash from the largest wholesale houses in the Union, and are for sale at the

LOWEST PRICES.

All goods warraned precisely as represented. Cash paid for old Gold and Silver. A full supply of WATCH MATERIALS always on hand.

Agent for Seth Thomas' Clocks, also agent for the celebrated

American Watches.

Particular attention paid to repairing every description of Watches, Clocks, and Jewelry in the best possible manner. We manufacture all kinds of

HAIR WORK

Or any other pattern of Jewelry, &c., in our line. All work will be done promptly in a workmanlike manner and BETTER THAN ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT IN THIS SECTION OF THE COUNTRY. All orders by letter or otherwise will receive prompt attention.

All kinds of new wheels and new parts of the watch manufactured for the trade at a reasonable discount.

Store in Greenleaf's Block, opposite Concert Hall, near the Post Office.

ap8tf. D. C. GREENLEAF.

MILITARY!

Officers' Cavalry Boots,

OFFICERS' RIDING BOOTS,

Officers' Zouaves,

AND FOR PRIVATES EVERY KIND

OF

BOOT & SHOE,

CAN BE FOUND AT

WM. J. SMITH & CO.'S.

ap15tf

Insurance.

INSURANCE

O. CURTIS,

General Insurance Agent.

Phœnix Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

City Fire Insurance Co.,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
OF WISCONSIN.

OFFICE SECOND STORY OF THOMPSON'S NEW BLOCK,
mar11 Third-st., St. Paul, Minnesota.

FLOUR,

At Wholesale and Retail.

Extra and Double Extra,

Made from SELECTED CLUB WHEAT,

AT THE

Cannon Falls Mills,

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER BRAND IN THIS MARKET.

Also, FEED for sale at the

FLOUR WAREHOUSE

OF

C. M. BROOME,

Third-st., between Jackson and Robert-sts.
jan31-1y

C. W. WOOLLEY,

LOWER LEVEE, SAINT PAUL,

FORWARDING

AND

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN GROCERIES

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, LIME, &C., &C., &C.

AND

AGENT FOR THE

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Contracts for transportation between St. Paul, Boston, New England, Montreal, New York and all points East, made upon the lowest and most favorable terms.

Mark packages, "C. W. WOOLLEY, ST. PAUL, For ——

jan1-d1y

WM. B. BRADBURY'S

Piano-Forte Establishment,

No. 427 Broome-St.,

NEW YORK.

The subscriber respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public generally to his Piano-Forte Establishment, at No. 427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby street.

Having withdrawn his interest, stock and materials from the late firm of "Lighte & Bradburys" which firm was dissolved on the 31st January, ult., and having purchased the entire stock of Piano-Fortes and Piano Forte Material, owned by his brother, Edward G. Bradbury, in the said firm, he is now prepared to supply the increased demand for his celebrated Piano-Fortes. Employing the most skillful and experienced workmen, with a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and an abundance of capital, he has taken in hand the personal supervision of the whole business of manufacturing his instruments, and is enabled to turn out Piano-Fortes of unequalled *tone* and *durableness.*

BRADBURY'S NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

In the arrangement of our new scale, drawn and prepared with the utmost care, expressly for our new instruments, we have added every improvement which can in any way tend to the perfection of the Piano-Forte, and we can confidently assert, that for delicacy of touch, volume, purity, brilliancy and sweetness of tone, combined with that strength and solidity of frame necessary to durability, these Instruments are unequalled.

"Strength and Beauty" is our motto, and we invite the closest criticism of the best unbiased judges in the land.

☞ Every instrument warranted for five years.
WM. B. BRADBURY,
427 Broome-st., corner of Crosby-st.,
mar6-3m New York.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE.

JOHN BURNHAM, Proprietor, would respectfully announce to the traveling public that he has opened the new and commodious building on the corner of Jackson and Fourth streets, for the accommodation of travelers, where he will be happy to see his old friends, and all others who may favor him with their patronage. The house is only two blocks from the steamboat landing and railroad depot. Baggage will be carried from and to the boats *free of charge.* Table supplied with the best the market affords. Good stabling attached to the premises.

St. Paul, April 9, 1863. ap11-1y

DR. DEMONTREVILLE,

DENTIST,

(Office in French's Block,)

Third Street, near the Post Office,

SAINT PAUL - - - - - - - MINNESOTA

jan29-1y

FOR THE CARS.

Our Omnibusses will run to and from the principal Hotels and Boats in connection with the trains of the

ST. PAUL AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Passengers and baggage will be called for in answer to orders left at the American, International and Merchants, or at our office.

jy3 J. C. BURBANK & CO.

1863. DRY GOODS.

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & Co.,

(Successors to Harmon, Aiken & Gale,)

53 Lake Street, - - - Chicago.

We offer to the trade a large and well-selected stock of

COTTON & WOOL GOODS,

Prints, Cottonades,

Yankee Notions, Hoop Skirts, Hosiery

AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

We are now largely in stock, and are prepared to offer great inducements to close buyers. We solicit an examination from all wishing to purchase.

m4-3mo] **HARMON, GALE & CO.**

PUBLIC SALE.

I will sell at Public Auction one of Russell & Co.'s Improved Massillon Separators, on trucks, on the 23d day of May inst., at the Iron Store of Nicols, Dean & Co.

HENRY RUBLES,
my14-10t per S. P. & P. F. HODGES, Ag'ts.

The above sale is postponed to Saturday, the 6th day of June, and will take place at the Auction Store of Fairchild & March. my24-2w

METAL WAREHOUSE.

VANDERVOORT, DICKERSON & CO.

IMPORTERS OF

Tin Plate &c.,

AND DEALERS IN TINNER'S STOCK. METALS. AGENTS FOR HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES

109 and 201 Randolph-St., Chicago.

dec18-6m P. O. Box 3167.

Burbank's Column.

1862. 1862. 1862.

Important to Shippers.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

Having been constituted sole agents at St. Paul for the

LACROSSE & MILWAUKEE RAILROAD

AND ALSO FOR THE

LACROSSE & ST. PAUL STEAMERS,

Would respectfully call your attention to the superior advantages offered by them over any other competing line.

Through Contracts

Will be given to all points East,

ALL CLAIMS FOR OVERCHARGES OR DAMAGES,

Will be settled upon presentation.

WE HAVE ALSO THE AGENCY OF

DAVIDSON'S LINE OF STEAMERS

On the Minnesota and Upper Mississippi rivers. The La Crosse and Milwaukee Line receive and forward all freight FREE OF WAREHOUSE CHARGES AT ST. PAUL.

MERCHANTS who design visiting the East Goods will please give us a call and obtain RATES PARTICULARS.

J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO
St. Paul, Feb. 26, 1862. feb26-d&w1y

MERCHANTS' DISPATCH

Fast Freight Line.

OWNED AND MANAGED BY

AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.

All overcharges settled by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., Agents.

New York office, 1½ Murray street.

Boston office, 69 Washington street.

mar25-d1y

100 KEGS SUGAR HOUSE, GOLden and Ambre, a choice article, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

A LARGE STOCK OF FINE LIquors and Cigars, which we offer at prices that will insure quick sales, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 BBLS. ASSORTED WHISkey, for sale at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

300 WHOLE, HALF AND QUARter boxes Raisins, crop of 186 , at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

20 BBLS. STUART'S BEST HONey Syrup, a choice article, for table use at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s.

150 BOXES W. R. CHEESE; A prime article, at low figures, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 GRANT'S PATENT FANNING Mills for sale at manufacturer's prices, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

125 PACKAGES ASSORTED Fruits, consisting of Plums, Prunes, Currants and Citron, all new crop, for sale at prices to suit the times. J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

YOU WILL FIND ONE OF THE largest and best selected stocks of Groceries in the West, at the warehouse of dec 19 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.

PRINTERS' INKS.

All sorts, kinds, and colors, from the celebrated manufactory of J. E. Wade, New York, for sale at manufacturer's prices, by dec12 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

420 BOXES ASSORTED TObacco, comprising all the favorite brands, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

50 DOZEN DUBOIS BEST CAST Steel Axes. Also 30 dozen Red River Axes: also 25 Boxes assorted Blued Tacks, first quality, at J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & Co.'s

RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT, 4,000 POUNDS DRIED PEACHES, and 7,000 POUNDS DRIED APPLES, to be sold low for cash. my31tf J. C. BURBANK & CO.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A large supply of WESTERN RESERVE CHEESE, which we offer low for cash. Je8 J. C. & H. C. BURBANK & CO.

TO MY FRIENDS & PATRONS.

Having engaged my services to the Messrs. J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co., corner Levee and Sibley streets, I may be found in the Wholesale Grocery Department, where it will afford me pleasure to see my old customers once more.

We shall have a large and well selected stock of goods, usually kept in our line, on hand, which I respectfully ask you to examine before purchasing elsewhere. I hope to merit for the house a portion at least of that patronage you have heretofore so liberally bestowed upon me

mar8 A. L. CARPENTEUR.

PIONEER FOUNDRY AND

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

Corner of Fifth and Pike streets,

This establishment is now in full operation, and is prepared to furnish all kinds of IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, FORGING, &c., at the lowest Eastern rates, viz, Heavy Mill castings, Columns, Sash weights, Grate Bars, Sleigh shoes, &c., three cents per pound. Brass castings, Babbit metal, 25 to 30 cents per pound. Lathe work $3.00 per day. Particular attention given to Steam Engine and Boiler work. Threshing Machine repairing promptly attended to.

Steam Engines and Boilers, Threshing machines, new and second handed, for sale or exchange very low. GILMAN & BUSHNELL.

St. Paul, July 5th, 1862. d1y

SPRING TRADE. TO THE MERCHANTS OF THE NORTH-WEST.

We respectfully invite you to examine our unequalled Miscellaneous stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, YANKEE NOTIONS, WOOLEN GOODS, HOSIERY, CROCKERY, CHINA, GLASS, CUTLERY, PLATED GOODS, ETC., ETC.

No house in the country offers better inducements in goods and prices. We have every facility and are prepared to sell the Best Cash Trade at a profit below Eastern figures.

☞ Special attention paid to all orders accompanied with money or references.

BOWEN BROTHERS,
Importers and Jobbers.
Nos. 72, 74 and 76 Lake St., Chicago.
m31-1y.

DUNDAS MILLS CELEBRATED

XX Family Flour.

BRAND, QUALITY AND WEIGHT WARRANTED.

Retailers, Bakers and Hotels supplied promptly. Apply to S. K. PUTNAM, GENERAL AGENT for St. Paul, or to the subscriber. Orders respectfully solicited.

DUNDAS, RICE CO., MIN.
mar13-tf JNO. S. ARCHIBALD.

ENTIRE NEW SPRING STOCK,

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS,

Clothing, Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

Of the best varieties of material, adapted to the wants of the climate and the tastes of customers, on hand ready made, or manufactured to order.

TO MILITARY CUSTOMERS

is offered a fine assortment of Army Blue Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, and Military Trimmings.

Many of our goods having been purchased prior to the late advance in prices, we can offer great inducements to purchasers.

E. B. TENNEY.
mar27-3m. Rogers' Block, St. Paul.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE CITY.

THE COPPERHEAD DEMOCRACY INDIGNANT.—A flaming handbill was posted about the city yesterday afternoon, calling upon all those who were in favor of "FREE SPEECH, Free Press, and Human Liberty," to assemble in front of the Court-House at 8 o'clock and take into consideration the suppression of the Chicago *Times*. A subscription paper was passed about to defray the expenses of a band which was sent about the city to drum up recruits, and after returning from their tour and playing several soul-stirring airs upon the appointed spot, they succeeded in calling together a crowd of between two and three hundred, a considerable number of whom were war Democrats and Republicans.

In the absence of the President of the Club, C. B. Shanley, the Vice-President, called the meeting to order with a brief speech, in which he announced that they had met to take into account the "exigencies" which had fallen upon our country. After asking the question whether they should not raise a howl that would resound through the land he subsided for business, which consisted in the appointment of J. P. Pond Secretary, and a committee of seven to report resolutions.

As Squire Strother moved the appointment of the Committee he, as in duty bound, passed up a strip of paper with the names of the chosen ones recorded thereon, and after due deliberation, which was occupied in securing a lamp to decipher the chirography, the following committee was "appointed by the chair."

L. V. D. Heard, M. Sherburne, T. B. Rodeck, Fleet F. Strother, Geo. W. Culver, John A. Cathcart, and Robert A. Smith. The committee retired to an inner chamber and the opening speech of the evening was then made by Col. Robertson.

The speech of Col. Robertson was bitterly partizan, but not of the Copperhead order, and consequently was not in all respects palatable. He charged corruption on the Republican party, vindicated the doctrines of Phillips and Garrison, denounced arrests by the Administration, was in favor of impeaching the President, &c., but, at the same time, said he would aid the Administration in suppressing the rebellion even if he was confined in a bastile. He was in favor of submitting to the laws, but would stand up to condemn every usurpation. Vallandigham should have been tried by the civil court. [Three cheers were given by the crowd for this eminent traitor.] The speaker proceeded to say that if in Congress he should oppose him, but the audience did not respond to this sentiment. In fact, all through his speech only the violent portions were applauded, and the few loyal utterances that did fall from his lips were received either in silence or with cries of "we don't agree with you, Colonel."

A magnificent illustration of the beauties of the FREE SPEECH that they placard and prate so much about, was given during the Colonel's remarks. He asked the question, "Does any one believe that a disloyal man can get up and lead the people astray?" A soldier in the crowd replied "Yes, I do," when the air instantly resounded with cries of "hustle him out," and suiting the action to the word, violent hands were laid upon him, and the individual who had made himself obnoxious by his "FREE SPEECH" was rapidly removed from the audience. This, let it be borne in mind, was done at a meeting called to protest against the suppression of Free Speech, and shows the hollow-hearted insincerity of the men who composed it. It proves that it is not the going that is objected to, but it is the "going of *my* ox." It is due Col. Robertson to say that he denounced the striking and removal of the man, but it was very evident he did not reflect the sentiments of the audience.

As the Colonel closed his speech with a tirade against the President and stepped from the stand he was met by Mr. Fisher of the *Pioneer*, who informed him that the evening dispatches announced the rescinding, by the President, of Gen. Burnsides order suppressing the Chicago *Times*. He made the announcement to the crowd which was received with cheers, and added by way of parenthesis, that he had felt deeply, and had spoken hastily, but he believed Lincoln meant to do right and every one should support him. This sentiment was received with cries of "O Colonel," laughter and derision.

The committee on resolutions were announced as ready to report, and their Chairman read a series of resolves, which were adopted. He stated that they were prepared before the news was received that the order had been revoked, but as it was only a rumor, and as Vallandigham was still banished he would present them. We have not space to publish them, but they were of the usual character and "just what might have been expected." Their appropriateness can be judged from the fact that one of them recites a long list of grievances inflicted upon the people by the President, enumerating the suspension of the *habeas corpus*, arbitrary arrests, suppression of the freedom of speech and of the press, &c., and adds that in view of these things "it is vain to hope from him [the President] a redress of the grievances of the past or for security against the dangers which threaten us in the future."

Fleet F. Strother was the next speaker. He evidently agreed with the President of the meeting as he opened with the sage remark that "we have met to take into consideration the exigencies of the occasion. He had probably made great preparations before he attempted to "speak his piece" and the news of the President's action took the wind out of his sails, and he accordingly treated it as a mere rumor, and (was the wish father to the thought?) "perhaps it wasn't so after all." He was sarcastically severe upon the Republicans and called them, "*et id* OMNIA *genus*."

The Vallandigham arrest was alluded to feelingly and eloquently. The persicuity he displayed was remarkable. He said it all in a nutshell, and we would advise the Democracy to emblazon on their banners in the future the magnificent peroration that fell from his lips when he opened his mouth and said, "I object to have laws set aside and ignored by a *factotum*."

Mr. Sprigg Hall was next called out and spoke briefly. He said the Democratic party should send no man to Congress who would not go to the President and say that this war must be waged simply for the restoration of the Union or it must stop. He felt very bad about Vallandigham; thought it was too bad to send him South, and we do not know but he shed tears, though the darkness prevented their being perceptible, if such was the case.

The resolution man, I. V. D. Heard, followed, and gave as the reason why Burnside's order was rescinded was because the President was afraid of the people in the Northwest. He also gave the valuable information to the world that the war would end when the Democrats get into power.

D. A. J. Baker was called for and an attempt to choke him off failing to succeed he made a few remarks, at the close of which the meeting adjourned quietly.

The announcement of the President's action fell like a wet blanket on the meeting, and from the time it was made, the proceedings labored on under a cloud. The copperheads lost their great point and could not recover it even by supposing the report to be a rumor. The whole affair tapered down infinitesimally small and fizzled.

THEFT.—A Mr. Bonnefens, a German harness maker, who works in his house in the upper part of the Third Ward, near the foot of new Rice street, was robbed on Sunday night of a fancy harness, which he had just finished and hung up in his work room, intending to deliver it to a party who had ordered it. It was missing the next morning, however; some thief who evidently knew where it was having made a clean sweep of it. Mr. Bonnefens said nothing to anybody, but kept a sharp lookout for his harness, which he was sure he could recognize by some peculiar ornaments he had decorated it with. He had not long to wait, for being down in lower town on Wednesday, he saw his identical harness on a horse attached to a buggy standing in the Roberts street market. On making inquiries of the owner, who had purchased it the day previous, from a person who stated that he had made it for the purpose of selling, and, on getting a description of the man, Mr. Bonnefens found it was a worthless and dissipated young fellow named Koenig, a brother of his wife, who had purloined the harness and sold it for a sum much below its value, to procure the means of carrying on his debauchery. Mr. Bonnefens declined to prosecute his relative, and got back the harness on payment of a reasonable sum.

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE DIOCESE OF MINNESOTA.—The Sixth Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocese of Minnesota, will be held in St. Paul's Church, Winona, on Wednesday next, June 10th.

Arrangements have been made by Mr. C. W. Wooley, with the La Crosse and Duluth Line of steamers, to carry the Clerical and Lay Delegation to and from Winona *at half fare*.

Half fare tickets good on either line going and returning.

The families of the Clergy will be carried at half fare, the Lay Delegates to pay full fare for their families.

The Consecration of the Church at Winona will be solemnized on Tuesday, May 9th, and Bishop Whipple would be pleased to have as many of the clergy present as can attend.

Papers throughout the State please copy.

A TESTIMONIAL.—On Tuesday evening last an elegant silver star was presented to Capt. Isaac A. Conway by the members of St. Paul Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., for services rendered by him while Property Trustee of that Lodge. The star is a fine-pointed jewel, which is the emblem of the Past Grand's Degree in the Lodge. On one side is a gold altar, surmounted by crossed crooks, indicative that the wearer is also a Past Chief Officer of the encampment. On the reverse is an appropriate inscription. The star is heavy, of pure silver, and finely chased, with each point ornamented by a jewel of the emblematic color of one of the five Degrees. The presentation was quietly made, and without any ostentation, and was a pleasant occasion for all concerned.

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.—Mr. Dolan, Street Commissioner, has had a gang of men at work for two or three days in repairing Wabashaw street, and has put it in thorough order. We are glad to notice this instance, as it has long been needed, no repairs having been put on it since it was graded, five years ago. The gutters are now all clean and the rubbish in them removed. Mr. Dolan has certainly made a very efficient street Commissioner so far, and we give him full credit for his activity and attention to his duties.

THE FIVE-TWENTIES.—For the information of parties contemplating investments in the popular loan of U. S. six per cent bonds, the agents in this city, Thompson Bros., inform us that the time expires on the 1st of July, when the sale will be suspended.

The subscriptions received by the agents have already amounted to nearly $700,000.

Bonds are issued in sums of from $50 to $5,000, with semi-annual interest payable in *gold*.

MORE IMMIGRANTS.—We observed another party of German immigrants who arrived on the War Eagle yesterday, en route for Saint Peter. These people make valuable settlers, and every one should be glad to see them arrive here.

LIEUT. GEO. W. PRESCOTT, A. D. C., on Gen. Sibley's staff, has been appointed Acting Assistant Adjutant General to Col. Miller, and will remain at the headquarters of the District, during the absence of the expedition.

COL. MILLER, of the Seventh Regiment, has arrived in town to take the command to which he has been assigned during Gen. Sibley's absence.

WE direct attention to an important order of Provost Marshal General Nelson, concerning the wearing of U. S. uniforms.

THE officers of the 31st, 32d and 38th regiments must not forget the drill to-night at Armory Hall.

LOCAL NOTICES.

WE call attention to the advertisement of Gen. Webb, for proposals for delivering provisions for the use of the Lake Superior Chippewas.

EXTENSIVE HOUSE FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.—We looked in at the store of Pollock, Donaldson & Ogden, in Union Block, Third street yesterday, and were surprised at the large and varied stock they have on hand. Here one can find almost everything they need for Housekeeping, except furniture or carpets for instance. The variety is endless and there is scarcely anything you ask for of kitchen or dining room ware which they do not have. In Crockery their stock is very large, and we learn that they have been wholesaling more this season than ever before. Their store occupies four entire floors, and is filled with goods. This is the eighth season Messrs P. D. & O. have been carrying on their business, and this summer we learn that their trade is larger than ever.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COPIES of the new Militia Law can be procured at this office. Price 15 cents. Every officer should have one. [my4-1w

THE DISEASES OF ERROR, (*Les Maladies d'Erreur.*)—I, John B. Ogden, M. D., author and publisher of the above work, do hereby promise and agree to send (free of charge) to any young man who will write for it, a sample copy for perusal. The proper study of mankind is MAN. This valuable work is issued and sent forth for the benefit of suffering humanity. It treats in simple language on all the diseases of Error, including Seminal Weakness, Nervous Debility, Indigestion, Melancholy, Insanity, Wasting Decay, Impotency, &c., &c.—giving safe speedy, and effectual prescriptions for their permanent cure, together with much valuable information. All who favor me with a desire to read my work shall receive a sample copy by return mail, free of charge.

Address JOHN B. OGDEN, M. D.
No. 60 Nassau St. New York.
may 4-d&w3m.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.—The advertiser having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption, is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a SURE CURE FOR CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription, is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, Williamsburg, my1-d&w3m] Kings County, New York.

A FACT WORTH KNOWING.—A. H. Wimbish keeps the very best article of everything in the Grocery and Provision line—sells it at the lowest market rate—delivers without extra charge, and warrants every article as represented. His store is on Jackson street, between Fifth and Sixth-sts. je2-tf

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY having purchased of J. C. Burbank & Co., certain routes heretofore run by them, would respectfully state that they are now prepared to receipt through to New York, Chicago, and all point reached by Express, Freights, Packages and Moneys, and will attend to collecting Drafts, Notes and Accounts, and all General Express Business. For tariff rates call at their office, 217 Third st., opposite Stage Office.

Office hours from 7 A. M. to 6 P. M.
my3-3m CHAS. H. EATON, Agent.

ICE CREAM SALOON.—Jo. Hall's well known ice creamery is now open for the season. He has nothing but pure creams, fresh from the country daily, and flavored in the most delicious manner. The Ladies' Parlor is open every evening. my30-1m

IMPOSITION.—Passengers for St. Paul and Intermediate Points, leave Chicago by Chicago and North Western Railway, at 8.45 A. M.

VIA PRAIRIE DU CHIEN,
Arrive at Prairie du Chien at 6.20 P. M., making direct connection with steamers, and getting supper on board.

VIA LA CROSSE,
Arrive at La Crosse at 9 P. M.

No change of cars between Chicago and Prairie du Chien.

Time through to St. Paul, &c., same by both routes.

No extra charge for meals and state-room on steamers.

E. P. BACON, Gen'l Ticket Ag't.

My attention has been called to the above circular circulated on the cars of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and in Chicago, which is an imposition on the public, as the citizens of St. Paul well know that it is false, and that the boats of the Davidson Line in connection with the La Crosse Railroad, arrive here from eight to fifteen hours ahead of the boats running in connection with the Prairie du Chien Railroad.

my10-tf WM. F. DAVIDSON.

Editors St. Paul Press:

REPLY TO CAPT. DAVIDSON.—Having observed a communication in your paper from Capt. W. F. Davidson, alleging that a statement contained in a certain advertisement bearing my signature, to the effect that the time from Chicago to St. Paul, is the same via Prairie du Chien and La Crosse, is an "imposition" upon the public, I deem it due to myself and to the line I represent, to state the facts in the case definitely.

I maintain that the time is *practically* the same by both lines, as the boats from La Crosse arrive at St. Paul at from seven to ten o'clock in the evening, and those from Prairie du Chien at from ten to two o'clock in the night, passengers by the latter boats remaining on board undisturbed, until morning.

The limits of an ordinary advertisement, such as the one referred, will not admit of the statement of circumstances at length; they must be stated briefly, in general terms, and I submit to the judgment of the traveling public, whether there is any "imposition" in the statement referred to.

Respectfully Yours,
E. P. BACON,
Gen'l Ticket Agent M. & Prairie du Chien R. R.
ST. PAUL, May 11, '63.

River and Steamboat News.

"Falling," is the stereotyped expression of the river men when we ask concerning the Minnesota, "falling still." The Mississippi is on a stand with about 30 inches large on Mendota bar, and 36 scant on Pigs Eye.

The Stella Whipple came in from the Minnesota River yesterday morning, with a load of grain and produce, and left in the evening again. Captain Haycock has dissolved his connection with the Stella, and Capt. J. Y. Webber will hereafter be found on her quarter deck. Captain Webber is an old navigator of the Minnesota, and is thoroughly competent to command.

The Jeanette Roberts arrived yesterday afternoon, having been about ten days out. She brought down a large amount of produce, for a manifest of which, Clerk McLagan has our thanks. The Jeanette will lie here a day or two before trying the perils of low water navigation again.

The D'Harper of the Prairie du Chien line, left for Carver in the evening, with two bulk barges in tow. Capt. John Haycock is in command until further arrangements are perfected. Capt. H. has become connected with the Prairie du Chien line now, and if the river raises will be placed in command of a boat worthy of his experience and skill as a commander.

The War Eagle did not arrive until late in the afternoon yesterday, having had a contest with some sand-bars on the way up. She discharged her load and left at the usual hour in the evening.

The Canada, Capt. Parker, Mr. Jenks clerk, is expected to-day from St. Louis.

The Antelope came in and departed on time yesterday.

RECEIPTS.

Per Jeannette Roberts—11 Cosmer 1 chest 1 sk; F W Lubs 2 bbls bottles; C Busch 1 kg butter; D Balcombe 12 pkgs mdse; T & Beaupre 6 do do; Rorup & Champlin 2 wagons; T & Beaupre 822 sks wheat; P & Bro. 2 sks beans; Burbank & Co. 152 sks corn; C Udham 123 sks wheat and potatoes; R McThayer 20 do potatoes; D C Shephard 491 do wheat; Constans 14 crocks butter.

Per Stella Whipple—C A Upham 150 sks wheat, B. 11 do potatoes, T & B 153 h and s.

Per Railroad—29 pkgs pails, 14 do tubs, 1 do half-bushel measures.

Commercial.

Daily Review of the St. Paul Markets.

THURSDAY EVE., June 4, 1863.

The firmness of the leading markets yesterday continues, and in lieu of any advices from the East affecting the staples, prices remained about as they were on Wednesday. Considerable activity is noticed in most departments of Trade.

The Wheat market was firm, but devoid of any excitement, and most of the sales made were at the lower figures reported yesterday, 93@96c. The receipts were about 3,000 bushels.

In Oats we note no change. Corn dull and receipts small. Barley inactive. Rye neglected and weak.

Potatoes are weak and dull at 40c, 45c being asked for choice varieties.

Eggs were very plenty, and about 2@c lower, ruling at 9½c. Butter active at 10c.

The Wool Market continues unsettled, and no very heavy investments are being made by dealers. The state of the market is a mystery to both producer and dealer. The former were expecting confidently to get last year's price for this season's clip—viz.: 90@95c. But the large increase of wool as exhibited in this year's clip, being fully 30 per cent, has lowered the price, and will tend to keep it down. On this subject the U. S. *Economist* of May 30th says:

The activity in wool noticed last week has rather subsided, and we have again to record a dull market. We quoted the range last week 65@85c for Fleece; but we doubt if any considerable lot of the finest Fleece in market would now bring 75c. Manufacturers offer 70c when they want to buy, and refuse to pay any more, so that 70c may now be taken as the extreme. We see nothing at this writing to keep wool up. Some of the growers in the country have exalted ideas and look for a dollar a pound. They might as well expect to get double that amount. If they get 50@55c per lb they will do well, but as for any more we have our doubts.

With the heavy stock of Foreign Wools in all the markets together with the large prospective arrivals, which cannot be sold for the want of purchasers, notwithstanding the low prices ruling, we do not see what growers base their ideas upon. It cannot be supply and demand. There is plenty of wool for the present wants, and manufacturers generally are supplied for some time yet to come, and what growers have got into their heads we cannot see. As we stated last week manufacturers' ideas were about 50@55c, and dealers 60@65c, and we think that 60@65c will be the outside figure that growers will obtain.

We give this information not for the sake of breaking the market, or to mislead any one, for we do not care who we please or displease. If growers get 60 to 65 cents for their wool they ought to jump at it. A word in time saves nine. We will not be surprised to see old wool sell below 65c., before the new clip, and if old wool, which is always preferred by the manufacturer, sells at 65c., what is new wool worth? Manufacturers are buying from hand to mouth to supply their wants. Prices are unsettled and uneven.

$20 REWARD.

STRAYED—From the subscriber, at Jordan on the 12th of May, three young bay mares. One is three years old, very large of her age, and has a large head and ears. The others are two years old; one of them has a white spot in her forhead and one white foot behind. The last I heard of them they were on the Cannon River. Any person who will return said steers to me will receive the above reward. P. D. JOHNSON.
Jordan, Scott Co., Min., June 1, 1863. j3-2tw*

WANTED!

A situation as a clerk in a store of any kind by man of experience and steady habits, who can speak and write English and German correctly, and is able to give good references. He does not care so much about high wages as humane treatment by his employer. Direct letters in care of LOT MOFFAT, Proprietor Temperance House, St. Paul, Minnesota. je2-1w

CLOTHING.

WE ARE SELLING

SUMMER GOODS,

AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.

Money Will be Saved

BY PURCHASING THESE GOODS OF US.

Goods of all

GRADES AND STYLES,

AT THE

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. H. TEMPLE,

my30-tf THIRD-ST.

STRAYED.

From the subscriber on Sunday, the 10th inst., a two year old Heifer—new milch—red, with white face, short, sharp horns, with a rope around them. Any person returning her to the Farmer's Hotel on St. Anthony Road, or giving information where she may be found will be suitably rewarded. F. M JOHNSON, Agent for
my12-tf Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines.

PICTURES.

Joseph Bugbee

has for sale at his Carpet Store two beautiful

CHROMO-LITHOGRAPHS,

BY DEJARDIN.

VALUE, $25 A PIECE.

None expecting a cheap picture need call and look at them. They *are* GEMS.

CARPETS Cheap as Ever.

my31-tf.

J. MAINZER,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
AND
Notary Public,

McCLUNG'S BLOCK, THIRD-ST., ST. PAUL,
ap18-2m* MINNESOTA.

EAGLE WORKS

MANUFACTURING COMPANY

DO YOU WANT

STEAM ENGINES OR BOILERS?

PATENT FIRE EVAPORATORS,
PATENT SUGAR CANE MILLS,
PATENT STEAM COIL EVAPORATORS,
PATENT STAMP MILLS
FOR
PIKE'S PEAK OR LAKE SUPERIOR

Send for Circulars, with cuts and descriptions prices, &c.; also,

SAW MILLS, FLOURING MILLS

AND MACHINERY OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
Too numerous to mention.

CHICAGO, - - ILLINOIS.
P. W. GATES, President.

N. B. Agents wanted everywhere.
mr7-d&w1y

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

By direction of the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, the undersigned will receive sealed bids for the purchase of any or all of the lands hereinafter described, they being among the choicest and best farming lands in Minnesota.

These lands comprise what are known as the

WINNEBAGO TRUST LANDS,

In the State of Minnesota, and will be sold to the highest and best bidder in tracts not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres each, under the provisions of a treaty concluded with the Winnebago Indians, April 15th, 1859, and an act of Congress approved February 21st, 1863, entitled "An act for the removal of the Winnebago Indians, and for the sale of their Reservation in Minnesota for their benefit."

No bid will be entertained at a rate less than two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

In case a bid is accepted the party making the same will be notified as soon thereafter as practicable. If within thirty days after such notice the party shall fail to make payment to the undersigned, the land for which such bid was made will be subject to sale to any other person.

Patents will be issued and transmitted to purchasers as soon after payment as the same can be prepared.

Payments may be made either in cash, or in the certificates of indebtedness of the Winnebago Indians issued by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, for the debts of said Indians, and secured to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale of said lands by the third article of the treaty above mentioned.

The right to reject any or all bids is expressly reserved.

All bids must be sealed and addressed to the undersigned, Washington City, D. C., and endorsed, "Bid for Winnebago Trust Land."

DESCRIPTION OF LAND.

Sections 6, 7, 18, 19 and 30 of Township 106 north of Range 23 west.

Sections 6, 7, 18, 19, 30, 31 of Township 107, north of Range 24 west.

Section 31 of Township 108 north of Range 23 west.

Sections 25 to 36 inclusive, of Township 106, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 1 to 24, and Sections 27, 28 and 29 of Township 107, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 31 to 36 inclusive, of Township 108, north of Range 24 west.

Sections 25 to 36 inclusive, of Township 106 north of Range 25 west.

Sections 1, 2, 3, 11, 12 and 13, of Township 107, north of Range 25 west.

Section 32 to 36 inclusive, of Township 108, north of Range 25 west.

All of Townships 106 and 107 north of Range 26 west.

Sections 31 to 36 inclusive of Township 108, north of Range 26 west.

All of Townships 106 and 107 north of Range 27 west.

Sections 31 to 36, inclusive of Township 108 north of Range 27 west.

Bids will be received as above invited until the 1st of July next, at which time all bids then received will be examined and acted upon.

After the 1st of July next bids will be examined and acted upon at the expiration of each period of two months.

WILLIAM P. DOLE,
Commissioner of Indian Affairs.
Washington, D. C., May 4th, 1863.
my12-2taw4w

CATHCART & CO.

AT THEIR OLD STORE,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Are in receipt of their

Spring Stock of Dry Goods

We have a large and beautiful assortment of

DRESS GOODS,

Which we would invite the Ladies special attention to.

We would invite Merchant Tailors to call and examine our stock of

Cloths and Fancy Cassimeres,

Which is very large and desirable; we are selling low. To Merchants from the Country, we propose to job Goods at Chicago or Milwaukee prices—freight added. Call and examine before buying.
mar1-d&wly. CATHCART & CO.

FOR SALE.

ST. PAUL PROPERTY.

$375 for a lot 50 feet by 150 in the vicinity of Jackson street and Twelfth.

A first-class Stone Store on Third street.

A lot on Minnesota street, near Third, with building.

Two Dwelling Houses, $800 each.

A beautiful lot 66 feet by 200 with fine grove of trees.

HENRY McKENTY,
Dealer in Real Estate.
St. Paul, May 14, 1863.—d&w3m

WARD'S LAKE SUPERIOR LINE

FROM

Bayfield to Cleveland and all Intermediate Ports.

The steamer PLANET, Capt. JOHN P. WARD, will run, during the present season of navigation, between

Cleveland and Bayfield,

As per following time table:

Leaves Cleveland.	Leaves Detroit.	Leaves Bayfield
June 1	June 2	June 6
June 12	June 13	June 17
June 24	June 25	June 29
July 7	July 8	July 12
July 20	July 21	July 25
July 31	August 1	August 5
August 12	August 13	August 17
August 25	August 26	August 30
September 7	September 8	September 12
September 18	September 19	September 23
September 30	October 1	October 4

The PLANET is 1,200 tons burden, is elegantly furnished, and is the fastest boat in the Lake Superior trade. Passengers and shippers can rely upon this Boat running promptly, as advertised, during the *entire* season of navigation. Reasonable rates will be given to shippers of cattle from Minnesota to the Mines.

For further information, apply to
S. S. VAUGHN,
Agent steamer Planet,
my26-d&tw2m Bayfield, Wisconsin.

For Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed Bugs, Moths in Furs, Woollens, &c., Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c

Put up in 25c, 50c and $1 Boxes, Bottles and Flasks $3 and $5 for *Hotels, Public Institutions, &c.*

"Only infallible remedies known."
"Free from Poisons."
"Not dangerous to the Human Family."
"Rats come out of their holes to die."

Sold Wholesale in all large cities.
Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere.
!!! BEWARE!!! of all worthless imitations.
See that "COSTAR'S" names is on each Box, Bottle and Flask, before you buy.
Address HENRY R. COSTAR.
PRINCIPAL DEPOT 482 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Sold by DAY & JENKS,
Wholesale and Retail Agents,
ap30-d&w St. Paul, Minnesota.

FARMERS LOOK HERE!

Geo. E. Schnabel,

CORNER OF JACKSON AND FOURTH-STS.,
Will pay the highest price for 1,000 bu. Potatoes, and do do do 1,000 bu. Oats.
mar21-d&w

FAIRBANK'S

STANDARD

SCALES

OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Warehouse Trucks, Letter Presses, &c., &c.
FAIRBANKS, GREENLEAF & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.
For sale in St. Paul, by J. C. & H. C. Burbank & Co.
Be careful to buy only the genuine. e14-d&w1y

SIOUX DEPREDATIONS.

Indemnity can be had.

Steps are being taken by the Government to ascertain who have suffered loss in property, and the extent of such loss, by the late Sioux Indian outbreak, with the view of adjusting the same. The undersigned have all the necessary forms, and are possessed of superior advantages for having these claims allowed and settled in the shortest possible time, and will give special attention to such as are placed in their hands.

SMITH & GILMAN, Attorneys
St. Paul, Sept. 24, 1862.

ROBERT P. LEWIS

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
St. Paul, Minnesota,
Office on Third-st., Roger's Block, near the Bridge.
ALSO BRANCH AGENT OF
"THE NATIONAL CLAIM AGENCY,"
Of Washington, D. C., conducted by Harvey Collins & Brace.

CLAIMS presented and prosecuted before Congress, Court of Claims and the Departments at Washington City. Special attention paid to securing Soldier's Pensions, Bounties, Back Pay, &c.

Advice given soldiers and their friends by letter or at the office, without charge.
o5-d tw&wly

INSURANCE

P. W. NICHOLS,
General Insurance Agent.

HOME,
OF NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.
LORILLARD,
METROPOLITAN.
AND NIAGARA,
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Marine Insurance.
PHOENIX,
OF BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.
LIFE.
MUTUAL BENEFIT,
OF NEWARK, NEW JERSEY.

OFFICE AT GEO. LITTLE'S BOOK STORE,
my6-dly Third street, St. Paul, Min.

BEANS—CORN.

We are buying White Beans, and selling No. 1 Corn.

L. B & C. GREIG,
Corner of Sibley and Third streets.
St. Paul, May 24th. 2w

J. H. BYERS,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
COPPER, SHEET IRON AND TIN WARE
OPPOSITE THE BIG CLOCK,
JACKSON STREET, St. PAUL, Minnesota.
nov14-d&wly

POSITIVELY

THE LAST CALL.

The balance of the following Goods must be closed out during the next two weeks, viz:

Ladies fine French Lasting Heeled Gaiters down to $1.00.

English Lasting Heel Gaiters, 75c.

Ladies Kid Heel Slipper, 65c.

A fine Kid Heeled Slipper, $1.00.

A few of those 50c Buskins left.

A PRIME KID BUSKIN, 75c.

A good sewed Kid Congress Gaiter, for $1.00.

A fine sewed Kid Lace Heel Boot, down to $1.00.

A good Morocco Heeled Boot, selling at 80c.

LASTING SLIPPERS, down to 60c.

MISSES.

MISSES LASTING BUTTON BOOTS, 50c.

Misses fine sewed Kid Lace Gaiters, 50c—worth twice that amount.

A very fine Lasting Heeled Gaiter, 75c.

A few of those 25c Gaiters left.

A FINE KID SLIPPER, down to 35c—as they must be sold.

BOYS:

The balance of our Boys' Enamelled and

OXFORD-TIE SHOES,

will be closed out at 85c.

GENTLEMEN:

Still a few of those prime sewed

PATENT LEATHER

GAITERS,

At $2.50.

CHEAP ENOUGH.

PATENT LEATHER GAITERS,

Pegged, at $1.25.

A lot of prime Calf sewed

CONGRESS GAITERS

To be "GIVEN AWAY," at $2.50 a pair.

PLEASE DON'T ASK THESE FOR LESS MONEY.

Will Purchasers please ask for the above Goods.

N. B.—We have got to sell them at whatever they will bring.

S. KILPATRICK.

St. Paul, June 1, 1863. je2

NEW YORK LADIES'

HAIR-DRESSER,

Opposite Rogers' Block, 3rd st., St. Paul.

Ladies' Hair Dressing, Shampooing, Frizzing, and Hair Dyeing. Wigs, Toupees, Side Braids, Fronts, and Curls.

Particular attention to Ladies' and Children's Hair Cutting.
may26-1m* MRS. J. D. FRANKLIN.

JUST RECEIVED BY EXPRESS.

A beautiful lot of

ALPACCAS & SARATOGA

PLAIDS,

ALSO

A handsome lot of

LIGHT PRINTS,

HAIR NETTS,

Graindine Veils, &c.

Which we are offering at

REDUCED PRICES.

CALL AND SEE THEM,

At 146 Third Street.

L. C. BURT,

my10 ST. PAUL.

NEW JEWELRY STORE.

A. BLAKEMAN,

Has located his

JEWELRY STORE

On Third Street,

Five doors below THOMPSON & BROTHER'S Bank, and one door below SHAW'S Fashionable Hat Store, where he will be happy to see his friends and offer to them a neat and fashionable stock of

JEWELRY,

Which has been recently purchased in New York FOR CASH.

I shall be constantly receiving all the new styles of

JEWELRY, WATCHES, CLOCKS,

Silver and Plated Ware,

FANCY GOODS,

And everything in my line.

JUST RECEIVED,

15 Cases Clocks,

Manufactured by the

Seth Thomas Clock Company.

All who wish to get their money's worth in a clock will be sure to buy the Seth Thomas Clock of
ap18-y1 A. BLAKEMAN.

TWO IRON

SAFES

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP TO CLOSE OUT AN INVOICE,

FOR ONE WEEK.

J. B. BRADEN,

May 5th. IRON WAREHOUSE,
ap17-1y No. 154 Third-st., St. Paul.

REMOVAL!

COMBS

Has removed his BOOKSTORE to the

POST OFFICE BLOCK,

Third-St., St. Paul,

And is now in receipt of a choice lot of the latest

Works, Magazines, &c., and a splendid lot of Stationery. jan23

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

WM. GOLCHER,

Third Street, St. Paul,

Calls the attention of Military and Sporting Classes, to his large and well selected stock of SHOT GUNS, WESSONS & BALLARD CARTRIDGE RIFLE, SMITH & WESSONS', COLT'S and others' make of PISTOLS, &c.

A large stock of Fishing Tackle of all descriptions.

Fine laminated steel barrel Shot Guns, made to order.

Repairing promptly attended to.

POWDER, SHOT and CAPS, for sale.
my31-3m

AUCTION, AUCTION, AUCTION.

We have on hand, cheap for cash, a Wagon, a Cutter, Clothing, Feather Beds, Store Counters, Guns, Watches, Jewelry, Shelving with Glass Doors, Trunks, a Hand Car, a lot of Groceries, Saloon Fixtures, &c., &c., at our Auction Rooms, on Third-st., second door from the Merchants' Hotel, front the levee. H. E. BAKER & CO.,
my30 Auctioneers.

FLORENCE SEWING

MACHINE AGENCY,

Directly opposite Stees' Furniture Store,

Third Street,

Makes FOUR DISTINCT STITCHES on one and the same machine, all of which make the seam alike on both sides of the fabric.

It combines all the good qualities of other first class Machines, and possesses many advantages over any and all of them.

It is the most simple and PERFECT in its construction of

ANY YET OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC.

No Machine covers so great a range of work.

It sews Six or Eight thicknesses of Full Cloth down to the finest fabric, with equal facility, without change of tension.

FEEDS TO THE RIGHT OR LEFT.

No difficulty experienced in sewing across thick seam.

Runs more quiet than any other Machine.

They are the FASTEST SEWERS in the WORLD.

A child of ten years can

ADJUST THE NEEDLE,

As easily as an experienced operator.

They give universal satisfaction wherever used.

The most inexperienced can work them perfectly and with ease.

They range in price from $53 to $115.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED.

Hemmers and all necessary tools included.

G. W. BABCOCK, Agent.
je2 cor. 3d and Minnesota-sts., St. Paul.

WILLIAM D. STOREY

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

REFERENCES:

Hon. George Opdyke,.....New York City
John C. Treadwell,.....Albany, New York
Hon. Amos Dean, L. L. D.,...Albany, New York
Hon. R. A. Law,.....Chicago, Ills
Geo. S. Blanchard,.....Cincinnati, Ohio
Chase, McKinney and Moore,.....Boston
je11-d&w3m&wly

HENRY McKENTY,

DEALER IN

REAL ESTATE,

SAINT PAUL, MINNESOTA.

Will also locate Land Warrants and sell Real Estate on Commission. jan2-d&wly